"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Wednesday; moderate northwest to north winds.
For full weather report see Page 10.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,787. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1917.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

AGREE TO ADMIT THE SUPPRESSED SEDITION REPORT

District Attorney Changes His Stand on Grand Jury Presentment.

BUT CALLS THE LAW FAULTY

Admits Evidence Against the Soapbox Orators Is Not Sufficient to Indict.

POLICE HAVE 15 WITNESSES

Head of Friends of Irish Freedom Tells Governor Swann Is Playing Politics.

The suppressed presentment of the Grand Jury, which has been considering soap-box sedition, of which Alexander Konta is the foreman, will be handed to the court today. The decision to allow the Grand Jury to bring it in was reached yesterday by both Judge McIntyre of General Sessions and District Attorney Swann. In objecting to its publication Mr. Swann charged that there were parts of it which, if made public, would be the same as "bullets in the backs of our men at the front." In consenting to the Grand Jury making its presentment Mr. Swann explained his new stand. He said that newspaper publicity and the insistence of the Grand Jury already had the effect of making known the "infirmities of the law"—its weakness in dealing with cases where disorderly conduct was charged against those who had made alleged seditious speeches from street corners.

The Gand Jury asked Mr. Swann if he would object to the presentment being made and Mr. Swann said he would not if the Judge was willing. Later Judge McIntyre asked him the same question and he gave the same reply. Later the District Attorney spoke on the "infirmities of the law." He was still of the opinion, he said, that it was most unwise to bring the matter up at this time. The truth about the affair was, he said, that the Court of Appeals had decided that the Grand Jury had no authority in matters of disorderly conduct. Such cases were for the Magistrates to deal with. If the Grand Jury did indict for disorderly conduct the indictment would be nil, as he read the law. It was because of this, he said, that he had objected to the presentment and to a discussion of the case just at a time when the less said about it the better.

Wants Swann Investigated.

John D. Moore, National Secretary of the Friends of Irish Freedom, did not wait for the Grand Jury to act. He sent a letter to Governor Whitman requesting that a Special Deputy Attorney General be appointed to investigate the conduct of the District Attorney for "failing to present to the Grand Jury witnesses and evidence concerning alleged seditious speakers."

When the Grand Jury resumed its deliberations in the morning the District Attorney went before them. He had some fifteen witnesses to alleged disorderly conduct in connection with street meetings. In the group waiting to be called were Police Captain Sexton of the East Twenty-second Street station, Captain Bailey of the West Thirtieth Street station and fifteen policemen, witnesses who had been present at the Broadway meetings. Cleveland Moffett was not on hand. He sent word to Mr. Swann that he would be unable to be present yesterday. He will be ready, however, when called. This time the Grand Jury is to be given evidence in specific cases. This will be the answer to the charge than no tangible cases were presented by the District Attorney or the police. Acting Police Commissioner Godley wrote to Mr. Swann that the police had no cases of unlawful assembly or of riot. He said there were four persons awaiting trial for alleged disorderly conduct. These cases are to be submitted to the Grand Jury. They are against Stephen W. Johnson, Shawn Conway, John D. Moore and Margaret T. Curley, all arrested as a result of street meetings.

When Mr. Swann went before the Grand Jury he took with him a copy of a morning paper. In this it was intimated that an Assistant District Attorney had said to a member of the jury that censure of the police was desired. The District Attorney asked the jurors whether any member of his staff had approached them as a body or individually with a request that the police be censured for its part in the seditious troubles. He was told that no such event had occurred.

The Grand Jury, after asking Mr. Swann whether he objected to its handing up a presentment, asked Judge McIntyre whether he would object to such a proceeding.

"I understand you want to submit a document tomorrow," said Judge McIntyre. "What I said the other day followed a decision by Justice Goff, in which he said that the function of the Grand Jury was to return indictments or to dismiss. It is no longer the function of the Grand Jury to make presentments for the reason that such a presentment may attack the character of an individual who is utterly without the opportunity of coming into court and defending himself. When you come into court with your presentment I will read it. If there is in it no attack on any individual, I don't understand there will be any objection of what you submit being presented."

Has No Quarrel with Konta.

It was made clear by Mr. Swann that he wanted it understood that he had no quarrel with Foreman Konta. "I have no contention with Mr. Konta, and

Continued on Page 3.

Hindenburg Implores Unity to Save Germany's Future

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 17.—According to the German press, Field Marshal von Hindenburg has telegraphed to Duke Johann Albrecht of Mecklenburg, the President of the new "Patriotic Party," the following message:

"Your appeal to the men of East Prussia has filled me with great joy because it seriously warns us Germans not to forget the war during internal dissensions. Despite the promising military situation, our people's existence and position in the world are still at stake."

The message urges the conclusion of peace between the rival parties in the empire and adds:

"If we are united at home we shall prove unconquerable."

BUILDING OF SHIPS TIED UP BY STRIKE

San Francisco's Metal Trades Trouble Extends Quickly and Disorder Starts.

25,000 QUIT; MANY ARRESTED

Federal Board Takes Steps to End Trouble, Which Affects $150,000,000 War Work.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 17.—Twenty-five thousand workmen, most of them skilled mechanics, gathered up their tools and walked out of more than 100 factories, shipyards, and machine shops in the bay region at 9 o'clock this morning. Following the strike in the larger plants, the walkout extended rapidly, and it threatens to involve all establishments employing machinists.

The strike is considered the biggest in the history of the Pacific Coast. Work on more than $150,000,000 in navy and merchant vessel construction came to a standstill in the most important two plants affected, the Union Iron Works and the Moore & Scott Iron Works.

Efforts to break the deadlock between the employers and the men to avert the strike continued to the last. Eleventh-hour proposals by both sides met with refusal. Conference committees representing the Iron Trade Council, the central body of the strikers' union, and the California Metal Trades Association and California Foundrymen's Association, the employers' organization, will continue to meet. This course was decided on in order that every possible development promising a termination of the strike might be acted upon at once.

Capps's Agent Attending.

James L. Ackerson, representing Admiral Capps of the United States Shipping Board, will be in attendance to keep the Government in immediate touch with the situation.

Mayor James Bolph, Jr., was at his office at the City Hall at 8 o'clock this morning. The Mayor declined to state whether he had any plans for dealing with the strike. The Mayor later held several conferences on the iron trades and United Railroads strikes and the disorders occurring today.

The strike spread rapidly to a number of small shops and threatens to involve every shop where machinists or other striking crafts are employed. Machinists quit work in thirty-one steam laundries, sixty molding shops, twelve boiler factories, and a number of garment and other factories.

At the Union Iron Works alone, with more than $125,000,000 of Government ship construction and contracts pending for a share of the destroyer fleet program amounting to millions more, about 8,500 men quit.

At the Moore & Scott yards in Oakland, with about $25,000,000 in merchant vessel construction for the Government, the number of strikers was about 2,700. At the local plant about 300 walked out.

At the Union Iron Works plant in Oakland 3,500 men walked out contrary to expectations. The 450 machinists employed at the Hall-Scott Motor Company in Berkeley, manufacturing airplane engines for the Government, did not strike, and officers of the company said they anticipated no trouble.

R. S. Moore of the Moore & Scott Iron Works said no attempt would be made to operate, and that he considered the only hope of a settlement rested with the Government. He said:

"The wage increases asked by the men in our plant could not have been granted without the consent of the Government. The Government contracts were made on the basis of the prevailing rate of wages, and it was provided that no increase should be granted without the consent of the Government. We have brought the situation directly to the attention of Washington through Captain Pillsbury, local representative of the Shipping Board."

Wage Question Paramount.

Mr. Ackerson declared today that he was unable to forecast any hopeful development. He said:

"It is too late for me to do anything. I am unable to say when or how the Government will attempt to effect a settlement. I do not know whether the Shipping Board officials dealing with the labor troubles in the Northwest will come here.

"It has resolved itself to a question of wages; that is the paramount issue. Certain other conditions pertaining to shop operation could have been adjusted. But the unions made their wage demands which the employers felt they could not meet. I have been dropped into this controversy out of a clear sky, but I shall remain here and do all that I can to effect a settlement."

Rioting continued this afternoon in connection with the street car strike, with crowds of striking ironworkers joining the street car strikers in attacks on cars and car crews.

The disorders became widespread soon after the ironworkers walked out. Within an hour after the walkout five riot calls came from different parts of the city as groups of strikers scattered and made a succession of attacks. Many arrests were made.

No attempt to operate with non-union

Continued on Page 4.

AUTOMOBILES JAPANNED, 7 DAYS. Fickling Enameling Corp'n, L. I. City.—Advt.

LEADERS OF ITALY WHO ARE DIRECTING VICTORIOUS ARMY

King Victor Lives Among His Fighters and Looks After Their Comfort.

CADORNA ABSOLUTE MASTER

Generalissimo Is a Devout Catholic, Who Attends Private Mass Every Morning.

CAPPELLO MAN OF ACTION

Commander of Shock Troops Is Brusque of Manner, with Habits of Extreme Simplicity.

From a Staff Correspondent.
Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE SUPREME COMMAND OF THE ITALIAN ARMIES, Sept. 16.—In preceding cablegrams I have tried to give a general picture of Italy's effort on the battlefield, the biggest offensive ever begun on enemy soil. I have attempted to show that she is waging a real war—a classical war where she is imposing her own conditions on the Austrians. In the present dispatch I hope to picture the personalities behind all this—big men with big jobs.

Outside of Italy I have discovered an ignorance upon the subject of Italy that seems profound. I have now expounded my belief concerning the Italian front in Austria, not new theories, only the old principle of hammering the enemy at his weakest point.

After many years of unanimous belief in the degeneracy of the French, America discovered France, the real France, that is, brave, steadfast, and strong. The time has now come for America to put away her visions of tenements, railway gangs, and macaroni and discover France's Latin sister, Italy, the capital of which is the Eternal City upon the seven hills beside the Tiber. America, with her freedom from parochial affairs, is in better position to announce such a discovery than any one else. Therefore, let me write briefly of Italy's leaders—her big men with big jobs. You see them all at the Supreme Command of the Italian armies operating in Austria.

King Victor and Cadorna.

First there is King Victor Emmanuel III., who lives in a modest little villa. As King of Italy he is Commander in Chief of the Italian armies, but being a wise King he leaves the actual army command to his military wizard, Cadorna. Even so, he is always at the front. I have it on good authority that he only takes fifteen days' "permission" in a year for a vacation in his capital or elsewhere. Fifteen days is the same annual leave granted to every Italian from officers down to simple soldiers. Their King considers he needs no more than they.

I asked where he went on the front and the answer was: "He goes to the front line trench, and much oftener than his Ministers would like to allow." I asked what his methods toward his army were and got the following reply:

"He is the great fixer of every difficulty that arises with the troops. He is everywhere and seems to know them all. He goes to their mess and he eats of their soup. He keeps tabs on the time it takes for food to reach the men in the advanced positions under fire. He has been under fire a hundred times himself just to find these things out. Then, instead of making a fuss when things are wrong, he goes quietly about here and there asking questions, rearranging and adjusting, until the trouble is all untangled and everybody is as happy and comfortable as it is possible to be when at war."

It struck me in listening to this that to be a successful fixer of difficulties is a sufficient rôle even for a King.

Next comes Cadorna. The Italian Generalissimo is perhaps the least known of all the allied war chiefs, certainly the least photographed and least interviewed, for to date he has never been interviewed at all. General Cadorna is Count Cadorna, and in Italy there have been the Counts of Cadorna for hundreds of years. But in the present case the title Count is completely submerged by that of General, the nation at large considering that to be the far more important of the two.

He is the acknowledged master of the Italian armies and his rule is absolute. True, he has had his critics, but the hardest things any have ever been able to say is that he was too sparing of his men. Cadorna has never bothered about his critics, which is the great secret of his power. His attitude is, "Whenever the country gets tired of me I will quit. I refuse to stay a second longer than I am wanted. But while I am Generalissimo what I say goes." Whenever his critics have become too obstreperous this attitude of mind has been quickly borne to them. Then a panic has become so general that there have been violent urgings for Cadorna to forgive and forget, above all, to keep on the job.

In addition to this Cadorna is a hermit and never sees anybody except his King, his Chief of Staff and a few special officers. The most prominent visitors to the Italian front get a brief glimpse of the Generalissimo with the greatest difficulty. He lives in an old house near the Comando Supremo, where he does all his work. He is a strict Catholic,

Continued on Page 2.

JUST BEFORE RETIRING
Take Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Relieves thirst and fatigue, refreshes the system and rests a wearied brain. Try it.—Advt.

Moratorium Will Be Urged to Protect Our Soldiers and Sailors Absent at War

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Legislation to protect the civil and property rights of soldiers and sailors—in effect, a moratorium for the duration of the war in behalf of men who are serving their country in the army and navy—may be placed upon the Administration's program for this session of Congress.

The Soldiers and Sailors' Civil Rights bill, to carry out this purpose, already has been introduced in both houses, having been framed in the office of Judge Advocate General Crowder. Secretary Baker has under consideration recommendations that the entire weight of Administration influence be brought to bear to obtain early enactment of the measure.

To save soldiers and sailors from all kinds of legal injustices during their absence from home, the measure would enjoin the carrying out of certain civil court actions until after the close of the war and establish as a legal excuse for failure to carry out certain contracts the fact that a man is in the military service.

It is proposed that creditors' suits against officers or men may be held up and judgment by default denied, the framers of the bill recognizing that a man in the army or navy would have no opportunity to make his defense in person or to arrange for its proper hearing through counsel.

If such a judgment rested against a man at the time of his enlistment, the bill would prevent its execution through the sale of his property during his absence. It would set aside the statute of limitations, so that a debt owed to a soldier might not be outlawed in his absence; it would prevent the eviction of his family while he was away if they failed to pay the rent; it would protect his equity in any real estate or other purchase contract in which he might have been engaged at the time he went into the army; it would protect him against the ordinary results of defaulted payments on business mortgages and keep him from being sold out in his absence; it would insure any rights he might have to public lands, although his service at the front had prevented him from completing the legal acquisition of the property.

Another element of protection the bill would accord to the fighting man would be as to his life insurance, which could not lapse through failure to make any payment. His property also would be protected from sale for taxes, and in every other way which the legal experts of the War Department have been able to devise all civil rights and interests of men in the military service would be safeguarded.

RUSSIANS DRIVE GERMANS 7 MILES

Have Pushed the Invaders Back on a Wide Front in Riga Section in Last Five Days.

ARMY RECOVERING MORALE

Alexieff Taking a Firm Grip, Washington Hears—Suicide Story Discredited.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The most encouraging feature of the Russian situation as reported in official dispatches to the Russian Embassy, received today, is the news that the military situation has been greatly strengthened by steps taken by General Alexieff, the new Commander in Chief, while efforts are being made to adjust the internal political situation. The political contest has been improved by the proclamation of a republican form of government for Russia, and the temporary creation of a smaller Cabinet of five, headed by Premier Kerensky.

The Russian Embassy has been advised that the military situation is considerably brighter, that the Russian lines were not left open to the enemy during the recent revolt, and that Russian forces in the Riga sector are again moving in the direction of Riga. The Embassy has been informed that in this sector the Russian forces have advanced seven miles on a rather wide front during the last five days, forcing the enemy back, and compelling certain changes in German plans for withdrawing troops from the Russian front for use on other fronts.

The embassy was advised that Russia is now fulfilling a very important part of her task as a member of the Entente alliance, forcing the Germans to concentrate on the eastern front more soldiers than ever before, and that this achievement is favorable to France, England, Belgium, and Italy. General Alexieff has begun to obtain important results in his reorganization of the army.

New Generals have been appointed to the higher commands in the army, this step being necessitated by the lack of confidence on the part of the soldiers in certain old army officers, who were suspected by the line of having been sympathetic toward Korniloff. The soldiers refused to obey the orders of some of the old commanders, and it was believed that new officers could better restore authority and discipline in the ranks.

The embassy is advised that the Korniloff movement appears finally to be "liquidated" without the shedding of blood, and with the Provisional Government seemingly stronger than before. The Government has adopted the attitude of favoring greater discipline in the army, and has established the principle that the democratic Government fought not to be attacked from any quarter.

The embassy had not received confirmation of, and discredited, the report that General Alexieff had committed suicide after an interview with Premier Kerensky.

A General Alexajer Kills Himself.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—A Copenhagen dispatch to the Central News says that, according to the Sydsdensk Dagblad's Petrograd correspondent, General Alexajer committed suicide after an interview with Premier Kerensky.

The name of General Alexajer does not appear in available lists of Russian military forces.

COSSACK CHIEF RESIGNS.

General Kaledines Gives Up His Position as Hetman of Don Troops.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 17.—General Kaledines has resigned as Hetman of the Don Cossacks.

General Kaledines's arrest has been sought by the Provisional Government because of his adherence to the Korniloff revolt, and instructions to that effect were sent to the Grand Council of the Don Cossacks, sitting at Novo Tcherkask.

The Council, however, replied that it

Continued on Page 2.

GROWING CRITICISM OF LLOYD GEORGE

Former Newspaper Supporters Give Space to Attacks Upon His War Policy.

CHARGED WITH INACTIVITY

Disappointment Over the Long Halt on the Western Front Reacts on Government.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—In two such dissimilar organs of opinions as The Westminster Gazette and The Daily Mail, a note of dissatisfaction with the Government is sounded today.

Lord Northcliffe's paper publishes what the writer, Lovat Fraser, who is a regular contributor to the columns of The Daily Mail, calls "a personal view about a matter on which I find it difficult to keep silent any longer."

"It is time," he says, "to point out that the pacifists are stealthily making some amount of headway in this country, and that the Government show no appreciation of the position which is being created. The pacifists' efforts would not matter very much were it not that a combination of factors is giving them an increasing chance of sowing tares. Though the national will to victory remains resolute, it is not just now a burning and intense conviction, but has become a commonplace of everyday life. An unwholesome lassitude seems to prevail, and underneath there smolders vague dissatisfaction of which the Government had better take heed. This dissatisfaction is not, as the pacifists pretend, a longing for peace at any price, but rather a puzzled and anxious feeling about the war.

"The public are a trifle bewildered. I find most people in a questioning mood. They think the war seems to stagnate, and no one will tell them why. They look to the Government for light, and they get no light whatever."

Mr. Fraser wants a new trumpet call—"something which will inspire the nation to work with grim earnestness all through the Winter for the great continuation of the war next year."

After observing that "one of those bad times which Governments, like long-distance athletes, encounter, is developing for the Ministry," The Westminster Gazette says:

"The criticisms now heard may be no more than a reflection of disappointment at the long halt which the war on the western front has experienced; but the Government has to bear the questionings which the situation evokes. Those questionings were heard before they made their appearance in the press, but they are extending to the columns of the newspapers. 'Wanted, a Success,' is the note of one weekly decidedly friendly to Lloyd George. The Morning Post exhibits impatience with the Ministry, but that would not be disturbing. It is different when The Times begins to demand official reports on the operations of the year. These things are significant because the present Ministry started its career with a magnificent press behind it. None of the administrations during the war has been so little subject to annoyance or supported with such fervor.

"'I could get this lot out in a fortnight if I chose,' was the remark of one of those multiple journalists who control many newspapers, but his disposition was not to get them out, but to keep them in. The same spirit has been shown in even more influential quarters. Mr. Lloyd George and his colleagues can have no complaint on the ground that they have not received a fair field. They have, on the contrary, enjoyed a good deal of favor. If a different and querulous spirit begins to be manifested it arises out of the feeling that the Cabinet lacks driving force and concentration upon its task."

Sir Edward Carson, according to an announcement made today, has taken over the general superintendence of propaganda and information on behalf of the War Cabinet, a part of which task had hitherto devolved upon Colonel John Buchan. The Ministerial qualifications for the post, it is understood, were made known to Mr. Lloyd George by Lord Northcliffe, and it is generally remarked that he has discharged his duties most efficiently, although on one occasion The Times found fault with him. There is no newspaper comment on Sir Edward's new work except in The Westminster Gazette, which publishes a not too kindly paragraph, winding up with the hope that he has no intention of seeking to control opinion at home—"an experiment which would be unfortunate for all concerned."

Parliament will not meet until Oct. 16, and in a month many things may happen to tip the scales on one side or the other of Leo Maxse's prediction in the current number of The National Review that Lloyd George "must go."

Costa Rica, Unearthing Plot, Interns Germans; Break With Berlin Considered Accomplished

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica, Sept. 17.—Diplomatic relations between Costa Rica and Germany are considered severed as the result of steps taken by the Government today. General Tinoco, the President, discovered that German residents here had joined with some of the followers of former President Gonzalez in conspiring against the Government.

Three of the most prominent Germans here—Kumpf, Altschul, and Orlich—have been arrested. All Germans living in Costa Rican ports have been ordered interned. President Tinoco has called Congress in special session and will lay the matter before it.

General Tinoco assumed the Presidency of Costa Rica in January, 1917, when the Gonzalez Government was overthrown. Gonzalez appealed to the United States to intervene, but the American Government took no action. In an election held in April Tinoco was chosen President. The American Government has refused to recognize the Tinoco Government.

NEW PEACE BASIS IN GERMAN REPLY IS NOW FORECAST

Pan Germans Have Lost Fight, According to Centrist and Liberal Papers.

CONCESSIONS TO REICHSTAG

Important Disclosures When the Session Opens Next Week Are Predicted.

MUCH TALK ABOUT BELGIUM

Some Accounts Report a Modified Attitude and Others Hint at Holding of Conquests.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 17.—Has the German Government revised its policy as regards war aims and peace considerations and reached what may be important decisions? That is the question with which an influential section of the German press has been dealing during the week-end, and a number of papers of varying shades of political opinion answer the question in the affirmative. They say that in the process of drawing up the reply to the Pope's peace proposals a new general basis of policy was reached regarding which both the military and civil powers are in agreement.

It is hinted in some quarters that this may possibly be made evident by the terms of Germany's answer to the Vatican, but that, at any rate, certain statements of considerable import will be made to the Reichstag, which will meet next week.

Germania, the organ of the Centre Party, tutored by Erzberger, referring to the violent Pan-German campaign in the country, says the Pan-German agitators will remain untenable until the moment comes when the facts begin to speak. The journal adds: "That moment appears to be not very far off."

The National Liberal Boersen Zeitung makes this pointed statement: "It is fairly safe to assume that the Government is not hostile to the Reichstag majority, and that the Government's attitude coincides with that of the authoritative military factors." Such a statement from a journal representing the party which is opposed to the Reichstag majority is significant.

The Liberal Frankfurter Zeitung insists on the correctness of its statement that the Government has either fixed or is immediately about to fix its peace policy. The Pan-Germans, the paper says, know this and they are gathering all their strength, as they believe they can influence the decision by making a great deal of noise, but "those who in recent days have closely studied the press and know how to read between the lines cannot but be convinced that the decisions which are to be awaited in the near future are practically fixed."

The noise of the Pan-Germans, therefore, the Frankfurter Zeitung says, is merely the howling of the defeated, for "they are not only now up against the Reichstag majority but up against the Government as well. The decisions are of tremendous importance. Regarding them, of course, opinions of all sections in the country have been taken, and among them a unanimous view has been arrived at."

Cologne Hears of Belgium Concession.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROTTERDAM, Sept. 17. (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—A telegram from Cologne states that today's Cologne Volkszeitung has the following:

"In regard to rumors that the Germna Government has given up the idea of supremacy or any real control over Belgium, we have also received information to this effect. From this it can be established that during the last week a decision in regard to Belgium was taken in a sense friendly to England."

The Pan-German newspapers are in a great rage, real or simulated. The Deutsche Tageszeitung reappeared yesterday, after one day's suspension for an unknown offense. In a leading article Count zu Reventlow says:

"If it is true that the German Government has decided on the renunciation of Belgium, the ruin of the German Empire would be sealed, and the English would be right when they said that the Germans would win battles but England would win the war. In the solution of the Belgian question lies, indeed, the future of the German Empire.

"For the present nothing more certain is known, but it is necessary to draw attention to the fact that the rumors of such a German renunciation have been increasing of late. Such a peace would be a bankrupt peace."

The Hague Has a Different Version.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 17.—It is understood here that Germany has dropped her proposed concession regarding Belgium, amounting to an offer to help restore Belgium economically with money to be paid by Britain as the purchase price of Germany's overseas colonies.

According to the neutral Catholic press, no definite proposals are contained in Germany's reply to the Pope. The original proposals approved by the so-called Parliamentary Commission of Seven seem to have been adopted at the emergency meeting of State Secretaries recently reported.

According to reports received at Amsterdam, Austria originally obtained Germany's approval of certain concessions in the note to the Pope by offering economic concessions to Germany. The strength of this movement was in the Austrian Catholics' desire to assist the Pope's diplomacy, and they worked through the German Catholic Party.

Recently the German Catholics themselves split, the south and west Germans revolting against the leadership of Erzberger, Fehrenbach, and other pronounced supporters of the peace policy. Hence the German Catholics failed to give the Austrian pressure sufficient support, and the annexationists and Pan Germans have managed to secure the canceling of the original form of reply to the Pope.

The Greatest Concert of the Age. Madison Square Garden, Sept. 27. Have you ordered your seats?—Advt.

Germany Invites Boys of 15 to Volunteer for the Army

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Switzerland, Sept. 17.—The recent great wastage of men on the various German fronts is officially recognized inadvertently by militatry authorities, who have just issued notices at Munich and Cologne that they will accept in future boy volunteers aged fifteen for the army.

This order accounts for the recent influx into Switzerland of German boys, sent for safety by their parents. German supervision of the Swiss frontier lately has been redoubled, especially facing Basle.

READJUST TAX ON WAR PROFITS

Conferees Compromise Graduated Scheme—Yield Same as Under Senate Plan.

DOUBLE AUTOMOBILE LEVY

Averages Two Per Cent.—Tariff Increase and Tax on Inheritances Stricken Out.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Out of the veil of secrecy which envelops the deliberations of the conferees on the $2,406,670,000 War Revenue bill, it developed today that a tentative agreement had been reached on the most perplexing problem of all—the war profits tax. The conferees, after debating the feature, practically reached a compromise between the schedule of graduated tax as fixed in the Senate bill and the levy as originally framed by the House.

The conferees practically decided to report a profits tax schedule based on the House exemption of 8 per cent. of actual capital invested instead of the raduated exemption of from 6 to 10 per cent. provided in the bill as it passed the Senate. On war profits above this exemption, the conferees favored a graduated tax following the line of those adopted by the Senate, running from 12 to 50 per cent. Final vote on this method of taxation is to be taken in the conference tomorrow.

Double Exemption.

Under the scheme advanced by the House, an exemption is allowed on $5,000 of net income, aside from the 8 per cent. of capital invested. This double exemption has been insisted upon by the House conferees, and it was only after it became evident that the profits tax feature would be held up indefinitely that the Senate conferees came around to the House proposal as a compromise.

The difference in revenue to be derived from the House system of exemption, coupled with the Senate system of graduated tax, is estimated by experts of the Senate Finance Committee to be very slight. The House contemplated a tax of 16 per cent. flat on all profits after the exemption of 8 per cent. The Senate exemptions, running as high as 10 per cent. were held by the House conferees to exclude an appreciable accumulation of profits. By co-ordinating the two methods of tax, it is calculated, the levy will be in the neighborhood of the $1,086,000,000 apportioned in the bill passed by the Senate.

The conferees also agreed, it was said tonight, to a graduated automobile tax averaging 2 per cent., instead of 1 per cent. as passed by the Senate. The yield would be $80,000,000 instead of $40,000,000.

The publishers' tax occupied attention of the conferees this afternoon. The House conferees favored putting a tax of one-fourth of 1 per cent. on publishers' profits, while the Senate conferees insisted on adhering to the action of the Senate in eliminating the entire tax on publishers. The Senate conferees argued that the publishers, being subject to other war taxes, had enough of a burden to carry.

Discuss Second Class Mail Rates.

Some of the discussion centred about the second class mail rates. First Assistant Postmaster General Koons testifying for several hours. The House conferees recognized that adoption of the McKellar amendment, which would establish a first zone of 300 miles at 1 cent a pound, with higher rates beyond, was hopeless, and began casting about for compromise proposals. Efforts to agree upon a plan to distinguish between the rates on reading and advertising matter were in progress tonight at adjournment.

Although more rigid secrecy than ever was imposed on the deliberations, it was reliably stated that the conferees had definitely agreed to eliminate the House provision for a general 10 per cent. tariff increase and to strike out the House section estimated to raise $6,000,000 from inheritances.

The prospects tonight, according to members of the conference, were that an agreement on the bill would be reached by Thursday, and that the measure would be reported to the House before the end of the week.

Protest by Publishers.

The American Newspaper Publishers' Association, the membership embracing daily newspapers published in all parts of the country, through its Postal Committee, of which Don C. Seitz is Chairman, has strongly protested against either punitive taxation of the newspaper publishing business or the principle advocated by some of the use of the Postal Service as an instrument of taxation.

The Senate recently rejected all war tax bill amendments designed to accomplish such a purpose, but it is believed by the association that the measure now in conference, may be subject to efforts to reinstate some of the punitive sections that the Senate has discarded. Newspaper publishers are therefore urged by the association to take such steps immediately as may appeal to them to safeguard the principle involved of not having the publishing business singled out as one to be burdened by forms of taxation not levied against any other lines of business.

Newspaper publishers without exception expect to pay full taxes of every kind and are protesting solely against proposals to visit them with a form of taxation not applied to any other business.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER 50c. the case of six glass-stoppered bottles.—Advt.

ARGENTINA REJECTS GERMAN 'REGRETS' AS INADEQUATE

Berlin Under Secretary's Oral Apology for the Luxburg Affair Not Enough.

FORMAL NOTE IS REQUIRED

Berlin Message to Stockholm Also Expresses Sorrow for Envoy's Strong Language.

BRITISH CRITICISE LINDMAN

Astonished at Sweden's Failure to Offer Any Explanation to England.

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 17.—Dr. Luis B. Molina, the Argentine Minister at Berlin, today informed the Argentine Foreign Office by cable that the German Government had expressed regrets over the actions of Count von Luxburg, the German Minister to Argentina. Dr. Molina reported that Baron von dem Bussche-Haddenhausen, Under Secretary of the German Foreign Office, had informed him that Germany disapproved absolutely of expressions used by Count von Luxburg in his dispatches.

The Under Secretary, who acted for Dr. von Kühlmann, the German Foreign Secretary, during von Kühlmann's absence in Munich, asked the Argentine Minister to request the Argentine Government to notify Count von Luxburg that the German Government wished him to return immediately to Germany to explain the entire matter personally. Dr. Molina was asked to obtain a safe conduct for Count von Luxburg. Count von Luxburg today announced that he probably would sail on Sept. 28 for Bilbao, Spain, on a Spanish steamer.

Foreign Minister Pueyrredon, after reading Dr. Molina's cablegram, announced that he declined to accept the assurances of Baron von dem Bussche-Haddenhausen as a satisfactory settlement of the Luxburg incident, because it was merely the oral statement of an Under Secretary. The Argentine Foreign Office is awaiting a formal note from the German Government before closing the incident.

The report from Berlin that Dr. Molina had explained to the German Government that the handing of passports by Argentina to Count von Luxburg was a personal matter and did not signify a rupture of relations was classed as of doubtful accuracy by Minister Pueyrredon. It was true that a rupture had not been created by handing Count von Luxburg his passports, the Foreign Minister stated, but Dr. Molina's instructions did not provide for any explanation of the situation to Germany.

The Foreign Minister reiterated that there would be a rupture with Germany if the latter's explanation of the Luxburg incident was not absolutely satisfactory. He requested the Senate to abandon the proposed secret session set for today to consider the matter, as he prefers to make all explanations at a public session later in the week.

Since receiving his passports Count von Luxburg, it is stated, has been circulating the statement that the idea of sinking Argentine ships "without leaving a trace" was suggested to him by the Foreign Minister of Argentina as a means of preventing complications. This statement was characterized by Minister Pueyrredon as the "greatest, most shameful, barefaced lie" in his official experience.

'Regrets" Sent to Sweden Also.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—Germany has sent a note to Sweden, according to the correspondent at Stockholm of the Central News Agency, highly regretting the disagreeable issues raised on account of Sweden transmitting telegrams to Germany.

Germany says that she is obliged to the Swedish Government for transmitting the messages, but regrets that her representatives in Argentina should have sent the telegrams in the phraseology they did.

The Nya Dagligt Allenhanda of Stockholm, which printed the announcement that Germany had sent the note to Sweden, says the German Government has instructed all its representatives in foreign countries to refuse to accede to any attempt which may be made to force them to reveal to the Swedish Government the contents of code messages which they may submit to it.

Germany has given no official excuse regarding Count von Luxburg's abuse of Swedish confidence, says the Exchange Telegraph correspondent at Copenhagen. He quotes the Nya Dagligt Allenhanda's Berlin correspondent, however, as stating he had learned from the German Foreign Office that all German diplomatic representatives abroad had been informed that the Swedish Government had no knowledge of the contents of the Count's telegrams.

BRITISH CRITICISE SWEDEN.

Astonished at Failure to Express Regrets to England.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—The Associated Press interview with Admiral Lindman, Swedish Minister of Foreign Affairs, which was published in London today, attracted wide attention in official circles, where astonishment was expressed that the Minister had not yet made any similar expression of regret to the British Government.

"We have been expecting a statement from Admiral Lindman along these lines," said a Foreign Office official, "but we expected that it would come in an official way. An expression of regret along these lines, if made in a formal way, would undoubtedly do much to smooth relations. But thus far

Sweden has not officially expressed any regret or offered any explanation.

"The Foreign Minister's statement to The Associated Press covers the ground quite broadly, and we should be very glad if he sees fit to repeat it in substance in a formal communication to us. Thus, we would be very pleased to learn that Sweden 'deplores most sincerely that a practice which was exercised in absolutely good faith has been gravely abused.' That she 'is determined that the condition which led to this result shall be remedied,' and that she has already given orders 'that this practice shall cease.'

"We hope that The Associated Press interview is the precursor of an official explanation which will form a basis for the removal of any cloud on the relations between Great Britain and Sweden."

In the statement referred to Foreign Minister Lindman admitted that Sweden realized the seriousness of the situation created by the recent exposures at Washington regarding the transmission of German dispatches by the Swedish Legation, and declared that the Swedish Government was minded to do everything possible to settle the problem. He added that the transmission of dispatches on behalf of Germany had been stopped absolutely, that the Government had no knowledge of the nature of the dispatches in question, that strong representations had been made to the German Government on the abuse of the privilege, and that conditions would be remedied.

CONSERVATIVES UNDER FIRE.

Swedish Socialists and Liberals Condemn the Government.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 17.—In a Socialist parade today a banner borne at the head of the parade contained the motto, "Down with Secret Diplomacy." Other banners indicated that the parade might be interpreted as a peace demonstration as well as an election procession.

Hjalmar Branting, the Socialist leader, was the chief speaker at a meeting which was attended by 15,000 Socialists. At the conclusion of the addresses the following resolution was passed:

"Events of the last few days show how the leading circles of Germany ruthlessly have misused the careless confidence of the two Swedish Conservative Governments which directed the policy of Sweden during the war period.

"This meeting, therefore, emphasizes the determination to maintain a correct neutral attitude which is felt by all the Swedish people. We realize with indignation and humiliation that our good name has been jeopardized by the conduct of a few men. Obviously the nation's fortunes cannot continue in the hands of these few men who favor such systems and methods."

M. Branting referred in his speech to recent events in Russia and their probable consequences, not only in the Central Powers but also among the western powers. He then attacked the management of Swedish foreign affairs by the Conservative party, which, as the Luxburg affair showed, was guilty of a policy affecting the country's good name. The party had displayed, he said, an incompetency calling for its removal. Nothing, the Socialist leader continued, could be attained by a change in subordinate officials.

M. Branting criticized the attempts of the Foreign Office to excuse itself in the Luxburg affair by the issuance of diplomatic documents of the weakest character, with which the nation could not be satisfied. He declared that the parallel which the Foreign Minister had attempted to draw between the Luxburg telegram and the communications forwarded in behalf of the American Government was misleading. He also condemned the failure to protest against the abuse of Sweden's good offices and the way in which Sweden had been dragged into the affair.

Officials in the Foreign Office, he asserted, were not in touch with the sentiments of the nation. One could not tell what revelations would come to light, but it was evident that matters could not continue as before and that a thorough change in system was necessary to prevent the recurrence of similar events.

At a great Liberal meeting held here today a resolution proposed by Professor Eden, leader of the Liberal Party in the Second Chamber, was unanimously passed to the effect that the meeting expressed the deepest regret that the Foreign Office not in a position to deny the assertion that it had forwarded cipher telegrams in ignorance of their contents, which contents, when revealed, awoke the just abhorrence of all Swedes. It was deplored that such careless acts could happen.

The resolution demanded that the Government immediately undertake all necessary measures to demonstrate to the Swedish people its determination to maintain toward all belligerents absolute neutrality.

The present whereabouts of Folke Cronholm, the former Swedish Chargé d'Affaires at Mexico City, mentioned in the correspondence recently given out in Washington as having been employed by the German Minister to Mexico to convey information to the Berlin Foreign Office, is unknown to the Swedish Foreign Office. He was placed on the unattached list on his recall from Mexico last December and got no other post.

The reasons for the recall are not specified, but the tone of the newspaper statements concerning it intimates that his retirement was not without cause, although the Government, it is stated, has no knowledge of the suggestion that a German decoration should be given him for his services or that this should be conferred secretly.

The Conservative newspapers maintain that the date of the recall and the circumstances of it are sufficient to absolve the present Government from any responsibility for his acts or attitude. The press otherwise devotes little comment to his case.

The chief concern displayed by the Conservative organs is as to the effect of the recent disclosures upon the elections. They attempt for this reason to represent the affair as exaggerated in importance and as a provocative attempt on the part of the Anglo-American press to influence internal affairs in Sweden. They call on the electors to disregard the disclosures and to maintain inner unity against the external pressure and Socialist aspersions.

ITALIANS WILL FLY FOUR WAR MACHINES

Plans Completed for Flight From Newport News to Washington and New York.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Plans have been virtually perfected for the flights which members of the Italian aviation mission will make from Newport News, Va., to Washington and New York in demonstration of the airplanes brought to this country.

The flights will start from Langley Field, near Newport News. It is planned to fly with four of the Italian machines this week to Washington and return to Langley Field, while next week the same four machines are to fly to New York. The Italian pilots visited Washington today to select a landing site, and will go to New York to select a landing site there.

The airplanes will represent four different types, the Caproni, the Sia, or Fiat, the Pomilio, and the Macchi. The pilots will be Lieutenants Resnati, Baldioli, Ballerini, and Adamoli. The Caproni is 450 horse power, like the other three planes a biplane, and is equipped with three engines. The plan is for it to make the flight to Washington with ten passengers. The other machines will carry one passenger each, except the Macchi, which will carry only the pilot. The Caproni is a bombarding plane, and the Macchi a fighting machine; the other machines are used in reconnoissance work.

There are nine Italian fighting aircraft at Langley Field. One is a huge Caproni triplane waiting for the hangar to be completed before it is assembled. This machine will carry three tons, accommodating easily twenty-five passengers. It has 700 horse-power, and travels ninety miles an hour, this type being used chiefly for bombardment.

By the end of September another shipment of Italian airplanes will have arrived at Langley Field, among them being a Pomilio of 290 horse-power, with a capacity of 157 miles an hour, capable of ascending 10,000 feet in six minutes.

ITALIANS START A BALKAN DRIVE

Army Moving Eastward Through Albania and Menaces Bulgarian Right Flank.

ALARM MANIFESTED IN SOFIA

Large Movements of Troops Observed Behind the Enemy Lines in Macedonia.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—An official cablegram received here from Rome today indicates that the Italian military forces, while carrying forward their great offensive against the Austrian front west and northwest of Trieste, are about to open an offensive in the Balkans. The dispatch states that the Italian troops in Albania are pushing the enemy back along the Vojusa River in Albania, and that this latter military activity is causing considerable concern to the Bulgarians, who are beginning to make large movements of troops.

According to the dispatch the Austrians are losing heavily in their counterattacks on the Italian front in the vicinity of San Gabriele without being able to wrest from the Italians their newly-won positions. Meanwhile the Italians are making preparations for a continuation of their offensive beyond San Gabriele. The text of the cablegram follows:

"The Austrians are continuing their counterattacks against the Italian positions on the San Gabriele. All these attacks have thus far utterly failed, in spite of the enormous forces the enemy has launched against the Italian defenses. Up to Sept. 17 no fewer than twenty Austrian regiments have attacked the new Italian positions on the mountain with no success.

"The Italians are holding the part of San Gabriele which protects the access to the plain of Gorizia and to the Frigidor Valley. The Italian offensive is not to be considered at all as ended. The counterattacks are costing the Austrians tremendous losses, while Italian preparations are in course for attacking the Austrian positions beyond the San Gabriele.

"While the troops of General Cadorna are fighting victoriously on the Bainsizza Plateau, Italian troops are also operating in the Balkans. The Italians are pushing the enemy back along the Vojusa, and their activities are causing such concern to the enemy command that large movements of troops, and especially of Bulgars, have been observed behind the lines."

500,000 Italians in Albania.

While heretofore Italy's participation in the Balkan adventure has been confined principally to engineering and police work, both in Albania and Epirus, and to a little fighting with the 10,000 men who form part of General Sarrail's force on the Macedonian front, she has for more than a year had an army considerably exceeding half a million men between Avlona, on the coast, and Monastir, in the interior, where it links up with the Serbian-French-British line in Macedonia.

Part of this great army is stationed in Albania, where, on June 3, its commander, General Ferrero, proclaimed the independence of that country under the protection of Italy. The rest is under the command of General Piacentini, one of the ablest of Italy's strategic engineers; but it has been reported in Rome that the actual field operations, when they begin, will be directed by General Ameglio, who distinguished himself in Tripoli.

The Italians arrived in force at Avlona in December, 1915. The conditions of the country prevented them from joining the Franco-British expeditionary force, retreating on Saloniki. Only last Spring did they link up with that force, which by then had expanded its line into Serbian Macedonia and taken Monastir.

Events, principally political, have kept Piacentini's army comparatively inactive for nearly two years. But while it has done little fighting it has performed marvels of engineering work. It has built a broad road 125 miles long from Avlona to Monastir, so that no longer are the reinforcements and supplies for General Sarrail's army obliged to face the submarine dangers of the Mediterranean and the Aegean Seas. They come over land from France, pass through Italy, and reach Avlona across the Strait of Otranto, which is as closely guarded from submarine attack as is the Strait of Dover.

One of the greatest transportation victories of the war was achieved by Italy from Taranto, Brindisi, and Otranto to Avlona in December, 1915, and January, 1916, when she employed 250 steamers in conveying thither 200,000 men and 100 steamers loaded with 300,000 hundredweight of material and disembarked them all at Avlona without the loss of a ship or man.

With the contraction of Sarrail's lines around Saloniki the Avlona army began to build roads and to occupy the towns in southern Albania and in Epirus, and finally established a line of communication with garrison posts across the northern part of old Greece to the Aegean, which sufficiently protected the Saloniki army of the Allies from an attack by Greek loyalists.

At the Paris military council of the Allies, held in the last week in July, a definite plan of operation in the Balkans was decided on. Favored by the adhesion of the Venizelos Governmnt, Italy with the other Allies then withdrew from old Greece and Greek Epirus.

Few Teutons Now on This Front.

The malaria season, which prevents military operations in the lowlands of the Balkans, is now closed. Whether or not Italy is to take the initiative in a Macedonian campaign in an attempt to turn the right flank of the Bulgars in Albania is not known. What is known, however, is that nearly all the German and Austrian troops have little by little been retired from this front—even in the towns of Serbia and Albania the waning authority of Austria is so weak that revolts of civilians have become frequent.

The Vojusa River, along which the Italians have begun operations, rises in the centre of Greek Epirus and flows in a northwesterly direction, crossing and adhering to the Avlona-Monastir Highway and finally enters the Adriatic fifteen miles north of Avlona. This region of Albania is also pierced by another highway—Old Roman Road—which runs from Durazzo, sixty miles north of Avlona, to Monastir, and the western part is in the possession of the Bulgars.

Berat, which the Bulgars also hold, is between the northern and the southern roads to Monastir, about thirty-five miles from each. Berat is reached from the north by one road from Elbasan, on the Durazzo-Monastir Road, and from the south, or Italian side, by two—one from Avlona and one from Tepelenl. Through the triagle thus formed flows the Vojusa.

CADORNA WARNS CIVILIANS.

Says Weakness Behind Lines Will Be Considered Treason.

ROME, Sept. 17.—Evidence of a new attitude of the Ministry toward internal disturbances such as have arisen over the food situation is shown in General Cadorna's message to a political group at Milan, this being the first reference by the General on civil affairs since the war. The message follows:

"Any weakness behind the lines at this moment will be considered treason. We are all armed now with the will to conquer and victory is at hand. All classes and all parties must remember that Italy knows only one way."

Parliament, when it meets in mid-October, according to the Giornale d'Italia, is expected to pass energetic measures to repress international sabotage, an instance of which was the loss of a shipload of wheat off Genoa recently due to improper means of unloading.

The Popolo Romano declares that Italy is the last of all the war countries that should be affected by the food shortage, adding: "Although poorer than England and France, and because the protracted war has brought suffering to the people Italy should not let her troubles appear too much on the surface nor attempt political demonstrations or violence."

The principal excuse for the present unrest being the bread shortage, the newspaper says the Government purposes to issue bread cards on Oct. 11, limiting the individual consumption to a half pound daily since the wheat harvest was short 10,000,000 quintals. The recent attacks on the Ministry were based on the Turin incidents, the Government being charged with negligence in not having foreseen the shortage and forced Italian farmers to produce more wheat, but it appears, says the paper, that the shortage was due to the lack of workmen in the field. However, the Socialists and the Austro-German propagandists and peace parties seized on the situation in the hope of causing more disturbances among the civil population.

REPEL AUSTRIAN ATTACKS.

Italians Hold On to New Positions on Bainsizza Plateau.

ROME, Sept. 17.—Austro-Hungarian troops by four successive counterattacks attempted on Saturday night to reconquer the ground they had lost on Friday to the Italians on the Bainsizza Plateau. General Cadorna reports that all the assaults were repulsed. The text of the official statement reads:

In the Trentino, in Giudicaria Valley, enemy parties attempting to approach our advanced posts were dispersed with rifle fire.

In Carnia greater activity of the enemy artillery provoked brisk reaction by our artillery in the Upper But and Fella Valley.

On the Bainsizza Plateau Saturday night the enemy attempted with four successive counterattacks to reoccupy the ground he had lost the day before. He was constantly dominated by the defenders, who captured 73 prisoners, including two officers.

Hungarian Finance Minister Out.

BUDAPEST, Sept. 17, (via Amsterdam.)—Dr. Gratz, Minister of Finance in the Hungarian Cabinet formed by Premier Wekerle last month, has retired from the Ministry. Dr. Wekerle has temporarily taken over the portfolio of Finance.

LEADERS OF ITALY WHO DIRECT ARMY

Continued from Page 1.

like the French General, Castelnau, and has a private mass every morning of his life. Before passing from Cadorna to a type of his Generals it might be well to call attention to the fact that he is the only chief commander of any army except the American who has kept his job since the day his country entered the conflict. Judging by his latest success, if nothing else, it is not hard to understand that every Italian regards Cadorna as the Napoleon of the war.

General Cappello.

His General of whom I speak—one of many that I met—is Cappello, commanding the Second Army, who has direct charge of the operations on the Bainsizza Plateau and before Monte San Gabriele. I had dinner with him one night at his headquarters. He made an appointment by telephone for 7:30, and exactly at that hour my auto and his own drew up at the front door from opposite directions. He is a large, brusque man, and I had learned before my arrival that, as he spoke little English, he would not experiment with that language and only had time for correspondents who could converse in his own tongue or in French. He shook hands in abrupt fashion, said that he would eat in five minutes, and turned on his heel toward the washroom, where he and four officers, comprising his entire staff, solemnly took turns cleaning and drying their hands.

Cappello talked freely during the dinner and apparently there was no subject concerning the present offensives or entire war on which he had any secrets. The fact that I was accredited to the Italian front was sufficient for me to have his confidence, and he told me dozens of things I have been permitted to use in the dispatches of this series. So there is no need to quote him now and I give further brief consideration only to the dinner.

That dinner was the only occasion I have ever experienced in the entire war when at a General's mess we have dined with exactly the same simplicity as if we had been in a trench. And somehow it struck me as very proper and very fine. The General commanding the crack shock army of the Italian forces had no time for a "menu," not even for cigarettes and liqueurs. When the meal was finished, he bade me a simple good night and then said something to an officer in Italian that I did not understand. This officer followed me out. As I was leaving he said: "The General just told me that you have a standing invitation to lunch or dine at his mess whenever you happen to be passing this way."

An Air Raid Alarm.

I will tell just one incident of one more Italian who is helping to bring about a military victory that would end the war. It is not much of a story, but it illustrates the "no frills and all business" of the Italian war methods, as well as showing how the real Italian leaders keep themselves concentrated right up at the front. One night where the Commando Supremo is located there was an alarm of an air raid. The raid did not materialize, but alarms are frequent when the moon is at the full, and the orders are that the population shall immediately congregate on the lowest floor of buildings, no matter at what hour of the night. I was asleep in a hotel room, but no matter. I was routed out and ordered below. I went down.

It was a strange, disheveled crowd of guests assembled in the hotel kitchen, that room being chosen as the safest place. Sirens were blowing and signal guns making a terrific din. Several persons in our number were plainly nervous. There were several actresses of the theatre of the army, who were to give a performance for the soldiers the following day, and who were in varied stages of diabaille and panic. A brigade General in full uniform was solemnly going about reassuring them. There were several half-dressed officers, and a few civilians and hotel employes.

On a stone bench in the centre of the kitchen was a little, rather weazened, old man, quite dressed, except that he had omitted to put on his collar. He wore a white starched bosom shirt with a prominent old collar button. He was calm and was engaged in the occupation of chewing a toothpick. On one side of him sat a chambermaid and on the other side the proprietor of the hotel. That little weazened old man was Boselli, the Premier of Italy. Somehow the entire scene, with him in the middle, struck me as democracy in its finest flower.

AIMING TO ASSURE PRO-TEUTON POLAND

Policy of Concessions Rests on Basis That the Nation "Belongs to the West."

STEPS ARE TO BE GRADUAL

Count Adam Ronikier, Collaborator with Berlin Authorities, Defends New Plan.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Sept. 17, (via London.)—The recent imperial proclamations issued at Berlin and Vienna and the simultaneously published decrees of the German and Austrian Governors of the occupied Polish provinces formerly under Russian domination, establishing a temporary Council of Regency in Poland, are met with reservation by the conservative and Pan German elements. Liberal and democratic circles in Germany seem willing to give the new order of things a chance.

Count Adam Ronikier, one of the foremost Polish leaders, who frequently took part in the conferences with the Berlin authorities that preceded the new proclamations, says:

"An important turning point in Polish history has been reached. The transition of the Governmental power into Polish hands will impress the Polish people with the honesty of the Central Powers in their determination to make a sincere ally of our nation. This seems to be the only possible basis for a durable agreement, and the near future will prove that a grant of the largest possible measure of political freedom is bound to remove all unpleasant friction in Polish relations in the Central Powers.

"He who has observed the various moods in Poland since her occupation will be assured that no unbridgable chasms and no deep-rooted prejudices divide the Polish Nation from the Central Powers, but merely passing frictions connected with the war and the provisional administration have caused the unpleasantness.

"The new formation of a national administration will prove that Poland has an abundance of those forces necessary to build up a national structure, and, true to tradition, the newly obtained liberty will be used only to secure for all citizens, without discrimination in race or faith, satisfactory political conditions. The chaos existing in the social and political life of Poland will cease as soon as the period of reconstruction and positive works begins. Despite contrary efforts, all classes cherish one common wish—to live in well-ordered circumstances and under self-rule.

"Academic controversies will be silenced now because all attention will be given to the reconstruction of our own national institutions. For this purpose the Poles must abandon the sphere of political theory and enter a life of activity on a realistic basis.

"Only those Polish politicians will be successful who clearly conceive that Polish interests are in accordance with those of the Central Powers. They know already that Poland belongs to the West and can go hand in hand with the west. All that they lacked until now was evidence to convince the whole nation of the good intentions of the Central Powers.

"The Jewish question in Poland is rapidly approaching a happy solution, thanks to the attitude of the State Council, in conjunction with influential Jewish and parties, which have decided that equal rights should be granted to all. This also applies to other races with whom the Poles will have to live and cooperate. Free Poland will deny to no people or race the right to decide its own destiny."

One of the principal candidates for the State Council of three is Archbishop Kokoffski of Warsaw, who, if he should be finally selected, would probably preside over that body. Other candidates mentioned are the present head of the Warsaw Municipal Government, Prince Lubomirski; Count Ostroffski, and Vice Marshal Pomorski.

It is uncertain as yet who will be the future Polish Prime Minister, but the former Austro-Hungarian Ambassador at Washington, Count Tarnowski, is no longer considered a candidate for the position.

RUSSIANS DRIVE GERMANS 7 MILES

Continued from Page 1.

was impossible to obey the order because of the necessity of General Kaledines's attendance at the military conferences of the Cossacks in his official capacity as Hetman.

KERENSKY REBUKES FLEET.

Demands Cessation of Acts of Violence on Baltic Ships.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 17.—Premier Kerensky has sent a telegram to the Baltic fleet imperatively demanding the cessation of acts of violence and all excesses committed under the pretext of safeguarding the revolution. In reality, he says, the men by their actions are disorganizing the navy by reducing its fighting capacity.

The Premier condemns the guilty parties scathingly, and adds that he awaits news of the complete re-establishment of order.

RUSSIAN ARSENAL AFIRE.

Enormous Damage Done at the Putiloff Works at Petrograd.

ROME, Sept. 17, (British Admiralty, per Wireless Press.)—A Petrograd dispatch to the Messagero says that a great fire has broken out in the military factories at the Putiloff works.

The damage amounts to several million rubles.

SOCIALIST HOPE IN RUSSIA.

Stockholm Committee Warns Against Obstructing New Regime.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 17.—The Organizing Committee of the Stockholm Socialist Conference asserts in a report that Stockholm was closely connected with the revolution in Russia and expresses the hope that Russian comrades will close their ranks and depend upon Russian democracy to solve the present crisis there.

"Working classes in all countries," the report adds, "hail with enthusiasm the Russian Emperor's fall and condemn the counter-revolutionary efforts."

The committee expresses the hope that German and Austrian Socialists will protest energetically against projects and tactics tending to weaken the Russian revolution and to make Germany an accomplice of the counter-revolution.

Holding that present circumstances prevent the giving of a definite reply regarding the date of the proposed Stockholm conference, the committee resolved to continue its activities, to publish a collection of documents from adherents, and also to issue a general report. It also decided to send, if the organizations concerned were willing, delegates to the new Inter-Allied Conference.

The committee asserted that the Stockholm conference must inaugurate a new era in the struggle of the proletariat against imperialism by the re-establishment of an internationale capable of common action, and concluded:

"The working class desires this war to be the last, to democratize the nations, to prevent new conflicts, and, above all, to create, by guarantees of right and arbitration, a pacific, disarmed world on land and sea and a Europe of democracy and true liberty. The conference is now delayed, but for every organized proletariat the watchword still is, 'To Stockholm!'"

RUSSIANS HERE SEE HOPE IN REPUBLIC

Believe Kerensky's Action Will Enable Him to Consolidate Conflicting Elements.

Russians in New York who endeavor to keep in close touch with the situation in Petrograd regard Kerensky's declaration of a republic as a definite step toward the consolidation of many of the conflicting elements that have threatened to rend Russia asunder with their dissensions and clamors. It was confidently believed yesterday that Kerensky, instead of waiting for the General Assembly to formulate a plan of permanent government, was compelled to anticipate the will of the people and declare a republic at once in order to quell the growing fear that a counter-revolution would bring the exponents of monarchy and reactionism into power.

The public had become panicky, it was said, with the outbreaks of the Bolsheviki on July 17 and 18, when the extremists in a series of street demonstrations threatened to overturn the Provisional Government and create a situation that would force Russia into a separate peace with Germany. The crisis, however, was reached with the revolt of General Kornilloff, which the Kerensky government itself had denounced as an attempt upon the part of the reactionary powers to rob the people of the fruits of the revolution.

Even though the republic was achieved by a mere stroke of the pen, it is accepted by Russian opinion here not as a mere ephemeral and paper transaction, but a reality, created and backed by the demands of the majority of the Russian classes.

"Kerensky in declaring Russia to be a republic," said Sigmund Slonim, editor of the Russian-American Journal of Commerce, "expressed explicitly the will of the great majority of the people that Russia is to be a republic and nothing else. Kerensky and, for that matter, his associates in the Cabinet are revolutionists of too thorough a type to dare make such a declaration without being absolutely sure that in doing so they are fulfilling the ardent desires of all the elements that are best in Russia.

"Now that the question of the kind of government which Russia is to have is settled, other political questions that have stirred up trouble and dissensions will lose their acuteness for the time being, and will be retired to the background of the public mind until the war is over. Of course, it does not mean that from now on the Kerensky government will have easy sailing, but it gives the people sufficient assurance that they need no longer fear such occurrences as the outbreak of the Bolsheviks on July 17 and 18 and the revolt of Kornilloff.

It was the opinion of Mr. Slonim and also of A. J. Sack, head of the Russian Bureau of Information, that when the General Assembly convenes in November or December the delegates would make the republic a federation of sovereign States similar in many ways to that of the United States. Poland possibly might become independent from Russia, but the Ukraine and Finland would remain in the federation.

"The republic will have a difficult time, however, in standing on its legs," said Mr. Slonim, "unless the United States comes to its support at once. The key to the Russian situation is right here in this country. The uppermost danger which now threatens Russia is hunger. The armies will pull together, and so will the people, but they cannot do so unless they have something to eat. And they will not have enough to eat unless the transportation facilities are improved, whereby the food supplies can be moved from the centres of production to the centres of consumption. With the approach of Winter the question of food and other material supplies looms larger than ever. Since the Government in Washington has recognized this fact through its several commissions in Russia, no doubt no effort will be spared to ameliorate want and hardships in this direction.

Mr. Sack in analyzing the situation said:

"The great amount of work involved in creating the machinery of a General Assembly that would be thoroughly representative of the Russian people makes it a matter of at least four or five months before such an assembly could be held. This being the case, Kerensky undoubtedly found himself unable to dispel the fear of a counter-revolution without giving the people some kind of immediate assurance. He is now freer and stronger to act than ever, and the people, with their minds finally set at rest with reference to the question of a republic, will certainly realize now that they have something worth fighting for and something that they cannot keep unless they lend all their efforts to the task of crushing the German menace."

DENIES KERENSKY WEDDING.

Russian Dancer in London Laughs at Report.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 18.—Lydia Kyasht, a Russian dancer, who recently returned to London from a visit to Russia, scouts the report that Kerensky has married Mlle. Timme.

She told a Daily Express reporter that she saw both Timme's husband and Kerensky's wife in Russia five weeks ago, and laughingly asked:

"Do you tell me they are both divorced?"

To Put Autumn's Zest Into Luncheon or Dinner Drink

Evans Ale and Stout

ON DRAUGHT & IN BOTTLES

Autumn Supply at Nearest Dealer.

BELGIAN WINS FIGHT AT FOUR-MILE HEIGHT

Adjutant Medaetz Lures German Machine Over Dixmude and Suddenly Wrecks It.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—A brilliant fight won by a Belgian aviator at an elevation of four miles, from which he brought down his German opponent within the Belgian lines, is described in a statement issued tonight by the Belgian Legation based on official information.

The victorious aviator was Adjutant Maurice Medaetz. The name of his German adversary is not disclosed. Medaetz was at an elevation of approximately 20,000 feet, over Dixmude, when he attacked the German plane with his machine gun and fatally wounded the German aviator.

The exploit is described in the statement given out by the Belgian Legation as follows:

"The Belgian aviator, Adjutant Maurice Medaetz, won a brilliant victory in the air on Sept. 11 and brought down within the Belgian lines one of the largest and newest German airplanes. About midday Medaetz made an ascension, in a Nieuport airplane, to nearly 10,000 feet over the region of Dixmude. Seeing no enemy, he continued his search and climbed to about 15,000 feet, when his attention was attracted by shrapnel bursting some 5,000 feet above him.

"He mounted quickly to where the shells were bursting, and suddenly perceived a large German airplane trying to escape from the fire of the Belgian anti-aircraft guns. Arriving over Oestkerke, the Belgian aviator succeeded in dominating his adversary, who declined combat and fled toward the German lines, closely pursued by the Belgian, as far as the neighborhood of Zarren.

"Finding that the German either would not fight or was endeavoring to lead him into a trap, the Belgian decided to try a ruse. Making a half turn, Medaetz started slowly toward the Belgian trenches, keeping at an altitude of 20,000 feet. To his great joy he saw the German turn and follow him.

"Keeping above his adversary, Medaetz continued to watch him until they were opposite the Belgian lines, turning quickly, the Belgian aviator attacked the German plane and opened fire with his machine gun. He could see that the German observer, severely wounded, had sunk in his seat, the upper part of his body hanging over the fuselage, and that the German machine was evidently out of control.

"The Belgian Nieuport was approaching the enemy at such a rate of speed that Medaetz had only time to fire a few shots point blank and to make a perilous loop to avoid a fatal collision before the German airplane, riddled by bullets, crashed down within the Belgian lines. The enemy pilot and observer were mangled.

"The German airplane was found to be an enormous Rumpler of the latest model, No. 2,000, and was sent to Johannisthal Aug. 9, 1917, propelled by a 260 horse power Mercedes motor and armed with two machine guns."

RAID BY BRITISH SEAPLANES.

German Destroyer Hit and Trawler Sunk Off Belgian Coast.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—British naval seaplanes on Saturday dropped bombs on German destroyers and trawlers along the Belgian coast between Ostend and Blankenberghe, near Zeebrugge, hitting one destroyer and sinking at least one trawler. An official statement issued by the Admiralty today says:

"Naval aircraft made a bombing raid Saturday on enemy shipping between Blankenberghe and Ostend. Bombs were dropped on destroyers and trawlers, or drifters. One large destroyer was hit amidships and one, probably two, of a group of four trawlers was sunk.

"In the evening, during a late patrol, one of our seaplanes was attacked by two seaplanes, which were engaged by our escorting airplanes, and one was shot down in flames, the other being chased toward some enemy destroyers.

"About 10 A. M. yesterday our patrol engaged a formation of enemy aircraft, destroying one, and probably two."

U-BOAT TALES DISBELIEVED.

Navy Department Satisfied No Hostile Submarines Are Off This Coast.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The Navy Department, after investigation, is satisfied that there is no foundation for reports of a hostile submarine off the New England coast.

ADVERTISEMENT.

White Rock

Unsurpassed Mineral Water

GERMANY RESUMES PRESSURE ON HOLLAND

Proposes Higher Price for Coal Than British Supply Would Cost.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 17.—The Volk is informed by the German Legation in Holland that Germany is ready to continue the export of coal to Holland if the Dutch nation grants credit to stabilize the value of the mark, or will pay such a high price that the payment will insure the stability of the mark. The paper points out that England's offer of coal does not force Holland to pay more than the price in England.

The Dutch-German coal trade has been the subject of considerable discussion recently. Germany has not been shipping the usual quantities of the fuel, it is reported, in the hope of forcing Holland, on the eve of Winter, to comply with her wishes.

VANADIS'S SURVIVORS HERE.

Describe Sinking of C. K. G. Billings's Former Yacht by Explosions.

Details of the sinking of the Vanadis through an explosion of its oil tank five days ago 180 miles east of Cape Breton were brought here yesterday by the survivors of the crew sent out by the Russian Government, purchaser of the vessel, to take her to Archangel. The Vanadis before the war was C. K. G. Billings's steam yacht.

According to a naval Lieutenant in charge of the party, the crew numbered sixty-four, and all had returned except one man, who was left in the hospital at Halifax suffering from oil burns.

The Lieutenant said that the explosion occurred just before midnight and the blazing oil spread so rapidly that the crew had barely time to get away from the yacht in lifeboats. The watch on deck saw a sheet of flame shoot up from the hold directly after the explosion and thought at first that a torpedo had struck the vessel. The idea was quickly dispelled when all the oil tanks exploded rapidly, followed by sheets of flame. The fireman who was caught below by the blazing oil was rescued by two shipmates and carried to a lifeboat.

BOMBED OUR CONSULATE.

Germans Wrecked Quarters at Dunkirk Sept. 7—No Fatalities.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The office of the American Consular Agency at Dunkirk, France, was destroyed by a German bomb on Sept. 7. The State Department was so informed in an official cablegram today, which said that the archives of the agency were saved and the Consular Agent was not injured. He is Benjamin Morel, a French citizen, a ship broker.

Daylight Saving Time Ends.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 17.—All clocks in Holland and Germany were put back an hour at 3 o'clock this morning. The daylight saving schedule began on April 15.

"Summer time" also ended officially in England at 3 A. M. yesterday.

A MAN who is ready to retire from active business decides that he would like to be relieved of the management of his property. He is able to create a trust, giving to the MERCANTILE TRUST & DEPOSIT COMPANY as much, or as little, of the responsibility entailed in handling his estate as he desires.

HE IS influenced in his choice of the Mercantile by his knowledge of the clean-cut, sound standards which this institution represents and of the high type of successful business executives who comprise its Board.

MERCANTILE Trust & Deposit Co.

115 Broadway New York

WON'T MEET GERMAN WOMEN IN CONFERENCE

Head of English Women's Organization Refuses to Participate in Lucerne Meeting.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—Replying to an invitation to attend a meeting at Lucerne on Sept. 29 of the Bureau of the International Union of the Catholic Women's League, at which peace is to be discussed, Mrs. James Hope, President of the English branch, has written:

"We feel it is impossible for English women to meet German women in friendly intercourse as long as crimes against religion and humanity, committed at the instance of the German Government, remain unresented and not atoned for. * * * We cannot greet German women as sisters in the faith until there has been expiation of these wrongs."

BRITISH AIRMAN ROUTS 2,000 GERMAN TROOPS

Turns His Machine Gun Upon Them as They March Along a Highway.

By The Associated Press.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Sept. 17.—The British air service still maintains supremacy, and the big raiding machines have been doing vast damage.

One of the spectacular air incidents occurred yesterday when a British airplane dispersed 2,000 enemy infantry by turning its machine gun on the men along one of the highways.

Shells Fall in Dutch Territory.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 17.—Three German shells, fired at allied airmen bombing a German position near Knocke, Belgium, fell on Dutch territory and exploded.

War Profits

NOT every business man can secure war profits, but nearly every business man can profit through the war.

For instance there never was a time when such big results could be secured through so little money spent in advertising.

We're ready to explain.

PHILIP KOBBÉ CO.

Selling · Advertising · Merchandising ·

212 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK, N.Y.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Take Six (6) Bell-ans

in hot water when you suffer the pain or distress of Indigestion. It's harmless and pleasant, and every druggist everywhere sells and recommends it.

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Contains no harmful or deleterious substance.

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw

Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.

No payment accepted unless successful.

FREDERIC N. WHITLEY

Engineer and Contractor

217 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

CHURCHILL'S

MORE THAN A RESTAURANT

A BROADWAY INSTITUTION

SPECIAL LUNCHEON, 75c

WITH DANCING.

New York's Most Delightful Daily Attraction.

A delicious luncheon enjoyed in an atmosphere of refinement that refreshes and pleases. With distinctive music and the added pleasure of dancing, it is but natural that Churchill's daily attracts a larger and larger number of smart women for luncheon.

AFTERNOON TEA DANCES, 4 TO 6 P. M.

Churchill's is also unequalled in popularity for dinner, due to its famous cuisine in a la carte service—to its Special Dinner, $1.50, and to the incomparable entertainment of the New Churchill Review.

BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET

Balch, Price & Co.

Fulton and Smith Streets

Brooklyn

Furs Are Fashion's Keynote

THE Keynote to Fall Fashions is Furs. Nothing can rival them. As complete garments or as smart embellishments they express Dignity and Luxury beyond anything.

LENS GERMANS DYING IN HIDING PLACES

British Gunfire Has Left Them Only Cellars and Tunnels for Refuge.

SMOTHERED BY GAS CLOUDS

Canadians Pour It Into City Till the Members of the Garrison Risk Death in the Open.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Sept. 17.—The Germans still hold Lens, but yesterday I saw more closely than I had before how abominable is their position there and how dreadful must be the fate of the men garrisoned in its cellars. Lens is no longer a city; it is a ruin, surrounded with ruins stretching for several miles each side of it, where there were separate little cities self-contained, with their own power stations and pitheads, high slag-heaps, and long rows of miners' houses, shops, schools, and gardens.

The Canadian and English troops during the five months of fighting have captured all the outer belt of these mining cities, and their artillery and the enemy's has left nothing of all the neat little houses and mine buildings but a wild orgy of ruin through which I walked yesterday on my way to Hill 70, which the Canadians took by a great assault a few weeks ago.

Lens itself is now no better than its outer suburbs. It is a town of battered houses without roofs and with broken walls leaning against rubbish heaps of brickwork and timber. The enemy sent out the treacherous message that the English gunners were destroying French property by bombarding the city, and then made a deep belt of destruction by blowing up long blocks of streets.

After that the British guns completed the ruin, for there was a German garrison in every house, and in this kind of warfare there must be no tenderness of sentiment about bricks and mortar if the enemy is between the walls. So now in Lens the only cover for the Germans and their only chance of safety is below the ground in tunnels and cellars.

Lens Tunnels Are Death Traps.

These are reinforced by concrete and were built by the forced labor of civilians two years and more ago, when the city was menaced by a French attack. Into these tunnels the German garrisons of Lens make their way by night, and in them they live and die.

Many die in them, it is certain, for a tunnel is no more than a death trap when it is blocked at the entrance by the fall of houses or when it collapses by the bombardment of heavy shells, which pierce deep and explode with fearful effect. That has happened, as we know, in many parts of the German line, and recently in one of French front whole companies of German soldiers were buried alive in deep caves. It is happening in Lens now, if the same effect is produced by the same power of artillery.

But death comes to the German soldiers there in another way, without any noise and quite invisible and very horrible in its quietude. Many times lately the Canadians have filled the city of Lens with gas that kills and soaks down heavily into the dugouts and tunnels and stifles the men in their sleep, before they have time to stretch out their hands for gas masks, or makes them die with their masks on if they fumble a second too long. The enemy who was first to use poison gas, should wish to God he had never betrayed his soul by such a thing, for it has come back upon him as a frightful retribution, and in Lens, in those deep, dark cellars below the ruins the German soldiers must live in terror and be afraid to sleep. Yesterday, when I went to that neighborhood I saw four German soldiers who had come out into the open, preferring to risk death there rather than stay in their dungeon. They appeared for a minute around the corner of some brick stacks in Cité St. Auguste.

I was watching the German lines there and staring at the ruined houses, slag-heaps, and broken water towers of Harnes and Annay, beyond the outer fields of the mining city. The church towers in both those villages still stand, though a little damaged, and some of the red roofs are still intact. The German lines were away beyond the strip of No Man's Land, and here not a soul was to be seen—no trace of life in all this land of death—until suddenly I saw those four figures come stealthily up behind the brickstacks. They stood up quite straight and looked toward the British ground, and then after a second crouched low, so that only their heads showed above a little dip in the ground. A few minutes later I saw two more Germans. They ran at a jog trot along a hedge outside Cité St. Auguste and made a bolt through a gap. It was strange to see them, as if they were visitors from another planet, for in this district of Lens no man shows his body above ground unless he is careless of quick death, and one may stare for days at empty houses and broken mine shafts and great black slag-heaps without seeing any living thing.

RUINED ARMENTIERES IS A CITY OF THE DEAD

Not a Soul Left in Artois Town Systematically Shelled by Germans.

BY PHILIP GIBBS.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Sept. 15, (Delayed).—The harvests of France and Flanders have been gathered in, and already the plow, driven by men too old to fight, or by boys too small and young, or by peasant women whose men are somewhere near St. Quentin or Verdun, is turning up the stubble in the fields and making a brown landscape where three weeks ago it was all gold and bronze. The trees are turning brown also, deepening to a reddish tint in all the woods between Boulogne and the battlefields, where there are only dead trees. Round about Poperinghe the trailing hops have been pulled down from the poles already stripped in places by last month's gale, and the sticks are all bare.

In the wind there is a smell of moisture and mist and the first faint sniff of rotting leaves. It is the Autumn touch—the Autumn touch of a war in which some of us have seen four harvests gathered into French barns and four Winters come. It makes one feel a bit sad, that thought. It puts the Autumn touch for a second or two into the souls of men coming back from leave, as I came back with some of them two days ago.

It is a queer thing to walk through a big town out of which all life has gone, and queer to me especially in Armentières, because I knew it not long ago when there were many women and girls about the streets, and when one could take one's choice of tea shops, though only 1,800 yards away from the German line, and get excellent little dinners in more than one restaurant. Now, in the town of tears to any people who once lived there, the tea shops have been smashed to bits and the women and girls are gone, unless their bodies lie in the cellars beneath the ruins. The agony of Armentières began at the end of June, when the enemy first began to bombard it with systematic violence, and, though there is no life left in it, the broken houses are still battered by more shells when the enemy's gunners have nothing else to do.

Armentieres Systematically Destroyed.

When I walked through its streets yesterday I saw a witness of the horror that had passed. The German bombardment began quite suddenly one night, and old women and girls and children were in their beds. They rushed down into the cellars, not for the first time, because in nearly three years of war stray shells had often come into the town, but never like this. These were not random shells, scattered here and there. They came with steady and frightful violence into every part of the town, sweeping down street after street, blowing houses to dust, knocking fronts off shops, playing fantastic, horrible tricks of choosing and leaving, as shell fire does in any town of this size. There were gas shells among the high explosives, and their poison filtered down into the cellars. Fire broke out in one of the squares beyond the old Church of St. Vaast, and the houses were gutted by flames.

The fires were out when I walked there yesterday, and the Church of St. Vaast was surrounded by its own ruins—great blocks of masonry hurled from its dome and buttresses amid a mass of broken glass. Inside there is tragic ruin, and rows of cane chairs lie in wild chaos among broken pillars and piled stones. The pipes of the great organ have been flung out of their framework, but, curiously, the side altars with figures of apostles and saints and the central figure of the Sacred Heart have hardly been touched and stand unscathed amid this great destruction. Armentières is the scene of a tragedy to its civilian population which makes one's heart ache with new revolt against this monstrous cruelty of war upon the innocent and helpless.

It is easy to see what happened during those days and nights of terror some weeks ago. I looked into the blown-out fronts of little shops and houses and saw how everything had been abandoned in that rush of women and children to the cellars. In spite of the wreckage of the upper stories and of the walls about them, some of the rooms were intact. Here were the remains of an estaminet with its cash box on the bar counter, and games such as soldiers love—dominoes and cards and quoits and bagatelle—set out as though for an evening entertainment. Here was a chemist's shop with many bottles unbroken on the shelves, though most of the house was blown across the street. I looked through a hole in the wall of the drawing room with its piano standing amid a litter of broken furniture, as though some madman had wreaked his fury on sofa and chairs.

Risked Lives to Save Women.

But it was in the cellars that the pitiful drama had been played—in those cellars down which I peered, wondering whether any poor bodies lay there still. Shells had pierced down to some of the women hiding in them; poison gas came to choke some of them. Rescue parties of the Royal Army Medical Corps went into Armentières to get the poor creatures away, and risked their lives scores of times on each journey they made. It is an amazing thing that, even then, in spite of their terror and agony and wounds, many old women could hardly be made to leave the town, and clung desperately to their homes, though these had fallen down on top of them.

Outside of Armentières yesterday I met one of the R. A. M. C. lads who helped in this rescue work. He had received the Military Medal for it, and he told me of his trouble with two old women when things were at the worst. Neither had a rag of clothing on except the blankets he had wrapped around them as they lay on the stretchers; but when his attention wandered from them, owing to the shells which burst close to the ambulance, one of these old dames scrambled up and ran off down the street. He went after her and on his return found that the other had given him the slip.

Yesterday, apart from the popping of the anti-aircraft guns and the drone of the British airplanes, it was all quiet in Armentières, and I walked through the silent streets over broken bricks and glass, and was startled by the utter death of the town. For this quietude and ruin of a town that one has seen full of life gives one a sinister sensation, and one is frightened by one's loneliness.

DRILL FOR CLEMENCEAU.

American Infantrymen in Mimic Combat In Ex-Premier's Honor.

AMERICAN TRAINING CAMP IN FRANCE, Sept. 16, (Delayed.)—American infantrymen of the expeditionary army held their first field day today since their landing in France, with Georges Clemenceau, former French Premier, as the guest of honor. A battalion of an infantry regiment gave demonstrations of machine gun, rifle, and bayonet assaults, concluding with a typical American athletic program, including 100-yard dashes, tugs of war, and boxing bouts.

The entire battalion that participated in the program had luncheon in the open air. M. Clemenceau being the guest of General Sibert and the French military officers messing with the American Brigadier Generals. In an address to the American officers M. Clemenceau said:

"I feel highly honored at the privilege of addressing you. I know America well, having lived in your country, which I have always admired, and I am deeply impressed at the presence of an American army on French soil in defense of liberty, right, and civilization against barbarians. My mind compares this event to the Pilgrim Fathers, who landed on Plymouth Rock seeking liberty and finding it. Now their children's children are returning to fight for the liberty of France and the world."

Later M. Clemenceau addressed the entire battalion, saying:

"You men have come to France with disinterested motives. You came, not because you were compelled to come, but because you wished to come. Your country always possessed love and friendship for France. Now you are at home here, and every French house is open to you. You are not like the people of other nations, because your motives are devoid of personal interest and because you are filled with ideals. You have heard of the hardships before you, but the record of your countrymen proves that you will acquit yourselves nobly, earning the gratitude of France and the world."

BRITISH KILL MANY GERMANS IN RAIDS

Victims Are Caught at Night in Dugouts on the Arras and Somme Fronts.

FRENCH BOMB STUTTGART

Colmar and Bases Near Metz Among Points Attacked by Raiding Air Squadrons.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—Troops of English and Scottish regiments made successful raids last night on the German trenches in the Arras and Somme regions of the battlefront in France. Many Germans were killed in their dugouts, and prisoners were taken.

British artillery was active today in the Ypres sector. A German attempt to raid British trenches near Lombaertzyde was beaten back.

Airplanes on both sides were busy. The British dropped 143 bombs on a German airdrome and billets, and 50 German air bombs fell within the British lines. Six German airplanes were destroyed, and eight British machines are missing.

The text of the afternoon statement follows:

In the course of the night successful raids were carried out by English and Scottish regiments against the German positions southeast of Gavrelle, east of Epehy, and in the neighborhood of the Arras-Douai Railway. Several prisoners were taken and two machine guns were captured.

Many of the enemy were killed in their dugouts. Dumps and trench mortar emplacements were destroyed with explosives.

The hostile artillery showed some activity during the night east of Ypres.

Artillery and Aircraft Active.

The official report issued tonight says:

This morning the enemy attempted to raid our trenches south of Lombaertzyde under a covering bombardment. The hostile party was received with a heavy fire by our troops and repulsed with loss before reaching our trenches.

Our artillery was active during the day in the Ypres sector. The enemy's artillery activity was somewhat less marked except in the area south of Lens and in the neighborhood of Nieuport.

From Sunday the visibility has improved, and a good deal of successful artillery work and photography has been accomplished. During the fine intervals the enemy aircraft were active again, being greatly favored by a strong west wind. In the course of the morning hostile machines dropped fifty bombs behind our lines. Very little damage was done.

Our airplanes dropped 143 bombs on a German airdrome and hostile billets and fired many thousands of rounds from our machine guns on various targets on the ground. In particular, a body of 2,000 German infantry was engaged with machine gun fire from a height of 100 feet and scattered.

Six German airplanes were brought down in combat and four others were driven down out of control. In addition, one hostile machine was brought down in our lines by anti-aircraft gun-fire. Eight of our airplanes are missing.

French Aviators Work Wide Havoc.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—French aviators have been particularly active in the last two days, having dropped 33,000 pounds of projectiles on enemy establishments scattered over a wide area, including barracks and factories at Stuttgart, an aviation camp at Colmar, Alsace, and military bases south of Metz. In aerial fighting the French yesterday brought down six German machines and forced six more to descend.

Tonight's official report says:

On the right bank of the Meuse both artilleries were quite active, particularly in the region north of Hill 344 and the Caurières Wood. We repulsed an enemy surprise attack in the sector of the Rhone-Rhine Canal.

Yesterday four German airplanes and one Drachen were brought down by our pilots. A sixth enemy machine was brought down by the fire of our special guns. Finally, six other German machines were badly damaged in engagements with our aviators and fell inside their own lines.

Our bombing airplanes were particularly active in the day of Sept. 16 and the night of Sept. 16-17. Numerous raids were carried out by our machines, which dropped 15,000 kilos (33,000 pounds) of projectiles on enemy establishments, including barracks and factories at Stuttgart, an aviation camp at Colmar, depot at Lens and Elbach, military establishments south of Metz, the railway station at Thionville, factories at Ueckingen, (?) and the Saarburg station.

The text of the afternoon statement follows:

The night was marked by quite violent artillery actions, notably in the region of Froidmont Farm, to the west of Craonne, and in the sector of Massiges.

After a violent bombardment, the Germans delivered an attack upon our positions in the Forest of Apremont. Some detachments of the enemy which succeeded in gaining a foothold in our advanced trench elements were ejected after spirited fighting. Our line was fully re-established.

In the Vosges a surprise attack of the enemy upon our posts at Violu was checked by our fire.

The text of the Belgian report follows:

In the last forty-eight hours our artillery has shelled the enemy defensive organizations near Woumen, as well as its cantonments at Praet, Bosch, Keyem, Beerst Eessen, Roggeveld, and Scarren. The enemy artillery reacted only feebly. Numerous bombs have been dropped on our cantonments. Our aviators were active on Sept. 16.

Berlin Reports Drumfire in Flanders.

BERLIN, Sept. 17, (via London, British Admiralty Per Wireless Press.)—Drumfire of the most violent intensity was in progress yesterday in some sectors of the Flanders front, says today's Army Headquarters statement, but the British made no attack. The statement reads:

Front of Crown Prince Rupprecht—Good visibility favored the development of lively artillery activity. In Flanders the artillery duel on the coast and in some sectors between Houthoist Wood and the Lys increased several times to the most violent drumfire. British infantry attacks did not materialize, and there were only local engagements between the lines, as the result of which prisoners fell into our hands.

Northeast of Arras strong British reconnoitring detachments pressed forward and at some points even reached our lines, whence they were driven back by our rapid counter-thrusts.

Near St. Quentin also the enemy prepared by bursts of fire for attacks by his reconnoitring parties, which were everywhere repulsed.

Front of the German Crown Prince—Along the Aisne, notably northeast of Soissons, and also in the Champagne and before Verdun, the fighting activity of our own and the enemy's artillery increased many times to great intensity. The French lost prisoners in several reconnoitring engagements.

Two airplanes were shot down by one of our pursuing echelons from enemy aerial squadrons which bombarded Colmar twice yesterday. In addition to these the enemy lost sixteen airplanes.

The supplementary official statement issued by the German War Office tonight reads:

In Flanders on Monday there was stronger firing activity.

CONSTANT ATTRITION PROCESS

British Exact Toll in Daily Bombardments and Air Raids.

By The Associated Press.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Sept. 17.—There must always be periods of comparative quiet when big spectacular offensives are lacking on the great fighting fronts. The recent days have constituted one of these periods along the British lines in the western theatre, and to the outside world, reading the Commander in Chief's laconic "There is nothing of importance to report," or a brief account of seemingly inconsequential raids, it may appear that hostilities virtually have ceased.

But this conclusion is far from correct, for the grim business of war continues perpetually. Hourly the big British guns hurl their thousands of tone of metal, carrying death and destruction into the German defenses; day and night great squadrons of aviators guide their machines over the German lines and dump their cargoes of high explosives on important positions, and continually small bodies of British infantry are reaching out into the enemy's trenches and sometimes bringing back prisoners after playing havoc with bombs among the dugouts and mortar emplacements.

Of course there is retaliation by the enemy, but the advantage rests with the Allies in this constant hammering process. It is the steady dropping of water which is wearing away the stone.

The terrible toll of the enemy exacted from the enemy ranks by the artillery and the continual drainage of their war supplies by the destruction caused by shells and bombs are having their effect. The Germans in the defense is still strong, but it is weaker than it was, and sooner or later must crumble if the allied methods of wearing down are continued. It needs no military expert to figure this out. Every Tommy along the line is aware of it.

Persons far removed from the war zone, perhaps, do not consider military operations from an abstract point of view sufficiently enough. That is, they conceive progress only when some city has fallen or an advance has been made over a great stretch of territory and thousands of prisoners have been taken. Certainly these big operations appeal to the imagination, but, in viewing them, one should not overlook the inestimable value of the grinding, killing process which goes on ceaselessly.

This process has been continued by the British steadily since the recent big offensive. The artillery has kept up an almost unceasing thunder along the whole front, and air raids and thrusts by the infantry have been working great destruction in the enemy territory.

Last night's infantry raids are examples of the work being done, much of which is never published to the outside world. English and Scottish regiments about midnight conducted three successful raids. East of Gavrelle, (northeast of Arras,) several prisoners were taken, and a large number of the enemy were killed; five big dugouts were bombed to pieces, and two saps were destroyed. A similar success was achieved south of Epehy, several dugouts being demolished and a number of trench mortar emplacements wrecked, besides other damage done.

PUT OFF PACIFIST CASES.

Mrs. Hale and A. E. Whitehouse Will Be Arraigned Today.

HARTFORD, Sept. 17.—The cases of Mrs. Annie Riley Hale of New York and Alfred E. Whitehead of this city, arrested yesterday at a meeting of the Hartford branch of the People's Council of America for Democracy and Peace, which was stopped by the police after Mrs. Hale had spoken in criticism of the President and condemnation of war, were postponed in the police court today until tomorrow. The defendants are held under $500 bonds each on a charge of breach of the peace.

The postponement was on motion of the acting prosecuting attorney, Alexander W. Credon. Professor Henry W. L. Dana of Columbia University, who was to have spoken at the meeting yesterday, was among the number who greeted Mrs. Hale when she came from the Court House today.

DEPUTY IS QUIZZED IN FRENCH SCANDAL

M. Turmel Conceals Full Origin of Money Found in a Chamber Locker.

HINTS AT FEE FOR "ADVICE"

"Suspicious Individual" Was in Conference with Him, Official Statement Says.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—An official statement issued tonight from the Chamber of Deputies regarding the affair of M. Turmel, a member of the Chamber, in whose locker were found twenty-five Swiss 1,000-frank bank bills, says:

"M. Deschanel [President of the Chamber], questioned regarding the sum of money found in the locker room of the Chamber, replied that on July 10 he was informed by one of the quaestors that an employe had found the day before in the part of the locker room assigned to Deputy Turmel an open envelope containing 25,000 francs in Swiss bank bills. Soon afterward another quaestor informed M. Deschanel that a suspicious individual came occasionally to the Chamber and conferred with Deputy Turmel in the lobby.

"The quaestor asked that the Minister of the Interior be informed. The individual was watched and the inquiry continued.

"During the Parliamentary recess Deputy Turmel had left Paris on July 7 and had not returned when he was summoned by the officials of the Chamber. Under the circumstances it was decided to continue the inquiry."

Another communication given out at the office of the President of the Chamber reads:

"Deputy Turmel was asked to call at the office of the President of the Chamber this morning. In the presence of the Quaestors he was pressed lengthily and closely to make known the origin of the sum found in the locker room as well as the names of the firms which paid it. He refused, and recorded his refusal in writing.

"He then retired, but a quarter of an hour later came back and solicited another audience, in the course of which he wrote the following letter to the President and the Quaestors of the Chamber:

"'Payment was made by the Swiss Federal Bank and the object of the payment was advice given with a view of assuring the benefit of fiscal and similar rights in France.'

"'L. TURMEL.'"

The Government has decided to make no reply to the interpellation of Deputy Turmel unless in the meantime he shall explain the source of the money. The Deputy gave notice that he would ask the Government to explain the refusal of the French authorities at the frontier to allow him to cross Switzerland the day before yesterday for the ostensible purpose of collecting evidence to clear up the case.

The Minister of Justice has ordered a judicial inquiry into the facts developed in the Turmel affair. M. Gilbert, an examining Magistrate, has been charged with an inquiry into contracts made in 1916-17 by a business house in a neutral country covering several thousand head of beef cattle, which, it is supposed, were destined for Germany.

Deputy Turmel, it was announced this evening, will not attend tomorrow's session of the Chamber.

STATE SHUTS SALOONS NEAR MUNITION PLANTS

Thirty-five in South Brooklyn Could Not Get Their Licenses Renewed by Commissioner.

State Commissioner of Excise Sisson having refused to renew the licenses of thirty-five saloons and one liquor and grocery store in South Brooklyn, Deputy Commissioner Harry Ralston yesterday closed each of the places. They were all within the territory between Fifty-second and Sixty-second streets, and from New York Bay to Third Avenue. Henry J. Doscher, who kept the combination liquor and grocery store at 5,401 Third Avenue, applied to County Judge Roy for a writ of certiorari reviewing the decision of the State Excise Commissioner. This will be a test case, and it is understood was brought by the Long Island Family Liquor Dealers' Association.

The places closed by the Commissioner are said to be those ordered closed under the Newton law and reopened in August when Judge Cropsey declared that law unconstitutional. The Newton law was passed as a war measure, making it possible to close liquor selling places near camps, barracks, munition plants, and shipyards. The places closed yesterday were near the E. W. Bliss works and the plant of the Morse Dry Dock in South Brooklyn.

SEIZE 7 AT I. W. W. MEETING.

Federal Agents Make Arrests After Hearing Anti-War Speeches.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—John Unger, a contractor, of Waukegan, Ill., and six others were taken before the Federal Bureau of Investigation today, having been arrested after attending a meeting of Industrial Workers of the World at Waukegan last night.

The Federal agents, who were notified that an anti-war meeting was to be held, were on hand to listen to the utterances. At the close of the meeting seven persons were taken into custody.

You'll like the snug feeling of Harmony's new

KIT package

It flattens into the smallest possible space and gets smaller with every pipe load with no excess weight to tote.

The New Size

10¢

HARMONY

A Blend of Five Famous Pipe Tobaccos

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

MRS. KING'S WILL IS UNDER SCRUTINY

Dooling Will Compare Signature with Signature Practiced in Means Apartment.

MRS. MELVIN BENEFICIARY

Would Mean Millions for Her if Second King Will Held—Means Employe Questioned.

Assistant District Attorney John T. Dooling began an investigation yesterday afternoon to test the genuineness of a will of Mrs. Maude A. King, who was killed under mysterious circumstances at Concord, N. C., on Aug. 28. A photographic copy of the will was received from the Chicago authorities.

Several other wills are known to have been executed by Mrs. King. The one of which a copy was received was dated Nov. 9, 1915, and was made in this city. A study of this will is being made because among the papers found in the apartment of Gaston B. Means at 1,155 Park Avenue were sheets of paper engraved with the name of Gaston B. Means, on which the signature of the dead woman had been practiced.

The only witnesses to this will were Henry Dietsch and his daughter, Marie T. Dietsch, both of whom have been in the employ of Gaston B. Means for more than two years. Marie T. Dietsch is now Mrs. Afton Means, having married a brother of Gaston.

This will gives to the sister, Mrs. Mary C. Melvin, the residue of the estate and makes her the sole executrix. Gaston Means recently refused to place securities belonging to Mrs. King's estate, which he said he had in his possession, in the hands of a public trustee, on the ground that he would have them cared for by Mrs. Melvin, who has been staying at the Means residence in Concord.

Mrs. Melvin is the only living person whose name is signed to the alleged second will of Maude C. King, which has been pronounced a forgery. Her interest in the will of Mrs. King would give her the bulk of the King estate, worth $6,000,000 or $7,000,000, provided the second King will should be held valid. Mr. Dooling is trying to have Mrs. Melvin come to this city.

After providing small sums for various persons, the will of Mrs. King reads:

"Fourth—I give and bequeath unto my beloved sister, Mary C. Melvin, all of the rest and residue of my personal property, both real, personal, and mixed, to be her absolute property.

"Fifth—I hereby name Mary C. Melvin to be sole executrix of this my will and testament."

Questions Dietsch Seven Hours.

Henry T. Dietsch, one of the witnesses to this will and business manager for Gaston B. Means, was questioned for seven hours by Mr. Dooling particularly regarding his knowledge of the plan which Means had committed to writing of keeping Mrs. Anna C. Robinson, mother of Mrs. King, and Dietsch, Mrs. King in the dark as to the whereabouts of Mrs. King during a week or more preceding her sudden death. One of the instructions Dietsch received was to take charge of all mail received for Mrs. King, Mrs. Robinson, or Mrs. Melvin and to forward it only to Means, who advised Dietsch by letter that he did not want Mrs. Robinson and others whom he described as "enemies" to know the whereabouts of Mrs. King.

After his examination of Dietsch Mr. Dooling said: "We have made very satisfactory progress. Mr. Dietsch is telling me a great deal. He may become an important witness for the State."

Mr. Dooling said that bank accounts had been discovered showing that Mrs. Julie Means, wife of Gaston B. Means, had had large sums in several New York banks in 1916, but that her funds on deposit had been exhausted. The largest check drawn by her, he said, was for $6,000 in favor of her husband. Her bank accounts and papers were turned over to an expert accountant, who is studying the financial transactions of Gaston B. Means. While the checks and accounts which have been found showed that Means paid $19,000 to furnish his flat in 1916, and since then used hundreds of thousands in speculations, Mr. Dooling said he had evidence that Means in 1914 had been earning $25 a week and had obtained no financial assistance from his wife when he married her.

Mr. Dooling said that documentary evidence alleged by the Chicago authorities to prove that a trust fund of $100,000 established by Mrs. King in favor of her mother, Mrs. Robinson, had been dissolved by an instrument to which the name of Mrs. Robinson had been forged. Mr. Dooling said a witness to this instrument who had admitted that Mrs. Robinson had not signed it in the presence of the witness, had agreed to make a statement to him today.

A telegram made public by Mr. Dooling was one sent from Asheville, N. C., on Sept. 7 to Jacob Newman, a Chicago lawyer, and signed with the name of Mrs. Mary C. Melvin. It was as follows:

Please send at once for newspaper reporters of Chicago papers and deny at once for me an insinuation that they have published that my sister, Mrs. King, lost her life in any way except by accident, regardless of Chicago Coroner's report. It is impossible for me to say her death was not an accident, without knowing all the facts and especially the short length of the pistol, which was three or four inches long; and also explain to them how important she was as a witness in the pending litigation. MARY C. MELVIN.

Further evidence was found of the pro-German activities of Gaston B. Means during the period when he was employed by Count Karl Boy-Ed, the then German naval attaché. One large bundle of papers in his possession contained elaborate reports on the capacity and ownership of thirty-eight munition plants.

"Republicans and Progressives."

One paper found in his possession, headed "Republicans and Progressives," contained the following names: Dan R. Hanna of Ohio, Senator Gronna of North Dakota, Senator Works of California, ex-Senator Bourne of Oregon, Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire, Senator Weeks of Massachusetts, ex-Senator Burton of Ohio, Representative Madden of Illinois, Representative Moore of Pennsylvania, Representative Fairchild of New York and Senator Poindexter of Washington. To this was added the following:

"Representative Madden of Illinois is the most important man to make connections with and see.

"The association of organization to see would be the Republican Publicity Association, with permanent headquarters located in Washington, D. C."

MEANS WON'T GIVE UP MRS. KING'S PAPERS

Judge Reserves Action—Receiver for Papers Appointed on Mrs. Robinson's Motion.

HICKORY, N. C., Sept. 17.—Superior Judge Cline today announced that Gaston B. Means had agreed to submit to State Solicitor Hayden Clement certain papers, letters, bank books and accounts of Mrs. Maude A. King, but that he had refused to deliver the documents to the custody of the State, as ordered last Friday by Judge Cline. No action by the court on the refusal will be taken, Judge Cline said, until the solicitor has had an opportunity to determine whether the papers find any bearing on the mysterious death of the Chicago widow.

Announcement also was made officially today that District Attorney Swann of New York had been asked to deliver to Solicitor Clement for use at the Coroner's inquest next Monday the original alleged second will of the late James C. King.

Shuttleworth Bros. Co., Carpets, Amsterdam, N. Y.
F. P. Sheldon & Son, Architects.

Turner for Concrete

Turner realizes that his reputation a year hence will depend upon how well he serves you *now*.

TURNER Construction Co

8 Models "Ennyweather" 8 Uses

HERE'S the most Versatile Topcoat you ever saw! It's a Town Coat; Country Coat; Shine Coat; Sprinkle Coat; Motor Coat; Travel Coat; Sport Coat; Theatre Coat.

Dunmore and Bellows (military type); Carlton, Pembroke, Norman and Raglan (semi-formal type)—Cromwell and Motor (knockabout type). Try on all, if you like. Each seems to cutdo the next one in Manhattanesque spruceness.

$25, $30, $35, with no end of attention to individual Fit and Becomingness.

JOHN DAVID

STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES

Broadway at 32nd Street

THE MANHATTAN STORAGE & WAREHOUSE CO

PRIVATE ROOMS

Easily Accessible for Safe Storage of Valuable Papers and Records.

Lexington Ave. and 42d Street
Seventh Ave. and 52d Street

HAND OR HOOF?

A sewing machine is operated by foot, and thus, in a manner of speaking, machine-made clothes, like cattle are sold on the Hoof.

Franklin Simon Clothes for Men are tailored exclusively by hand and are consequently that much nearer the seat of intelligence!

It is inevitable that Franklin Simon hand-tailored clothes must in the nature of things derive from the Hand qualities of workmanship and styling which cannot be imparted by the Heel!

They reveal all the delicacy of line and the feeling which only skilled hands can interpret and which only an artist can express.

Hand-Tailored at the price of those that are not

Men's Suits and Overcoats $25 to $60
Men's Aquascutums . . $26 to $60

Franklin Simon & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE

Men's Clothing Shop, 8 West 38th Street

M'INTYRE TO ADMIT SUPPRESSED REPORT

Continued from Page 1.

never have had," said the District Attorney very emphatically. "There has been a complete understanding between the District Attorney's office and the Grand Jury. The only discussion there had been between myself and Mr. Konta was what was made in the newspapers. The only difference between myself and Mr. Konta was as to the law of procedure. If the Grand Jury wants to submit a presentment it may do so. I repeat my opinion that it was unwise to do so at this time—to show the infirmity of the law. I have witnesses ready and specific cases to present to the Grand Jury if they want them. The police have no cases of unlawful assembly or of riot. They have four cases of disorderly conduct and we are ready to present."

"What do you mean when you speak of the infirmity of the law?" Mr. Swann was asked.

"I mean," he replied, "that the Court of Appeals has held that disorderly conduct tending to a breach of the peace is not a crime and is to be dealt with by the Magistrates. It means, 205 New York, 490, the People ex rel Burke against Fox, Warden of the Workhouse, that the Court of Appeals has said that disorderly conduct is no case for the Grand Jury. Mere spoken words without action is no crime. That is what I meant when I said that parts of the presentment were bullets in the back of our men at the front. This is my reason and I give it."

"Do you mean that if the Grand Jury did indict in these four cases the indictment would not hold?" he was asked.

"If they indict for disorderly conduct the indictment will not hold under the Court of Appeals decision, and that's what I told them. The trouble is some enthusiastic persons want men sent to State prison right off. It can't be done."

It would have been better, Mr. Swann thinks, if the cases had been taken before Magistrates and the offenders sentenced to the workhouse. To advise any one to disregard the draft was, in his opinion, a matter for the Federal Government.

The police stand ready to assist the District Attorney or the Grand Jury in any way possible, Acting Commissioner Godley said. He said the department had under consideration at this time no cases of riot or of unlawful assembly. He said the police had preferred the four cases of disorderly conduct for the Grand Jury. In answer to the charge that has been implied ever since the soap box cases came up for consideration by the Grand Jury that the police have done little to suppress seditious meetings Commissioner Godley gave out a summary of police activities. It showed that the police have made 31 arrests, exclusive of four cases ready for presentation to the Grand Jury. Eleven prisoners had been discharged on arraignment and eight fined from $5 to $25. In one case no decision had been reached and in another the prisoner was held for the Federal authorities. Six offenders were sent to the Workhouse for terms of from twenty days to six months. In other cases sentence was suspended.

Says Politics Directs Swann.

In his letter to the Governor asking the investigation of the District Attorney President Moore of the Friends of Irish Freedom charges that Mr. Swann is governed by politics and that his course is not directed by public duty. This is Mr. Moore's telegram to the Governor:

Sept. 17, 1917.

Hon. Charles S. Whitman, Governor,
The Executive Chamber,
Albany, N. Y.

I ask you to designate a Special Deputy Attorney General to investigate the conduct of District Attorney Swann in connection with the so-called soap-box controversy. By failing to present to the Grand Jury witnesses and evidence concerning alleged seditious speakers, District Attorney Swann is endeavoring to prevent the carrying out of the instructions given to the Grand Jury by Judge McIntyre in three separate charges. Mr. Swann's conduct has led not only to a public controversy between the Grand Jury and himself, but to the definite charge by Foreman Konta that Mr. Swann is governed in his course of action by politics and not by public duty. I believe you will find this charge to be true. These cases, of which my own is one, involve the fundamental American right of free speech. This right should be determined judicially and without regard to its effect on the political fortunes of Mr. Swann or any other candidate in the coming election.

JOHN D. MOORE.
26 Cortlandt Street, New York.

In his letter to the foreman and members of the regular and additional Grand Juries Mr. Moore takes a fling at the District Attorney for having, as he expressed it, called into question the loyalty of Foreman Konta. He says in part:

"I ask you to call the following witnesses, none of whom is affiliated with us in any way, these members of the "Vigilantes," organized by the American Defense Society, 303 Fifth Avenue, New York: Cleveland Moffett, 153 East Fifty-sixth Street; Theodor Megaarden, 44 Cedar Street; Henry T. Price, Price Trade Publishing Company, 122 East Twenty-fifth Street; Henry C. Quinby, 165 Broadway; Thomas D. McCarthy, United States Marshal; the reporters of the New York daily newspapers, Deputy Commissioner Godley, Alexander M. White of Police Headquarters, New York; Police Inspectors Boland and Cray, Police Captain Bailey, the police Lieutenants, Sergeants, patrolmen, and the large number of members of the Police Department in plain clothes who attended our meetings.

Magistrates' Authority Limited.

Chief Magistrate William McAdoo made a statement regarding the jurisdiction of City Magistrates in the prosecution of so-called soap-box orators. He said, however, that the statement was an expression of his personal opinion and not binding upon any Magistrate. He agreed that the Magistrates had no authority under the Federal statutes where the offense charged was treason or sedition.

"There is no section of the code in this State which gives the Magistrate summary jurisdiction to try and dispose of a case arising under the circumstances attendant on these meetings," he continued. "There are certain sections where, if the police furnish the proper evidence, he can hold the defendant for examination if he so desires, or commit him for trial in other courts. The Magistrate, therefore, in all of these cases where he assumes full jurisdiction has to depend upon Sections 1,458 and 1,459 of the Consolidation act governing disorderly conduct.

My Officers' Uniforms, to individual measure, truly express the high pride and dominant personality that go with being "in the service." Buying a "ready-made" Officer's Uniform is like mailing home from camp a souvenir postcard with some printed-in-bulk, instead of hand-written, saying on it. No real pride or sentiment.

U. S. Army Men say that I have the most perfectly organized and equipped Military Tailor Shops in this country. That's why I am turning out Officers' Uniforms of such smart soldierly swank and splendid soldierly set-up.

14-oz. O. D. Serge Uniforms to measure, $36.00
18-oz. O. D. Serge Uniforms to measure, $46.00
Deliveries on 2 days' notice, if required.

Civilian Clothes $20 to $45 to individual measure

Clemons

Civilian and Military Tailor
Broadway at 39th St
19 Years On This Corner

A&F

"Where the Blazed Trail Crosses the Boulevard"

Madison Avenue and Forty-fifth Street

Footprints of War

A soldier of France walked into this store, carrying a pair of Abercrombie & Fitch high hunting boots.

They were one of a hundred pairs sent by a French woman in this country to officers and soldiers of the French Army.

He had worn them in the trenches for a year—in mud and slush, rain and snow.

"And never once," he said, "have I had wet feet!"

One man in Greece sent for one hundred pairs of the same hunting boots—for officers in the Greek Army.

The further we get into this war the more will Abercrombie & Fitch equipment prove that the tests and experiences of sportsmen are of great value to soldiers.

Napoleon said, "The worth of an army is in its feet." A. & F. footgear for officers, soldiers, sportsmen, explorers, engineers and forest rangers is designed to give maximum foot efficiency.

A. & F. Autumn Apparel for Women

For the sportswoman, the young lady going away to school and those engaged in auxiliary war work.

Suits made to order or ready to wear—all original A. & F. models—of imported tweeds, velours, gabardines, homespuns, hopsacking.

Outfits for both city and country wear, combining requisite smartness with greatest utility—unquestionably the clothes of the hour.

Suits, ready to wear, $30 up. Custom made suits, $125.

Riding clothes, perfect in every detail; raincoats in greatest variety; Autumn topcoats not to be found elsewhere.

Fall Hunting Requirements

Sporting rifles and shotguns for Fall shooting—largest assortment in the world.

Ammunition, decoys, shell cases, game bags—every requisite for the hunter.

Men's Motor and Sporting Top Coats

Distinctive A. & F. models of exclusive imported tweeds—correct for sporting; $30 up.

Imported motor coats of Irish frieze and fleeces, with detachable leather lining—worn either way according to weather; $75.

Tweed golf suits; a new golf sweater with ribbed front—of Alpaca or Mohair yarn; and complete hunting outfits, for the shore or moose country.

Write for Booklet on Equipment for Military Men.

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.

Ezra H. Fitch, President

Madison Avenue and 45th St.

The Greatest Sporting Goods Store in the World

HUGHES BOARD SEEKS TO AMEND DRAFT LAW

Would Prevent All Sons of a Single Family Being Called to Arms.

TO MEMORIALIZE CONGRESS

Ex-Judge Cullen Presents Case in Point—First Conscientious Objector Exempted.

The District Exemption Board for New York City, of which Charles E. Hughes is the Chairman, voted yesterday afternoon to memorialize the authorities in Washington to pass a law or make some kind of regulation which will prevent all the sons of one family from being drafted into the military service. Under the law as it now stands, all the sons in one family, no matter how many of them there may be, if called for examination and are passed, have to be accepted for service unless it can be shown that one or more of them are the sole support of a parent or other near relative. The motion to memorialize the Government was made by ex-Attorney General George W. Wickersham, following a discussion of the appeal of Thomas W. Farrell of 18 West Eighty-sixth Street, who was examined and certified for service by Board 129.

Mr. Farrell, the appeal papers showed, is one of four brothers, two of whom are already in the army, and the third of whom, who is the youngest, volunteered, but was rejected for physical reasons. It was shown that Mr. Farrell's father died a few months ago, leaving an estate valued at about $1,000,000, and that the appellant had been looking after the property for his mother and the other heirs.

Ex-Chief Judge Edgar M. Cullen presented the case to the board, and in doing so pointed out that the appeal could not be granted for the reason that Mrs. Farrell was not dependent upon her son.

"It is my opinion," said ex-Judge Cullen, "that some provision should be made by which this son could remain at home, in view of the fact that two of his three brothers are already in the army. This is only one of many such cases coming before the board where hardship is entailed because no provision has been made to protect a family in such cases.

"Here we have two brothers who have volunteered and gone forward to fight for their country. If the fatalities are as great in our army as they have been in the case of European armies, which God grant they may not be, this family will be called upon to make too great a sacrifice. The country has no right to make such a call upon any one family. There ought to be some rule by which a son could be left at home when two other sons have gone to the front. There may come a time when we shall need to take all—which God forbid—but until that time comes there ought to be some protection for families situated as is this one."

Motion Unanimously Carried.

Chairman Hughes announced that he had been in conference with representatives of the Adjutant General in regard to such cases as that of Mr. Farrell, but that they had been unable to find any provision in the law by which one son could be exempted where other sons are taken. It was then that Mr. Wickersham moved that the case be referred back to the committee, of which ex-Judge Cullen is chairman, and that the committee be instructed to formulate a recommendation to the President, or to Congress, with a view to remedying such cases. The motion was carried without a dissenting vote.

The District Board granted its first exemption in which the claimant gave conscientious objection to war as his ground for discharge from service. The case was that of Le Roy Carnana of Ozone Park, who appealed for exemption on the ground that he is a member of the Plymouth Brethren, an organization opposed to war. Carnana said that while his religious faith forbade him to fight he was willing to aid the country in any other capacity, in the battle zone or at home. It was shown that the Plymouth Brethren are recognized as in the same class as the Quakers both here and in England and the exemption was granted.

Assistant United States District Attorney Edwin M. Stanton, who is one of the Federal officials charged with the enforcement of the Espionage act, was an appellant before the board yesterday. He was discharged from service because of the nature of his services to the Government.

H. C. Mees, passed by Board 154, sought exemption on the ground that he is the office manager of the publicity department of the Liberty Loan Committee. It was decided that this was an occupation not within the provisions of the selective draft law and Mr. Mees will be certified for service in the national army.

Unusual Case Decided.

An unusual case was that of Walter W. Heinrich, 420 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Heinrich was exempted two weeks ago as the sole support of an aged and infirm mother. Since Heinrich made the claim the mother has died, and yesterday he appeared before the board, stated the facts, and asked that his exemption claim be withdrawn and that he be certified for service. This was done.

It became known yesterday that the Provost Marshal General has made a new ruling which will probably add several hundred thousand more men to the list of those who are eligible for service in the national army. This ruling is that men who took out first citizenship papers five or more years ago and who have not taken out second papers are eligible for service and are not to be exempted as aliens.

The board disposed of 3,040 cases in a five-hour session, the largest number yet. Of these, 2,223 were formal appeals by the Provost Marshal General, of which only fifty-three reversed the decision of the local board. There were thirty-five original applications for exemption on industrial grounds, seventeen being granted and eighteen denied. There were 782 appeals from the local boards. Of these in 485 cases the decision of the local was affirmed and in 297 cases reversed.

The selective service men whose numbers come within the next 20 per cent. of the city's quota are straightening up their affairs preparatory to leaving for Camp Upton this week. The first batch will go forward tomorrow when 1,036 men will entrain for camp. Approximately 500 of these will go from the Carlton yard of the Long Island Railroad, Brooklyn. They comprise the men from local boards 23 to 35 inclusive in South and East Brooklyn. Another 500 will go from Long Island City. These will be the men of local boards 80 to 106 inclusive, situated in the lower part of Manhattan, both east and west sides.

On Thursday 1,725 men will go forward from the Carlton yard, from Long Island City and from the Pennsylvania Station, Manhattan. On Friday, 1,612 men will go; on Saturday, 1,682, and on Sunday 1,676, making up the total of 7,701 men who constitute 20 per cent. of the quota.

HEADS PEOPLE'S COUNCIL.

Scott Nearing Will Direct Work from This City.

Scott Nearing, the educator and pacifist, has accepted the Chairmanship of the Executive Committee of the People's Council of America, it was announced yesterday. He will make his headquarters in New York City and devote all of his time to the affairs of the council.

James H. Maurer, President of the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor, who was Temporary Chairman of the committee, explained last night that the change was forced by the growing activities of the organization. Louis P. Lochner will continue as Executive Secretary. The membership of the committee will be raised to fifteen, eleven of them already having been named. They are Morris Hillquit, Jacob Panken, George Roewer, Joseph Schlossber, William C. Remfer, Rebecca Shelly, William Short, Mrs. William I. Thomas, the Rev. Dr. Judah L. Magnes, and Messrs. Nearing and Maurer.

"The People's Council movement is now upon a strong, permanent basis," Mr. Maurer said. "We represent some 2,500,000 people and our members are being increased daily."

GUARD WATER PLANT AT SPARTANBURG

City Authorities Take Additional Precautions as Result of German Plot Stories.

600 CAVALRYMEN ARRIVE

First Squadron of the First Cavalry in Camp with Their Mounts—Fix a Temporary Corral.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP WADSWORTH, SPARTANBURG, S. C., Sept. 17.—Following the detailing of fifty picked soldiers to ferret out the source of what are regarded as German instigated attempts to block the progress of work at the camp, the City of Spartanburg has posted a strong guard around the municipally owned waterworks which are the camp's sole water supply. The decision to protect the waterworks was made after the City Engineers reported the danger of an attempt to poison the water.

Another reason that prompted the city to safeguard the water supply is that prowlers have been seen near the plant for the last four nights. Inasmuch as the works are located four miles from the camp itself, and in a wild, rocky stretch of country almost impassable afoot, the presence of strangers there at night convinced the city officials that plans were being made to tamper with the filtration system.

"Until we put our guards on duty, it would have been easy for enemy sympathizers to introduce poison into the water and reach every man in the camp," said Chief Engineer Hinchey today. "The chief danger lies in the entrance to the filter. This is apart from the plant, easy to get at, and, as every drop goes through this small opening, bags of poison put in there would circulate thoroughly.

"Then, again, even if this method were not employed, it would have been very simple for a few men to overpower the machinist at the filter and wreck the pumps and motors. This machinery we could not duplicate for weeks, and in the interval the soldiers at the camp woud have to send all the way here and get their water in barrels.

"One thing that made us a bit uneasy is the fact that men have been seen about the plant late at night. Up to now no one ever went near the place, but now it has become the regular thing for strangers to pay us a visit. The night before last one of our employes reported that a man about sixty years old, with closely cropped gray hair and extremely well dressed, had been caught working a pocket flash light through a window of the filter shack. When he was shouted at he dropped the flash and ran off into the woods. Our workman was tied up fixing some machinery and so did not follow him."

Winter clothing was distributed to the men of the Seventh this afternoon and by the end of the week the regiment will be completely equipped for Winter field service. The regiment was ordered out this morning for its first camp drill.

Though the Twelfth did not get into camp until three days after the Seventh, the former organization has made greater strides in getting its site into order. Spurred on by Colonel Reginald L. Foster, the men have dug drainage trenches around every tent and are now at work installing a hot water system for their shower baths. Admittedly, the Twelfth's camp makes a better appearance than any other site in the cantonment.

HEALTH OF NAVY GOOD.

Measles and Mumps the Principal Trouble, Surgeon General Says.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Surgeon General Braisted of the navy today announced that the health of the men in the navy was "very good," and that there was "little serious illness."

"Some cases of measles and mumps continue to be reported from the Atlantic Fleet," says the statement. "Measles is less prevalent than mumps, averaging only ten new cases a week for the whole force afloat.

"Conditions are excellent at all the shore stations except at the naval training station at San Francisco, where there are a number of cases of measles and mumps," it is stated.

DRILLING, HE ENDS LIFE WITH HIS RIFLE

Private Neff of 165th, Soon to be Promoted, Blows Part of Skull Away.

HAD BEEN TIFFANY CASHIER

Concealed His Right Age and His Family When He Joined So He Could Go to France.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP MILLS, HEMPSTEAD, L. I., Sept. 17.—Private George Neff of Company E, 165th Infantry, who was soon to be promoted, committed suicide by shooting himself while drilling men from his company and from other units of the regiment this morning. Captain Alexander Anderson and a Lieutenant of Company A saw Neff step quickly behind the rear line, and were about to rebuke him for getting out of his place when they heard the magazine chamber of his rifle click as he shoved a cartridge into it. Before the officers could interfere Neff placed the muzzle of the gun to his mouth and pulled the trigger. The bullet passed out at the back of his head, tearing away part of the skull. He dropped to the field, and was dead when the officers reached him.

Colonel Charles De L. Hine, commander of the regiment, hearing the discharge of the weapon, suspended the drill. For fourteen years Neff had been an accountant and cashier for Tiffany & Co., at Fifth Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street. He lived, with his wife and two daughters, Adelaide and Marjorie, at 28 St. Nicholas Place, Manhattan. Before he became a resident here he had been a member for some years of the Pennsylvania National Guard.

Neff was 47 years old, but was so determined to go to the war that he gave his age as 40 and said he was not married when he applied for enlistment in the Seventy-first Regiment in June. This deception was known only to himself and the immediate members of his family until yesterday.

Miss Marjorie Neff, at her home last night, said her father did not at first like his transfer to the 165th, but later said he was glad of it, and told his family: "I am now with a real fighting regiment, and we are sure to see active service soon." His training in the Pennsylvania Guard made him a marked man in the company, and he had been chosen for promotion to Corporal in Company E.

On Saturday and Sunday Neff had leave and passed the time at home with his family. When he started back for camp on Sunday evening he complained of feeling ill, and his wife prepared something for him. Neff left no message to any member of his family, and in view of his known desire to go to France with the Forty-second Division, of which the regiment is a part, one daughter said that sudden ill-health or temporary insanity had probably caused his act.

Colonel Hine considered Neff an excellent soldier. Throughout the camp and at drill no loaded weapons are permitted, and it was not known where Neff had obtained a service cartridge. It was thought he had got it while doing guard duty at up-State points with the Seventy-first before the regiment went into camp at Van Cortlandt Park. Major William B. Donovan, First Battalion of the Sixty-ninth, was assigned to make an inquiry as to the possession of ammunition by Neff and the cause of his suicide.

Shell British in Palestine.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—A Turkish official communication received here today says: "There has been a strong artillery bombardment of the British positions before Gaza, (on the Palestine coast.)"

BUILDING OF SHIPS TIED UP BY STRIKE

Continued from Page 1.

help, even if sufficient men could be obtained, will be made by the employers.

"We will close up tight," said one official of the Union Iron Works.

Comparatively few men not members of the unions involved are deprived of employment as a result of the strike.

PORTLAND, Ore., Sept. 17.—Partial cessation of work in wooden shipyards on the Willamette and Columbia Rivers at Vancouver, Wash.; St. Helens, Ore., and Astoria, Ore., was reported today as a result of the strike of approximately 2,000 union men Saturday for the closed shop.

Two Portland yards reported they were running with full forces, while others were operating some departments with nonunion help. Many plants remained closed. Twenty-five steel workmen employed on vessels for the Government went on strike here today at the Supple-Baltin Shipbuilding Corporation's plant.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 17.—Woodworkers in the steel ship yard of the Seattle Construction and Drydock Company, the largest plant here, resumed work today, the company having given bond to use only lumber manufactured in eight-hour mills. Two other large yards had previously resumed work, using eight-hour lumber.

There was no change today at the wooden ship yards, tied up several days by a sympathetic strike of the woodworkers against ten-hour lumber.

HURLEY TO ACT AS MEDIATOR.

Shipping Board Chairman Arranges to Visit Pacific Coast.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Edward N. Hurley, Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, is arranging his plans so that he may start for the Pacific Coast within a few days to take personal charge, in the name of the Government, of the labor disputes in shipyards in San Francisco, Seattle, Portland, and other centres, unless the situation is cleared up before the end of the week.

Reports today that ironworkers had walked out in San Francisco yards came at a time when Mr. Hurley and other Government officials were attempting to reach an agreement with employers and employes in the industry in Seattle and Portland, hoping to make such an agreement the basis for further negotiations which would avert a serious condition in all Pacific Coast yards. Agents of the Shipping Board were instructed to send complete reports concerning the trouble, and it is believed that these will be in the hands of the Federal authorities here tomorrow.

It is estimated that the total number of men involved in the Pacific Coast strike is approximately 30,000. These strikes, it was admitted today, had tied up temporarily 12 per cent. of the entire shipbuilding program on new construction and commandeered vessels in which the United States Government is interested. Both wooden and steel ships are included in the vessels affected by the Western labor troubles.

Mr. Hurley called this morning on Secretary Wilson of the Department of Labor and conferred with him on the general situation in shipbuilding yards throughout the country. Afterward it was stated that it was believed an agreement would be reached within a reasonably short time which would permit operations again at top speed. The Government is anxious to make this delay as short as possible, and to avert the danger of other trades being affected.

While labor officials here were reticent about discussing the Western situation, it was said that Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, and other prominent leaders were doing everything in their power to keep the situation in hand, and that messages had been sent to the labor leaders on the Pacific Coast to exert every influence to that end, pending an agreement between employers and employes.

PITTSBURGH MILLS STRIKE.

Four Steel Furnaces Doing Government Work Made Idle.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Sept. 17.—Nearly 1,000 workers employed in making steel, a large part of which is said to be going into Government uses, were made idle tonight by the closing of four furnaces of the Eliza plant of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company. The company stated that it was compelled to close its furnaces because of the failure of 300 furnace men to report for work today.

It is said that 130 men, temporarily laid off a few days ago because further construction work had been abandoned, persuaded their fellow-workers to walk out. No disorders have thus far accompanied the walkout.

FEDERAL EMPLOYES MEET.

Will Become Affiliated with American Federation of Labor.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Delegates from Federal employes' unions throughout the country opened a convention here today to perfect a national organization. They expect to elect officers tomorrow.

President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, with which the national body is to be affiliated, addressed the delegates and offered his personal assistance and that of the federation. Other speakers were Representative Jeannette Rankin, who asked the convention to advocate woman suffrage; James O'Connell, Vice President of the American Federation of Labor; Frank Morrison, and Thomas F. Flaherty, Secretary of the National Federation of Postal Employes.

After the organization is complete, it is understood, a campaign will be started to obtain for the Government employes, among other things, better pay, a scientific reclassification, retirement legislation, and a year-round Saturday half holiday.

Mixed just as you would mix, if you knew exactly how—of liquors you would select if you were an expert.

Club Cocktails

The Highest Class Talking Machine in the World

THE INSTRUMENT OF QUALITY

Sonora

CLEAR AS A BELL

At the Panama Pacific Exposition the Sonora was awarded the highest marking for tone quality.

Fifth Avenue at Fifty-third Street
New York City

Stern Brothers

West 42nd Street *Between 5th and 6th Avenues* West 43rd Street

Have in stock, for immediate delivery, the popular

Wideloom Chenille Carpet

Wool back, in taupe, grey, tete de negre, rose and blue; quality and dyes guaranteed.

Widths up to 15 feet

at $9.75 square yd.

Inspection and comparison of prices invited.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Now Offer, Ready to Wear,

Army Officers' Uniforms at $38.50

¶ Army officers' uniforms *must* be cut along lines called for in Government regulations, but that does not mean that all are identically the same. Saks' uniforms at $38.50 reflect in their form tracing lines a quality of workmanship found in no other coats or breeches for U. S. Army Officers—tailoring stitched in with the needle and *not* pressed in with an iron.

¶ Made of All-Worsted Olive Drab Serge—breeches in West Point model with large hip and reinforced knee.

Also—Officers' Overcoats, $47.50

¶ Made of ordnance heavy weight Melton, in double-breasted regulation model with inverted pleat and belt in back. *Sixth Floor.*

We also have a splendid assortment of Shirts, Caps, Hats, Raincoats, Trench Coats, Puttees, Bedding Rolls, and other Military accessories, at very reasonable prices.

A $10,000 EXECUTIVE

at 35 wishes to sell his services in a place of greater usefulness than at present. His record will be submitted to principals interested.

The senior who wants to place the daily burden of his business in competent hands, or—

The officers of large manufacturing concerns looking for an effective associate, or—

The capitalist behind a new industry seeking a thoroughly trained general manager may have the few copies of this man's record by addressing

Executive, 901 Free Press Bldg., Detroit, Mich.

(1)

Clark & Weinberg

634 Fifth Avenue - Opp. Cathedral

are showing

Advance Models in

Fur Coats
Scarfs & Muffs

Cloth Coats
For Motor or Afternoon Wear

Evening Wraps
Fur Trimmed

Gidding

Importers PARIS 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK Designers

"The Paris Shop of America"

The Gidding Display

conceded to be the largest single presentation of Superlative Fashions in America—offers limitless possibilities for the Immediate Selection of the Perfect Wardrobe

featuring

SMART SERGE DRESSES
CHARMING HOSTESS GOWNS
THEATRE *and* DINNER GOWNS
TAILORED SUITS IN STRICTLY PLAIN AND DRESSY EFFECTS
FROCK SUITS CONSISTING OF DRESS WITH COAT TO MATCH
STREET COATS *for Town wear*
LIMOUSINE *and* MOTOR COATS
EXQUISITE WRAPS
SMART HATS *and*
LUXURIOUS FURS

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th St.

Announce That They Now Have the Exclusive New York Agency for

Christy's London Hats

These fine hats for men are known the world over for their superiority of style, make and finish. They hold first place wherever shown and are easily distinguished wherever assembled because of their individuality of line.

We now have a good assortment of derbies, and an excellent display of Christy's soft hats, the latter in five of the season's smartest colorings.

Price Soft Hats and Derbies, $6
Silk Hats.....$12

Announcing the NEW

The W.H.T. Tierney Shop

"Just Off the Avenue" at 7 East 38 St.
(Formerly 6 East 37 Street)

FOR THE COMING WEEK ONLY

DINING ROOM SUITE

Mahogany, 10 pieces, Queen Anne design. Specially priced at $355.00. Regular $510.00.

Joseph
Presents
A NEW
RUSSIAN
TURBAN
Milliner
Dressmakers Furrier
692 Fifth Avenue
opp. Cathedral

MORAINE 2½ in.
TYNDALE 2¼ in.
Two heights in new
Ide
COLLARS
20 cents each
3 for 50 cents
have—exclusively—
Linocord Unbreakable Buttonholes
GEO. P. IDE & CO., Makers, TROY, N. Y.

AIR BOOKS
By Richard W. Muller, M. D.
Hair and its Preservation.
2nd edition. Illus.
Loss of Hair and the Quartz lamp treatment.
Prof. Illus. (Author's translation.)
Baldness, its causes, prevention and treatment. Ready in October.
At All Book Stores.

RIFLE CONTRACTS AGAIN CRITICISED

Cost-Plus System Raising Pay of Labor Extravagantly, Representative Dallinger Says.

DEFENDED BY FITZGERALD

Criticism Inevitable, He Asserts, but the Work Is Being Done with Integrity and Ability.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Debate on the War Department contract for a million Enfield rifles at a cost-plus-10-per cent. profit basis was revived in the House totday. Mr. Dallinger of Massachusetts declared that under the cost-plus system contractors were hiring labor at unheard-of wages and in that way badly disturbing the labor situation in other factories. He told of a man in his district receiving $60 a week as a laborer and doing nothing but keeping out of the way of Government inspectors, and of a clerk who had obtained work as a carpenter on a Government job and who, although without experience as a carpenter, was getting $7.50 each work day and $15 on Sundays.

Mr. Dallinger criticised the rifle contracts with the Winchester Repeating Arms Company, the Remington Rifle Company, and the Remington Union Metallic Cartridge Company.

"It is not fair to other manufacturers," he said, "to allow Government work to be done on a cost-plus-10-per cent. basis. It upsets the labor market. In Lowell, Mass., I have heard of Government contractors taking men from other factories on account of the extremely high wages they could pay. Other manufacturers resent this."

The Massachusetts member said there were more than three concerns in the United States that could make rifles, and which the Government might utilize.

"Will the gentleman give me the authority for his statement about the laborer getting $60 a week and the clerk who is working as a carpenter?" asked Representative Fitzgerald, Chairman of the Appropriation Committee.

"It was told to me by a friend," Mr. Dallinger replied.

"There are all kinds of criticism," said Mr. Fitzgerald, "and the hardest kind to meet is the anonymous kind."

He explained that, no matter how many plants there might be, the question of tools, jigs, and dies was essential, and there was no spare material of this sort. Continuing, he said:

"We propose to spend $11,000,000,000 this first year, and no set of men could attempt to handle this sum without criticism, some of it justified. But, in a broad way, the work is being carried on with integrity and competently."

The House failed to reach a final vote on the $7,000,000,000 Urgent Deficiency bill, consideration of sections providing additional funds for the War Department consuming practically the entire day. Many amendments increasing the sums proposed in the original bill were aproved. The Secretary of War was authorized to incur obligations aggregating $100,000,000 for ordnance and ordnance supplies in addition to appropriations made or pending, but the proposed $3,000,000 for an ordnance proving ground at Kent Island, Chesapeake Bay, was eliminated from the bill.

FAULTY AMMUNITION TRACED TO FORMULA

Adopted for Primers by War Department Against Opinion of All Outside Experts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Colonel George Montgomery, U. S. A., commandant of the Frankford Arsenal, told the House Investigating Committee today that, although ammunition experts had advised against using a free sulphur formula for the Government's ammunition primer, the opinion of the War Department was set in favor of such a formula.

This statement by the chief official of the arsenal from which defective ammunition was sent to General Pershing was the outstanding feature of a day of many interrogations by the committee into the work at the Frankford Arsenal. It was shown that the opinion of experts outside the Bureau of Ordnance ran contrary to the practice of the bureau regarding primers before the defective ammunition was discovered recently.

Colonel Montgomery himself seemed to show he was not entirely in favor of the Bureau of Ordnance formula. Formulae used in cartridges made by other establishments and private firms contained a different chemical and seemed to be better, Colonel Montgomery indicated, but the War Department's insistence upon its own secret mixture was so great that it seemed foolish to make any attempt at a change. The Frankford Arsenal and the United States Cartridge Company, he said, were the only two plants producing a primer with free sulphur.

"The technical opinion of the world was against us," he added. "All our people believed in it, though."

He said also that an ammunition expert without a peer had convinced him in August, 1916, that the sulphur primer was not up to the mark set by modern ammunition. It was shown by the testimony that when the defects in the primers were found to be general the Bureau of Ordnance arranged for the purchase of 55,000,000 primers of different formula from the Winchester Arms Company, and then adopted the Winchester formula.

Testimony showed that the old free sulphur formula is being used in artillery ammunition with perfect results, because it ignites a quick-burning black powder; whereas in small arms ammunition the bullet is shot from the gun by a slow-burning powder.

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ended Saturday, Sept. 15th, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef, 16.29 cents per pound.—Advt.

TIFFANY & Co.
JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, CLOCKS
WATCHES, CHINA, STATIONERY

McGIBBON & CO.
Autumn Announcement
HOUSEHOLD LINENS
DECORATIVE UPHOLSTERY
LACE DRAPERIES
RUGS, FURNITURE, BEDDING
Large Stocks on hand
Prices Moderate and advantageous to buyers
37th St. West, Near Fifth Ave.

Lord & Taylor
38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street
Men's Fall Topcoats
from London's Best Makers

Soft, slashing utility coats, as proper for the drawing-room as for every day street wear—many of them made expressly for Lord & Taylor by the famous Burberrys of London.

In mixtures reflecting the rich, subdued colorings of Scottish heather; exclusive weaves and patterns, the latest products of English looms; smart English tweeds; and always proper oxfords and cheviots.

Also a splendid collection of English country club overcoats, combining the dashing swank of the English sports coat; the soft, warm motor coat; and the delightful informality of the all-round topcoat.

Fall Suits, sports clothes, cutaways and evening dress.

Suits $20 to $50; Overcoats $20 to $60.

Men's Daylight Clothing Shop
Fourth Floor.

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other House, but for Cash Only.

War Pipes and Camp Comforts
At Yaphank—Spartanburg, Wrightstown—and way "over there" a good pipe and a well filled pouch hold a lot of comfort for the fighting boy. Then, we have other comforts—all at "Lowest-in-the-City" prices.

Soldier Smokes
All well known brands of cigars, cigarettes and tobacco at substantial savings, also
Pipes, from 24c up.
Tobacco Pouches, 24c to $2.49
Cigar and Cigarette Cases, of leather, 49c to $6.49
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., B'way, and Fifth Floor, 35th St.

Wool Socks, 59c
Full fashioned, medium weight, black socks with gray merino heels and toes. Reinforced heels, soles and toes.
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Handkerchiefs
Khaki Cotton Handkerchiefs, 12c, 23c each.
Red and Blue Cotton Bandanas, 15c each.
Plain Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 17c each. Also 6 for $1.38, 6 for $1.49, 34c and 39c each.
Linen Initial Handkerchiefs, 6 for $1.39
Macy's—Main Floor, 34th St.

Toilet Cases For Military Men
Khaki and leather cases which will hold your own toilet articles and roll up neatly and compactly. $1.74 up to $12.49
Other Cases, of leather or khaki, each containing a set of toilet articles. $2.24 to $26.75
Macy's—Main Floor, 34th St.

Sewing Kits, 89c
No soldier should be without one of these handy sets. Contains buttons, thimbles, needles, safety pins, shoelaces, thread, comb and pencil.
Macy's—Notion Department, Main Floor, 34th St.

Woven Names on Tape
Every man's clothes and undergarments should be marked with his full name. These tapes furnish a good method. We require from 10 days to 2 weeks to complete orders. Gross, $1.84; half gross, $1.19.
Macy's—Notion Department, Main Floor, 34th St.

Service Watches

Worn on the wrist, Sterling silver cases, 7 and 15 jewel movements. Some with unbreakable crystals and luminous figures and hands. Swiss make—
$12.89 to $27.50
American make, 15 jewels, plain dials,
$17.89 to $25.75
Macy's—Main Floor, 34th St., B'way.

B. Altman & Co.

Initiatory Sales of
Black Dress Silks & Black Chiffon Velvets
now being held, comprise

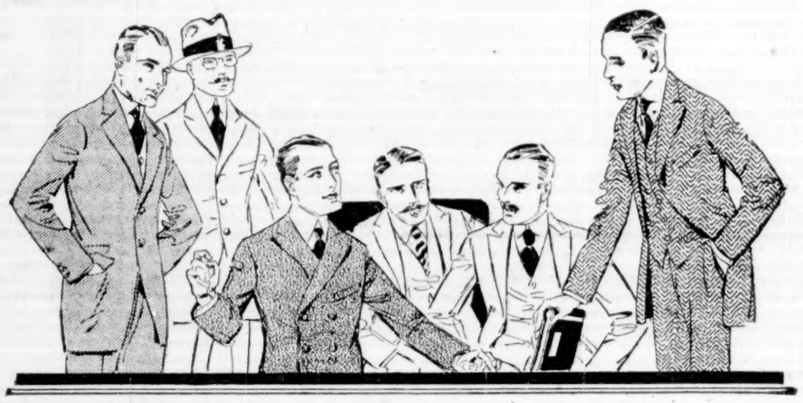
Several Thousand Yds. of Black Dress Silks
39-inch Soft-finish Satin, per yard $1.35
36-inch Satin Duchesse per yard $1.90
40-inch High-lustre Satin Duchesse per yard $2.15
40-inch Callot Satin, per yard 2.45
42-inch Imported Charmeuse (pebble back) . . per yard $2.90

Several Thousand Yds. of Black Chiffon Dress Velvet
38 and 39 inches wide
per yard $3.90
Considering the great importance of velvet for Autumn and Winter wear, and the unusually fine quality of this particular velvet, the Sale offers a very exceptional opportunity.

Fifth Avenue-Madison Avenue, New York
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

James McCreery & Co.
5th Avenue 34th Street
Special Order
DRESSMAKING & TAILORING DEP'T
(Fourth Floor)
Copies of Model Gowns, Suits and Wraps made to order At Moderate Prices.
Special
For a Limited Period
Tailored Suits made to order in new materials and models.
$85.00

Direct Elevators on 35th Street Side
R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square B'way, 34th to 35th St.
Fifth Floor Broadway Front



A Straightforward Discussion of Men's and Young Men's
Fall and Winter Suits
Of All Wool Fabrics

The events of the past six months have brought many changes in the field of men's apparel. Mills and factories—woolens and labor—have been diverted to the outfitting of armies. This has increased the cost of production of civilian clothes and has led to economizing changes in style.

A man has only to read the glaring announcements of clothiers from coast to coast to realize that this condition hits the pocketbook. Still, with our cash buying, cash selling policy, we were able, as usual, to secure and offer to the men of New York

The Most in Clothes Quality At The Lowest Prices

To ignore rising costs would have been folly—it has been impossible to avoid some increase in the selling prices. We are unwilling to sacrifice quality to offer for sale clothing that will not give satisfactory wear, but our prices for smartly tailored, serviceable clothing are still, quality for quality, "Lowest-in-the-City."

We want you to see the new belted coats with peaked lapels and slant cut pockets, the tight fitting English sack coats with soft roll lapels, the double breasted models and the more conservative clothes.

We want you to examine the unfinished worsteds, cheviots, tweeds, homespuns and serges—to examine the handiwork of the tailors who put them together. We want you to compare them with fabrics and tailoring in clothes elsewhere about town—for we know that here only will you find

Rightly Made Suits At $16.50 to $39.75

of good quality and of smart lines—no matter what price limit you place upon your clothes allowance. If you have never learned what cash buying and cash selling can do—this fall and present conditions offer you an excellent opportunity to do so profitably.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other House But for Cash Only

THE LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
Offers
5%
GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
On New York City Real Estate
Safest Investment in the World
59 Liberty St., Manhattan
184 Montague St., Brooklyn

Fruits preserved in Summer reduce Winter's cost of living

SAVE THE FRUIT CROP

"Sweeten it with Domino"
Granulated, Tablet, Powdered, Confectioners, Brown

Sold in 2 and 5 lb. cartons and in 5, 10, 25 and 50 lb. cotton bags.

NEW PRICE OF Lion Collars
20 Cents Each
3 for 50 Cents
12 for $2.00
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO.
TROY, N. Y.

Lord & Taylor Book Shop is in the heart of the City—38th Street and Fifth Avenue. Those who wish to be served by people who know and care for books are invited to visit this rather unusual shop.
Conducted by Doubleday, Page & Company.

SURETY BONDS
American Surety Co.
of New York. (Founded 1884.)
Home Office, 100 Broadway.

MARSHALL DEMANDS LARGER PATRIOTISM

Vice President Says the War Will Bring Allegiance to the Principles of Democracy.

URGES SUPPORT OF WILSON

Tells Scottish Rite Masons That World Cannot Be Made Safe for Platform of the I. W. W.

Thomas Riley Marshall, Vice President of the United States, speaking last night at the golden jubilee meeting of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry at the Waldorf, asserted that the United States was not fighting to make the world safe for a democracy in which the principles like those held by the I. W. W. might have an unchecked rein; and, appealing for unity of thought with respect to the prosecution of the war by this Government, asked: "Is it not possible to have until the conclusion of this war all hands in America lifted up to the God of our fathers, and all voices proclaiming: 'Woodrow Wilson, America, democracy for me'?"

"Within my knowledge," he added, "learned and patriotic Senators have debated whether it was American, or Irish, or German citizens who won for us our freedom in the Revolution. I do not care to engage in hair-splitting, although there seems to be much discussion as to whether this war was being waged to make the world safe for democracy or to make democracy safe for the world. Of course, it was meant by the President, when he spoke of making the world safe for democracy, of making it safe for real democracy. We know that liberty is not license, or democracy demagogy.

"We all know that the world cannot be made safe for murder or arson and pillage and anarchy and everything for which the syndicalists and the I. W. W.'s stand. When rulers and people are willing to do as they would be done by, when they are willing to meet upon this level and act upon the plumb, and when Governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed, then there will be a large assurance of permanent peace. These are days when he who is uncertain as to whether what he is about to say will help or harm his country's cause had better remain silent.

"To accomplish the result for which America is fighting," Mr. Marshall added, "it is necessary to appeal to the conscience. Free thought must never be hampered, but because a man thinks a thing to be true and has a right to utter his belief under a democracy, he is not justified, in God, in Brotherhood, and in the Republic, in voicing his sentiments under all circumstances. There are many of us who should accept St. Paul's advice to the Corinthians: 'All things are lawful unto me, but all things are not expedient.'

"Conscription as a principle may be a subject of debate, but not now. This democracy has adopted it for the purposes of this war, and discussion of it ought to be held in abeyance. If there be any who think it is not justified, let them not be of aid and comfort to the enemy by voicing their views. If laws are silent in the midst of arms, let all discussion as to the rightfulness or wrongfulness of the war and as to the methods by which it is being prosecuted cease, unless by discussion the cause of the Republic and human liberty can be advanced.

"Whatever the original causes of this war and whatever the motives of its earlier prosecution may have been, they have now resolved themselves into a conflict between two great systems of government—autocracy and democracy. What, therefore, is the lesson of the hour to a body of men whose obligation is to the flag of their country? That lesson is that this war shall furnish a new definition of patriotism. The word shall no longer mean the land of a man's birth or the land of his adoption, the language he speaks, or the place where he loves to reside. It will demand of every one who owes allegiance to any Prince or potentate or authocratic power on earth that he renounce that allegiance and renounce also every purely selfish aim and pursuit; that he subordinate the material interests of this Government to its ideals, that he take an oath of allegiance to an invisible Government which believes, which teaches, which holds that all men are born free and equal; that the Governments derive their powers from the consent of the governed, and that none is fit to rule save of the free and untrammeled consent of the majority of those over whom he rules; that wealth is good, honor better, and, above all, democracy is best.

"I do not want entangling alliances with European nations. It is not necessary to have them. When we sit at the council table of the world, I trust we may do so as the representative of a newer and better isolation—an isolation of the spirit—free to say to the Germanic peoples, 'Have what government you please, but let us know that it is yours,' free to say to the oldest of constitutional Governments, the British Empire, 'We have made this fight with you as our ally in the cause of democracy, but we are not willing to change our system. The Windsor tie is not harmonized with the cut of our democracy.'

"This seems to me but to express lamely the views of the President of the United States. If this were a Democratic war I should keep silent. If it were a Republican war I should probably say unjustifiable things. It is neither. It is an American war. For only a coward, a poltroon, a trickster, or political charlatan seeking personal advantage would have dared to evade it. Forgetting blood and business, there are now, as always, just two grades of citizens in the Republic—the man who asks, himself, 'What can I do for my country?' and the man who asks 'What can I do for my country?' and the man who asks, 'What can my country do for me?' Democracy, Republicanism, and Socialism, in their partisan sense, are just now in abeyance. The chosen representatives of the American people, regardless of their partisan view on internal matters, have taken their oath of loyalty and devotion to the President of the United States. Is it not possible to have until the conclusion of this war all hands in America lifted to the God of our Fathers—and all voices proclaiming 'Woodrow Wilson, America, Democracy, for me.'"

Sessions of the Scottish Rite convention will commence today at 10 o'clock this forenoon at Masonic Temple, Sixth Avenue and Twenty-third Street. This evening the Supreme Council will confer the thirty-third degree on ninety candidates selected from fifteen States and elected in Pittsburgh last year.

CAR-BUYING TALKS
Seven

WHEN you see a Liberty car on the streets of New York, remember that it is probably owned by someone who never before has been satisfied with a car of moderate size or moderate price.

The Liberty sold itself to me after sixteen years of selling one of the most expensive cars made. It is now giving satisfaction to hundreds of my clients who used to think that satisfaction cost at least $5,000.

The Liberty marks a new era in automobile building. The more you know about cars, the more you will realize what the Liberty means.

If you are sure no moderate sized car can satisfy you, come in and see the Liberty today.

John F. Plummer, President
Colonial Motors, Inc., 1748 Broadway, N.Y.
Arnold Wood, Vice-President
Sedans, Broughams, Landaulets, Touring Cars, Roadsters
LIBERTY SIX $1350

PROPOSE CONGRESS VISIT TO WAR FRONT

Committees to Consider Sending a Delegation to Fighting Lines in Europe.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—A proposal to send a Congressional delegation to visit the battlefields of Europe is being discussed in definite form by members of the two Houses.

As a division of views on the subject has developed, a joint meeting of the Foreign Affairs Committees of the Senate and House will be held Friday morning to discuss the projected visit. There are two invitations before Congress. One is a general invitation to the entire Congress to visit the British Parliament and the British battle front; the other an invitation from the French Chamber of Deputies to send twenty-five members of Congress to the French battle lines and the French Chamber.

Representative Norton of North Dakota has introduced a resolution to send a committee of fifty, divided equally between the two Houses, and proposes to appropriate $50,000 for the expenses.

Unless Congress adjourns within a month it is unlikely that any formal action will be taken to send a representation abroad, as it is considered there would not be time for a thorough view of the situation.

Speaker Clark will not be a member of the party unless an act of Congress forces him to take the trip. He made this clear today, saying that if there should be any adjournment of Congress he preferred to put in his time visiting his son, Bennett Clark, a Lieutenant Colonel in a Missouri National Guard regiment, now taking a course of study at Fort Sill, Okla.

ASK FOR and GET
Horlick's
The Original Malted Milk
Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

Verified Quality

Constant chemical analysis and physical test safeguard every ounce of material that goes into Pierce-Arrow trucks. Skilled workmanship is verified by careful inspection at each step in construction.

Every Pierce-Arrow truck that leaves the factory is a faithful execution of a design intrinsically sound. That is why Pierce-Arrow trucks in all parts of the country and every line of industry are reducing truck transportation to a science of mathematical accuracy.

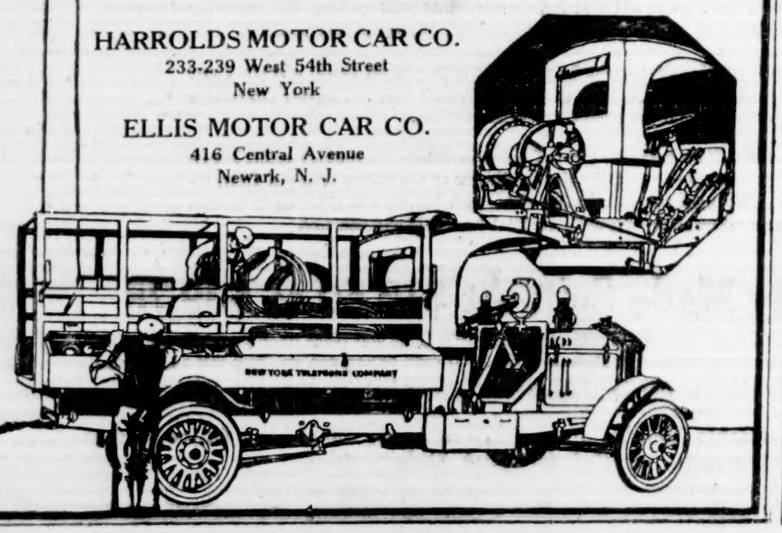
Pierce-Arrow
Motor Trucks

for example: After exhaustive test and experiment, The New York Telephone Company adopted Pierce-Arrow 5-ton trucks as standard equipment for heavy construction work. In co-operation with the Telephone Company's experts, special power-driven winch equipment was developed for these trucks and proved admirably suited for its purpose. The Telephone Company now operates thirty-five Pierce-Arrow trucks.

Such great commercial successes are built upon sound economies like those effected by Pierce-Arrow trucks. A smaller business should not deny itself the advantages on which big business thrives.

HARROLDS MOTOR CAR CO.
233-239 West 54th Street
New York

ELLIS MOTOR CAR CO.
416 Central Avenue
Newark, N. J.



Lane Bryant
Specialists in Smart Clothes for Stout Women and Figures Hard to Fit
Sizes 36 to 56 bust.
WE CAN FIT YOU
If you have difficulty in being fitted in ready-to-wear clothes, let Lane Bryant solve your troubles. We fit all figures practically without alteration, in smart, ultra-fashionable clothes.
Lane Bryant, 21-23 West 38th St.

Let Cuticura Be Your Beauty Doctor
One that helps to purify and beautify your hair and skin without waste of time, money and patience. The Soap to clear the pores, the Ointment to soften and soothe. These fragrant supercreamy emollients are all you need for your skin and all toilet purposes.
For Trial Free by Return Mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. 6M, Boston." Sold everywhere.

INSTRUCTION.

Rose L. Fritz School
for Secretarial Training
Cambridge Building, 334 Fifth Ave., at Thirty-Third, New York
SPECIAL DAY AND EVENING COURSES
Secretarial Dictaphone
Expert Touch Typewriting
Typewriter Bookkeeping
Under the personal supervision of Miss Rose L. Fritz, Winner of 40 Championship Typewriting Prizes.

Good Habits Are the Dynamos of a successful life.
We moulds habits that are staunch allies in a boy's life.
We eliminate those habits which make scrap heaps of precious lives. We study your boy, treat him as an individual, win his respect and confidence, and put him to work.
Prepares for College—supervised study and play, vocational guidance, talks by inspiring men. Outdoor and indoor gymnasium, swimming pool.
Send for Catalogue.
McBURNEY SCHOOL,
West Side Y. M. C. A.
318 West 57th St., New York.

Your Boy?
DON'T handicap his chances in life by sending him to the wrong school. Marquand school offers more than most schools and is near at hand. Competent faculty. Christian influence, athletics, swimming pool.
C. W. Stowell, Ph.D., Headmaster.
13-story Modern Building
MARQUAND SCHOOL FOR BOYS
Y. M. C. A., 55 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

N. Y. SCHOOL OF ACCOUNTS
Manhattan's First and Foremost School. P. A. Coaching. Cost Accts. Advanced Bookkeeping. 1,135 Broadway.
Write for Literature.

The Benjamin School for Girls
144 Riverside Drive (bet. 86th & 87th Sts.)
Telephone Schuyler 3710.
Primary through college preparatory and two years' college work; kindergarten for boys and girls under 6. Special attention to languages. All forms of athletics.

A MODERN HIGH SCHOOL
"EVERY FEATURE VALUABLE, PERSONALLY AND PATRIOTICALLY."
SCUDDER SCHOOL,
316 W. 72d St. Columbus 4779.

ALCUIN PREPARATORY SCHOOL
113½-15 West 86th Street
Kindergarten through High School
Reopens Thursday, September 27th.
Now open for registration.

Bordentown Military Institute
Mental, moral, physical, military training. Boys taught HOW to study.
Bordentown-on-the-Delaware, New Jersey.

KOHUT SCHOOL for BOYS
Boarding and Day Pupils
Riverdale-on-Hudson. Tel. 367 Kingsbridge

Spaine-Parker Law
REMINGTON SECRETARIAL COURSE, also Shorthand, Touch Typewriting, Bookkeeping, etc. Telegraphy taught individually Day and Eve. 1931 B'way, cor. 65.

The CARPENTER SCHOOL
310 West End Av. Col. 4290. Begins Oct 1. Day and Boarding School accommodating 72 Boys. 17th year, masters only.

SPANISH ITALIAN, FRENCH, RUSSIAN, etc. Using our "Logical Methods," no pupil is a failure.
Sergio School of Languages, 315 5th Ave. Mad. 1316

PRATT SCHOOL, 62 West 45th St. Individual instruction, day, evening; Shorthand, Bookkeeping. Secretarial Courses. Register now.

Bryn Mawr School for Individual Development. Backwardness, speech defects, nervous irritability, school subjects. Alice C. Hinckley, M.A. Director. Box 96, Bryn Mawr, Pa.

BUSINESS COURSES Harlem Branch, Y. W. C. A. 218 Lenox Avenue. Term begins October 1st. Send for circular.

KIMBALL SCHOOL 115 W. 14TH ST. Shorthand, Typing, Bookkeeping; day and eve.; positions secured; booklet.

SPANISH ITALIAN, FRENCH, etc., taught at BUCCINI SCHOOL, 166 W 79th. to refined, studious pupils. Established 1896

Social Motive School, 540 W. 114 St.
Elementary School—Kindergarten—Playground

Newton Academy Box U, Newton, N. J. A military country school for young boys. Catalog. Philip S. Wilson, A.M., Principal.

Are you ineligible for military service? Enter a technical school. Geo. F. Swain, LL.D., Mass. Inst. Technology, Cambridge, Mass.

INSTRUCTION.

BOOKKEEPING
Time of Course, Three Months
No Textbooks—No Home Work
A Practical Training
Two Nights a Week—Hours 8 to 10
New Class Now Forming
YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN, now holding subordinate positions, who desire to become bookkeepers and fill the many vacancies at better salaries, should take advantage of this course.
TEACHERS who hope to enter commercial life should avail themselves of present conditions, and enter this course and prepare for positions of responsibility and opportunity.
BUSINESS MEN who, on account of the present shortage of help, find it necessary to familiarize themselves at least with the rudiments of bookkeeping, will be greatly benefited by this course.
BY REQUEST
This class will be limited and personally conducted by the Dean of the Certified Public Accountant Profession in the United States.
FRANK BROAKER, C. P. A. No 1
Formerly State Examiner of Certified Public Accountants.
ACCOUNTANCY COURSE—An opportunity is available for admission to Mr. Broaker's next post-graduate course to qualify as an accountant and auditor for private or public practice, and to pass the CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT EXAMINATIONS.
Broaker results are based upon intensified methods, and hence limited classes are only conducted. To insure enrollment write or telephone for particulars.
The Broaker Accountics Corp'n, Inc.,
71 West 23d Street, New York
Telephone 4890 Gramercy.

Employees Need Training
Corporations are giving more and more attention to the systematic development of their employees. Many concerns have not installed an educational department simply because there was no one available qualified to conduct it.
Beginning October 2nd, New York University will offer an evening course in "The Administration of Corporation Schools." Any individual or corporation interested in this most modern idea in industrial development should write at once for special announcement No. 5.
This course is given in co-operation with the National Association of Corporate Schools. Class meets each Tuesday at 7:45. For further particulars address:
Secretary, New York University, School of Commerce Accounts and Finance, 32 Waverly Place, New York.

FRENCH FOR ARMY MEN.
Everyone interested in Army, Navy and Red Cross work should understand French. You can begin to speak at once! Learn during spare moments, in home or camp, easily, quickly.
Language Phone Method
And Rosenthal's Practical Linguistry.
A system of disc records that fit all phonographs. Simple, inexpensive and convenient. You hear the living voice of a French professor pronounce the language until you master it. Call for free demonstration or write for booklet. Special offer to Military Students, Army and Navy men.
Military Language Phone Method in preparation. Particulars on request.
THE LANGUAGE PHONE METHOD
861 Putnam Bldg., 2 West 45th St., near 5th Av.

HELP!
DROWNING!!
Learn to swim before this happens.
Write for Booklet 2.
Dalton Swimming Schools
19 West 44 St. 308 West 59 St.

Clason Point Military Academy
For Boys. Catholic Boarding & Day School. Directed by the Christian Brothers. Located within the environs of the city, context in beautiful 110-acre Park, bordering on waters of Long Island Sound. Prepares for college and Business; combines religious training, military discipline. All Athletics. 35th year. Catalog on request.
REV. BROTHER ROBERT, Director.
Clason Point Military Academy,
(Bronx,) New York City.

Learn to Judge Men
Vocational Counseling Course—Evenings. Holmes W. Merton, instructor of great practical use to Executives, Employment Directors, Efficiency Experts, Teachers, and Sociological Workers.
Write for Booklet and Admission Card
PACE INSTITUTE, 30 Church St., N. Y.

New York Preparatory SCHOOL (29TH YEAR)
New York—72 Park Av., bet. 38-39 Sts.
Brooklyn—Cor. Franklin and Jefferson Avs.
SAVE ONE OR MORE YEARS IN
REGENTS AND COLLEGE EXAMS
NEW TERM BEGINS SEPT. 17.
Send for Catalog & "Success in Regents Exams."

HARLEM Y.M.C.A. 5 W. 125th St.
Evening School.
Stenography, Bookkeeping, Drafting, Plan Reading, Surveying, Languages, Civil Service and other courses. Gymnasium, Baths and Social Privileges. SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Secretarial, Typewriting, Civil Service and Stenotype Departments.
Day and Evening Sessions.
Call or write for Catalogue.
Eastman-Staines
123d St. & Lenox Ave.

Mount Pleasant Schools
Ossining-on-Hudson, N. Y., P. O. Box 520. for over 100 years a refined school home for boys of all ages. Practical military training, with field work. College and business preparation, Physical training and athletic sports. Address Charles Frederick Brusie.

LAW SCHOOL FORDHAM UNIVERSITY
WOOLWORTH BLDG., NEW YORK
Afternoon Classes 4:10 to 6:15
Evening Classes 7:45 to 9:45
Term Begins Sept. 27. CASE SYSTEM.
Catalogue sent on application to Registrar.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL
542-544 Fifth Ave. (45th St.). Oldest and preeminently the most successful. Prepares for and obtains excellent positions. Write for Catalog T. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

Musical Art Academy 896 West End Av. Phone 3246 River. All Branches of Music Taught

INSTRUCTION.

Comparisons Show the Value of Concentration
From October, 1916, to June, 1917, a boy of 16 made the following record:

Plane Geometry	88	Algebra I	78
English I	60	Algebra II	74
English II	60	Cicero	63
French II	60	Advanced Latin Composition	62
Physiography	78	Physics	81
Chemistry	92		

The same student spent three years in a well-known preparatory school in this city, and during that time passed only two subjects.
This is only one of many excellent records made by Clark School Students.
The Summer session is still open and will continue until October 3, 1917. The Principal will be at the school from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily, and will be glad to talk to parents whose children have failed in other schools.
Write for illustrated book containing full information. (Boarding and Day Pupils.)
The Clark School for Concentration
BOYS' SCHOOL & OFFICE, 72nd St. and WEST END AVE. Phone 744 Columbus GIRLS' SCHOOL, 75th St. and WEST END AVE.

Twenty-third St. YMCA
Practical Training For MEN and BOYS
N. Y. INSTITUTE OF ACCOUNTANCY
Preparing for Executive Positions in Business and for C. P. A. Degree—Pace Courses—Evenings only.
THE CHELSEA SCHOOL
Commercial, Stenographic, Regents and College Preparatory, and Grammar School Courses—Day and Evening, throughout the year.
OTHER SPECIAL COURSES
Advertising, Salesmanship, Public Speaking, Applied English, Credits, Commercial Art, Applied Psychology, Foreign Languages, Applied Electricity, Industrial Chemistry, Welding (Oxy-acetylene), Textile Course, Grocers Course, English for Foreigners
Day School Opens Sept. 24. Evening Courses for catalogs and details of courses write H. P. Lamphear, Educational Dir., 215 W. 23d St., N. Y.

Accountancy
Opening Week of Evening Class Groups in Pace Standardized Courses in Accountancy and Business Administration.
See for Yourself how others are increasing their ability and earning power.
Write for visitor's admission card to evening class sessions in Manhattan and Brooklyn. Ask also for complimentary copy of "YOUR MARKET VALUE." It will give you an insight into the opportunities now open to the man trained for business leadership.
For admission cards, bulletins and information address:
F. P. Lamphear, 215 W. 23d St., N. Y.
M. S. Tuttle, 55 Hanson Pl., Bklyn.
or Pace & Pace, 50 Church St., N. Y.

SCHOOL ADVICE FREE
Call and consult with school specialist. Free information and catalogs of all boarding schools in the U. S.
AMERICAN SCHOOLS' ASSOCIATION.
Bureau maintained by the schools to help you.
1012 TIMES BLDG., NEW YORK

THE BROWN SCHOOL OF TUTORING
241 West 75th St. Phone Col. 8804.
Founded 1906. Positively one at a time with teacher, teaches pupil HOW TO STUDY, and to acquire INDEPENDENCE OF THOUGHT. Percentage of subjects passed in June examinations was nearly double that of other schools. Study supervision. Two years' work in one.
"A School with an Atmosphere of Work."

Collegiate School For Boys Founded 1638
is a College Preparatory School, with strong Primary and Junior Grades. Modern school building. Large Gymnasium. Military Drill and Supervised Athletics. Afternoon outing classes. 241-43 W. 77th St., N. Y. 278th year begins Sept. 25th. Catalogue.
A. F. Warren, Headmaster

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL,
174 Fulton St., N. Y. City.
Day School. "Dwight Method" of Instruction.
Evening School.
Near Fulton St. Subway Station, Hudson Terminal and Elevated R. R. stations. Courts and lawyers' offices close at hand. Students can join A. M. or P. M. or Evening Classes. Three years' course, with degree of LL. B. Treatises used, with cases, lecture notes, etc. Send for Catalogue No. 10.
GEORGE CHASE, Dean.

Brooklyn Law School
305 Washington St.
Brooklyn, N. Y.
DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS.
Central Location. Catalogue Upon Request.

TRINITY SCHOOL
139-147 W. 91st ST., NEW YORK
FOUNDED 1709.
Primary, Grammar and High Schools.
Prepares for all Colleges.
209th Year Opens Monday, Sept. 24th.

Miss Conklin's Secretarial School
Nr. Commercial Engineers' Building
37 WEST 39TH STREET, NEW YORK
Illustrated booklet on request.

WOOD'S Business School
FIFTH AV. AND 125TH ST.
37th Year. 60,000 Graduates.

HOUSEHOLD ARTS AND MODERN HOUSEWIVERY.
A One-Year Course.
SCUDDER SCHOOL,
316 W. 72d St. Col. 4779.
NORMAL TRAINING DEPARTMENT, ETHICAL CULTURE SCHOOL, Central Park West and 63d St., New York. Training for Kindergarten, Primary, and Playground positions. Write for catalogue and prospectus.

Languages BERLITZ SCHOOL 28 West 34 Street Brooklyn Branch 718 Livingston St.
REDUCED RATES TO ARMY AND NAVY

INSTRUCTION—Musical.

Registration begins Wednesday, Sept. 26.
Opens Wednesday, October 10.
The David Mannes MUSIC SCHOOL
154 East 70th Street, New York
David and Clara Mannes, Directors
All Departments—Vocal, Instrumental, Theoretical.
All Courses include Theory and Ensemble
LECTURES, ORCHESTRAS.
Address Sec'y, 154 E. 70th St., N. Y.

The Ely School
For Girls
In the country, one hour from New York City
ELY COURT
GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT

Sea Pines School
of Personality for Girls
HEALTH home life, personal attention and care. Students inspired by wholesome, beautiful ideals of efficient womanhood. Hygiene and morals observed especially for health, character and initiative. 100 acres, pine groves, 1,000 feet seacoast. Climate is favorable for outdoor life. Horseback riding, gymnastics. College Preparatory. French, German and Spanish by native teachers. Music, Culture, Domestic Science, Handiwork, Household Arts, Secretarial and other courses for securing Personality Diplomas introductory to definite service. Experienced, enthusiastic instructors. Booklet.
Rev. Thomas Bickford, A. M., Miss Faith Bickford, Principals. Box W., Brewster, Mass.

Reopens Wednesday, October 3rd.
The Veltin School
FOR GIRLS
160 & 162 West 74th St., N. Y.
A Fireproof Preparatory School Building.
Classes limited to twelve pupils.
PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.
GENERAL COURSE.
COLLEGE PREPARATORY.
Unusual advantages in French are offered in every class.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL
Founded 1764
NOS. 5, 7 and 9 WEST 93RD ST.
New building; thoroughly fireproof. Boys successfully and rapidly prepared for Columbia, Cornell, Harvard, Princeton, Yale and other Colleges. Registered by Regents. Business Courses. Primary Classes. Individual attention when needed. Gymnasium. Playground. Athletic Field. 134th year begins Sept. 25. Tel. 3787 Riverside.

HAMILTON SCHOOL FOR BOYS
599 West End Ave.—89th St.—26th Year.

HAMILTON SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
Riverside Drive and 90th St.—15th Year.
Elementary and College Preparation. Military Drill. School diploma admits to leading colleges. Approved by N. Y. Regents' Dept.

POWDER POINT SCHOOL
FOR BOYS
Believes in and understands boys. Your boy's personality, character and initiative developed. Upper and lower schools. College or business preparation. Catalog.
Ralph K. Bearce, A. M.,
88 King Caesar Road, Duxbury, Mass.

BERKELEY-IRVING SCHOOL
609 to 615 West 85d Street, New York
"From Primary to College"
Thirty-eighth year. All grades. Small classes. Individual instruction. New Gymnasium and Swimming Pool on premises. Send for illustrated catalogue.
Phone Schuyler 4836. L. D. RAY, Headmaster.
38th Year Opens October 2nd.

BARNARD SCHOOL OF GIRLS
423 W 148 ST REOPENS SEPT. 26
386 FT WASH AVE REOPENS SEPT 24

BARNARD SCHOOL OF BOYS
Fieldston, W. 242d St., reopens Sept. 24th.

THE WEST SCHOOL
242 WEST 76TH ST.
Elementary and College Preparation.
12TH YEAR OPENS OCT. 1ST.
Individual and class instruction. Diploma admits to leading colleges.

LEARN FRENCH AMONG FRENCH people. Elementary and advanced. Monday, Thursday evgs. Special conversation Wednesday eve. Starts Oct 1. Y. M. C. A., 109 W. 54th St. Terms moderate. Prospectus.

RIVERSIDE SCHOOL
879 WEST END AVE. (COR. 106D ST.)
For Girls. Kindergarten, Elementary, High School. Catalogue. Telephone Riverside 290. Boys through Fourth Grade.
Opens October 1st.

THE TOME SCHOOL. (Military drill) An exclusive preparatory school for boys. $1,500,000 equipment. 7 athletic fields. Send for catalog. Thomas S. Baker, Ph. D., Port Deposit, Maryland.

KINDERGARTEN TRAINING SCHOOL. Affiliated with New York University. Two-year course leading to degrees. Accredited by New York and other States. Summer courses. Miss Harriette Melissa Mills, Principal, New York University, Washington Square, New York City.

GARDNER SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
11 East 51st St. Large fireproof building. Modern conveniences. Day and boarding pupils. Primary to Post-Graduate. Exceptional advantages in music and expression. Miss Eltinge and Miss Masland, Principals.

Kelvin School
331 West 79th St. Columbus 8266. A restricted High School, where your interests and your son's are faithfully served. 14th year. Headmaster's hours, 9 to 12:30.

THE CUTLER SCHOOL
51 East 61st Street
Reopens Tuesday, September 25th.
Primary Department, October 1st.

HORACE MANN SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
School opens September 24th. Lists open for applicants. The School Booklet will be sent on request. Address VIRGIL PRETTYMAN, Headmaster, West 246th Street, near Broadway, N. Y. C.

THE SEMPLE 241 Central Park West, cor. 84th St.
Boarding and Day School for Girls. College Preparatory and Special Classes. Re-opens October.

DWIGHT SCHOOL 72 Park Av., bet. 38-39 Sts.
College & Regents Exams. 35th year. Moderate Fee. Makes a study of the individual student

RIVERDALE COUNTRY SCHOOL
Frank S. Hackett, Head Master.
Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York City.
Telephone Kingsbridge 123.

WORCESTER ACADEMY
WORCESTER, MASS.
D. W. Abercrombie, LL. D., Principal

INGLESIDE SCHOOL College preparatory for Girls. 20 miles from N. Y. Complete equipment, all athletics. Prepares Junior School. J. E. CAMPBELL, M.A., ESSEX FELLS, N.J.

Boys find good board, kind treatment, careful supervision, thorough help in studies, country surroundings, excellent schools. W 41 Times.

GEORGE ARLISS IN 'HAMILTON'

A Distinguished Character Study in an Effective if Slender Play.

CAST MAINLY STATESMEN

Jefferson, Monroe, Talleyrand, and Other Great Ones Creditably Portrayed.

HAMILTON, a drama in four acts, by Mary Hamlin and George Arliss. At the Knickerbocker Theatre.

Alexander Hamilton ..... George Arliss
Thomas Jefferson ..... Carl Anthony
James Monroe ..... Hardee Kirkland
William B. Giles ..... John D. Ravold
General Philip Schuyler ..... George Woodward
Count Talleyrand ..... Guy Favieres
James Reynolds ..... Pell Trenton
Zekiah ..... James O. Barrow
Chief Justice John Jay ..... Wilson Day
Robert Morris ..... Martin Green
Colonel Leaf ..... Harry Maitland
Citizen ..... C. M. van Clief
Betsy Hamilton ..... Mrs. Arliss
Angelica Church ..... Marion Barney
Mrs. Reynolds ..... Jeanne Eagels
Melissa ..... Katharine Hayden
Mrs. Zachery Whales ..... Gillian Scaife

George Arliss added Alexander Hamilton to his gallery of historical portraits and, aided by a craftsmanly and dignified if rather slender play, created an impression really memorable.

It is, of course, with Hamilton's personality that the play is mainly concerned. Mr. Arliss has caught with rich sympathy and portrayed with unerring distinction the erect and almost regal carriage of Washington's "Little Lion," the preternatural charity and decision of his mind; his quiet humor and subtle wit, which are so simple and implicit that they are void alike of gayety and of jocularity, but penetrate like a two-edged sword; his frugal living and his passionate devotion to the prosperity of his country; his fine aroma of the gentleman, which never forsook him, and finally the martyrdom, or seeming martyrdom, of all he held most dear in the cause of the integrity of his life work and the stability of the nation. It is a less showy character than Disraeli, but it is a far finer, nobler and truer.

The tact of the playwrights is shown in altogether ignoring the fatal duel with Aaron Burr, which was a grotesquely tragic accident, unrelated to the soul of the man or to his meaning in history. It is shown even more signally in choosing the notorious affair with Mrs. Reynolds as the pivot of the story. In itself this was as grotesque, being quite uncharacteristic of the real man. But the touch of human frailty in a character otherwise almost godlike affords an admirable source of theatric interest; and, by coupling it in the same human plexus with one of his greatest triumphs as a statesman, Mrs. Hamlin and Mr. Arliss have produced a maximum effect of historic character in dramatic action.

Mrs. Reynolds, be it remembered, was the adventuress with whom Hamilton had an affair, and who sold the evidence of his marital infidelity to the notorious Giles, surly bulldog in the guerilla warfare which Jefferson and Monroe were waging against him. Coming at the time of one of Hamilton's most important Treasury bills, the evidence was used in the hope of intimidating him—of blackmailing him into the withdrawal of his bill. In an effective, if familiar, dramatic manner, Hamilton is forced to choose between the happiness of the wife whom he really loves and the honor of his country. The choice he made is known to history, and last night it rendered humanly appealing a figure which has hitherto seemed impossible on the stage.

The dramatic craftsmanship, though of no high order, was sound; and, though the general purity of the hero's life and the extenuations of his one notorious slip, were insisted on in a manner more acceptable to Mrs. Grundy than to the subtler student of character, the general effect was far truer and sounder than is the custom with these historical stage pieces. The play is likely to prove as popular as it is historically inspiring.

To the cast fell the perilous necessity of impersonating figures of no less grandeur than Talleyrand, Jefferson, Monroe, Schuyler and Jay. It is high praise to say that the actors acquitted themselves without discredit. Nowhere was there a suggestion of historic waxworks. Mr. Jefferson of Carl Anthony and the Talleyrand of Guy Favieres were almost adequate.

As the fair but light and frail Mrs. Reynolds, Jeanne Eagles had by far the best opportunity for fresh characterization, and she availed herself of it with great charm and a very considerable subtlety and humor.

'THE SCRAP OF PAPER' IS FAIRLY DIVERTING

Robert Hilliard Appears in a Melodrama Made by Owen Davis from a Story.

LACKS REALITY, SUSPENSE

Edward Ellis Takes Honors in Drama That Tells of Attempt to Corner Country's Resources.

THE SCRAP OF PAPER, a melodrama in three acts, by Owen Davis and Arthur Somers Roche. At the Criterion Theatre.

Robert Blaisdell ..... Russ Whytal
Daniel Cardigan ..... David Glassford
Martin Masterman ..... Robert Hilliard
Terrance Greenham ..... Robert Strange
Higgins ..... Edwin Holland
Dixon Grant ..... H. Dudley Hawley
Connors ..... John J. Pierson
"Handsome Harry" Mack ..... Edward Ellis
Kirby Rowland ..... Carroll McComas
Tom Hanrahan ..... Frederick Hand
Jessie Sigmund ..... Vida Reed
Miss Small ..... Ruth Donnelly
Henry ..... J. Fred Holloway
Nelson ..... Harold Hartsell
Laurel Masterman ..... Margalo Gillmore

"The Scrap of Paper" is the title of a sometimes entertaining but never very hardy melodrama which had its first performance at the Criterion last night, with the debonair Robert Hilliard as its star. The dramatist is the prolific Owen Davis, who built the play from a story of the same name by Arthur Somers Roche—a rather typical Saturday Evening Post story, which has become even more typical in the course of its transmission to the stage.

In the case of a play which is so frankly of the stage, it is perhaps unreasonable to call attention to its theatricalness, and yet the chief trouble with "The Scrap of Paper" is that it is so far remote from anything resembling reality. Even as melodramatic farce it is unconvincing. Its crises are met with a calmness which reminds one that the playwright is always waiting just around the corner to extradite his characters, and there never is the feeling that any one will get into real trouble as a result of the proceedings.

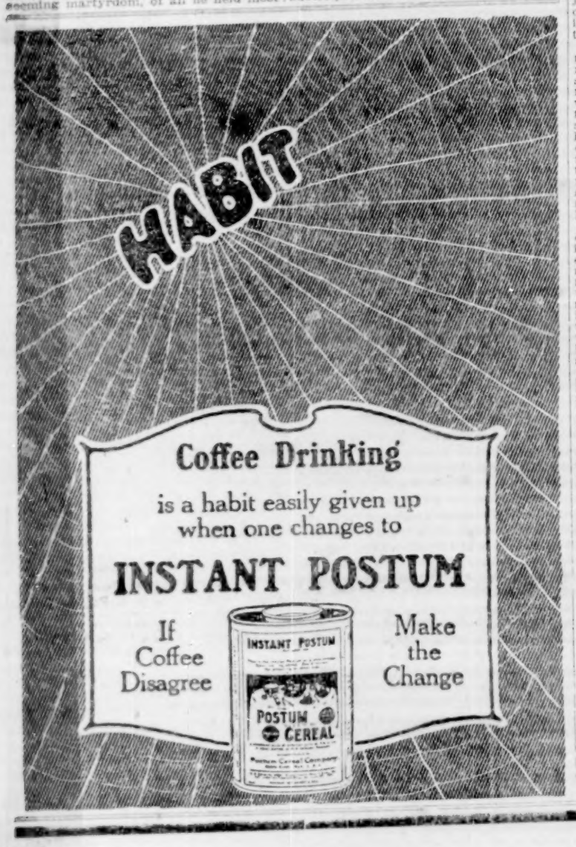
Figured purely as stage entertainment, however, "The Scrap of Paper" may hope to win for itself no inconsiderable portion of success. Its chances for favor, strangely enough, rest not with the star, who waited all evening for an opportunity and received it only at the final curtain, but with Edward Ellis, who, in the rôle of a high-class crook, won the first honors of the evening rather handily. Mr. Hilliard rose to his final moment neatly, and must receive additional credit for his good sportsmanship in appearing in a play in which his own role was so completely overshadowed.

Devotees of The Post probably will recall that the scrap of paper in question is a document which commits three powerful men to an attempt to corner the resources of the country. The precise nature of this coup is dealt with rather vaguely, and this vagueness is in a measure responsible for the unconvincing quality of the complications. Questions of finance and monopoly drop from view after the opening scene, and the body of the play is concerned with the attempt of the triumvirate to recover the valuable paper, which a chance breeze has carried out of the window. Now and then the chase threatens to become exciting, but it never is of a nature to quicken the pulse or to make the onlooker catch his breath.

Mr. Hilliard's rôle is that of the leader of the malefactors, a rather ungracious one up to the final five minutes of the play. He plays it, of course, capably. But it was Mr. Ellis, crook though he was, that the audience welcomed to its heart. To him fall a majority of the pert speeches of the play, and he delivered them with all the unction which stood him in such good stead in "Wallingford." Carroll McComas played the heroine sweetly and Dudley Hawley was a manly hero, but Russ Whytal was miscast as one of the magnates, and failed completely to convey any suggestion of power.

Joan Sawyer Again at the Palace.

The new program at the Palace is made up almost entirely of established favorites. Joan Sawyer and George Harcourt are back with a variety of new and old ballroom dances, and the program also includes such standbys as Lucille Cavanagh, Bernard Granville, Montgomery and Perry and the trio of Dooleys. The films showing the German retreat at Arras are also to be seen, and are being exhibited as well in the other Keith houses.



Coal

FEW coal dealers throughout the country have had at any time this year a sufficient supply of coal on hand to fill their customers' bins.

Every absolute need for coal must be supplied. Nearly as many tons of coal must be delivered this year to the consumer as in former years, but necessarily must now be delivered to the individual coal bin more frequently and rapidly than ever before.

Coal must be constantly and equitably distributed as fast as it is being consumed. It is too late in the season for a railroad carload of coal to be apportioned to any one consumer—it must be divided and delivered to many. Coal dealers and consumers must co-operate in making and accepting deliveries of coal more frequently and in smaller quantities.

Our two-ton power dump coal motor truck will solve the coal-distributing problem this fall and winter more efficiently and effectively than any other distribution device that we know of.

THE AUTOCAR COMPANY, ARDMORE, PA.

"THE AUTOCAR MOTOR TRUCK"

BOSTON PROVIDENCE NEW YORK NEWARK PHILADELPHIA BALTIMORE WASHINGTON PITTSBURGH CHICAGO SAN FRANCISCO LOS ANGELES SAN DIEGO

New York—553-557 West 23rd Street

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, West 42d St. MONDAY, SEPT. 24—Seats Thurs. Klaw & Erlanger's New Musical Comedy. THE RIVIERA GIRL. NOTABLE CAST OF 100. AFTER THE PERFORMANCE ROOF MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD. ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way 38th. Evs. 8.30. Mts. Tom'w & Sat. 2.30. GEORGE ARLISS IN A NEW PLAY "HAMILTON"

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8.20. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2.20. THE TARKINGTON-STREET COMEDY THE COUNTRY COUSIN. With ALEXANDRA CARLISLE. "Will make a million dollars."—Globe.

LIBERTY West 42d Street. Evenings 8.15. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2.15. "HITCHY-KOO" AN INTIMATE REVUE, with Raymond Hitchcock, Grace La Rue, Wm. Rock and Frances White, Leon Errol, Irene Bordoni. Moves to Raymond Hitchcock's 44th St. Theatre, Next Monday. Seats Thurs. ALADDIN and his Wonderful Lamp

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Evs. 8.30. Mts. Tom'w & Sat. Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years. A Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way, 43 St. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2.30. THIS WAY OUT. A New Comedy by FRANK CRAVEN. TUESDAY, SEPT. 25—Seats Thursday. "HERE COMES THE BRIDE."

EMPIRE BROADWAY & 40TH STREET. Evenings at 8. MATINEES TOMORROW AND SAT. AT 2. JULIA Sanderson, JOSEPH Cawthorn in the New Musical Comedy, Rambler Rose. "A distinct hit."—Alan Dale. "Succeeded Gloriously."—Tribune. "Never failed to give fresh delight."—Times. "The music and the fun kept pace with the ever-changing scenes."—Herald.

CRITERION THEATRE, B'way & 44th St. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2.30. Robert Hilliard THE SCRAP OF PAPER. A New Melodrama in 3 Acts.

HUDSON THEATRE, WEST 44TH ST. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2.30. RALPH HERZ presents THE MUSICAL FARCE "GOOD NIGHT PAUL" "Laughs Enough To Make Ten Shows."

FULTON Broadway & 46th St. Evs. 8.15. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2.15. WALKER WHITESIDE in THE PAWN

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings at 8.30. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2.30. Polly With a Past

LYCEUM W. 45th St., near B'way. Evs. 8.20. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2.20. The Lassoo. by Victor Mapes, Co-Author of "The Boomerang"

ALADDIN and his Wonderful Lamp

HARRIS West 42d Street. Evenings 8.30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2.30. Daybreak. by JANE COWL and JANE MURFIN

ELTINGE THEA., W. 42d St. Evgs. 8.30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2.30. Business Before Pleasure. With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr.

REPUBLIC THEATRE, W. 42d St. Evs. 8.25. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2.25. John BARRYMORE, Constance COLLIER, Lionel BARRYMORE in PETER IBBETSON

WILLIAM FOX Presents WILLIAM FARNUM in THE CONQUEROR LAST WEEK. STAGED BY R. A. WALSH. GLOBE THEA. B'WAY & 46TH ST. 25c to $1.50. TWICE DAILY, 2.30 & 8.30. $1.00. NEXT MONDAY, SEPT. 24th, at 8.15. ALADDIN and His WONDERFUL LAMP

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE West 34th St. THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE TURNED AWAY LAST NIGHT. GET TICKETS AT ONCE OR YOU WILL BE DISAPPOINTED. 3 FAREWELL WEEKS ONLY. The Most Wonderful Play in America. EXPERIENCE. PLAYED TO MORE PATRONS LAST NIGHT THAN ANY 3 THEATRES ON BROADWAY. Evgs. and Sat. Mat. 25c to $1.50. Bargain Matinee Tomorrow. Best Seats $1. 500 Orch. Seats, all performances, only $1.

Greatest Concert of the Age. MADISON SQUARE GARDEN SEPT. 27, AT 8 P. M. The following artists have been engaged and will positively appear: Schumann-Heink, Mischa Elman, Frances Alda, Percy Grainger, Giovanni Martinelli, Giuseppe de Luca. The Russian Symphony Orchestra. The only way to secure tickets is to subscribe to the HUMANITARIAN MAGAZINE, 1700 Broadway or Tyson's Agencies (No extra charge). 1 Ticket with 1 year's Subscription—$2.50. 2 Tickets with 2 years' Subscription—$4.50. NO BOX OFFICE.

PARK THEATRE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 59TH STREET. TONIGHT. ARTHUR ASHLEY WILL APPEAR IN PERSON. TOMORROW, IRVING CUMMINGS. RASPUTIN THE BLACK MONK. WORLD-PICTURE BRADY-MADE. 12 TO 11 P. M. PRICES 25 & 50c.

"THE MAN WITHOUT A COUNTRY" SENSATION OF THE HOUR. LAST 10 TIMES. A MESSAGE TO PATRIOTS. 8 TIMES DAILY 2.30, 4.30 & 8.30 P. M. POPULAR PRICES. Broadway Theatre at 41st. Dir. Stanley V. Mastbaum.

"Cheer Up" AT THE Hippodrome. "Every Day is a Holiday at the Hip."—Life. Mat. Today. Best Seats $1. Evs. at 8:15.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY & 47 ST. Daily Mats. 25-$1. Joan Sawyer, Bernard Granville, Lucille Cavanagh, Ray, Gordon & Wm. Dooley and Retreat of Germans at the Battle of Arras.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'WAY & 96 ST. Blossom Seeley, Van & Schenck, McKay & Ardine, others and "Retreat of Germans at Battle of Arras."

81ST STREET THEATRE. B'way & 81st St. Tel. Schuyler 3980. 2 GREAT ATTRACTIONS. THE RETREAT OF THE GERMANS at the Battle of Arras. and "PARENTAGE." Also GREATER VAUDEVILLE. Mat. today, 15, 25c. Evgs. 25, 35, 50c.

STRAND B'way & 47th St. PAULINE FREDERICK in "Double Crossed." Soloists. Comedy. Afternoon Concerts Daily at 2:15. Strand Symphony Orch., Adriano Ariani, Cond.

RIALTO B'way, 42d St. JULIAN ELTINGE in "The Countess Charming." Soloists. Comedy. Incomparable Rialto Orchestra. 15-25-50c.

ICELAND ICE SKATING B'way at 52nd St. Morn.—Aft.—Eve.

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. MATINEE TODAY, 50c to $1.50. Eves. at 8. PASSING SHOW OF 1917. "It's nice when it isn't naughty."—Eve. Sun.

GEORGE BROADHURST'S NEW COMEDY. OVER THE 'PHONE. 48th St. East of B'way. Bryant 178. Evgs. 8.30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2.30.

COMEDY 41st, near B'way. Evenings 8.45. First Matinee Saturday. COMMENCING TO-MORROW EVENING. EDWARD L. GEORGE Presents THE FAMILY EXIT. Produced by the WASH. SQ. PLAYERS.

BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. Eves. 8.30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2.30. "De Luxe Annie". A Novel Mystery Play—Recommended by the Leading New York Dramatic Critics.

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8.15. $1.50 Matinee Tom'w, 2.15. GUY BATES POST IN THE MASQUERADER. "REALLY FASCINATING."—Dale, American.

39TH ST. THEA. Evs. 8.20. Mat. Tom'w $1.50. ALLEN DOONE in "LUCKY O'SHEA." 44th St. Thea., W. of B'way. 3rd and Last Week. Engagement Extended. Evs. 8.15. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2.30. SAN CARLO GRAND OPERA CO. Tonight, Traviata (with Miss Craft); Wed. Mat., Tales of Hoffman; Wed. Eve., Cavalleria-Pagliacci (with Salazar); Thurs., Aida (with Salazar); Fri., Rigoletto; Sat. Mat. Faust (with Miss Craft); Sat. Eve., Il Trovatore. Prices 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50 & $2. Boxes $2.50.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8.30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2.30. MARY'S ANKLE

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8.30. $1.50 Matinee Tom'w 2.30. MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH

461st Time. THE MAN WHO CAME BACK. Playhouse W. 48th. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. Soldiers & Sailors in Uniform Half Price.

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Eves. 8. Matinee Tom'w & Sat., 2. A MUSICAL SHOW BOTH FOR THE YOUNG AND THE ROUNDER. The MESSRS. SHUBERT PRESENT A PLAY WITH MUSIC. MAYTIME. with CHARLES PURCELL and PEGGY WOOD AND WILLIAM NORRIS.

CASINO B'way & 39th. Evenings at 8.15. Matinee Tom'w & Sat. 2.15. Elizabeth Marbury and Lee Shubert offer LAST WEEKS LOVE O' MIKE. SECOND SEASON IN NEW YORK.

ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Eves. 8.30. $1.50 Matinee Tom'w, 2.30. The Very Idea!! Richard BENNETT. Ernest TRUEX. "Uproarious! Insufferable throughout."—Tribune.

PRINCESS 39th, nr. B'way. Evgs. 8.15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2.15. "OH, BOY" "Smartest of musical comedies."—Ev. Sun.

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8.15. Mat. Tomorrow 2.15. ANOTHER SMASHING BIG MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS BY THE AUTHORS OF THE FAMOUS "OH, BOY." LEAVE IT TO JANE. Prettiest Chorus in New York.

CORT 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8.15. LAST WEEK. Pop. Matinee Tom'w, 2.15. WILTON LACKAYE in THE INNER MAN. TUESDAY, SEPT. 25, (Seats Thurs.) MOTHER CAREY'S CHICKENS with EDITH TALIAFERRO.

STANDARD B'way & 90th. Evgs. 25c to $1. Mat. TODAY, 25c & 50c. CLIFTON CRAWFORD in "HER SOLDIER BOY."

LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF 46th & 2nd. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. MARGERY WILSON in "MOUNTAIN DEW."

Loew's American Roof 42d St., W. B'way. Every Eve. at 8. COLLEGE QUINTETTE. WM. ALI Seal's LYTELL & CO., RAY CONLON AND 6 OTHER ACTS. Reserved 25, 35, 50.

YORKVILLE THEATRE, East 86th Street, nr. Lex. Av. Tel. Lenox 8888. MIZZI GUZI. Every Ev. 8:15. Adolf Philipp & Excellent Cast. Sat. Mat. 2:15. IN THE MUSICAL FARCE COMEDY "THE LANDLADY"

HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS. 305 West 98th, Near B'way. Two Minutes from Subway Express Station. One-half Block from 'Bus. Telephone Riverside 6160. Newly furnished suites of from 2 to 5 rooms and bath, with or without kitchens, from $60 to $150 monthly, depending upon the location and size of apartments. No leases required. Attractive restaurant. Table d'hote and a la carte. Best of food at one-half usual charge. Hotel service complete and equal to service of best hotels. Schuyler Arms is situated between Riverside Drive and West End Avenue, affording immediate access to Riverside and Central Parks.

HOTEL VAN RENSSELAER. Eleventh St., 2 doors East of 5th Ave. Quiet. Refined Family Hotel, catering to a discriminating clientele only. Leases now being made for periods covering 8 to 12 months from October 1. Home Cooking Our Specialty. Single room with bath, meals for one, $10 to $22; for two, $29 to $32 weekly. Parlor bedroom with bath, including meals for two, $35 to $50 weekly. Parlor, 3 bedrooms with bath, including meals for four, $75 to $90 weekly. C. E. McGINN, Manager.

Holland House. Fifth Ave. at 30th St. Choice suites, also single rooms with bath. J. CHARLTON RIVERS, Proprietor.

The Anderson. 102 WEST 80TH STREET, One Square to Central Park. ADVANTAGES. Cozy and homelike—excellent character of guests. American Plan; meals at fixed prices. Cooking by women, which insures wholesomeness and cleanliness. One or two room suites (furnished or unfurnished); have twice the floor space and closet room, and double the sunshine found in two-room apartments elsewhere. The Misses Anderson, Props.

Herbert Brenon's The Fall of the Romanoffs. With ILIODOR, former confidant of RASPUTIN

Wilhelm, the Unbelievable, Emperor of Germany.

Two arch-conspirators scheming to bring about a separate peace which would have placed Russia under German domination, and the destruction of the whole colossal plot; This is the theme undertaken by Herbert Brenon in this great Motion Picture Vision of Contemporary History.

"Believing in his art and himself, Mr. Brenon chose the gilt-edged frame of the Ritz as a setting for his latest contribution to the screen. He invited his fellow producers and their friends to pass judgment on what he had done, and with no exception worthy of note every motion picture man of prominence in New York accepted. The premiere of 'The Fall of the Romanoffs' assumed an importance comparable to those of 'Cabiria,' 'The Birth of a Nation,' and 'Intolerance,' and rightly so. The picture is history as fresh as the headlines in a five-star extra."—Lynde Denig in The Dramatic Mirror.

Commencing Sunday Matinee Sept. 23rd. Positively NO FREE LIST. BROADWAY THEATRE. BROADWAY AT 41ST STREET. Direction Stanley V. Mastbaum. Reserved Seats for Entire Two Weeks' Engagement on Sale Now.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15. Pop. Prices. HASTINGS' BIG SHOW

Fourteen East Sixtieth Street. A LUXURIOUS Residential HOTEL, affording the exclusiveness of a private residence. Opposite the Metropolitan Club and the Fifth Avenue Entrance to Central Park. Apartments, single or en suite for any desired period. EAUER and BABCOCK

Hotel Theresa. 7th Ave., 124th to 125th St. One block from "L" & Subway Sta. Surface cars and bus line to all points at door. A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel. All outside rooms. Excellent accommodations at attractive rates. Dining room on twelfth floor, delightfully cool. UPERB SCENERY. Breakfast 50c; Lunch 60c; Dinner $1. R. P. Leube, Mgr. Tel. 7600 Morn.

Hotel Walton. 70th St. and Columbus Av. A modern, high class up-to-date hotel. Most convenient location. A restaurant of unusual excellence at attractive prices. Handsomely Furnished Suites. 2 Rooms & Bath, $70 per mo. 3 Rooms & Bath, 100 up mo. Special Rates by Month, Season or Year. J. P. FLANNERY, Prop.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL. Newly and unusually furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views, three exposures to each suite. Rates, $60 monthly and up per suite of two rooms and bath; also weekly, $20 per suite and up. Restaurant a la carte. Breakfast and dinner, $6 weekly (both optional). The comforts of home with every city advantage. Hotel Nobleton, 126 W. 73d St. CHARLES MORTON BELLAK, Pres. Block from subway express & elevated sts. All cars and bus lines.

Hotel Berkley. 170 W. 74th St. Corner of Amsterdam Av. Apartments, Unfurnished, by the year from $700 per annum. Restaurant a la Carte.

HOTEL BRISTOL. 129-135 West 48th St. AMERICAN PLAN. Room and Bath, two persons, $40 to $50 per week. T. ELLIOTT TOLSON.

MANHATTAN SQUARE HOTEL. 50-58 West 77th Street. Opposite beautiful Manhattan Square Park and Museum of Natural History; half block from entrance to Central Park. Ideal location—quiet, refined, dignified and select family hotel. Absolutely fireproof. Leases on furnished or unfurnished Apartments. Also Weekly or Daily Rates. Superior restaurant a la carte, club breakfast. GEORGE W. O'HARE, Manager.

SAVOY 455 COLUMBUS AVE., BOSTON, MASS. EUROPEAN PLAN. Savoy Co., Inc., Lessees. Single Rooms, $1 per day. Large rooms some with parlor, for 2 persons, $1 each person. First-class restaurant, moderate prices. Centrally located. Wm. O. Morin, Mgr. Tel. Back Bay 8043.

HOTEL VAN CORTLANDT. 142-146 West 49th St., near Broadway. —NEW YORK— Room with use of bath, $1.50 up. Room with bath, $2 and up. Excellent restaurant, reasonable prices. Good Music, Dancing, Cabaret.

Luchow's. 14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

HOOP-LA. THE NEW REAL ICE SHOW AT THE Golden Glades TONIGHT. Dancing at 8 P. M. Balconades Ball Room. "A Smart Cabaret" Twice Nightly. Main Restaurant. Society's Latest Fad. That Zip-Zippy. DINNER SHOW at 7:30. THE MARVELLOUS MIDNIGHT PARADE at 11:30. May-November Farm, Hartsdale, N. Y. Now Open. Back to the farm dinners. Phones: 1669-1471 White Plains. Thomas Healy's Broadway & 66th St., N.Y. Phone Col. 9900. RESERVE TABLES NOW

Hotel Bretton Hall. 85 to 86 St., Broadway N. Y. City. LARGEST & MOST ATTRACTIVE MIDTOWN HOTEL. Subway Station at 86th St. Corner. Apartments to Lease, Furnished or Unfurnished. 2 to 6 Rooms; 1, 2 & 3 Baths. All the Comforts and Advantages of the Leading New York City Hotels at Moderate Rates. Within a Short Distance of All Shops and Theatres. TRANSIENT RATES FOR EITHER ONE OR TWO PERSONS. Room with private bath, $3 to $4 day. Parlor, bedroom and bath, $4.00 to $7.50 day.

HOTEL MARSEILLES. Absolutely Fireproof. Broadway at 103d St., N. Y. SUPERB LOCATION. PERMANENT TRANSIENT. This Hotel Caters to a Select Clientele. No Permanent Reutals Arranged for Over Telephone. The policy of the management offers an exclusiveness which is not usually found in hotels at the present day. Well worth while to investigate as a visit to the Marseilles will prove interesting to persons seeking a desirable residence at a reasonable price. Apartments for fall rentals are now being shown. Superior Restaurant at Moderate Prices. Splendid Accommodations for Banquets, Weddings, Dances, &c. Hudson River. Subway express station on corner.

Reisenweber's. Columbus Circle & 58th Street. Phone Col. 9640. The Gala Revue "The Shelburne Girl" Presented in the Main Restaurant Twice Nightly, at 7:30 & 11:00. SPECIAL DINNER Served Daily 6 to 9 $1.50. Genuine Old-Fashioned Beefsteak Dinner Served from 6 to 9 P. M.—$1.50. The Original Dixieland "Jazz" Band. NIGHTLY BEGINNING AT 9 IN THE 400 CLUB ROOM AND AT THE AFTERNOON DANCES DAILY 4 TO 6

HOTEL WALLICK. BROADWAY AND 43RD STREET. Best Location and Values in New York. Rooms $1.50 and Up. With Bath—$2.00 and Up

AN EXQUISITE SOUTHERN CHICKEN DINNER. Jansen wants to see you. "THE FAMOUS HOFBRAU" 30th STREET & BROADWAY. EXCELLENT TABLE D'HOTE FROM 5:30 TO 9 P. M. HIGH CLASS ENTERTAINMENT—DANCING

Hotel Webster. Forty-fifth Street by Fifth Avenue. 40 West Forty-fifth Street. Just off Fifth Avenue, on one of the city's quietest streets, and within five minutes' walk of 40 theatres and all the principal shops. Newly Decorated and Completely Refurnished. Apartments of any number of rooms with one to three baths. For permanent or transient occupancy. W. Johnson Quinn, Proprietor.

The Lorraine. Fifth Ave. at 45th St. Apartments and Rooms with Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished, Transiently or by the Year. Also EQUINOX HOUSE Manchester, Vermont.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE. Exclusively for Women. HOMELIKE, beautiful, accessible and modern. All rooms large outside windows, unobstructed view. Superior cuisine. INCLUDED in the following rates: Room with running water, $10 weekly; with bath, $12 weekly; large parlor, bedroom and bath, $25 weekly and up. Extra person, including meals, $8 weekly. European plan, very desirable rooms $1.50 per day up. Immediate investigation will insure choice. Tea served in foyer 5 o'clock P. M. LEXINGTON AVE. at 30TH ST. Charles Morton Bellak, Pres.

Stratford House. East 32d St., by 5th Av. A new fireproof Hotel. Most conveniently located. Single rooms & suites. Permanent—transient. Also the new Goldfish Restaurant. Decorated by G. Albert Herter.

MONTICELLO. 35-37 West 64th St., N. Y. A Modern Fireproof Hotel. Catering for a Quiet Family Patronage at Moderate Rates. Room, Use of bath, $1.50 Day. Large Room, Private Bath, $2.00, $2.50. 2 Room Suite, Private Bath, $3.00, $3.50. 'Phone Columbus—1290. J. A. JEPSON.

HOTEL SAN REMO. 74th-75th Sts., Central Park West. HOME HOTEL OF NEW YORK. UNSURPASSED LOCATION, OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK. Convenient to "L" and subway stations; quiet and homelike. Suites and Rooms with bath, unfurnished or furnished, by the year or transiently; restaurant a la carte; also club breakfasts, table d'hote luncheon, dinner; inspection of model sanitary kitchen is cordially invited.

MURRAY'S. 42d St., Just West of Broadway. Beautiful Roman Gardens. Exquisite music; revolving dance floor. Old Dominion Beefsteak Dinner, $1.50. Luncheon, 70c; Table d'Hote Dinner, $1.50. Service a la Carte. PATRICK Y. KYNE, Manager.

The convenience of Broadway, with the exclusiveness of Fifth Avenue. Hotel Patterson. 58 West 47th Street. A few desirable suites of 3 to 4 rooms with bath, extremely well appointed, to rent for the season. A well equipped hotel. Restaurant a la carte.

HOTEL ORLEANS 100 West 80th St. A delightful family hotel, overlooking Central Park. 1-2-3 rooms, all light and airy, for discriminating people; reasonable; near all transit lines; booklet sent on request.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
H. C. FRANCIS, Secretary.

Publication office.....Times Square
Times Annex...434 St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....7 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....243 West 125th Street
Bronx.....2,929 Third Avenue
Washington Heights.....3,528 Broadway
Brooklyn.....Room 603, 367 Fulton Street
Staten Island..93 Stuyv. Pl., N. Brighton
Queens..317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Elizabeth.....250 Morris Avenue
Hoboken.....61 Second Street
Jersey City.....80 Montgomery Street
Paterson.....13 Park Avenue
WASHINGTON.....Riggs Building
CHICAGO.....1202 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.....409 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....603 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....Marconi House, Strand, W. C.
PARIS.....30 Rue Louis le Grand

ONE CENT, New York City. Two Cents, within commuting distance. Three Cents, elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents, City; Seven Cents, elsewhere.

Terms, including Canada, postage paid:

	1 Yr.	6 Mos.	1 Mo.
DAILY AND SUNDAY...	$10.00	$5.50	$1.00
(One week, 25c.)			
DAILY, without Sunday...	8.00	4.25	.75
(One week, 20c.)			
SUNDAY	3.00	1.75	.50
Canada, Sunday only...	6.00	3.25	.85
Other countries, postpaid:			
Daily and Sunday.....	26.00	13.50	2.40
Daily, without Sunday.	17.40	9.00	2.45
Sunday only.....	9.75	5.12	.86

Binder, Picture Section, $1.75; Magazine, $1.25.
THE ANNALIST, (Mondays,) per year, $4; Canada, $4.50; other countries, $5.
Binder for 26 issues, (one vol.) $1.25.
TIMES BOOK REVIEW, (Weekly,) per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.
TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays,) 1 yr., $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $3, (foreign, $4.) Per copy, 25c.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX, Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, SEPT. 18, 1917.

WHEN SPRING COMES.

There remain, at the most, six weeks of fighting weather. Fighting will still go on for a while after that, but nothing of importance can be undertaken. The story of the campaign of 1917 is nearly told. It has not been one of the great years of the war; it was to have been, but the collapse of Russia upset the plans of the Allies, and Germany was at the end of hers. We are speaking, of course, of the military history; great events have happened in 1917, but their effect on the battle front is for the future rather than the present. The Russian revolution prevented the delivery of the great blow from all sides against Germany and her allies, but prevented it only for 1917. The entrance of America was the great event, but its effect on the military situation will not be felt until 1918.

After the military hibernation, the great battle which was to have been fought in 1917, the battle between the Teutonic Powers and all the Allies, will begin in the Spring. Nothing can prevent it except the success of that movement to which Germany's endeavors are now all directed, the attempt to seduce or bribe a German peace, and we can safely dismiss that from consideration. If no great change takes place on the Austrian or the Russian front, we shall then see the United States on the battle line in sufficient force to take an active part, and with barely touched reserves of strength behind her. England is amply equipped with both men and supplies, and far from the end of her resources; and we know now that the submarine campaign has failed to "bring her to her knees." France is at the maximum of her strength; she is well supplied for 1918, though she has reached the end of her drawing power. We shall see, in the Spring of 1918, these three allies delivering their blow on the western front at Germany, whose resources are diminishing, whose man power has reached its maximum, and whose growing lack of the necessary material for war is established by many indications.

We shall certainly see Italy in a dominating position in her war against Austria. How much General CADORNA can achieve before Winter no one can predict, but if Winter came tomorrow he would still have Austria on the hip. She is much more shaken than Germany, her needs are greater, and he is not only on her soil but pushing his way across it. Italy's allies will be guilty of an inconceivable mistake if they fail to aid her with whatever she requires in the way of munitions and supplies.

Russia is the uncertain quantity, but even if she does not regain her equilibrium she can aid her allies by keeping German armies busy. This she will continue to do, whatever happens, for not even in the improbable event of a Bolsheviki triumph could she safely leave the eastern front unguarded. She could not, because the patriotic party would not assent to the betrayal of Russia, even if an unpatriotic party, momentarily in power, should undertake to negotiate a separate peace. Much more probable than any such outcome are the gradual resumption of discipline in the army and the gradual spread of enlightenment in the nation, until Russia shall be able to play more than a passive part in the military operations. But even if she is still restricted to a passive part, that part has been highly useful to her allies this year and would be next year.

HUNGARIAN 'DEMOCRATIC LINES.'

Dr. ALEXANDER WEKERLE, the Hungarian Premier, has the same warm heart for reform and democracy that made the subject peoples happy in his previous Premiership. He tells the Hungarian Chamber, says a Budapest dispatch, that he "advocates the same "principles regarding the suffrage as "did his immediate predecessor." His immediate predecessor was Count MAURICE ESTERHAZY, the young Oxford Magyar of the Magyars, who succeeded the "reactionary" Count TISZA. The genuine milk of democratization and franchise reform which Dr. WEKERLE borrows from his immediate predecessor is this:

> I desire to work on democratic lines; but naturally democracy in Hungary can be only a Magyar democracy.

So Count ESTERHAZY on taking office. Reform the franchise as much as you please, so long as the Magyar minority continues to rule Hungary. A military "decision" is the only honest and effective reformer of the Hungarian franchise. Not WEKERLE, the stop-gap Premier, nor his successor, whoever he may be, but General CADORNA will bring democracy to Hungary and to Austria.

PARTY AND CITY.

A letter signed by the five Republican County Chairmen and such variously distinguished Republicans as ELIHU ROOT, former Attorney General WICKERSHAM, CHARLES E. HUGHES, Governor WHITMAN, and Senator CALDER, was sent yesterday to the enrolled Republicans of Greater New York, urging them to vote for the Fusion ticket in tomorrow's primaries. Either Mayor MITCHEL and his associates on that ticket or Tammany will run the city and the Board of Estimate for four years. Four years more of good government or four years of misgovernment. "Republicans can "serve their party and the city in no "more effective way than by giving "at the primaries as large a vote as "possible for MITCHEL and his asso-"ciates, be they Republican, Demo-"cratic, or independent. A large vote "at the primaries will start the cam-"paign right." That is sound party strategy and sound civic patriotism.

The enrolled Republicans will also receive copies of Mr. HUGHES's admirable letter, previously published, which puts in fourteen words the Fusion case:

> Under Mayor MITCHEL we have had the best administration the city has ever known.

"The entire strength of the Repub-"lican Party," Mr. HUGHES writes, "should be cast in favor of Fusion "and of the Fusion ticket." It is good policy for the Republican Party to identify itself with good city government. The Democrats are finding out that it is good policy for the Democratic Party, injured in the rest of the State and in the nation by the methods and the reputation of Tammany bosses, who have now caused disgust and desertions in the bosom of the Wigwam.

THE DUTY OF LABOR'S LEADERS.

Some 25,000 iron workers engaged upon emergency war work struck yesterday in over 100 plants in several cities upon the Pacific Coast. The question at issue is not fully stated in dispatches from San Francisco declaring that the demand was for 50 per cent. increase in pay and that the counterproposal was for arbitration. In San Francisco alone work is stopped upon $150,000,000 of Government shipbuilding contracts, and there are side complications in other trades. In Seattle, also, there is a demand for 33 per cent. increase of wages by the builders of wooden ships for the Government, with a demand that the employers shall cease using lumber produced elsewhere, under conditions of employment unsatisfactory to the unions. That is to say, the Seattle strike is a sympathetic strike in support of a boycott. The production of war airplanes is also interrupted by the lumber workers' strike.

These are only the incidents of a day. It would be easy to fill columns with similar incidents in many trades during the war period. They afford a painful contrast with the patriotic professions of labor leaders, and are in flat breach of their formal contract that there should be no factious strikes during the war. For example, many high officials of the Federation of Labor agreed with the Navy Department and the Emergency Fleet Corporation upon a method of adjustment when there was danger of interruption of relations with labor in Government employ. Nothing is heard of resort to the process thus provided, nor will it be a satisfaction of the agreement if it is resorted to after the strike. The time for amicable arrangements is before hostilities, not after. Workers should know that when they resort to a strike they ought to abide by the result of the strike.

It is too early yet to extend condemnation of the strikers to their leaders and to their unions. It does not appear that the strikes now pending have been approved by the national labor authorities, and there have been cases in which they have repudiated what has been done locally. It would seem that they must do so now, if they wish to be considered as keeping the faith which they have pledged. There has been candid and cordial approval of Mr. GOMPERS's putting patriotism of country above patriotism of class. The fact that he did so shows that he did what he could to sustain himself in credit both as a citizen and a labor leader. The American Alliance for Labor and Democracy at Minneapolis rivaled even Mr. GOMPERS in pledges of "the "moral and material power of the "working class" in support of the country in its crisis.

It does not follow that strikes are wrong because they would add hundreds of millions to Government expenses. That is no reason for withholding a just wage. Labor is scarce and is entitled to a scarcity wage. Nobody wants to saddle the cost of winning the war upon labor. Others should feel the pinch first. But there are demands of labor which should be repressed at all times, and particularly in times like these. No man is entitled at any time to demand that other men shall not work because he is dissatisfied with the wages which other men need and will take. No combination of men is justified in creating scarcity of labor by any methods beyond withholding the labor of the combination. There is no ground for sympathy for those who are improving their conditions of life by preventing others from enjoying like advantages. A strike is not wrong because it is a strike, the result of a combination of wage earners. A strike must be judged on its merits, and the merits are not always those which are avowed. At the week-end the typographical union ordered printers to cease even voting upon sharing in the sympathetic strike at Springfield, Ill. Mr. GOMPERS has disavowed more than one strike. If he wishes the country to regard him as a safe leader, it is now his duty either to justify or to disavow these strikes. If the leaders cannot control their followers, the country is put to a choice between reliance upon union or nonunion labor in the work of saving democracy. It is unionism which is in danger, not the country. Nonunion labor outnumbers union labor ten to one. It would be better to rely upon both than upon either. But there must be no dallying with acts supported by arguments like those of foreign proletariats upon pretense of benevolence or uplift. The United States has no use for a Bolsheviki party. The Government's difficulty is not the opportunity for the establishment of the unlawful activities of unionism or for the unfair betterment of conditions of organized labor at the expense of nonunionists and taxpayers alike.

WAR AND ANTI-WAR SUFFRAGISTS

The suffrage street meetings were begun last night. Women's part in the war, their great and various service to the Government, will be dwelt upon by the speakers. That service and that part, nobly proportionate to women's patriotism and capacity for sacrifice, are to be urged as reason for giving them the ballot. Since, however, the work of women for the United States is shared by the multitude of women who are opposed to woman suffrage, the ballot would be a punishment to them instead of a "reward," if the privilege of voting is a gift or premium.

Meanwhile, there is an active variety of suffragists that does not regard war or peace from a patriotic or American point of view. The Socialist suffragists, women and men, are getting ready to disseminate "literature." They, too, are to hold daily meetings. They belong to a party dedicated to pacifism, to a German peace, a party of extreme opposition to the war, which it has officially declared unjustifiable, "even on the plea "that it is a war in defense of Amer-"ican rights or American 'honor.'" The German submarine policy was not an interference with American rights, the so-called American Socialists say, but only interference with the opportunity of "certain groups of capital-"ists to coin money out of the blood "and suffering of our fellow-men."

"We brand the declaration of war by our Government," the platform adopted by the Socialists at St. Louis last April says, "as a crime against "the people of the United States and "against the nations of the world." There never was a more unjustifiable war, according to the majority Socialists. They have pledged themselves to "continuous, active, and public oppo-"sition to the war through demonstra-"tions, mass petitions, and all other "means" within their power. They pledged themselves to labor for the repeal of all conscription laws. The Socialist Party, according to the pamphlet "The Socialist Party Platform," published at the national headquarters in Chicago, "urges upon the workers "in the mines and forests, on the rail-"ways and ships, in factories and "fields, the use of their economic and "industrial power by refusing to mine "the coal, to transport soldiers, to "furnish food or other supplies for "military purposes."

It is to aid this precious program that the Socialists want woman suffrage. These allies may be as troublesome as the picketers to the discreeter suffragists who have given up other war work for the greater war work of persuading a stolid public to vote for the suffrage amendment.

AN EXAMPLE.

At last one of the idle neutral ships which are not permitted to carry American products to their countries in Europe has lifted anchor and gone to work. The Carlsholm came here from Sweden for a load of wheat and fodder. Realizing that she cannot have these, her owners have taken on a cargo of coal for Chile, and from that country she will bring back nitrate, which is needed for our farms.

Here is an example that should be followed by the Norwegian ships at Philadelphia and Baltimore, and the scores of Dutch vessels on which grain is rotting at New York. Why do they wait? If they do not voluntarily unload and go into service, our Government will find work for them and require them to do it.

THAT LAKE OF POTASH.

At the annual meeting of the American Chemical Society, on the 11th, Dr. NICHOLS of the National Research Council said that "the greatest known "deposit of potash in the world, esti-"mated to be worth more than one "billion dollars, is awaiting develop-"ment." Immediate utilization of this potash, he added, depended upon our Congress. The deposit of which he spoke is in Searles Lake, California, whose waters, it is estimated by the Geological Survey and the Bureau of Mines, hold in solution 20,000,000 tons of this mineral. Before the war our supplies of potash came from Germany. Imports were 529,000 tons in 1913, but only 10,000 last year, and the old price has been multiplied by ten. We are producing small quantities from feldspar, alunite, cement waste, and seaweed, but very much more is needed.

Development of the lake deposits depends upon Congress, because the lake and surrounding land were withdrawn some time ago by the Government from the operation of mining and land settlement laws. A bill to permit and promote utilization of this potash was passed in the Senate on Aug. 10. It provides for leases, if satisfactory terms concerning rentals and royalties can be made. The potash should be taken out by private companies or the Government. Two companies have accessible reduction plants which could begin the work at once, but it would be necessary for the Government to expend $1,000,000 in preparation. We suggest that the American Chemical Society by resolution ask Congress to take final action upon the bill without delay. It has the support of the Council of National Defense. In committee hearings and the Senate debate reference was made to the remark of Dr. WILHELM OSTWALD, German Privy Councilor, that "America went into "the war like a man with a rope "around his neck, a rope which is in "enemy hands," because Germany, having "a world monopoly of potash, "can dictate which of the nations "shall have plenty of food and which "shall starve." Even if we can get no potash fertilizers for the farms, we shall not starve, but in Searles Lake there is an ample supply for many years to come.

GERMANY'S REGRETS AND EXPLANATIONS.

Germany officially regrets the "phraseology" of the dispatch of her diplomat advising that submarines should sink neutral ships without leaving a living witness. Unofficially, German newspapers explain that the meaning was that witnesses of such piratical practices should not be turned adrift, but should be taken aboard submarines in order to prevent their testifying if rescued. It would have been better for Germany if she had been silent, officially and unofficially, rather than that such regrets and explanations should be offered to an insulted and surfeited world.

As regards the official regret, it is sufficient to remark that there is not the least repudiation of either the agent or the policy which he advised. In other words, both, having been challenged, are approved. Thereby Germany condemns itself. Regarding the unofficial explanation, it is sufficient to remark that it comes as a tardy afterthought, and, as it happens, on the same day that the sworn testimony is published of a survivor of the Belgian Prince. He survived as by a miracle, by the mere chance that his raincoat concealed his life preserver when the life preservers were taken away from his companions. They were lined up on the deck of the submarine, which then submerged, and it was thought that no trace was left.

It might be possible to doubt the testimony of the survivor if the case stood alone. Nobody would credit an affidavit that a British or American or French warship committed such an atrocious act, so incredible on the part of a God-fearing nation and sailors worthy of it. But German sailors are different. They are capable of accepting and executing orders to sink Lusitanias. It is now necessary to believe that they are capable of slaying witnesses of their murders. Germany regrets only the "phraseology" of a diplomat capable of advising that it should be done. Out of their own mouths, by their own acts, Germany and Germans condemn themselves together.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Not Fighting, But Are in the Army.

There are no "battalions of death" in the British Army—as yet; possibly there will be, later—but already a "Woman's Army Auxiliary Corps," the members of which are regularly enlisted for a year, or longer if the war lasts longer, is serving under the British flag in France, and the Government has seen fit to make public many details of what these women soldiers are doing and how they are doing it.

Their work is all behind the lines, though in not a few instances it is not so far behind as to be free from danger. In every instance the women fill places formerly occupied by men, and as a result, presumably, of experience, though assumption may have had a little to do with it, where three men were formerly employed four women are supplied. The women have proved themselves so efficient as regimental cooks that they claim that this ratio in justice should be reversed, as regards that position, even if it did make their tasks a little harder.

Discipline as applied in this corps is of true military severity, but punishments, as might be expected, are rare, it having been found necessary, so far, to send home for misconduct only three women, and their offenses are described as "not serious."

Most difficult to get in adequate numbers, it seems, are workers of the charwoman class, to do scrubbing and washing up. The reason given for this scarcity is the somewhat curious one that the women who do such work are usually old, with many domestic ties, and are therefore unable to go away from home.

The management of the corps is wholly in feminine hands. The pay, while it would not be regarded in peace times as very attractive, is well up to the common army standards. It runs from £50 per year, with quarters, for Mrs. CHALMERS-WATSON, who is Chief Controller, down to £175 a year to a "unit administrator" in charge of more than 300 girls. Of the non-commissioned officers and the rank and file, the forewoman telegrapher gets 50 shillings a week, a qualified forewoman motor-driver mechanic 40 shillings, and a shorthand typist 39 shillings 6 pence.

Expensive Advice to Economize.

Only a few days ago the head of the Fuel Commission, Dr. GARFIELD, presented excellent reasons why everybody, out of consideration for shortage of labor and difficulties of transportation, should be economical in the use of coal, even to the extent of keeping house temperatures this Winter at a point so low as to be, in most American opinions, decidedly uncomfortable. The advice was good, and patriotic Americans were prepared to heed it. Their zeal, however, will be a little weakened when they read that Mr. HOOVER, the Food Administrator, in order to promote the kind of saving in which he is particularly interested, has arranged for the brilliant electric lighting of great outdoor signs bearing exhortations to eliminate waste in kitchen and dining room.

That is good advice, too, and many are following it, from necessity as well as from patriotism. But most of us know that electrical illumination means coal burned—a lot of it when the illumination is brilliant—and in not a few minds doubts are arising as to whether food-saving can be sufficiently promoted by this sort of advertising to pay for the fuel it will divert from other uses. That in many or several instances the electric light companies have offered or promised to supply current for these signs free of charge is creditable to them, of course, as showing their desire to contribute to a public cause, but that fact has nothing to do with the question whether or not it is judicious, at this time, to burn coal for an end certainly attainable in other ways.

The episode is not very important in itself, perhaps, the electricity thus to be employed being only a minute fraction of the total amount produced, but what is true of these few signs is also true of an enormous quantity of other outside advertising of the same kind. Much of this, if not all of it, might cease for the period of coal scarcity with no very appreciable loss to any community and with a saving of fuel in the aggregate large enough measurably to mitigate war hardships and losses.

The electric signs do make our streets more cheerful at night, indeed, and that is something, but they are ugly things by day, ruinous to such pretensions to municipal architecture as are made in our business streets, and it is at least possible that they offend as many people as they please.

Speech Is Never Unrestricted.

Everybody directly and officially concerned with the stopping of seditious talk by street orators seemingly admits that an end should be put to this form of oratory, but out of the confused and confusing interchange of statement and contention on the subject common folk can gather little more than that there is no present prospect of jail for any of the orators. Whether the fault lies with the law or with this, that, or the other group of the law's executors is a question of some interest, of course, but it is not receiving anything like as much of public attention as is the question why a task which in any civilized community should not be a very difficult one is tossed about from one seat of authority to another and is performed in none of them.

At the foundation of all these hesitations, apparently, is a general reluctance to encounter the sort of criticism, later condensing into the antagonism of this or that "vote" which is sure to follow any action open to denunciation as interference with "freedom of speech." That is a cry dangerous, indeed, to anybody against whom it can be raised, and yet freedom of speech always has been, and always will be, strictly limited in every country, and not less, though differently, in countries without an Emperor or Czar to impose silence in accordance with his own tastes or interests.

Many people are under the amusingly incorrect impression that "our fathers" came here to establish free speech. The Quakers whom they whipped at cart-tails could have told another story, and, as a matter of fact, often did. So could the Tories. The only man who can say exactly what he pleases and all of it is the solitary inhabitant of a desert island. After Friday came, Robinson Crusoe had to be at least a little careful of what he said, or there would have been war at once. Here and now the restrictions on free speech are, and must be, much more numerous, and yet, from much of the current eloquence, one might imagine that the suppression of treason was a dreadful infringement of our constitutional liberties.

Americans Enlisted as Canadians.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With reference to the number of Americans in the Canadian army:

From the casualty list I was led to suspect that their number was greater than indicated by the official report, so I gave particular attention to two little camps for convalescent soldiers in the place where I was living the last Summer. I found that about 10 per cent. in one camp and about 12 in the other had come from the United States, and that, one or two excepted, all had given themselves out to be Canadians when enlisting to escape complications. This percentage possibly was unusual, so to check it I obtained quietly the judgment of the men themselves on the subject. One of the most intelligent of them, and they were unusually alert-minded, put their number at 30,000, the other estimated less, down to 35,000. Furthermore, I took the opinions of other British-born soldiers, which I found to be in substantial agreement, they assuring me, moreover, that many Americans were in every Canadian regiment. Therefore, it is beyond doubt that the number of Americans in the Canadian army is far greater than the official list would show; that the exact figure cannot be ascertained. My research would seem to point to 30,000 as a reasonable conservative estimate, with 50,000 as a maximum.

HENRY BINSSE.
Baie des Rochers, Sept. 12, 1917.

MASTERY OF THE AIR.

Statistics to Show That Germans Have Still the Best of It.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Our pleased complacency over the reported inferiority in the air of the German airmen receives a rude jolt when the official reports of the combatants are studied. Aware of the natural human desire to boast of successes and minimize losses whether in human military affairs or human social affairs, and admitting the improbability of arriving at exact figures in computing true scores from the reports submitted to the world by the war censors, one can still fairly well estimate the comparative standing of the rival air forces from the admissions made by the respective sides in regard to enemy claims.

In the following computation I have taken the figures of German scores from French and English technical magazines. The fact that they are not derided or ridiculed by the unfriendly publications permits one to assume they are correct.

Germany's "star" airman is Baron von Richthofen, who has the world's record of sixty-one enemy aircraft shot down to date. On Aug. 18 last, Chasing Squadron No. 11, of which Captain von Richthofen is commanding officer, had brought down two hundred airplanes of the Allies, one hundred and twenty-one of which were bagged in German lines; a large number of these were repaired and put into the German air service.

This squadron score was totaled during the seven months' existence of von Richthofen's flying circus. No squadron of the Allies even approximates this total in twice that length of operations.

It is worthy of note that our enemy's air strategy, which is contemptuously referred to by our press correspondents as cowardly, permits the Germans to capture our pilots and our one hundred and twenty-one airplanes, when they wait for our air forces to fight over German lines instead of seeking combat over our own.

The Tägliche Rundschau of July 26 last claims Germany has brought down since the beginning of the war two thousand two hundred and ninety-eight Allies' airplanes in her lines, one hundred and eighty-six captive balloons back of the trenches, and three airships, presumably over the English fleet. This statement was subsequently quoted in French publications and was not attacked.

Fifteen leading Aces of the German fighting squadrons have totaled up to Aug. 21 last four hundred and forty-eight enemy aircraft brought down—an average of thirty each. The fifteen best scores of the Allies' airmen, including French, British, Italian, and American fighters, totals two hundred and eighty-eight. Our average is then but two-thirds that of our opponents.

Again an evidence of the German superiority in the air is disclosed. For, of the fifteen Aces of the German squadrons, but four have been killed, one retired for wounds and none captured. Their tactics of accepting combat only when in superior numbers and formation then permits their expert fighters to live and fight longer for their country; for, of the fifteen leaders among our air forces, five were killed, three captured and three were retired from service.

It is safe to say that in the matter of quality of airplane and engine construction our painstaking enemy has led the world since the beginning of the war. This is equally true in the matters of airplane performances, gun mounting, and aerial tactics. The present type of German Albatross fighting machine is the deadliest airplane in the air. Her bomb-carrying Gotha machine which raided London on July 7 last in a squadron of over twenty is the greatest defensive air-fighter the world has yet seen.

Are we to permit ourselves fatuously to believe we have an easy task ahead? Should we not rather err on the safe side, and, studying the methods wherby Germany has achieved her logical superiority, strive to surpass her in every detail of value?

LAURENCE LA TORRETTE DRIGGS.
New York, Sept. 14, 1917.

Idle Dutch Ships.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It was a great pleasure to see your editorial Saturday advocating the commandeering of the grain ships for neutral ports now lying idle in our harbors. Every day for the last two months, on my way to and from business, I have seen these ships anchored in the Hudson, their time wasted, their cargoes spoiling, while ships and grain are the great need of the world. And I have wondered, as thousands of others must have wondered, why the owners should prefer to let their property stand idle and deteriorate rather than unload it or divert it to another destination. They are intelligent business men; they must know that there is little chance that they will be allowed to proceed to their present destination. Whose interest can they be serving in refusing to alter it? Certainly not their own. They are simply destroying their own property to no purpose. Nor can one see how it can be to the interest of the Dutch Government or people to require or permit such waste. Better by far to dispose of the cargoes and charter the ships to the Allies on profitable terms. There is only one party to whose interest it is that the ships should be idle, their cargoes destroyed rather than help the transportation and supplies of the Allies, and that is Germany. These owners and consignors are obviously playing the German game. They know perfectly well what they are doing. That they should deliberately prefer this course is the strongest argument I have yet seen for the belief that Germany has in fact been receiving large supplies of food directly or indirectly from this country through neutral traffic. Figures of imports may mean much or little, they may be explained away, and when presented by interested parties various suspicions may attach to their apparent significance. But merchants do not destroy their own property without an adequate reason, and there is only one reason that appears adequate for the procedure of these grain ships. Every day that they lie idle adds to the evidence that justified the President's embargo, and to the argument for further procedure along the lines suggested in your editorial.

W. D. M.
Hastings-on-Hudson, Sept. 15, 1917.

SENTA'S SONG.

I hear the mirth of them that reap
And build the pale green stacks,
I hear the song of them that spin
And wind the silvern flax,
But long it is that I must wait
Though harvest dusk falls soon,
To hear the great sea tell of thee
Beneath a sickle moon.

No ring or chain has plighted us,
No jewel red as wine,
It is the deep sea's fateful gem
That links thy love and mine—
A jewel brighter than the gold
That decks the Love-bird's plume,
And darker than the purple cup
That is the Nightshade's bloom.

The sea that lured thee long ago
Far down the royal wind,
The sea whose spell would break thine heart
In pride of youth that sinned,
The sea that parts us by the span,
No ships can sail beyond,
Whose doom has wrought thy need of me—
It is our dear love's bond!

ANNE W. YOUNG.

ISHII PREDICTS CLOSER TIES.

Commissioner Asserts Pacific Ocean Is Growing More Narrow.

NEWPORT, Sept. 17.—Full confidence that the good understanding between America and Japan would increase to the end of all time was expressed today by Viscount Ishii, head of the Japanese Mission, in his only public utterance during the two days' visit of the party to this city. Speaking at a public reception in the Casino, the Viscount said:

"Newport is storied in the mind of every school child in Japan as the resting place of Commodore Matthew Perry. Not so long ago but that living men well remember and tell it to their grandchildren, Japan lived in isolation, well contented. One day there came a knocking at our door and, looking forth, we saw strange sights indeed. Fantastic folk in awesome ships with gruesome guns held out the hand of friendship, and thus came America and Commodore Perry to our shores.

"These sixty years just passed must constitute one full chapter in the history of Japan. During all that time the Pacific Ocean, so illimitable then to us, has been growing more narrow daily. The East and the West, which stood aloof without a thing in common except their common humanity, have by that wonderful thread been drawn closer and even closer together until today we stand shoulder to shoulder as friends and allies defying the power of evil to destroy that splendid heritage which we are agreed to share as common heirs.

"I am convinced that with the turning of the page and the opening of this new chapter of international history, and so through the end of all time and all chapters, our good understanding will increase. The road between our homes will become more and more the beaten track of neighbors.

"I am more than ever convinced that we have done with the difficult pages over which we have labored in the night of doubt, and that in the full light of honest purpose, with the eyes of faith and trust, we shall both as nations free, strong, and independent, make more frequent pilgrimages to the shrine we love—you to Tokio, where we hope to bid you welcome soon, and we to Newport, whose beauty and wealth of hospitality exceed the most vivid picturings of our imagination."

The reception came at the close of a day largely given over to showing the visitors some of the workings of the American war machine. They were shown one of the heavy batteries at Fort Adams in mimic action; saw every stage in the construction of the torpedoes at the torpedo station and, after lunching with Mayor Burdick and the city government at the Clambake Club, reviewed a brigade of apprentice seamen at the training station.

Tonight the members of the mission were entertained at dinner by Governor Beeckman. They leave for Boston tomorrow.

SUFFRAGISTS SEEK FUNDS.

State Treasurer Announces Plans for "Sacrifice Week."

Mrs. Ogden Mills Reid, Treasurer of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party, announced yesterday plans for the suffrage sacrifice week in New York City, Sept. 24-30, the purpose of which is to finance the suffrage campaign here until election day, Nov. 6.

"Because of their war service to the State and nation, the one million enrolled women of the Suffrage Party now find themselves with an empty treasury," Mrs. Reid said. "That is the reason for our suffrage sacrifice week.

"War came just as we were about to open our Statewide campaign, and the first thing done by the State Suffrage Party was to offer our entire organization to the Governor for whatever service he might see fit in our war against Germany. Since then the women of our party have carried on many big undertakings for the Government.

"Nassau and Westchester County suffragists had entire charge of the census taking in their counties. In New York City over 11,000 women worked in 400 registration bureaus. In every county the suffragists helped in the census work. In Warren County alone thirty-five Red Cross chapters were organized by the Suffrage Party. Many county suffrage teams raised money for the Red Cross fund. Suffrage speakers sold $4,000,000 worth of Liberty bonds. In many rural counties the suffragists organized canning clubs and sent speakers on canning and food conservation throughout the State. The Suffrage Party is now canvassing the women of the State with the Hoover food conservation pledges. The New York City Woman Suffrage Party has given $22,000 for Y. M. C. A. units, one at Plattsburg, the other at Camp Upton, L. I.

"Naturally, as a consequence of this war work we are as a party without funds for the few suffrage activities which may be carried on between now and Nov. 6 in connection with our war work, which, of course, will continue as usual. All those who are willing to volunteer for service throughout sacrifice week are requested to send their names and addresses to suffrage headquarters, 303 Fifth Avenue."

Charles McLean, General Field Agent of the Men's National Anti-Suffrage Association, returning from Maine, where he had charge of the campaign against votes for women conducted by his organization, predicted yesterday that New York also would vote against suffrage in the coming election.

"Suffrage never has been victorious in a general election," he said. "It has scored most of its victories in Legislatures by persistently nagging and harassing legislators. But when the people generally have a chance to vote, suffrage always is defeated."

OPEN BROAD ST. HOSPITAL.

Institution Established to Meet the Needs of Wall Street Section.

The Broad Street Hospital at South and Broad Streets was opened yesterday for the reception of patients. The event was unmarked by ceremonies of any character, the formal dedication being scheduled for a date to be selected later in the month. The hospital building is seven stories high and as equipped represents an outlay of $270,000. Of this amount $200,000 was contributed by James Barber, the balance being given by firms and individuals.

The hospital was established to meet the needs of about 20,000 residents of the south end of the city, extending from the East to the North Rivers and as far north as Canal Street. Although no fixed area has been defined by the management, two motor ambulances of the latest type and a thoroughly equipped dispensary were also placed at the disposal of the public with the opening of the hospital proper.

Dr. A. J. B. Savage is Superintendent and with him are associated thirty-three physicians who will devote much of their time to the institution. Four interns and a corps of trained nurses complete the medical staff. The building contains three large wards in addition to a receiving and emergency ward, and two open solariums have been fitted up on the roof. There are two operating rooms on the top floor, each fully equipped, and each floor has its own special diet kitchen, pathological laboratories and sterilizing apparatus. There are in all ten private rooms with bathrooms attached, and there is a separate movable bath tub on each floor.

The flash signalling system is the only one in operation in the hospitals of New York. The signal button at the bedside of each patient flashes the number of the bed and likewise the number of the nurse on duty simultaneously in the offices of the Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent, the diet kitchen and on that particular floor, the nurses' workroom, and over the desk in the ward. These numbers remain visible until the nurse releases them by pressing another signal. In this manner it will be possible to ascertain how much time elapses between the call of the patient and the arrival of the nurse at the bedside.

Private rooms in the hospital have been endowed by Hallgarten & Co., bankers, the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, J. J. Carty, New York Telephone Company, Chandler & Floyd, iron manufacturers, James Brown, banker, and Walter Scott.

NAVY LEAGUE WOMEN REJECT RED CROSS

Comforts Committee Decides to Continue Independent Work for Sailors.

DANIELS DECLINES PROFFER

Organization Must Work as Auxiliary in Aiding Sailors, Secretary of the Navy Says.

The Comforts Committee of the Navy League of the United States, with its branches in all parts of the country and a membership of more than 400,000 women, has decided to continue its work as at present organized and will not be absorbed by the American Red Cross. This announcement was made in New York yesterday in the name of the National Comforts Committee, of which Mrs. George Dewey is the honorary Chairman and Mrs. James Carroll Frazer active Chairman.

"We have no fight with the American Red Cross," said Mrs. Frazer, "but we think that, since we already have an efficient organization for carrying on this work, we are in a better position to do it than is the Red Cross, which has not yet perfected its organization along these lines."

The Comforts Committee, it was stated, within the last few days offered to dissociate itself from the Navy League and become an independent organization, and submitted a proposal with this end in view to Secretary Daniels. He rejected the proposal and suggested that the women of the Comforts Committee, acting, not as members of the Navy League but as individuals, co-operate with a naval Red Cross auxiliary, now being organized, with Mrs. Edward T. Stotesbury of Philadelphia as its head.

The National Comforts Committee disclaims any intention on the part of the committee, or its members in various parts of the country, to enter into a controversy with Secretary Daniels, and state that they stand ready to work in harmony with the Navy Department, and, if necessary, to entirely dissociate themselves from the Navy League, with which organization the Secretary is at odds, and from the members of which he has withdrawn many privileges. The women claim that they had nothing whatever to do with the publication of the "Mare Island explosion story" which is the basis of the controversy between the Secretary and the Navy League.

Plea of the Comforts Committee.

The Comforts Committee gave to THE TIMES yesterday copies of the correspondence which passed between Secretary Daniels and the officials of the Comforts Committee. These letters, it was stated, present to the public for the first time the "Comforts Committee's side" in the present controversy.

The first of these letters, written to the Secretary by Mrs. John C. O'Laughlin, Secretary of the Comforts Committee, under date of Sept. 5, reads:

> The Comforts Committee of the Navy League of the United States, which has served as the medium through which over 200,000 garments have been supplied to the personnel of the navy, is extremely anxious to avoid any misinterpretation of your attitude with reference to the patriotic work in which it is engaged.
>
> Because of the controversy in which you are engaged with the Navy League of the United States you stated that no further garments would be received for navy use from the Comforts Committee of the Navy League of the United States.
>
> You rejected a proposal that the Comforts Committee dissociate itself from the Navy League of the United States, and act as an independent receiving and advisory committee, such committee to receive the work of patriotic women and turn it in to the navy.
>
> It follows that it is your view that the Comforts Committee of the Navy League of the United States, with its organization of 700 units, distributed throughout the United States, disband and cease work.
>
> You suggested that in the future only through the Red Cross would you be willing to permit the acceptance of sweaters and other garments by the navy, though you added that this would not bar the acceptance of garments from church and other charitable and patriotic societies, save the Comforts Committee of the Navy League of the United States.
>
> The Comforts Committee of the Navy League of the United States is earnest in the purpose to leave no stone unturned to continue its efforts to aid in alleviating the discomforts and hardships of the men who are so gallantly striving in defense of our women country. It asks you, therefore, to state to it, and through it to the 300,000 women associated with it in this activities, whether the attitude above set forth is that which you have finally determined to adopt.

Gives Authority to Red Cross.

Secretary Daniels replied, under date of Sept. 11, the day following his announcement that he requested Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the War Council of the Red Cross, to organize a Red Cross Naval Auxiliary "to take over entirely the direction of this laudable work of sending tokens of good-will from willing workers to the men of the navy." The letter quotes the correspondence between Mr. Daniels and Mr. Davison with reference to the organization of the Red Cross Naval Auxiliary as follows:

> In the carrying out of this beneficent work through the only organization that has received official recognition in the country, a committee of the Naval

RABBIS SOUND NOTE OF LOYALTY HERE

Jewish Soldiers Attend Services from Camps Around New York.

ELKUS MAKES AN APPEAL

Holiday Made an Occasion for Great Outpouring of Patriotism in Synagogues and Temples.

The duty confronting every Jew in the United States to be loyal to the Government in the war and to refrain from all agitations tending to embarrass its successful prosecution was the dominant note of sermons and speeches delivered by Jewish leaders here yesterday in commemoration of Rosh ha-Shanah, the declared before the end of the year.

Eight hundred Jews in the Rainbow Division of the army at Camp Mills, Hempstead, L. I., received furloughs to enable them to attend New Year services. The B'nai Israel, which worships in Brooklyn Hall, Freeport, and the synagogue at Rockville Centre, had extended invitations to the men through Major Gen. Mann, and many of those whose homes are in other States accepted. Most of those who live in New York City, however, returned here for divine services. Major Gen. Mann will also grant furloughs to the men for the observance of the Day of Atonement. Leave will start on Sept. 25 at noon and expire on the morning of Sept. 27.

More than 300 soldiers in uniform attended the services at the Institutional Synagogue, 116th Street and Fifth Avenue. They came from cantonments and military stations in the vicinity.

Abram I. Elkus, ex-Ambassador to Turkey, one of the speakers, prefaced his remarks by expressing the hope that peace would be declared before the end of the year. His address, like the sermons of the Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman at Temple Beth-El; the Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman at Temple Emanu-El, and the Rev. Dr. M. H. Harris, at Temple Israel, emphasized the great opportunity presented by the war to all classes of citizens for faithful service to the nation.

Mr. Elkus spoke at the Community Building, 1331 Grand Street and Southern Boulevard, at services conducted under the direction of the Free Synagogue.

"I bring to my fellow-countrymen a message from a land steeped in sorrow and desolation," he said. "One year ago today, I attended services in Constantinople, in a synagogue over 400 years old, and the contrast between my surroundings then and now make a deep impression upon me. In Turkey I was surrounded by people on the verge of starvation and suffering untold hardships as the result of the war. To-day I am standing in the land of sunshine, where people are free, enjoying the glory that comes of liberty.

The Duty of the Jew.

"Every citizen of this country is expected to do his duty regardless of how he may feel toward warfare in general and the motives and principles involved. The Jew in America must assume his part in this great burden, gladly and willingly. When the war is brought to an end it will be the task of the nation to see that the sufferers abroad are properly cared for, and at this time every citizen should begin the noble work by lending a helping hand."

Dr. Schulman said in his sermon that the individual's highest duty now was to subordinate his private views to the views of the Government.

"There is only one same opinion today," he said. "It is that which urges us to give ourselves as single-minded as our nation, until America has made its influence felt and has won a real victory. The American people, in entering the war, have broken with certain old traditions. It has consented to become a world power, and to embrace within its vision the whole world and the interests of humanity. Therefore, the whole nation of a hundred million people is committed to America's cause, a victory which means nothing selfish, but which means a substantial and independent exertion of power on behalf of what is right, and hastening of the world's peace.

"I have no sympathy with any movement which today would seek to harrass the Government. I do not see any wisdom in mass meetings which would compel our nation, before it is wise and opportune, to give any detailed program of our aims. I do believe we should face facts and not content ourselves with phrases.

Loyalty the First Element.

"I believe, when the nation is at war, patriotism requires not agitation, but the inculcation of loyalty and national solidarity, even while the individual may still freely and speak freely. At all events, we Jews, in accordance with the teaching of the Prophet Jeremiah, have always prayed for the land in which we live. Loyalty, then, is the first element in the higher law of our life."

Dr. Schulman added that no people can exist without making sacrifices, that he had always believed that the logic of democracy was universal military service and universal military training, and that the best education of the people was an education in duty and service.

"I have no doubt that the sons of Israel will show themselves worthy of their great history and of their unquestioned Americanism," he said. "We must sacrifice not only our lives, if necessary, but we must sacrifice our wealth. Now that we are in the war, we must not whine because of the price we are called upon to pay."

Dr. Schulman asserted that the greatest move for peace made thus far was the President's reply to the Pope.

Dr. Harris's text was "The War as a Judgment," and he predicated it on the contention that defiance of moral law had brought on the war.

"It has remained for this age," he said, "to conduct war by firing on hospitals, sinking merchant ships freighted with human life, to introduce slavery among conquered peoples, and to let them perish by neglect and disease.

"Here are crimes before which even the warrior stands aghast. We must rebuild not only the waste places in the zones of desolation but rear a new spirit of freedom by teaching higher ideals in our schools. Fondly do we hope, fervently do we pray, that this mighty source of war may speedily pass away. Yet if God wills that it continue until all the wealth piled up by the bondman's two hundred and fifty thousand years of unrequited toil shall be sunk, and until every drop of blood drawn by the lash shall be paid by another drawn with the sword, so still must it be said 'The judgments of the Lord are true and righteous altogether.'"

COLUMBIA IS CLOSED TO PACIFIST JUNIOR

Justice Mullan Refuses Mandamus to Samson Because "He Is a Menace."

Leon Samson, the Columbia University junior who asked Supreme Court Justice Mullan for a mandamus order compelling the university authorities to rescind their action expelling him because he said, "I hate as we hate the German Kaiser we hate still more the American Kaiser" in a speech delivered last June, failed to get his order. But he drew from the court some sharp comments because of his sentiments and a declaration that he would be a "menace" to the university if permitted to return to that institution.

Justice Mullan incorporated in his opinion the news story which appeared in THE NEW YORK TIMES concerning the public meeting at which Samson expressed the sentiments quoted above, and at which he also predicted a "draft revolution" in this country. The court based his ruling on an implied agreement by Samson when permitted to return to Columbia after a previous suspension to "comport himself in such a manner as not to destroy or interfere with the discipline, good order, and fair name of the university." The court then said:

"By common consent of civilized mankind through the ages, not the least important of the functions of a school or college has been to instill and sink down into the minds of the students love of truth and love of country. Does language of the sort used by the plaintiff in public meetings make him a real or political menace to the morals of the student body and blot on the good name and fame of the honored university whose degree he seeks?"

THE SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

Registration Figures Show Drop In City's Total of Pupils.

The City Superintendent made public yesterday the following comparison of registers on Sept. 12, 1917, and Sept. 27, 1916:

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.

	Sept. 12, 1917.	Sept. 27, 1916.	Increase.
Manhattan	276,041	278,661	*8,620
Bronx	108,242	106,962	1,281
Brooklyn	287,653	287,806	*153
Queens	66,579	64,069	2,510
Richmond	16,458	15,675	783
Entire city	748,915	752,532	.....

*Decrease.

HIGH SCHOOLS.

	Sept. 12, 1917.	Sept. 27, 1916.	Increase.
Manhattan	25,983	26,618	*635
Bronx	8,352	7,957	395
Brooklyn	28,047	26,906	*1,139
Queens	7,552	7,404	*52
Richmond	1,353	1,446	*93
Entire city	71,087	72,811	.....

*Decrease.

There is a decrease in the elementary and truant schools of 1,417 part-time pupils since Sept. 27, 1916, and of 5,917 part-time pupils in the high schools.

RUSH STANDS FOR PEACE.

That Is, Surveyor Tells Employes, as Much as Any Irishman Is.

Thomas E. Rush, Surveyor of the Port, and candidate for the nomination for Supreme Court Justice in the Democratic primaries addressed the Summer Night's Festival of the Surveyor's Customs Welfare Association at the Manhattan Casino, Eighth Avenue and 155th Street, last night. The organization was established two years ago by men in the Customs service as a welfare movement. Surveyor Rush said:

"Today we see the world everywhere in revolt in the cause of democracy as against autocracy. Military and even political ties are being waged in the same cause, and the universal battle cry seems to be, 'Make the world safe for democracy,' but you and I naturally prefer peace. In fact, notwithstanding my belligerent activities during the past few weeks, I am a very peaceful citizen myself—that is, as fond of peace as any Irishman ought to be. We, in the Surveyor's office and in our welfare League, are doing our share in the formation of this real democracy which has fired the universe with the flame of its enthusiasm. We commend our plan and our organization to all other branches of the public service as a fine example of what can be accomplished by the introduction of the human element into the relations between employers and their subordinates."

Evening Courses In Accounting

The School of Commerce of New York University has maintained unquestioned leadership in accounting instruction for seventeen years. It was established by men of broad vision. They knew that an accountant's training should cover more than mere technique. He must know the fundamentals of business. He must be able to see beyond the accounting department into the broader phases of business relations.

This breadth of training explains the rapid advancement of our graduates into executive positions.

Wide Range of Subjects

Instruction in 170 subjects is given by a faculty of over 100. Accounting study is accompanied by a well correlated training in economics, law, finance, organization, management, marketing correspondence, insurance and many other fields of business.

Evening Courses

The four-year evening or three-year day course leads to degree of Bachelor of Commercial Science. Men and women over 21 years may be admitted as special students if not graduates of a high school.

Call, write or telephone for catalog No. 918.

Secretary, New York University, School of Commerce, Accounts and Finance.

82 Waverly Place, N. Y.

AIRCRAFT PROTEST DISAPPEARS IN MAIL

Aeronautical Society Asks Government to Trace Missing Documents.

ALL WERE MAILED HERE

Lost Article Sent to Congressmen Complained of So-Called Airplane Trust.

Nearly 900 copies of the Journal of the Aeronautical Society of America, containing the society's protest against Governmental sanction of the Manufacturers' Aircraft Association, which the society considers a trust, have been lost in the mails. They were posted on last Tuesday and about half of them were addressed to members of Congress, before which the society intends to demand a full investigation of the association's formation.

So far officials of the society have been unable to trace the missing documents or to obtain a satisfactory explanation from the Post Office Department as to why, and how, they went astray. In the absence of proof no officer of the society is willing to believe that the Government intentionally interfered with the posting of these documents, but Frederick W. Barker, President of the society, sent this telegram yesterday to Postmaster General Burleson in Washington:

"Sept. 11 Federal Printing Company here mailed 887 copies of protest against formation under Government auspices of aircraft trust, issued by this society. Apparently entire shipment has disappeared. Of this shipment about half addressed to Congressmen. Beg immediate investigation and report. Wish respectfully to point out it is very strange that a protest against a trust promoted by Government offices disappears in the mails, and consider such interference with legitimate correspondence of this society, if intentional, grossly unwarranted and illegal."

Before authorizing the telegram the society had investigated here in New York. The documents were mailed at the main Post Office at the Pennsylvania Station, and officials there, although they professed to know nothing of the missing pamphlets, asserted that all matter received by them on last Tuesday had gone out through the mails in the regular way.

Inquiries were sent to numerous persons to whom the journals had been addressed in different parts of the country, and when replies had been received from many of them it was learned that documents had never been received. The telegram to Mr. Burleson was determined upon. Mr. Barker said last night:

"We are entirely in the dark and don't know what to do. The Post Office may receive a satisfactory explanation from Mr. Burleson. It is certainly very strange. These protests were addressed to members of the Aeronautical Society all over the country, and also to members of the House of Representatives and to the newspapers. Two hundred copies inclosed in letters were sent from the office of the society, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, to United States Senators at Washington and others, and, so far as we know, all of them were delivered.

"In my opinion it is very singular that 887 circulars of printed matter could be done up in a mail bag and disappear entirely without leaving any trace after being left at the General Post Office in the proper way. When Friday came and nothing had been heard of the delivery of the copies of the protest we took the matter up with the Assistant Postmaster here and he said that he would investigate it. As he had not communicated with the society since, I telephoned to him today and he said that the bag had not been traced so far but he hoped to find it shortly. It is possible that the bag has been mislaid somewhere and may turn up shortly and clear up the mystery."

FINANCIAL MISSION COMING FROM JAPAN

Baron Megata to Head Body of Business Men on Visit to America.

TOKIO, Thursday, Sept. 13.—Japan will send to the United States next month an official commission composed of financiers and business men who will study war time finance and promote business and economic relations between Japan and America. Baron Tanetaro Megata will be Chief Commissioner, and he will be accompanied by experts from the Ministries of Finance and Commerce as well as by four Commissioners representing the commercial life of the empire.

The entrance of America into the war is regarded as creating a new era in things in the world of finance and industry, and Japan wishes to adapt herself to the new conditions. Baron Megata says that the commission will aim at finding means of practical co-operation with America in all ways possible. The commission will visit New York and Washington to consult with Government officials and financiers.

Declares Indiana Suffrage Act Void.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 17.—The Indiana woman suffrage law was declared unconstitutional and void by a Judge of the Marion County Superior Court today. The decision was given in a suit to test the law. Arrangements are being made to appeal immediately to the Indiana Supreme Court to obtain a final decision before the municipal elections in November. The County Court refused to issue a restraining order to prevent women from registering pending a decision of the higher court.

Skin trouble costs many a man his job

No matter how efficient a man may be, if he has a sick skin, there are positions in which he cannot be tolerated. He may know that it is not in the least contagious, but *other* people are afraid, they avoid him, and he must make way for a man with a clear, healthy skin. Why run this risk, when

Resinol

Ointment and Resinol Soap relieve itching and clear the skin so quickly and easily?

All druggists sell Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap.

PENNSYLVANIA TELLS OF TAXICAB TROUBLES

Vice President, It Says, Decided Westcott Company Was Only One to Give Satisfaction.

Following testimony given yesterday before the Public Service Commission by A. J. County, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, concerning the exclusive privilege given to the Westcott Express Company to operate taxicabs in the railroad's terminal in this city, the company sent out a statement embodying Mr. County's testimony and replying to the complaint previously made by the Black and White Cab Company. This company asserted that it had a contract for exclusive service at the terminal in consideration of a payment of $12,000 a year, and that this agreement was rescinded when the cab company refused to withdraw its service from Philadelphia, leaving a clear field to the Quaker City Cab Company.

In its statement the railroad explained that since its terminal in this city was opened, late in 1910, it had unsatisfactory dealings with several taxicab companies.

A "proposed contract" was submitted on May 9, 1917, by the Black and White Company and its execution authorized, the statement said. The question was discussed at several meetings of the railroad officials, and finally the Directors notified Vice President Atterbury, who is now in France, not to let the receipt of a commission stand in the way of good service. Then the statement adds:

"As Mr. Atterbury explained the matter to the Directors, he felt that to be assured beyond question of a reliable and permanent taxicab service, there was at present only one company in the City of New York qualified to give it, and that was the Westcott Express Company. Mr. Atterbury explained that that company firmly declined to pay any commission for the privilege, stating that it was not possible to give the service required by the public and make a profit and pay a commission."

The Public Service Commission questioned only Mr. County yesterday and then announced an adjournment until today.

IN DEBT ON $25,000 A YEAR.

Mrs. Florman Gets $120,000 to Pay Up With.

Because Mrs. Olga Kohler Florman, daughter of the late Charles Kohler, piano manufacturer, and wife of Nils Florman, now a jewelry salesman, has gone into debt while trying to live on $25,000 a year, Surrogate Cohalan signed an order yesterday directing the trustees of the estate to pay Mrs. Florman $120,000 from the accumulated income of the estate. The total surplus income is $1,278,159.

In explaining why $25,000 does not pay her bills, Mrs. Florman said her husband earns only $60 a week, and that she is compelled to support her three-year-old son. She paid $2,000 a month for a cottage at Sands Point, L. I., $5,000 for her apartment at 777 Madison Avenue, and employs three servants, a governess for her son, and a chauffeur.

ENSIGN MARRIES IN HASTE.

F. T. Hunter, U. S. N., Weds Helen Berry Three Days After Graduation.

The marriage of Francis Townsend Hunter, an Ensign in the United States Navy, and son of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen C. Hunter of Premium Point Park, New Rochelle, and Miss Helen Douglas Berry, the daughter of Mrs. Edward Berry of 4 Neptune Avenue, New Rochelle, took place last evening at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. E. Irving Hanson, at Beechmont Park.

The bride, in white satin and point applique lace, was attended by Mrs. Sidney W. Goldsmith as matron of honor, and her little niece, Miss Dorothy Houghton Hanson, was the flower girl. Stuart Ketchum and E. Irving Hanson, Jr., were the ushers, and Sidney E. Goldsmith was the best man.

Ensign Hunter has been graduated from Annapolis, married, and is now on his honeymoon within a week. He was graduated from Cornell, where he was captain of the freshman crew team last year, and went into business in Wall Street, this city.

When war was declared he enlisted in the Naval Reserve and was chosen as one of the honor men to attend the special session at Annapolis. He was graduated on Sept. 14 with the first Officers' Reserve Class and received his commission as Ensign. On his return from his wedding journey Ensign Hunter will report for service on one of the super-dreadnaughts.

Miss Boylan Weds C. A. Fallon.

Miss Margaret Angela Mary Boylan of 40 Willow Drive, Mount Vernon, N. Y., was married there yesterday morning at a nuptial mass in the Church of the Blessed Sacrament to Clarence A. Fallon of New Rochelle. The ceremony was performed by her brother, the Rev. Philip I. Boylan of the Church of St. Charles Borromeo, West 141st Street, New York City, who was assisted by the Rev. R. Eustace and the Rev. Anthony Ruthlauff of New Rochelle.

The bride was attended by her sister, Mrs. William Joseph H. Thompson, and Miss Marie Louise Thompson as flower girl.

Albert Pollock Fallon was the best man, and the ushers were Francis X. Fallon, Assistant Corporation Counsel of New Rochelle; Richard Fallon, John Galligan, and Thomas F. Connolly.

Turkenton-Wright.

Announcement has been made of the marriage of Miss Helen Wright, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Wright of Mayfield, Ky., and William James Turkenton of Washington, D. C., which took place last Saturday in this city, the Rev. John T. Myers of Mayfield officiating. After spending their honeymoon in the Adirondacks, the couple will be at home at 1,316 New Hampshire Avenue, N. W., Washington. The bride attended the Castle School at Tarrytown.

TO WOMEN INVESTORS

If you have funds for investment we offer and recommend

The Two-Year 6% Secured Notes

of a well known Eastern Public Utility Corporation, serving an extensive industrial territory.

These notes come in denominations of $100, $500 and $1,000.

Price to Yield 6¾%

If you are interested, write for "Letter R," which we have specially prepared for women investors.

WOMEN'S DEPARTMENT
Alice Carpenter
Matilda Spence Mrs. Jacob A. Riis

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street, New York.
London Paris

B. R. NEWTON CHOSEN FOR PORT COLLECTOR

Assistant Secretary of Treasury to Succeed Malone, Who Bids His Subordinates Good-Bye.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—President Wilson today decided to appoint Byron R. Newton, now Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, to be Collector of Customs of the Port of New York, to succeed Dudley Field Malone, who resigned because of dissatisfaction over the attitude of the Wilson Administration toward the militant suffragist pickets, who were sent to the workhouse for obstructing traffic by unfurling banners in front of the White House gates. The nomination of Mr. Newton for the Collectorship was signed by the President this afternoon and will be sent to the Senate this week, probably with that of Mr. Malone's resignation was accepted today.

The choice of Mr. Newton was made on the personal recommendation of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, who saw the President today in Mr. Newton's behalf. His appointment will save the Administration possible embarrassment over showing which side it favors in the Mayoralty campaign in New York this year. Mr. Newton has not been aligned with either faction in the Democratic Party in the city, and while his sympathies have been with the independent element headed by Mayor Mitchel, he has not taken any prominent part in politics.

Assistant Secretary Newton has charge of the Treasury Department administration of public buildings, the Public Health Service, and the Coast Guard. He came to Wasnington with Mr. McAdoo when the latter was appointed Secretary of the Treasury, and served for a while as private secretary. Afterward he was appointed Assistant Secretary. Prior to his Washington experience he had been associated with Mr. McAdoo in the latter's business connection with the McAdoo tunnels, and in the Democratic preconvention campaign of 1914 and 1912 he had worked with Mr. McAdoo to bring about the nomination of Mr. Wilson for President. In the Presidential campaign of 1912 he was an assistant to Joseph P. Tumulty in conducting the personal work of the Wilson campaign.

Mr. Newton is by profession a newspaper man. In his connection with The Associated Press he was a war correspondent in Cuba in 1898. For nine years he was the Albany correspondent of The Buffalo Evening News, and for eight years he was on the staff of The New York Herald.

After receiving a letter yesterday from President Wilson accepting his recent resignation, Collector Malone formally turned his office over to Cornelius Stuart, Special Deputy Collector, who will continue as Acting Collector until the President fills the vacancy. At noon several hundred customs employes gathered in the French lodge room for good-bye. Mr. Malone made a short speech, in which he reiterated the views embodied in his letter of resignation.

"We cannot have real democracy in this country so long as one-fifth of its population is denied the franchise," he said, "and I hope our Government, by the passage of the Federal suffrage amendment, will enfranchise the women of this country. On this issue I stand, and for this result I shall work with all my heart and energy."

Mr. Malone declined to make public the President's letter or his own reply to it.

TO DISCUSS STANDARD LOAF

Bakers and Millers in Chicago to Consider War Problem.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—More than 2,000 master bakers, grain dealers and millers assembled here today to attend the convention of the Master Bakers' Association to attempt to solve the bread problem in conjunction with Food Administrator Hoover. Beginning tomorrow morning the convention, which will last throughout the week, will take up the problem of the future price of bread, the adulteration of bread, and the means of getting raw material from the farmers.

The question of a standard loaf of sixteen ounces and a standard price for it, is dividing the delegates. Administrator Hoover, who had been in conference with the council of breadmakers in Washington, is said to favor the standard size and price. The council will report to the convention on Wednesday the result of their conference with the food commissioner.

"We intend to co-operate with the Government," President McDonald said today. "We can profit by the experience of European nations during this war in relation to bread. One problem is adulteration. They adopted adulteration in Europe, but we believe that the quality of the bread should be maintained, at least until we are forced to that a shortage in the supply of wheat will make adulteration necessary."

Speaking on the subject of the standard loaf and the standard price, President McDonald said:

"If we adopt a standard weight and a standard price for the loaf, the fluctuating cost of materials will create confusion. Unless prices of materials can be fixed, it seems impossible to fix a price on a standard weight. Either the price or the weight must fluctuate with the changing cost of materials."

Jay Burns of Omaha, former President of the National Bakers' Association, speaking on the future cost of bread, said:

"The 5-cent loaf is a thing of the past. The overhead expenses of making a 5-cent loaf is as great as making a larger loaf. Consider the cost of materials other than flour that go into bread—lard, sugar, and other ingredients at the present market prices. Bakers can fix the 5-cent loaf at 6 cents if they could. The profit on it was finally not enough to pay for the paper that wrapped it. How many bakers do you suppose failed last year? About 4,000 out of a total of 30,000 in the country."

The question of the supply of wheat and the supposed shortage in the Chicago and Eastern markets was discussed by early arrivals at the convention. A report that farmers were not shipping wheat because elevator men were classifying No. 1 wheat as No. 3, and offering only $1.80 a bushel, was not confirmed by the local representative of Food Administrator Hoover.

Brown-Stuart Engagement.

The Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Arthur Judson Brown of 1,261 Madison Avenue, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Agnes Mildred Brown, to Harold Coe Stuart, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Marshall Stuart of 40 East Thirty-ninth Street. Miss Brown's father is Secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church in the United States. Mr. Stuart is a graduate of Princeton, class of '14. No date has been set for the wedding.

DR. LEWIS A. STIMSON, NOTED SURGEON, DIES

Professor in Cornell Medical College and Author of Standard Works Expires at 74.

Dr. Lewis Atterbury Stimson, Professor of Surgery in Cornell Medical College, died last night at his Sumner home at Shinnecock Hills, L. I., in his seventy-fifth year. He had shown no signs of illness, and his death occurred suddenly. Dr. Stimson was the author of several standard works on surgery. He was the father of Henry L. Stimson, former Secretary of War.

Dr. Stimson was born at Paterson, N. J., in August, 1844, the son of Henry C. and Julia M. Atterbury Stimson. He obtained his education at Yale College, from which he was graduated in 1863, and the Bellevue Medical College in this city. During the civil war he served as a member of the staff of General Terry before Petersburg, Va.

Since the outbreak of the European War Dr. Stimson had made two visits to the battle front on missions of relief. He was interested especially in the care of French orphans and was a member of several French societies devoted to this work.

Dr. Stimson was the author of "A Treatise on Dislocations," "A Treatise on Fractures," and "Operative Surgery." He had written extensively on subjects of a general literary character as well, being the translator of Lacombe's "History of France." He was a member of the American Surgical Society, the New York Medical Society, the County Medical Society and the Medical-Surgical Society, the Century Club, the New York Yacht Club, and the Loyal Legion.

Dr. Stimson left a daughter, Miss Candace C. Stimson, and a son, Henry L. Stimson. The Rev. Henry A. Stimson, pastor of the Madison Avenue Congregational Church, Broadway and Seventy-sixth Street, is a brother.

Giuseppe Vitale, Old Violinist.

Giuseppe Vitale, a noted violinist of a generation ago and a collector of Stradivarius violins, died on Sunday at his home, 61 Kosciusko Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Vitale was a pupil of Ole Bull and in his time was acquainted with some of the world's famous men and musicians, including Sarasate and Wieniawski. He was also a friend of Longfellow and Beecher and had played for McKinley and Roosevelt. He owned the only two Stradivarius violins in Brooklyn, one of them having been handed down in the family for 150 years and being valued at $12,000. He also owned two Amatis and some instruments manufactured by Vuillaume and Bodio.

Commander J. H. Hetherington.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17.—Commander James H. Hetherington, U. S. N., retired, for many years a Governor of the United States Naval Home in this city, died last night at his home, in his sixty-first year. Commander Hetherington was born in Iowa, and was appointed to the Naval Academy at Annapolis in 1874. While a resident of Yokonama, Japan, in 1892, Commander Hetherington, then a Lieutenant in the navy, shot and killed George Gower Robinson, an English banker, who had paid attention to Mrs. Hetherington. He was acquitted on trial.

George M. Wright Dies.

George M. Wright, lawyer and banker, died suddenly yesterday at his apartment in the Hotel Royalton, 44 West Forty-fourth Street, from heart disease. Mr. Wright was formerly Deputy Attorney General of New York State. Later he became attorney for the A. T. Stewart estate and President of the First National Bank of Orwell, Vt., his native town.

Mr. Wright was a Trustee of Middlebury College, Vt., and recently received an honorary degree of LL. D. from this institution.

Obituary Notes.

Dr. CHARLES O. SAHLER, well-known psychopathist and head of a large sanitarium in Kingston, N. Y., that bears his name, died there last night. He was 63 years old.

PATRICK WHELAN, for more than thirty-five years connected with Bloomingdale Brothers, died yesterday, in his eighty-fourth year. He retired several years ago.

CLARENCE P. FIELD died at his home, 278A Cooper Street, Brooklyn, after a long illness. He was a member of the Zaradatha Lodge, Masonic order.

ABRAHAM B. BRENNER, a lawyer with offices at 302 Broadway and a prominent figure on the east side, died in Mount Sinai Hospital yesterday. Mr. Brenner, who was 37 years old, was a former Deputy Assistant Attorney General, and two years ago was a candidate for the Assembly on the Democratic ticket. He was a member of the Jefferson Club and a member of the United independent Young Men's Lodge, I. O. B. A. No. 676 and the Young Men's Benevolent Society. He lived at 748 East Fifth Street.

GEORGE ENDICOTT PERKINS, Treasurer of the Bigelow-Hartford Carpet Company of this city, died yesterday at Roosevelt Hospital in his fifty-eighth year. Mr. Perkins was prominent in the city, son of Charles Lawrence Perkins and Elisabeth West Perkins.

JOHN GODDARD STEARNS, a prominent architect of Boston, Mass., died yesterday at Duxbury, Mass. He was graduated from Harvard College in 1863, and was a Fellow of the American Institute of Architects.

JOHN DOWNEY, 74 years old, a retired business man of Newton, N. J., died at his home in that town.

The Rev. GEORGE J. DUSOLD, a distinguished member of the Redemptorist Order, died on Sunday at St. Francis's Hospital, Jersey City, in his 50th year.

EDMUND NASH MORGAN, founder of the Morgan-Root Company, dry goods merchants of Cleveland, Ohio, and prominently connected with other dry goods concerns, died in Cleveland on Sunday.

Mrs. EVA PURDY ROYCE, wife of the Rev. Monroe Royce, pastor of St. Thomas's Church, New Windsor-on-Hudson, died there on Saturday.

Mrs. JULIA Z. GRAY, widow of George S. Gray, died yesterday at the Memorial Home for the Aged at Montclair, N. J., within nine days of her fifty-fifth year.

KRISTEN TANGEN, an architect, for many years with Warren & Wetmore, died yesterday at his home, 112 West Ninety-fifth Street, in his sixtieth year.

MICHAEL BOYLE, 78 years old, a retired iron and metal dealer for many years in business in the Red Hook section of Brooklyn, died on Saturday at his home, 20 Third Street.

HAROLD J. DOWDEN, a lawyer with offices at 26 Court Street, Brooklyn, and active in Democratic politics for many years, died at his home, 1,192 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He was 31 years old, and was associated in business with former Senator Thomas C. Whitlock.

Mrs. ELLA BAKER LOCKWOOD, 69 years old, wife of Charles A. Lockwood, a builder and former owner of the Jamaica Water Supply Company plant, died from pneumonia on Saturday at her home, 67 Bergen Avenue, Jamaica. She was born in Wheeling, West Va.

JOHN PFUHL, for many years in the cake and bakery business, died on Saturday at his home, 844 Bergen Street, Brooklyn. He was 74 years old.

HELEN HIMROD, wife of John D. Himrod, a retired mariner, died at her home, 1,257 Carroll Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday. She was 65 years old.

WILLIAM WALLACE MELVIN, for fifty-one years in the employ of the New Jersey Zinc Company and a resident of Brooklyn for nearly half a century, died on Sunday at his home, 284 Park Place, Brooklyn, in his seventy-sixth year.

JOHN C. PINK, 68 years old, a stock broker in Manhattan, died at his home, 1,425 President Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Pink was in his sixty-eighth year, and was formerly a member of the old Wall Street firm of Weaver, Harris & Co. He was a member of the old Brooklyn Union League Club and Acanthus Lodge, F. and A. M.

Binner Paris Corset

561 FIFTH AVENUE (at 46th St.)

CUSTOM-MADE. The only corset which gives the fashionable slender effect, while suggesting alluringly the supple, natural waist-line. Assures a youthful figure with perfect comfort.

MADAME BINNER, creator of corset modes, gives her personal attention to every fitting.

SISTERS HAD HAD NO FOOD.

Suspected of Having Taken Poison, They Were Really Starving.

Detective William Roddy of the Sixth Branch Detective Bureau, who has been investigating the case of Edna Williams, 28 years old, and her sister Anna, 30 years, who were reported to have attempted suicide on Saturday night, said yesterday that they were suffering from hunger and did not take poison.

The sisters were found unconscious by another sister, Eleanor, on her return from work to their home at 210 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. They were removed to the Kings County Hospital. According to Roddy, the three women had been living for two months on the earnings of Eleanor. The oldest sister, Anna, remained at home, taking care of Edna, who is an invalid.

"The girls' parents," he said, "died in Newark two months ago and left them without any money. They came to Brooklyn to live, and Eleanor got a job in a department store at $7 a week and paid $2 a week for their room. They have been slowly starving and saying nothing about it. They will get better, and friends are taking care of them now."

The Character of Management

in Real Estate is the vital point. Almost any one can collect rents, but it takes an experienced organization to cope with the bigger problems of ownership to-day.

Wm. A. White & Sons
Established 1868
46 Cedar Street
Telephone 5700 John

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Greetings.

COHEN.—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob D. Cohen, 1,200 Madison Av., wish to extend to their relatives and friends heartiest wishes for a happy and prosperous New Year.

COHEN.—Dr. Harry Cohen, 64 East 34 St., New York, wishes his friends a happy New Year.

FELDSTEIN.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Feldstein, 725 Riverside Drive, wish their relatives and friends a happy and prosperous New Year.

KONIGSBERG.—Mr. and Mrs. Jack Konigsberg and son of 660 West 180th wish friends and relatives a happy New Year.

LUXENBERG.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Luxenberg and family, 914 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, wish their friends and relatives a happy New Year.

NOVECK.—Mr. and Mrs. S. Noveck of 270 Riverside Drive wish their relatives and friends a happy and prosperous New Year.

SHAPIRO.—Mr. and Mrs. Joe Shapiro of the firm of Levinson & Shapiro of 98 Canal St. and 57 West 110th St., city, wish all their relatives and friends a happy New Year.

SHIDLOVSKY.—Mr. and Mrs. Morris Shidlovsky, 1,455 Lexington Av., wish their relatives and friends a very happy New Year.

Engaged.

POND—TITUS.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Elwood Titus of Plainfield, N. J., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Ruth, to Mr. David Stirling Pond of Pomfret, Conn., formerly of Plainfield.

Married.

CRUGER—NESBITT.—On Sept. 17, 1917, at Spartanburg, S. C., Pinna Nesbit, daughter of the late Captain William A. Nesbit of the British Army of Toronto, Canada, and Lieutenant Frederic Hasenclever Cruger, by Rev. W. H. K. Pendleton.

MELE—TASCALE.—Lucy Tascale of 19 King St., to Emilio Mele on Sept. 16, 1917.

RUNK — FAIRCHILD.—At White Sulphur Springs, Va., on Sept. 15, by the Rev. A. B. Livermore, Marie Lillis Fairchild to Marshall H. Runk.

Died.

BAER.—Dora, age 61, on Monday, Sept. 17, 1.30 P. M. Funeral Wednesday, Sept. 19, 10:30 A. M., 2,206 Wallbrook Av., Baltimore, Md.

BARRY.—Mrs. Mary T., suddenly, at her residence, 31 7th Av., New Brighton, S. I. Funeral Thursday, 9:30 A. M., from St. Peter's Church.

BLANDY.—Elwood Beaumont, beloved husband of Annie Sturges, on Sept. 16, 1917, of pneumonia, at his residence, The Colonnade, 19 Washington Place. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BRENNER.—The members of the Jefferson Club and the County Committee of the Sixth Assembly District are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of their late fellow-member Abraham B. Brenner on Tuesday, Sept. 18, at 2 P. M., from his late residence, 748 East 5th St.

DAVID LAZARUS, Executive Member.

BRESLAUER.—On Sept. 15, Bernard M., beloved husband of Helen (nee Kaiserman) and son of Adolf and Pricia Breslauer. Services from the Masonic Grand Lodge Room, 46 West 24th st., Tuesday afternoon, 1:30 o'clock. Interment Mount Nebo, Cypress Hills.

BRESLAUER.—Brethren of Pacific Lodge 253, F. and A. M., are earnestly requested to attend Masonic funeral services of our late brother, Bernard M. Breslauer, at Masonic Hall, 50 West 24th St., on Tuesday afternoon, Sept. 18, at 1:30 o'clock.

TROY ALEXANDER, Master.
EDWARD C. WHITE, Secretary.

BROCKIE.—Suddenly, William Brockie, infant son of Edward S. and Dorothy R. Brockie, aged 2 years 10, at Englewood, N. J. Services private.

CARPENTER.—Suddenly, on Sunday, Sept. 16, 1917, Henry Bernard Carpenter, husband of Kathryn R. Carpenter, in his 38th year. Funeral services will be held at his home, 904 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, at 8 P. M.

CUMMISKEY.—On Saturday, Sept. 15, Thomas F., of 19 East 128th St. Requiem mass Tuesday morning, at 10:30 o'clock, at All Saints' Church, Madison Av. and 129th St. Interment Calvary.

DONNELLY.—On Sept. 15, after a lingering illness, our beloved sister, May R., daughter of the late John J. and Bridget Donnelly. Funeral from her late residence, 117 Featherbed Lane, Bronx, on Tuesday morning, Sept. 18. Requiem mass at 10 A. M., Church of Holy Spirit, University and Burnside Avs.

DUFFY.—It is with profound sorrow that we learn of the death of our friend and brother, Terence Duffy. The members of the Tammany Hall District Committee and the Huron Club, of the First Assembly District, are respectfully requested to assemble at his late residence, 628 West 159th St., on Tuesday morning, Sept. 18, 1917, at 9:30 o'clock, and to proceed in a body to the Church of the Annunciation, 121st St. and Convent Av., where the requiem services will take place.

FRANK J. RAHREN,
Chairman of the District Committee.
THOMAS

RABBIS SOUND NOTE OF LOYALTY HERE

Jewish Soldiers Attend Services from Camps Around New York.

ELKUS MAKES AN APPEAL

Holiday Made an Occasion for Great Outpouring of Patriotism in Synagogues and Temples.

The duty confronting every Jew in the United States to be loyal to the Government in the war and to refrain from all agitations tending to embarrass its successful prosecution was the dominant note of sermons and speeches delivered by Jewish leaders here yesterday in commemoration of Rosh ha-Shanah, the declared before the end of the year.

Eight hundred Jews in the Rainbow Division of the army at Camp Mills, Hempstead, L. I., received furloughs to enable them to attend New Year services. The B'nai Israel, which worships in Brooklyn Hall, Freeport, and the synagogue at Rockville Centre, had extended invitations to the men through Major Gen. Mann, and many of those whose homes are in other States accepted. Most of those who live in New York City, however, returned here for divine services. Major Gen. Mann will also grant furloughs to the men for the observance of the Day of Atonement. Leave will start on Sept. 25 at noon and expire on the morning of Sept. 27.

More than 200 soldiers in uniform attended the services at the Institutional Synagogue, 110th Street and Fifth Avenue. They came from cantonments and from military stations in the city.

Abram I. Elkus, ex-Ambassador to Turkey, one of the speakers, prefaced his remarks by expressing the hope that peace would be declared before the end of the year. His address, like the sermons of the Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman at Temple Beth-El, the Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman at Temple Emanu-El, and the Rev. Dr. M. H. Harris, at Temple Israel, emphasized the great opportunity presented by the war to all classes of citizens for faithful service to the nation.

Mr. Elkus spoke at the Community Building, 163d Street and Southern Boulevard, at services conducted under the direction of the Free Synagogue.

"I bring to my fellow-countrymen a message from a land steeped in sorrow and desolation," he said. "One year ago today, I attended services in Constantinople. It is a synagogue over 500 years old, and the contrast between my surroundings then and now make a deep impression upon me. In Turkey I was surrounded by people on the verge of starvation and suffering untold hardships as the result of the war. Today I am standing in the land of sunshine, where all men are free, enjoying the glory that comes of liberty.

The Duty of the Jew.

"Every citizen of this country is expected to do his duty regardless of how he may feel toward warfare in general and the motives and principles involved. The Jew in America must assume his part in this great burden, gladly and willingly. When the war is brought to an end it will be the task of the nation to see that the sufferers abroad are properly cared for, and at this time every citizen should begin the noble work by leading a helping hand."

Dr. Schulman said in his sermon that the individual's highest duty now was to subordinate his private views to the views of the Government.

"There is only one same opinion today," he said. "It is that which urges us to grind ourselves singlemindedly as our nation, until America has made its influence felt and has won a real victory. The American people, in entering the war, have broken with certain old traditions. It has consented to become a world power, and to embrace within its vision the whole world and the interests of humanity. Therefore, the whole nation of a hundred million people is committed to a victory for America—a victory which means nothing selfish, but which means a substantial and independent exertion of power on behalf of what is right, and hastening of the world's peace.

"I have no sympathy with any movement which today would seek to harrass the Government. I do not see any wisdom in mass meetings which would compel our nation, before it is wise and opportune, to give a definite program of our aims. I do believe we should face facts and not content ourselves with phrases.

Loyalty the First Element.

"I believe, when the nation is at war, patriotism requires not agitation, but the inculcation of loyalty and national solidarity, even while the individual may still think freely and speak freely. At all events, we Jews, in accordance with the teaching of our Prophet Jeremiah, have always prayed for the land in which we live. Loyalty, then, is the first element in the higher law of our life."

Dr. Schulman added that no people can exist without making sacrifices, that he had always believed that the logic of democracy was universal military service and universal military training, and that the best education of the people was an education in duty and service.

"I have no doubt that the sons of Israel will show themselves worthy of their great history and of their unquestioned Americanism," he said. "We must sacrifice not only our lives, if necessary, but we must sacrifice our wealth. Now that we are in the war, we must not whine because of the price we are called upon to pay."

Dr. Schulman asserted that the greatest move for peace made thus far was the President's reply to the Pope.

Dr. Harris's text was "The War as a Judgment,' and he predicated it on the contention that defiance of moral law had brought on the war.

"It has remained for this age," he said, "to conduct war by firing on hospitals, sinking merchant ships freighted with human life, to introduce slavery among conquered peoples, and to let them perish by neglect and disease.

"Here are crimes before which even the warrior stands aghast. We must rebuild not only the waste places in the zones of desolation but rear a new spirit of freedom by teaching higher ideals in our schools. Fondly do we hope, fervently do we pray, that this mighty source of war may speedily pass away. Yet if God wills that it continue until all the wealth piled up by the bondman's two hundred and fifty thousand years of unrequited toil shall be sunk, and until every drop of blood drawn by the lash shall be paid by another drawn with the sword, so still must it be said 'The judgments of the Lord are true and righteous altogether.'"

COLUMBIA IS CLOSED TO PACIFIST JUNIOR

Justice Mullan Refuses Mandamus to Samson Because "He Is a Menace."

Leon Samson, the Columbia University junior who asked Supreme Court Justice Mullan for a mandamus order compelling the university authorities to rescind their action expelling him because he said "much as we hate the German Kaiser we hate still more the American Kaiser" in a speech delivered last June, failed to get his order. But he drew from the court some sharp comments because of his sentiments and a declaration that he would be a "menace" to the university if permitted to return to that institution.

Justice Mullan incorporated in his opinion the news story which appeared in THE NEW YORK TIMES concerning the public meeting at which Samson expressed the sentiments quoted above, and at which he also predicted a "draft revolution" in this country. The court based his ruling on an implied agreement by Samson when permitted to return to Columbia after a previous suspension to "comport himself in such a manner as not to destroy or interfere with the discipline, good order, and fair name of the university." The court then said:

"By common consent of civilized mankind through the ages, not the least important of the functions of a school or college has been to instill and sink down into the minds of the students love of truth and love of country. Does language of the sort used by the plaintiff at public meetings make him a real or political menace to the morals of the student body and blot on the good name and fame of the honored university whose degree he seeks?"

THE SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

Registration Figures Show Drop in City's Total of Pupils.

The City Superintendent made public yesterday the following comparison of registers on Sept. 12, 1917, and Sept. 27, 1916:

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.

	Sept. 12, 1917.	Sept. 27, 1916.	Increase.
Manhattan	276,011	278,631	*8,620
Bronx	108,243	106,392	1,851
Brooklyn	287,653	287,806	*153
Queens	66,570	64,060	2,510
Richmond	16,458	15,675	765
Entire city	748,915	752,552	.....

*Decrease.

HIGH SCHOOLS.

	Sept. 12, 1917.	Sept. 27, 1916.	Increase.
Manhattan	25,983	26,618	*635
Bronx	8,352	7,957	395
Brooklyn	28,047	29,166	*1,119
Queens	7,352	7,404	*52
Richmond	1,353	1,446	*93
Entire city	71,087	72,811	.....

*Decrease.

There is a decrease in the elementary and truant schools of 1,417 part-time pupils since Sept. 27, 1916, and of 5,917 part-time pupils in the high schools.

RUSH STANDS FOR PEACE.

That Is, Surveyor Tells Employes, as Much as Any Irishman Is.

Thomas E. Rush, Surveyor of the Port, and candidate for the nomination for Supreme Court Justice in the Democratic primaries addressed the Summer Night's Festival of the Surveyor's Customs Welfare Association at the Manhattan Casino, Eighth Avenue and 155th Street, last night. The organization was established two years ago by men in the Customs service as a welfare movement. Surveyor Rush said:

"Today we see the world everywhere in revolt in the cause of democracy as against autocracy. Military and even political battles are being waged in the same cause, and the universal battle cry seems to be 'Make the world safe for democracy,' but you and I naturally prefer peace. In fact, notwithstanding my belligerent activities during the past few weeks, I am a very peaceful citizen myself. But I am as fond of peace as any Irishman ought to be. We, in the Surveyor's Office and in our Welfare League, are doing our share in the formation of this real democracy which has fired the universe with the flame of its enthusiasm. We commend our plan and our organization to all other branches of the public service as a fine example of what can be accomplished by the introduction of the human element into the relations between employers and their subordinates."

Evening Courses In Accounting

The School of Commerce of New York University has maintained unquestioned leadership in accounting instruction for seventeen years. It was established by men of broad vision. They knew that an accountant's training should cover more than mere technique. He must know the fundamentals of business. He must be able to see beyond the accounting department into the broader phases of business relations.

This breadth of training explains the rapid advancement of our graduates into executive positions.

Wide Range of Subjects

Instruction in 170 subjects is given by a faculty of over 100. Accounting study is accompanied by a well correlated training in economics, law, finance, organization, management, marketing correspondence, insurance and many other fields of business.

Evening Courses

The four-year evening or three-year day course leads to degree of Bachelor of Commercial Science. Men and women over 21 years may be admitted as special students if not graduates of a high school.

Call, write or telephone for catalog No. 918.

Secretary, New York University, School of Commerce, Accounts and Finance.
82 Waverly Place, N. Y.

Skin trouble costs many a man his job

No matter how efficient a man may be, if he has a sick skin, there are positions in which he cannot be tolerated. He may know that it is not in the least contagious, but *other* people are afraid, they avoid him, and he must make way for a man with a clear, healthy skin. Why run this risk, when

Resinol

Ointment and Resinol Soap relieve itching and clear the skin so quickly and easily!

All druggists sell Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap.

AIRCRAFT PROTEST DISAPPEARS IN MAIL

Aeronautical Society Asks Government to Trace Missing Documents.

ALL WERE MAILED HERE

Lost Article Sent to Congressmen Complained of So-Called Airplane Trust.

Nearly 900 copies of the Journal of the Aeronautical Society of America, containing the society's protest against Governmental sanction of the Manufacturers' Aircraft Association, which the society considers a trust, have been lost in the mails. They were posted on last Tuesday and about half of them were addressed to members of Congress, before which the society intends to demand a full investigation of the association's formation.

So far officials of the society have been unable to trace the missing documents or to obtain a satisfactory explanation from the Post Office Department as to why, and how, they went astray. In the absence of proof no officer of the society is willing to believe that the Government intentionally inforced with the posting of these documents, but Frederick W. Barker, President of the society, sent this telegram yesterday to Postmaster General Burleson in Washington:

"Sept. 11 Federal Printing Company here mailed 887 copies of protest against formation under Government auspices of aircraft trust, issued by this society. Apparently entire shipment has disappeared. Of this shipment about half addressed to Congressmen. Beg immediate investigation and report. Wish respectfully to point out it is very strange that a protest against a trust promoted by Government offices disappears in the mails, and consider such interference with legitimate correspondence of this society, if intentional, grossly unwarranted and illegal."

Before authorizing the telegram the society had investigated here in New York. The documents were mailed at the main Post Office at the Pennsylvania Station, and officials there, although they professed to know nothing of the missing pamphlets, asserted that all matter received by them on last Tuesday had gone out through the mails in the regular way.

Inquiries were sent to numerous persons to whom the journals had been addressed in different parts of the country, and when replies had been received from many of these asserting that the documents had never been received the telegram to Mr. Burleson was determined upon. Mr. Barker said last night:

"We are entirely in the dark and don't know what to think. I hope we may receive a satisfactory explanation from Mr. Burleson. It is certainly very strange. These protests were addressed to members of the Aeronautical Society all over the country, and also to members of the House of Representatives and to the newspapers. Two hundred copies inclosed in letters were sent from the office of the society, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, to United States Senators at Washington and others, and, so far as we know, all of them were delivered.

"In my opinion it is very singular that 887 circulars of printed matter could be done up in a mail bag and disappear entirely without leaving any trace after being left at the General Post Office in the proper way. When Friday came and nothing had been heard of the delivery of the copies of the protest we took the matter up with the Assistant Postmaster here and he said that he would investigate it. As he had not communicated with the society since, I telephoned to him today and he replied that the bag had not been seen so far but he hoped to find it shortly. It is possible that the bag has been mislaid somewhere and may turn up shortly and clear up the mystery."

FINANCIAL MISSION COMING FROM JAPAN

Baron Megata to Head Body of Business Men on Visit to America.

TOKIO, Thursday, Sept. 13.—Japan will send to the United States next month an official commission composed of financiers and business men who will study war time finance and promote business and economic relations between Japan and America. Baron Tanetaro Megata will be Chief Commissioner, and he will be accompanied by experts from the Ministries of Finance and Commerce as well as by business commissioners representing the commercial life of the empire.

"The entrance of America into the war is regarded as creating a new order of things in the world of finance and industry, and Japan wishes to adapt herself to the new conditions. Baron Megata says that the commission will aim at finding means of practical cooperation with America in all ways possible. The commission will visit New York and Washington to consult with Government officials and financiers.

Declares Indiana Suffrage Act Void.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 17.—The Indiana woman suffrage law was declared unconstitutional and void by a Judge of the Marion County Superior Court today. The decision was given in a suit to test the law. Arrangements are being made to appeal immediately to the Indiana Supreme Court to obtain a final decision before the municipal elections in November. The County Court refused to issue a restraining order to prevent women from registering pending a decision of the higher court.

PENNSYLVANIA TELLS OF TAXICAB TROUBLES

Vice President, It Says, Decided Westcott Company Was Only One to Give Satisfaction.

Following testimony given yesterday before the Public Service Commission by A. J. County, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, concerning the exclusive privilege given to the Westcott Express Company to operate taxicabs in the railroad's terminal in this city, the company sent out a statement embodying Mr. County's testimony and replying to the complaint previously made by the Black and White Cab Company. This company asserted that it had a contract for exclusive service at the terminal in consideration of a payment of $12,000 a year, and that this agreement was rescinded when the cab company refused to withdraw its service from Philadelphia, leaving a clear field to the Quaker City Cab Company.

In its statement the railroad explained that since its terminal in this city was opened, late in 1910, it had unsatisfactory dealings with several taxicab companies.

A "proposed contract" was submitted on May 9, 1917, by the Black and White Company and its execution authorized, the statement said. The question was discussed at several meetings of the railroad officials, and finally the Directors notified Vice President Atterbury, who is now in France, not to let the receipt of a commission stand in the way of good service. Then the statement adds:

"As Mr. Atterbury explained the matter to the Directors, he felt that to be assured beyond question of a reliable and permanent taxicab service, there was at present only one company in the City of New York qualified to give it, and that was the Westcott Express Company. Mr. Atterbury explained that that company firmly declined to pay any commission for the privilege, stating that it was not possible to give the service required by the public and make a profit and pay a commission."

The Public Service Commission questioned only Mr. County yesterday and then announced an adjournment until today.

IN DEBT ON $25,000 A YEAR.

Mrs. Florman Gets $120,000 to Pay Up With.

Because Mrs. Olga Kohler Florman, daughter of the late Charles Kohler, piano manufacturer, and wife of Nils Florman, now a jewelry salesman, has gone into debt while trying to live on $25,000 a year, Surrogate Cohalan signed an order yesterday directing the trustees of the estate to pay Mrs. Florman $120,000 from the accumulated income of the estate. The total surplus income is $1,278,159.

In explaining why $25,000 does not pay her bills, Mrs. Florman said her husband earns only $60 a week and that she is compelled to support her three-year-old son. She paid $2,000 a month for a cottage at Sands Point, L. I., $500 for her apartment at 777 Madison Avenue, and employs three servants, a governess for her son, and a chauffeur.

ENSIGN MARRIES IN HASTE.

F. T. Hunter, U. S. N., Weds Helen Berry Three Days After Graduation.

The marriage of Francis Townsend Hunter, an Ensign in the United States Navy, and son of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen C. Hunter of Premium Point Park, New Rochelle, and Miss Helen Douglas Berry, the daughter of Mrs. Edward Berry of 4 Neptune Avenue, New Rochelle, took place last evening at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. E. Irving Hanson, at Beechmont Park.

The bride, in white satin and point applique lace, was attended by Mrs. Sidney W. Goldsmith as matron of honor, and her little niece, Miss Dorothy Houghton Hanson, was the flower girl. Stuart Ketchum and E. Irving Hanson, Jr., were the ushers, and Sidney E. Goldsmith was the best man.

Ensign Hunter has been graduated from Annapolis, married, and is now on his honeymoon within a week. He was graduated from Cornell, where he was Captain of the tennis and hockey teams, and he went at least until we are convinced Wall Street, this city.

When war was declared he enlisted in the Naval Reserve and was chosen as one of the honor men to attend the special session at Annapolis. He was graduated on Sept. 14 with the first Officers' Reserve Class and received his commission as Ensign. On his return from the long journey Ensign Hunter will report for service on one of the super-dreadnaughts.

Miss Boylan Weds C. A. Fallon.

Miss Margaret Angela Mary Boylan of 40 Willow Drive, Mount Vernon, N. Y., was married there yesterday morning at a nuptial mass in the Church of the Blessed Sacrament to Clarence A. Fallon of New Rochelle. The ceremony was performed by her brother, the Rev. Philip I. Boylan of the Church of St. Charles Borromeo, West 141st Street, New York City, who was assisted by the Rev. B. Eustace and the Rev. Anthony Ruthlauft of New Rochelle.

The bride was attended by her sister, Mrs. William Joseph H. Thompson, and Miss Marie Louise Thompson as flower girl.

Albert Pollock Fallon was the best man, and the ushers were Francis X. Fallon, Assistant Corporation Counsel of New Rochelle; Richard Fallon, John Galligan, and Thomas F. Connolly.

Turkenton-Wright.

Announcement has been made of the marriage of Miss Helen Wright, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Wright of Mayfield, Ky., and William James Turkenton of Washington, D. C., which took place last Saturday in this city, the Rev. John T. Myers of Mayfield officiating. After spending their honeymoon in the Adirondacks, the couple will be at home at 1,316 New Hampshire Avenue, N. W., Washington. The bride attended the Castle School at Tarrytown.

B. R. NEWTON CHOSEN FOR PORT COLLECTOR

Assistant Secretary of Treasury to Succeed Malone, Who Bids His Subordinates Good-Bye.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—President Wilson today decided to appoint Byron R. Newton, now Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, to be Collector of Customs of the Port of New York, to succeed Dudley Field Malone, who resigned because of dissatisfaction over the attitude of the Wilson Administration toward the militant suffragist picketers, who were sent to the workhouse for obstructing traffic by displaying banners in front of the White House gates. The nomination of Mr. Newton for the Collectorship was signed by the President this afternoon and will be sent to the Senate this week, probably tomorrow. Mr. Malone's resignation was accepted today.

The choice of Mr. Newton was made on the personal recommendation of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, who saw the President today in Mr. Newton's behalf. His appointment will save the Administration possible embarrassment over showing which side it favors in the Mayoralty campaign in New York this year. Mr. Newton has not been aligned with either faction in the Democratic Party in the city, and while his sympathies have been with the independent element headed by Mayor Mitchel, he has not taken any prominent part in politics.

Assistant Secretary Newton has charge of the Treasury Department administration of public buildings, the Public Health Service, and the Coast Guard. He came to Washington with Mr. McAdoo when the latter was appointed Secretary of the Treasury, and served for a while as private secretary. Afterward he was appointed Assistant Secretary. Prior to his Washington experience he had been associated with Mr. McAdoo in the latter's business connection with the McAdoo tunnels, and in the Democratic preconvention campaign of 1914 and 1912 had worked with Mr. McAdoo to bring about the nomination of Mr. Wilson for President. In the Presidential campaign of 1912 he was an assistant to Joseph P. Tumulty in conducting the personal work of the Wilson campaign.

Mr. Newton is by profession a newspaper man. In his connection with The Associated Press he was a war correspondent in Cuba in 1898. For nine years he was the Albany correspondent of The Buffalo Evening News, and for eight years he was on the staff of The New York Herald.

After receiving a letter yesterday from President Wilson accepting his recent resignation, Collector Malone formally turned his office over to Henry C. Stuart, Special Deputy Collector, who will continue as Acting Collector until the President fills the vacancy. At noon several hundred customs employes gathered in the Custom House to say goodbye. Mr. Malone made a short speech, in which he reiterated the views embodied in his letter of resignation.

"We cannot have real democracy in this country while one-half of its population is denied the franchise," he said, "and I hope our Government, by the passage of the Federal suffrage amendment, will enfranchise the women of this country. On this issue I stand, and for this result I shall work with all my heart and energy."

Mr. Malone declined to make public the President's letter or his own reply to it.

TO DISCUSS STANDARD LOAF

Bakers and Millers in Chicago to Consider War Problem.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—More than 2,000 master bakers, grain dealers and millers assembled here today to attend the convention of the Master Bakers' Association to attempt to solve the bread problem in conjunction with representatives of Food Administrator Hoover. Beginning tomorrow morning the convention, which will last throughout the week, will take up the problem of the future price of bread, the adulteration of bread, and the means of getting raw material from the farmers.

"The question of a standard loaf of sixteen ounces and a standard price for it, is dividing the delegates. Administrator Hoover, who has been in conference with the council of breadmakers in Washington, is said to favor the standard size and price. The council will report to the convention on Wednesday the result of their conference with the food commissioner.

"We intend to co-operate with the Government," President McDonald said today. "We can profit by the experience of European nations during this war in relation to bread. One problem is adulteration. They adopted adulteration in Europe, but we believe that the quality of the bread should be maintained, at least until we are convinced that a shortage in the supply of wheat will make adulteration necessary."

Speaking on the subject of the standard loaf and the standard price, President McDonald said:

"If we adopt a standard weight and a standard price for the loaf, the fluctuating cost of materials will create confusion. Unless prices of materials can be fixed, it seems impossible to fix a price on a standard weight. Either the price or the weight must fluctuate with the changing cost of materials."

Jay Burns of Omaha, former President of the National Bakers' Association, speaking on the future cost of bread, said:

"The 5-cent loaf is a thing of the past. The overhead expenses of making a 5-cent loaf is as great as in making a larger loaf. Increased cost of materials other than flour that go into bread—lard, sugar, and other ingredients—at the present market prices. Bakers held on to the 5-cent loaf as long as they could. The profit on it was finally not enough to pay for the wrapper in which it was wrapped it. How many bakers do you suppose failed last year? About 4,000 out of a total of 39,000 in the country."

The question of the supply of wheat and the supposed shortage in the Chicago and Eastern markets was discussed by early arrivals at the convention. A report that farmers were not shipping wheat because elevator men were classifying No. 1 wheat as No. 3, and offering only $1.80 a bushel, was not confirmed by the local representative of Food Administrator Hoover.

Brown-Stuart Engagement.

The Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Arthur Judson Brown of 1,261 Madison Avenue, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Agnes Mildred Brown, to Harold Coe Stuart, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Marshall Stuart of 40 East Thirty-ninth Street. Miss Brown's father is Secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church in the United States. Mr. Stuart is a graduate of Princeton, class of '14. No date has been set for the wedding.

TO WOMEN INVESTORS

If you have funds for investment we offer and recommend

The Two-Year 6% Secured Notes

of a well known Eastern Public Utility Corporation, serving an extensive industrial territory.

These notes come in denominations of $100, $500 and $1,000.

Price to Yield 6¾%

If you are interested, write for "Letter R," which we have specially prepared for women investors.

WOMEN'S DEPARTMENT
Alice Carpenter
Matilda Spence Mrs. Jacob A. Riis

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street, New York.
London Paris

DR. LEWIS A. STIMSON, NOTED SURGEON, DIES

Professor in Cornell Medical College and Author of Standard Works Expires at 74.

Dr. Lewis Atterbury Stimson, Professor of Surgery in Cornell Medical College, died last night at his Summer home at Shinnecock Hills, L. I., in his seventy-fifth year. He had shown no signs of illness, and his death occurred suddenly. Dr. Stimson was the author of several standard works on surgery. He was the father of Henry L. Stimson, former Secretary of War.

Dr. Stimson was born at Paterson, N. J., in August, 1844, the son of Henry C. and Julia M. Atterbury Stimson. He obtained his education at Yale College, from which he was graduated in 1863, and the Bellevue Medical College in this city. During the civil war he served as a member of the staff of General Terry before Petersburg, Va.

Since the outbreak of the European War Dr. Stimson had made two visits to the battle front on missions of relief. He was interested especially in the care of French orphans and was a member of several French societies devoted to this work.

Dr. Stimson was the author of "A Treatise on Dislocations," "A Treatise on Fractures," and "Operative Surgery." He had written extensively on subjects of a general literary character as well, being the translator of Lacombe's "History of France." He was a member of the American Surgical Society, the New York Medical Society, the County Medical Society and the Medical-Surgical Society, the Century Club, the New York Yacht Club, and the Loyal Legion.

Dr. Stimson left a daughter, Miss Candace C. Stimson, and a son, Henry L. Stimson. The Rev. Henry A. Stimson, pastor of the Manhattan Congregational Church, Broadway and Seventy-sixth Street, is a brother.

Giuseppe Vitale, Old Violinist.

Giuseppe Vitale, a noted violinist of a generation ago and a collector of Stradivarius violins, died on Sunday at his home, 61 Kosciusko Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Vitale was a pupil of Ole Bull and in his time was acquainted with some of the world's famous men and musicians, including Sarasate and Wieniawski. He was also a friend of Longfellow and Beecher and had played for McKinley and Roosevelt. He owned the only two Stradivarius violins in Brooklyn, one of them having been handed down in his family for 100 years and being valued at $12,000. He also owned two Amatis and some instruments manufactured by Vuillaume and Bodio.

Commander J. H. Hetherington.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17.—Commander James H. Hetherington, U. S. N., retired, for many years a Governor of the United States Naval Home in this city, died last night at his home, in his sixty-first year. Commander Hetherington was born in Iowa, and was appointed to the Naval Academy at Annapolis in 1874. While a resident of Yokonama, Japan, in 1892, Commander Hetherington, then a Lieutenant in the navy, shot and killed George Gower Robinson, an English banker, who had paid attention to Mrs. Hetherington. He was acquitted on trial.

George M. Wright Dies.

George M. Wright, lawyer and banker, died suddenly yesterday at his apartment in the Hotel Royalton, 44 West Forty-fourth Street, from heart disease. Mr. Wright was formerly Deputy Attorney General of New York State. Later he became attorney for the A. T. Stewart estate and President of the First National Bank of Orwell, Vt., his native town.

Mr. Wright was a Trustee of Middlebury College, Vt., and recently received an honorary degree of LL. D. from this institution.

Obituary Notes.

Dr. CHARLES O. SAHLER, well-known psychopathist and head of a large sanitarium in Kingston, N. Y., that bears his name, died there last night. He was 63 years old.

PATRICK WHELAN, for more than thirty-five years connected with Bloomingdale Brothers, died yesterday, in his eighty-fourth year. He retired several years ago.

CLARENCE P. SOPER died at his home, 273A Cooper Street, Brooklyn, after a long illness. He was a member of the Zaradatha Lodge, Masonic order.

ABRAHAM B. BRENNER, a lawyer with offices at 302 Broadway and a prominent figure on the east side, died in Mount Sinai Hospital yesterday. He was born here 37 years ago, was a former Deputy Assistant Attorney General, and two years ago was a candidate for the Assembly on the Democratic ticket. He was formerly Secretary of the Jefferson Club and a member of the United independent Young Men's Lodge, I. O. O. F., and of the Young Men's Benevolent Society. He lived at 748 East 149th Street.

GEORGE ENDICOTT PERKINS, Treasurer of the Bigelow-Hartford Carpet Company of this city, died yesterday at Roosevelt Hospital in his fifty-eighth year. Mr. Perkins was born in this city, the son of Charles Lawrence Perkins and Elizabeth West Perkins.

JOHN GODDARD STEARNS, a prominent architect of Boston, died yesterday at Duxbury, Mass. He was graduated from Harvard College in 1863, and was a Fellow of the American Institute of Architects.

MOSES W. DOWNEY, 74 years old, a retired business man of Newton, N. J., died at his home there yesterday.

MICHAEL J. DUBOLD, a distinguished member of the Redemptorist order, died on Sunday at St. Francis's Hospital, the Bronx. He was in his seventieth year.

EDWARD N. PAYNE, founder of the Morgan-Root Company, dry goods merchants of Cleveland, Ohio, and prominently connected with other dry goods concerns, died in Cleveland on Sunday.

Mrs. EVA PURDY ROYCE, wife of the Rev. Monroe Royce, pastor of St. Thomas's Church, New Windsor-on-Hudson, died there on Saturday.

Mrs. JULIA Z. GRAY, widow of George S. Gray, died yesterday at the Memorial Home for the Aged at Montclair, N. J., within nine days of her ninety-fifth year.

KRISTEN TANGEN, an architect, for many years with Warren & Wetmore, died yesterday at his home, 112 West Ninety-fifth Street, in his sixtieth year.

MICHAEL BOYLE, 78 years old, a retired iron and metal dealer, for many years in business in the Red Hook section of Brooklyn, died on Saturday at his home, 20 Third Street.

HAROLD J. DOWDEN, a lawyer with offices at 26 Court Street, Brooklyn, and active in Democratic politics for many years, died at his home, 1,192 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He was 31 years old, and was associated in business with former Senator Thomas C. Whitlock.

Mrs. ELLA BAKER LOCKWOOD, 59 years old, wife of Charles A. Lockwood, a builder and former owner of the Jamaica Water Supply Company plant, died from pneumonia on Saturday at her home, 67 Bergen Avenue, Jamaica. She was born in Wheeling, West Va.

AMANDUS JOHN PFUHL, for many years in the dairy and bakery business, died on Saturday at his home, 814 Bergen Street, Brooklyn, aged 74 years.

Mrs. MARY HELEN HIMROD, wife of John D. Himrod, a retired mariner, died at her home, 1,257 Carroll Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday. She was 65 years old.

WILLIAM WALLACE MELVIN, for fifty-one years in the employ of the New Jersey Zinc Company and a resident of Brooklyn for nearly half a century, died on Sunday at his home, 284 Park Place, Brooklyn, in his seventy-sixth year.

JOHN C. FINK, 68 years old, a stock broker in Manhattan, died at his home, 1,425 President Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Fink was in his sixty-eighth year, and was formerly a member of the old Wall Street firm of Weaver, Harris & Co. He was a member of the old Brooklyn Union League Club and Acanthus Lodge, F. and A. M.

Binner Fine Corset

561 FIFTH AVENUE (at 46th St.)

CUSTOM-MADE. The only corset which gives the fashionable slender effect, while suggesting alluringly the supple, natural waist-line. Assures a youthful figure with perfect comfort.

MADAME BINNER, creator of corset modes, gives her personal attention to every fitting.

SISTERS HAD HAD NO FOOD.

Suspected of Having Taken Poison, They Were Really Starving.

Detective William Roddy of the Sixth Branch Detective Bureau, who has been investigating the case of Edna Williams, 26 years old, and her sister Anna, 30 years, who were reported to have attempted suicide on Saturday night, said yesterday that they were suffering from hunger and did not take poison.

The sisters were found unconscious by another sister, Eleanor, on her return from work to their home at 210 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. They were removed to the Kings County Hospital. According to Roddy, the three women had been living for two months on the earnings of Eleanor. The oldest sister, Anna, remained at home, taking care of Edna, who is an invalid.

"The girls' parents," he said, "died in Newark two months ago and left them without any money. They came to Brooklyn to live, and Eleanor got a job in a department store at $7 a week and paid $2 a week for their room. They have been slowly starving and saying nothing about it. They will get better, and friends are taking care of them now."

The Character of Management

in Real Estate is the vital point. Almost any one can collect rents, but it takes an experienced organization to cope with the bigger problems of ownership to-day.

Wm. A. White & Sons
Established 1898
46 Cedar Street
Telephone 5700 John

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Greetings.

COHEN.—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob D. Cohen, 1,200 Madison Av., wish to extend to their relatives and friends heartiest wishes for a happy and prosperous New Year.

COHEN.—Dr. Harry Cohen, 64 East 56 St., New York, wishes his friends a happy New Year.

FELDSTEIN.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Feldstein, 725 Riverside Drive, wish their relatives and friends a happy and prosperous New Year.

KONIGSBERG.—Mr. and Mrs. Jack Konigsberg and son of 500 West 160th wish friends and relatives a happy New Year.

LUXENBERG.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Luxenberg and family, 914 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, wish their friends and relatives a happy New Year.

NOVECK.—Mr. and Mrs. S. Noveck of 276 Riverside Drive wish their relatives and friends a happy and prosperous New Year.

SHAPIRO.—Mr. and Mrs. Sol Shapiro of the firm of Levinson & Shapiro of 98 Canal St. and 43 West 116th St., city, wish all their relatives and friends a happy New Year.

SHIDLOVSKY.—Mr. and Mrs. Morris Shidlovsky, 1,455 Lexington Av., wish their relatives and friends a very happy New Year.

Engaged.

POND—TITUS.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Elwood Titus of Plainfield, N. J., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Ruth, to Mr. David Stirling Pond of Pomfret, Conn., formerly of Plainfield.

Married.

CRUGER—NESBIT.—On Sept. 17, 1917, at Spartanburg, S. C., Selina Nesbit, daughter of Captain Wilhoyt Nesbit, 1st Lt. of the British Army of Toronto, Canada, to Lieutenant Frederic Hanerslay Cruger, by Rev. W. H. M. Pendleton.

MELLTASALE.—Lucy Tascale of 19 King St. to Emilio Mele on Sept. 16, 1917.

RUNK—FAIRCHILD.—At White Sulphur Springs, Va., on Sept. 15, Miss Grace A. D. Livermore, Marie Lillis Fairchild to Marshall H. Runk.

Died.

BAER.—Dora, age 61, on Monday, Sept. 17, 1:30 P. M. Funeral Wednesday, Sept. 19, 10:30 A. M., 2,206 Wallbrook Av., Baltimore, Md.

BARRY.—Mrs. Mary T., suddenly, at her residence, 31 7th Av., New Brighton, S. I. Funeral Thursday, 9:30 A. M., from St. Peter's Church.

BLANDY.—Elwood Beaumont, beloved husband of Annie Sturges, on Sept. 16, 1917, of pneumonia, at his residence, The Colborne, 19 Washington Place. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BRENNER.—The members of the Jefferson Club and the County Committee of the Sixth Assembly District are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of their late fellow-member Abraham B. Brenner on Tuesday, Sept. 18, at 2 P. M., from his late residence, 748 East 5th St.

DAVID LAZARUS, Executive Member.

BRESLAUER.—On Sept. 15, Bernard M., beloved husband of Helen (nee Kaischnik) and son of Adolph and Julia Breslauer. Services from the Masonic Grand Lodge Room, 46 West 24th st., Tuesday afternoon, 1:30 o'clock. Interment Mount Nebo, Cypress Hills.

BRESLAUER.—Brethren of Pacific Lodge 233, F. and A. M., are earnestly requested to attend Masonic funeral services of our late brother, Bernard M. Breslauer, at Masonic Hall, 50 West 24th St., on Tuesday afternoon, Sept. 18, at 1:30 o'clock.

TROY ALEXANDER, Master.
EDWARD C. WHITE, Secretary.

BROCKIE.—Suddenly, William Brockie, infant son of Edward S. and Dorothy K. Brockie, on Sept. 16, at Englewood, N. J. Services private.

CARPENTER.—Suddenly, on Sunday, Sept. 16, 1917, Henry Bernard Carpenter, husband of Kathryn M. Carpenter, in his 26th year. Funeral services will be held at his home, 968 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, at 8 P. M.

CUMMISKEY.—On Saturday, Sept. 15, Thomas F., of 19 East 128th St. Requiem mass Tuesday morning, at 10:30 o'clock, at St. Saints' Church, Madison Av. and 129th St. Interment Calvary.

DONNELLY.—On Sept. 15, after a lingering illness, our beloved sister, May R., daughter of the late James and Margaret Donnelly. Funeral from her late residence, 117 Featherbed Lane, Bronx, on Tuesday morning, Sept. 18. Requiem mass at 10 A. M., Church of Holy Spirit, University and Burnside Avs.

DUFFY.—It is with profound sorrow that we learn of the death of our late member, Terence Duffy. Our members of the Tammany Hall District Committee and the Huron Club, of the First Assembly District, are respectfully requested to assemble at his late residence, 626 West 136th St., on Tuesday morning, Sept. 18, 1917, at 9:30 o'clock, and proceed in a body to the Church of the Annunciation, 131st St. and Convent Av., where the requiem services will take place.

FRANK J. FARRELL,
Chairman of the District Committee.
THO

OLD ROSEBUD RUNS GREAT RACE WITH HEAVY IMPOST AT THE AQUEDUCT TRACK

OLD ROSEBUD PUTS SEAL ON GREATNESS

Veteran Racer Easily Wins the Bayview Handicap on Aqueduct's Opening Day.

EQUALS THE TRACK RECORD

Capra Second and Straight Forward Third—Leochares Also Wins Race in Record Time.

Old Rosebud, the handicap king, which came pretty near dying at Saratoga, proved that he was a very live horse yesterday when he won the Bayview Handicap, at a mile and a sixteenth, and equaled the Aqueduct track record of 1:44 3-5. The performance of the son of Uncle added another to the long list of remarkable feats accomplished by thoroughbreds this season. He carried the heavy impost of 133 pounds, and led his field from end to end, to pass the judges two lengths in front of James Butler's Capra, which had been the only one of the seven starters able to keep step with the sizzling early pace set by the winner.

The fact that Old Rosebud was making his first appearance since he was seized with an attack of indigestion that threatened to end his racing career was enough to draw a capacity crowd for the opening day of the joint meeting that will run for three weeks at Aqueduct under the auspices of the Queens County Jockey Club, the Metropolitan Jockey Club, and the Empire City Racing Association. Started as an experiment in response to the calls from owners for more opportunities to race, the inaugural day's sport was so full of vim, and the enthusiasm so great, that there can be no doubt of the success of the venture.

Even without the thrilling performance of the great Western horse, there would have been excitement enough to make amends for the many dull days spent at Belmont Park. Good fields turned out for all except the steeplechase event, and the concluding race was so fiercely fought out that another track record was equaled when W. P. Orr's Leochares was forced to show the speed that made him a Winter wonder in order to beat the crack sprinters opposed to him in the handicap at six and a half furlongs. Leochares ran the distance in 1:18, time that was credited to James R. Keene's Malkette in 1910. The merit of the performance was enhanced by the fact that Leochares was well taken care of by the handicapper in carrying the top weight of 124 pounds.

Classy Field of Racers.

Old Rosebud had been set a tremendous task in the first running of the Bayview and he performed it in a manner that made old turfmen gasp with wonder. Usually a horse burdened with 133 pounds or thereabout, is content to let the others make the pace and save his speed and energy for the finishing spurt. Not so with the speedy marvel from the West. The barrier was no sooner lifted than he leaped to the front with all the fiery energy he displayed as a two-year-old. Once in his stride there was no letup and he continued to show the way while the others behind him were made dizzy in their efforts to keep anywhere near him.

There was no lack of class in the field for the big handicap, and all the good racers engaged were in receipt of liberal allowances from the champion. The aged Borrow, looking sprightly and full of vim, was considered a dangerous factor. He carried but 123 pounds, and the form students called attention to the fact that at the Spring meeting he had set a new track record in winning the Brooklyn Handicap. A. K. Macomber scratched Stargazer and selected Sunbonnet, the Kentucky Oaks winner, as his representative. She had a good following, as did James Butler's Capra, which has fought out the finish in many good races this season. R. T. Wilson, Jr., added Straight Forward, the field being completed by Daddy's Choice and Runes.

Old Rosebud drew a position in the middle of the track, and the Western jockey, Charles Peak, got him away on his toes. There was no quick rush of starters that had the foot of the top weight, and the speed with which he broke carried him a length in front of the field before he had made a dozen strides. Capra was the only one to take seriously to the stern chase; and the Butler mare hung on as close as she could in the run along the back stretch. The first eighth was reeled off in 12 seconds, and still the flying leader was increasing his speed, so that he reached the quarter mile in 23 seconds.

Capra was being urged to the utmost, and kept within two lengths of the champion as, moving at an even pace, he negotiated the next two furlongs in 22 seconds each and raced past the half-mile post in 47 seconds. Runes was running third at this time, with Sunbonnet and Straight Forward lengths apart and in front of Borrow, which found the pace entirely too hot for his liking.

Capra Catches Leader.

Rounding the turn, Peak gave his mount the least bit of a breathing spell and it was sufficient to allow Capra to draw up so that she was lapped on Old Rosebud. Even with this let-up Old Rosebud passed the mile post in 1:37 2-5, and by that time those behind him were extended to the limit in the vain hope of catching him as the heavy weight made itself felt. Capra still was the nearest contender, but it was only for a moment that she threatened. The slight relaxation in pace had put new vigor into the wonderful Old Rosebud and when Peak gave him his head at the eighth pole he jumped away and left the others as though they were anchored. Peak kept his eyes glancing behind to avoid a possible surprise, but the field was dead behind him and in the last 100 yards he let Old Rosebud gallop to win with two lengths to spare.

Capra held on gamely long enough to take the place from Straight Forward by a neck. Sunbonnet was fourth, a length and a half back, and the others were closely bunched with Borrow and Daddy's Choice bringing up the rear.

The vast improvement over the record previously made for the track is evident by a glance at the weights. Old Rosebud carried thirty-three pounds more than Helen Barbee when she hung up the figures of 1:44 3-5.

The two record-makers were the only favorites to win during the day. The first race for maiden two-year-olds was captured by Captain E. B. Cassatt's Trite, a 4 to 1 chance. Syosset, the odds-on choice in the steeplechase, was soundly beaten by both Archdale and Reddest. John Sanford's Nominee took the third race for two-year-olds from Trophy, with the favorite Andrew Miller's Malvolio in third place. In the fifth race the heavily-played Hits Nibs had to put up with second place to C. Buxton's Sasin.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; purse $600; six furlongs. Time—1:13 1-5.
Trite, Captain E. B. Cassatt's ch. c., 115 pounds, by Aeronaut-Sententious, 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 5. (E. Campbell).....1b
Panaman, T. P. Thorne's br. c., 115, by Magellan-Prenta, even, 1 to 2, (T. Davies).....2h
Blenomy, H. P. Whitney's br. c., 115, by Whiskbroom II.-Pageant, 6 to 5, third, (F. Robinson).....3h
Sir Long Letty, Game Cock, Noontide, Platina, Thunderhead, Dick Miller, and Rathilda also ran. Valerius, Tenons, Bob, and Jeweler scratched.

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase; selling; for four-year-olds and upward; by subscription of $5, with $600 added; about two miles. Time—4:21 1-5.
Archdale, M. L. Schwartz's b. g., aged, 143 pounds, by Greatsido-Midget, 16 to 5, 4 to 5, and out, (N. Kennedy).....1h
Reddest, D. Raymond's b. g., 5, 144, by Red Fox II.-Destitute, 3 to 5 and out, (T. Pennessy).....2h
Syosset, Greentree Stable's br. g., aged, 147, by Migraine-Sister Stella, out for third, (V. Powers).....3
Only three starters.

THIRD RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling, purse $600; five furlongs. Time—1:00 1-5.
Nominee, John Sanford's ch. c., 112 pounds, by Voter-Love Apple, 2 to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, (M. Buxton).....1½
Trophy, Quincy Stable's ch. c., 105, by Ballot-Miss Crittenden, 4 to 1, 2 to 1, (G. McGraw).....2½
Malvolio, Andrew Miller's ch. c., 105, by Superman-Basia, 2 to 5 third, (A. Shuttinger).....3h
Half and Half, Cockie, Golden Glow, Confiscation, Elizabeth H., Amackassin, Comsora, Ruthie M., and John Curry also ran. Corydon, Phalaris, and Producer scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—The Bayview Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, by subscription of $15, starters to pay $25 additional, with $1,000 added; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:44 3-5.
Old Rosebud, H. C. Applegate's b. g., 6 years, 133 pounds, by Uncle-Ivory Bells, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, (C. Peak).....1h
Capra, James Butler's ch. m., 5, 105, by Ballot-Cap and Bells, 5 to 2, even, (L. Lyke).....2nk
Straight Forward, R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, b. c., 3, 103, by Star Shoot-Frankness, 2 to 1, third, (L. McAtee).....8½
Sunbonnet, Runes, Borrow, and Daddy's Choice also ran. Stargazer and Garbage scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; by subscription of $10, with $600 added; one mile. Time—1:38 4-5.
Sasin, C. Buxton's b. c., 4 years, 116 pounds, by The Picket-Queen, 12 to 5, 9 to 10, 1 to 3, (L. Lyke).....1h
His Nibs, Alfred Simons's ch. g., aged, by Uncle-Countess Wanda, 6 to 5 and 1 to 2, (F. Robinson).....2½
Ting-a-Ling, A. A. Reilly's ch. g., 4, 102, by Star Shoot-Lady Vincent, 6 to 5 third, (R. Troise).....8½
Douglass S., Brooklyn, and Rebo also ran. Nightstick and Starfinch scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For all ages; handicap, by subscription of $10, with $600 added; six and a half furlongs. Time—1:18.
Leochares, W. P. Orr's b. g., aged, 124 pounds, by Broomstick-Leayenard, 7 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 5, (A. Shuttinger).....1l
Irma Frank, Beverwyck Stable's ch. f., 4, 115, by Abe Frank-Tek Anna, 3 to 2, 7 to 10, (J. McTaggart).....2½
Hank O'Day, A. K. Macomber's br. g., 124, by Peep o' Day-Eric Belle, 2 to 5, third, (J. Loftus).....3½
High Noon, Figinny, Thorn Bloom, and Water Witch also ran. Crank lost rider, Paddy Winack, Corn Tassel, Sunflash II., Peep Sight, and Kilts II. scratched.
Weather clear, track fast.

AQUEDUCT ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds, selling; six furlongs. Jim Dinney, 114 pounds; Sevenoak, 110; Julian, (imp.) 110; Partisan, (imp.) 110; Audrey, 107; Golding, (imp.) 107; *Wood Violet, 106; *Baccarat, 105.

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase, Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; about two miles. Crest Hill, 150 pounds; The Brook, (imp.) 147; Tetan, 144; Peg o' My Heart, 140; M'nalayer, 139; Garter, 138; Crack o' Day, 137; Melodrama, 134; Town Hall, 130.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; conditions; six furlongs. Corn Tassel, (imp.) 123 pounds; Ultimatum, 117; Nonesuch, 113; Pickwick, 110; Lucius, 110; Quarts, 107; Basil, 103; Diver, 100.

FOURTH RACE.—The Glencove Selling; for three-year-olds; seven furlongs. Deckmate, 111 pounds; Gloomy Gus, 109; Alvord, 106; *Stanfiel, 104; Mirza, 104; Corrubia, (imp.) 104; Triple Crown, 102; *Hanobale, 96; *Harvest King, 96; *May W., 93.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Blue Thistle, 110 pounds; Star Gase, 112; Cousin Dick, 110; Amalfi, 109; *Euterpe, 104; *Tener, 104; *Wild Thyme, 92.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-old fillies, conditions, five furlongs. Lady Dorothy, 115 pounds; Ballymooney, 115; Spark, 115; Maada, 115; High Pass, 115; Stamping Ground, II., 109; Pasamena, (imp.) 109; Lady Rookie, 109; Continent, 109; Traverse, 109; Kokohi, 109; Brocatelle, (imp.) 109; Medusa, 109; Queen Blonde, 109; Rational, 109; Sun Kiss, 109.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

TAILER WINS GOLF CUP.

Captures Newport C. C. Trophy Offered by Count Di Torino.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 17.—T. Suffern Tailer won nthe cup presented for annual golf competition at the Newport Country Club by Count Di Torino for competition among its mebers for this year with a score of 180 gross, and net 156. Robert W. Goelet was second man, with a score of 163 gross and 157 net. H. O. Havemeyer was third, with a gross score of 180 ,and 166 net. William Gammel and J. Francis Clark competed but did not finish.

The winner has his name engraved upon the cup, and receives an inscribed gold medal with his name and the coat-of-arms of Count Di Torino.

A. A. U. ELECTS MATHEWS.

Metropolitan Association Chooses Him as Handicapper.

George P. Mathews was elected handicapper of the Metropolitan Association of the A. A. U. on the fourth ballot night at the annual meeting of the organization, which was held at the Hungarian-American A. C. The contest for this office was one of the bitterest in the history of the local A. A. U. body, and three ballots were taken before Mathews was able to attain a majority, although he had led on each of the ballots.

A resolution offered by Justice Bartow S. Weeks to the effect that during the period of the war enlisted athletes be permitted to compete among themselves for other than money prizes, their amateur status not to be affected although they meet professionals, was adopted for recommendation to the National Committee.

STEVENS BEGINS PRACTICE.

Football Schedule Will Open with Haverford Game Oct. 6.

The first call for football candidates for Stevens was answered yesterday morning by fifty men. Among them were Bloss, Brett, Johnson, Goodale, Ford, and Deghuee from last year's 'Varsity. College will not open till Friday, when the rest of the football squad will report. Al McGall will coach the team this season, as former Coach Rodgers is in the army. The schedule for the coming season is:

Oct. 6, Haverford, at home; Oct. 13, Wesleyan, at Middletown; Oct. 20, open; Oct. 27, Middlebury, at home; Nov. 3, Worcester, at home; Nov. 10, Delaware, at home; Nov. 17, N. Y. U., at home.

FORDHAM CANDIDATES OUT.

Squad of 15 Men Begins Football Preparations in Earnest.

Fordham started football work in earnest yesterday afternoon, when a squad of fifteen candidates reported. Coach McCaffery ordered a two-hour drill. The tackling dummy was brought out for the first time and every player had a chance at tackling and blocking. Catching of punts, breaking through tactics for the backs and linemen, and a dummy signal drill gave the candidates a hard afternoon's workout.

Among the newcomers to report was Frank Frisch, who for the last three years has gained quite a reputation as scholastic star at Fordham Prep. Frisch played quarter and halfback on the prep eleven. Among others who donned uniforms for the first time were Abbott, a Freshman, centre; Brennan, a husky halfback, and Fogarty and McGrath, linemen.

Although the squad was somewhat small for the first day, the material looked promising. Thus far Erwig is the only regular of the 1916 eleven to report, but Andy Dempsey, his running mate, is expected to appear this week.

RUTGERS SQUAD ON FIELD.

Coach Sanford Starts Football Work with 14 Candidates.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 17.—Fourteen candidates reported to Coach Sanford at the first practice of the season of the Rutgers football squad this afternoon. Captain Rendall, Whitehill, Kelly, and Leitner were the veterans present. Gargan, a scholastic star from the Pawling School, showed up well. The work consisted mostly of running down the field under punts, the receiving of forward passes, and fundamentals in line play. Leitner did the kicking and will probably be depended upon to take care of this department during the season. Word was received today of the cancellation of games with Allegheny and Trinity, both scheduled to be held at New Brunswick.

RED SOX PUMMEL YANKEE TWIRLERS

Three Local Boxmen Unable to Prevent Farewell Beating by Champions.

A number of women fans brought their knitting to the ball game at the Polo Grounds yesterday and, just to show you how exciting the game was, not one of the knitters dropped a stitch. The Boston Red Sox defeated the Yankees by a 6 to 1 score, which wasn't such an extraordinary feat, considering the mild objections offered by Donovan's lads.

Dutch Leonard unspun a lot of pitching which was Greek to the Yanks, while the Boston bats beat a merry tune against the pitching of Fisher, Shocker and Mogridge. Between the New York trio of flingers there wasn't much choice. They were all easy for the Boston sluggers.

As it is getting to be the fashion for temperamental ball players to jump over the traces these days, Home Run Baker got fussy yesterday and, like the other Maryland farmer, Charley Herzog, he packed up his grip and went home. Baker and Manager Bill Donovan had a little tilt over discipline. Baker was ordered to report at Bridgeport Sunday to play in an exhibition game with the Yankees there, but he refused to do it. So yesterday when Baker reported for the game at the Polo Grounds Manager Donovan ordered him to take an indefinite vacation on the bench. Fritz Maisel was sent out to play third base.

When Baker learned that he had been delegated among the bench warmers he left the field and started for his farm in Trappe, Md. Donovan told Baker that if he couldn't play when ordered to on Sundays, he couldn't play on week days either, as a result of this little squabble Baker may be suspended for the remainder of the season.

The Yanks lost the game just as easily with Baker out of the game as they did when he was with the club. It was Boston's last appearance here for the season and their last game on the road. They went back home last night, but entertained no slight hope of catching the White Sox. Boston will not throw up the sponge, however, until they take their final fling at the White Sox in a five-game series in Boston on next Friday, Saturday and Monday.

A whole car-load of Yankee recruits arrived yesterday and will be placed on public exhibition every afternoon. In this latest consignment are all kinds and shapes, and if you don't happen to see the kind of ball player you like, just ask Bill Donovan and he will fill the order immediately. All these new players are going to get a thorough try-out before the season's end, so that scheme may save the Yankee management from paying the Spring vacation expenses of a number of young players.

Ray Fisher, who started to pitch for the Yankees, didn't have a good curve in his whole kit, and the first ball he pitched at Harry Hooper was walloped into the right field stand for a home run. After Barry went down at first, Hoblitzell doubled to left centre and Lewis walked. Shorten was exterminated at first and Scott's single to left pushed Hobby and Lewis over the plate. Fisher intercepted Shorten's home and Scott was thrown out trying to reach second.

The only bit of damage which the Yanks inflicted on Leonard happened in the second inning, when Wallie Pipp smashed a homer into the grand stand. The Yankee batting order underwent a complete shaking up in an effort to squeeze a little more batting out of the clan, but this was one of the times when the change didn't do any one a bit of good.

Urban Shocker succeeded Fisher and the Red Sox proceeded to get a run before they got out of the habit. Hooper singled to right and Barry sacrificed. Shocker tossed the ball to Peck to force Hooper at second, but Peck muffed the throw and all hands were safe. Hoblitzell sacrificed both runners along a station and Lewis was intentionally walked, filling the bases. While Shorten was grounding out to Pipp, Barry crossed the plate.

In the fourth Jack Barry gave Shocker a bit of a surprise when he poked a home run into the left field bleachers. Shocker left the game after that inning to permit Al Walters to get back into the game as a pinch hitter. Mogridge then got a chance to show his pitching wares. Shorten opened the eighth with a three-bagger to deep left centre and counted when Scott singled to left.

Fritz Maisel shocked Leonard in the ninth when, with one out, he outraced Leonard's throw to first after the Boston pitcher had fielded Maisel's grasser. Pipp poked a grounder at Barry, who tossed to Scott to force Maisel, but Scott was so anxious to make a double play and have the game over with he dropped the ball, and the Yanks found themselves with two runners on the bases. Miller was thrown out by McNally, and here was a man on third and one on second and all that was needed for a couple of runs was a tiny single. Tim Hendryx was taken down off the shelf and sent in to bat for High. Tim got off a couple of long fouls and then hoisted a rocket to Hoblitzell.

The score:

BOSTON. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	NEW YORK. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Hooper, rf	4	2	2	1	0	Gilhooley, rf	4	0	1	1	0
Barry, 2b	3	1	1	2	3	Pipp, ss	4	1	1	0	0
Hoblitz'll, 1b	3	1	2	12	0	Maisel, 3b	4	0	1	3	2
Lewis, lf	2	1	0	2	0	Pipp, 1b	4	1	1	14	0
Shorten, cf	4	1	1	2	0	Miller, cf	4	0	0	3	0
Scott, ss	4	0	2	1	2	High, lf	3	0	0	2	1
McNally, 3b	4	0	1	1	5	Gedeon, 2b	2	0	0	3	4
Cady, c	4	0	0	6	1	Nunam, r.c	3	0	1	1	2
Leonard, p	4	0	0	0	2	Fisher, p	0	0	0	0	1
						Shocker, p	1	0	0	0	2
						a Walters	1	0	0	0	0
						Mogridge, p	1	0	0	0	0
						bHendryx	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	6	9	27	13	Total	32	1	5	27	16

a Batted for Shocker in fifth.
b Batted for High in ninth.

Errors—Scott, (2.)

Boston	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0—6
New York	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Two-base hit—Hoblitzell. Three-base hit—Shorten. Home runs—Hooper, Pipp, Barry. Sacrifice hits—Barry, (2.) Hoblitzell. Double plays—Cady and Barry; Leonard, Scott, and Hoblitzell. Left on bases—New York, 6; Boston, 6. First base on error—New York, 1. Bases on balls—Off Fisher, 1; Shocker, 1; Mogridge, 2; Leonard, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Fisher, 3 hits 3 runs in 2 innings; Shocker, 3 and 2 in 3; Mogridge, 3 and 1 in 4; Leonard, 1 run. Struck out—By Mogridge, 1; Leonard, 5. Time—1 hour 34 minutes. Umpires—O'Loughlin and Moriarty.

SENIORS ON LINKS TODAY.

Field of Golfers for Event at Apawamis Numbers 320.

Lovers of the royal and ancient game of golf whose advancement in years has reduced little, if at all, their skill with driver and putter will gather on the course of the Apawamis Club of Westchester today in the annual tournament for seniors. The field which will compete for chief honors this year totals 320 representative elders from various parts of the country. It was the fond hope of those in charge of the event to procure the entry of President Wilson, but the country's Chief Executive could not separate himself from national business long enough to be a participant in the tournament.

The competition will last four days, beginning today, and concluding on Friday. A field of 175 of the seniors will be started over the course today and this gathering will play tomorrow also. On Thursday the remainder of those entered will begin play, the latter field carrying their play over to the final day, Friday. In the entire field not one is under 55 years of age, while a number are well over this mark.

Easy for Pete Hermann.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17. — Pete Hermann, world's bantamweight champion, had an easy time with K. O. Eggers at the Olympia here tonight. Eggers might as well have been boxing a phantom. Eggers was little more than a punching bag in five rounds.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston, 6; New York, 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 5; Chicago, 0.
Philadelphia, 4; Cincinnati, 1.
Boston, 4; Pittsburgh, 1.
(Fifteen innings.)

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	94	48	.662
Boston	84	63	.612
Cleveland	74	63	.553
Detroit	70	72	.493
Washington	65	71	.478
New York	66	73	.475
Philadelphia	49	88	.358
St. Louis	52	90	.366

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	90	49	.647
Philadelphia	77	59	.566
St. Louis	76	66	.535
Cincinnati	72	71	.503
Chicago	71	71	.500
Brooklyn	63	73	.470
Boston	60	74	.448
Pittsburgh	46	93	.331

Where They Play Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland at New York.
(Game starts at 3 P. M.)
Chicago at Philadelphia.
Detroit at Boston.
St. Louis at Washington.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Chicago.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.
Boston at Pittsburgh.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.

ALEX A PUZZLE TO REDS.

Moran's Pitching Pride Rules from Box and Phillies Win.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 17.—Alexander was a puzzle to the Cincinnati Club here today and Philadelphia took the game, 4 to 1. The locals were unable to do anything with men on base except in the sixth, when doubles by Chase and Wingo netted a run.

Mitchell was in more than an inning in the box for Cincinnati, four successive hits driving in two runs. Reuther pitched good ball the rest of the game, only one run being earned off him.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	CINCINNATI, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Paskert, cf	4	1	2	5	0	Groh, 3b	5	0	1	1	1
Evers, 2b	4	1	2	2	3	M'K'nie, ss	5	0	2	4	2
Stock, ss	4	2	2	2	4	Roush, cf	4	0	1	6	0
Cravath, rf	2	0	2	1	1	Griffith, rf	3	0	0	0	1
Whitted, lf	4	0	1	3	0	Chase, 1b	4	1	1	10	0
Luderus, 1b	3	0	1	9	2	Neale, lf	3	0	0	2	0
Niehoff, 3b	3	0	0	0	1	Shean, 2b	3	0	1	2	4
Killifer, c	4	0	0	5	0	Wingo, c	4	0	1	5	0
Alexander, p	3	0	0	0	2	Mitchell, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Reuther, p	4	0	1	0	3
Total	31	4	10	27	13	Total	35	1	8	27	14

Errors—Evers, Shean (2.) Wingo.

Philadelph	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0—4
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1

Two-base hits—Chase, Wingo. Three-base hits—Cravath, Shean. Stolen bases—Paskert, Roush. Sacrifice hits—Mitchell, Cravath. Double plays—McKechnie, Shean, and Chase; Evers, Stock, and Cravath. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 6; Cincinnati, 10. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 2; Cincinnati, 1. Bases on balls—Off Alexander, 8; Reuther, 4. Hits and earned runs—Off Alexander, 8 hits and 4 runs in 9 innings; Mitchell, 4 and 2 in 1-3; Reuther, 6 and 1 in 8 2-3. Struck out—By Alexander, 3; Reuther, 2. Passed balls—Wingo, Killifer. Time—1 hour 31 minutes. Umpires—Byron and Quigley.

JOHNSON TO JOIN INDIANS?

Report That Senators' Star Twirler Has Refused Cut in Salary.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 17.—"Johnson's contract of $18,500 expires this season and the speed king has made up his mind not to sign unless Griffith comes through with a like offer, which no doubt explains why our boss is letting his star moundsman go," said a prominent member of the Washington American League club today in discussing the reported sale of Pitcher Walter Johnson to the Cleveland Naps.

From a reliable source of information in Washington it was learned that Griffith had been endeavoring for the last three weeks to have Johnson sign a 1918 contract, but that the speed king refused to accept a cut in salary.

HOOSIERS TAKE THE FLAG.

Indianapolis Sure of American Association Pennant.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—Indianapolis today became assured of the American Association pennant when its club defeated Milwaukee by 3 to 2. Indianapolis now has a lead of two and a half games over St. Paul and Louisville, which are tied for second place, and there remain but two games on the association's schedule.

The pennant race has been close for the last two weeks, Indianapolis having lost much of its midseason lead by erratic and inconsistent playing.

The standing of the leading three clubs tonight is:

Club.	Won.	Lost
Indianapolis	89	62
St. Paul	87	65
Louisville	87	66

MANY HORSES TO COMPETE.

Over 500 Animals Entered for the Gedney Farms Show.

Over 500 entries have been received for the twenty-fourth annual Westchester County Horse Show, which this year will be held at the Gedney Farms grounds at White Plains, a spot which was found very suitable for the event through the seventy-three classes so as to insure good competition in each. While the names of some past exhibitors are missing from the list of entries, enough newcomers appear to make it certain that the competitions will be of the same high character as heretofore.

The show will open tomorrow afternoon at 12:30 and continue through the week, with morning sessions on Friday and Saturday at 10:30, to avoid the postponements made necessary by darkness a year ago.

In the harness classes entries have been made by William Ziegler, Jr., J. Campbell Thompson, F. M. Warburg, C. C. Chapman, Walter H. Hanley, George Watson, and Alexander Gemmell. These showing saddle horses include J. A. P. Ramsdell, Charles V. Rich, Joseph M. Lane, Mrs. H. H. Thomas, John McE. Bowman, J. C. Baldwin, Jr., Mrs. A. J. Lindsay, Walter H. Hanley, Miss Alice A. Dodsworth, Miss Virginia Post Brown, George S. Wallen, Charles M. Allaire, Frank J. Cassidy, Miss Becky Lanier, James P. Kineon, Miss M. E. Lowndes, Mrs. Louis W. Mertz, Miss Pauline Luke, and Miss Odette Feder.

Ponies will be shown by Mrs. Lynde Selden, Miss Beatrice Black, Miss Evelyn Hall McManus, Miss Corinne Peth, Miss Marion Heavy, Mrs. A. L. Graham, George Gunther Wallen, Dr. C. R. L. Putnam, Miss Dorothy Iselin, Miss Eleanor Iselin, Godfrey Preece, Jay Iselin, and Clifton K. Baumann.

Polo mounts have been entered by Edgar Clausen, John I. Downey, Mrs. James P. Kineon, Hugh J. Chisholm, Dr. J. F. Black, and John J. Farrell.

The classes for hunters and jumpers have entries from Miss Myrtle Whittlesey, I. R. Michler, J. C. Thompson, Frank J. Cassidy, S. Bryce Wing, Mrs. Frank Huyler, and Harry J. Graham.

Hartye Successful at Tennis.

Only one match was decided yesterday in the tennis tournament on the courts of the Marine and Field Club, Bath Beach, and in this William Hartye scored a straight-sets victory over Alvin Filer, by scores of 6-0 and 6-2. This match was held in the second round play. The tournament will be continued today.

GIANTS MAKE GOOD USE OF THEIR HITS

Get Five Tallies with Only Six Safeties, While Schupp Holds Cubs Scoreless.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—Timely hitting and splendid fielding behind the airtight pitching of Ferdinand Schupp gave the Giants a victory in the opening game of the series with the Cubs today, 5 to 0. McGraw's men made only six hits, but four of them figured in the scoring, and they also profited by the unsteadiness of their opponents in tight places.

Schupp twirled a magnificent game, bowling along with scarcely an effort and keeping the six hits which he allowed so well scattered that the Cubs never had a real opportunity to upset him. One of the hits with which the Cubs were credited was a short fly that dropped between Robertson and Smith and which either could have caught but for a misunderstanding. Another was a looping drive to right that Robertson lost in the sun and which went for a two-base hit.

Opposed to Schupp at the start of the pastime was Phil Douglas, who lingered for only six innings and who was nicked for three runs before he abandoned the contest. Phil struck out five men in the first four innings, but he could not hold the pace.

Smith singled, with one out, in the fifth, and promptly stole second, after which he went on to third on a passed ball. Holke walked, and was forced by McCarty, but Smith scored on the play. In the following frame Robertson beat out a perfect bunt after Burns had been expunged.

Benny Kauff connected with a fast ball and drove it over the right-field wall and into the areaway of a house across the street from the park. Robertson crossing the plate ahead of him. Douglas stayed in the box long enough to get the side out, and then quit for the day. Pechous batted for him in the sixth, and Vaughn, a recruit hurler, went to the hill in the seventh.

A damaging error by Shick, also a recruit, and playing in centre field in place of Cy Williams, coupled with Walker's wildness and a hit by Heinie Zimmerman at an opportune moment, gave the Giants a brace of tallies in the eighth. Burns, first up, reached second on Shick's muffed his long fly. With two strikes on him, Robertson missed a swing at a wild pitch, Burns going to third and Robertson reaching first when the Cubs catcher threw wild and all the way to the grand stand.

Kauff hit to Kilduff, and Pete threw to Dilhoefer to nip Burns at the plate, but Burns scurried back to third just ahead of Dilhoefer's throw to Deal. Robertson at the same moment slid into third from the other side of the bag, and Deal tagged both runners. Robertson was declared out, but Kauff had gone to second on the play. Zimmerman smashed a single to right centre, and Burns and Kauff registered.

Zimmerman essayed a steal of second, and kept right on to third when Dilhoefer heaved the ball into centre field. Heinie beat Schick's return throw to the far corner, but Kilduff called Umpire Harrison's attention to the fact that the runner had not touched second, and Harrison called Heinie out when Deal tagged him at third.

The Cubs made a bold bid to spoil Schupp's shutout game in the ninth inning, and probably would have succeeded had it not been for George Burns. After Zeider had singled, with one out, Deal drove the ball to Smith, but Burns made a wonderful catch, jumping into the air and catching the ball in both hands while his back was turned to the diamond. On this assumption that the drive was good for three bases, at least, Zeider had rounded second and was chasing for third when Burns made the catch, and he was doubled off first on Smith's relay of Burns's throw to Holke.

Manager McGraw and Secretary Foster, when questioned about the suspension of Charlie Herzog today, would not discuss the matter.

The score:

NEW YORK, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	CHICAGO, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Burns, lf	4	1	1	3	1	Flack, rf	4	0	2	1	0
Robertson, rf	4	1	0	0	0	Kilduff, ss	3	0	0	5	0
Kauff, cf	3	2	1	1	0	Wolter, lf	3	0	0	0	0
Zim'man, 3b	4	0	1	2	2	Zeider, lf	4	0	1	0	4
Fletcher, ss	4	0	1	1	1	Deal, 3b	4	0	0	1	2
Smith, 2b	4	1	1	4	5	Merkle, 1b	3	0	2	2	1
Holke, 1b	2	0	0	12	1	Merkle, 1b	3	0	1	9	1
McCarty, c	4	0	0	4	0	Dilhoefer, c	3	0	0	8	1
Schupp, p	4	0	0	0	2	Douglas, p	1	0	0	0	2
						aPechous	0	0	0	0	0
						Walker, p	0	0	0	0	0
						bTestle	0	0	0	0	0
						Frend'g'st, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	5	6	27	18	Total	29	0	6	27	13

a Batted for Douglas in sixth.
b Batted for Walker in eighth.

Errors—Fletcher, Schick, Merkle.

New York	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	0	—5
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hit—Flack. Home run—Kauff. Stolen bases—Kauff, Smith. Sacrifice hit—Kilduff. Double plays—Zelder, Kilduff and Merkle; Zimmerman, Smith and Holke; Fletcher, Smith and Holke; Burns, Smith and Holke. Left on bases—New York, 4; Chicago, 5. First base on errors—New York, 2; Chicago, 1. Bases on balls—Off Douglas, 2; Schupp, 2; Prendergast, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Douglas, 4 hits and 2 runs in 6 innings; Walker, 1 and 0 in

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(c) This character means civil or equitable.

FEDERAL.
Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—Room 312, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal calendar. US<Byrne, (on trial.) Same<Newman & Same<Cappel. Same<Proper. Same<Holmes.

NEW YORK COUNTY.
Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—First Department—For the hearing of appeals from the City Court and Municipal Courts.—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Goff, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Pneumatic Service Co<NY Edison Co. Planten<Nat Nassau Bank. Rauch<Weatherall. America<Richards. Cass<Wood, (2.) Goldman<Goldman. Re Pierce. German Sav Bank<Sinauer, (2.) Woods<N Y & H RR. Reichstadt<Halsted, (2) Victor Flag Co<Artistic Dyeing Co. Re Headland, (Bell.) Sturla<Standard Gas Light Co. Tausig<Oppenheim. Gutting<J McCreery Rty Co. Dixon<Union Ry. Quinn<B, Q C & S RR. Mausman<B H RR. Van Buren<Trustees of Columbia Univ. Myer Strasburger Co<Hangler. Winkler<Winkler. Fogarty<O'Reilly. Re Luttgen. Kip<Seine. Re Story, Av. Bisoni<NY Theatre Co. (2.) Robinson<Burden, Jr. Bammann<F H Appleton & Son, Inc. Hanson<Hanson. Rockefeller<Union Ry. Quinlan<same. Spencer<Weinstein. Stanton<Curtis. Tennessee Copper Co<J P Devine Co. Jacobus<Freedman. Levers<J & T Co<Liberty St Held Corp. Mahon<Equitable Tr. Re N S Fid & Guar Co. (Henderson.) Farr<same. McNamee<Union Ry. Peck<same. Cox<same. Sinzinowitz<same. Carlson<same. Reingold<Belt Line Ry. Eck<Third Av Ry. Manders<same. McGowan<same. Eck<same. Smith<Preiss. Watkins<Watkins. Breen<Dileno. Spencer<Carlson. Jackson<John T Clark & Son. Kosmachefski<P RR.

PART II.—Tierney, J.—Ex parte business at 10:30 A. M. Excise case. Re Sisson.
PART III.—Recess.
PARTS IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Recess.
PARTS III., IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Motion calendar.
E. Van Sonsick, Harry Solon, John H. Cahill, James A. Cowie, (2.) Fanny M. Chapman, Emeline Green, Jennie Abrahams, G. L. Goldberg, Eva Rohr, Jennie Blackstock, T. A. A. Jonnson, Adelaide Cahn, F. Videgaray, W. C. Lessler, Mary A. McFartland, Martin Engel, Gustav A. Krause, Jesse W. Powers, John Schreyer, Jached Malta, Henry Dietz, Pauline Waranoff, &c. Horatio D. Achorn, Adolphus W. Green, Anne Seguin, Alice D. W. Chauncey, William T. Bull, Franz Voellmeke, William T. Burall, Elizabeth Power, Ivan Prince, Patrick McCabe, &c. Elizabeth Hindmarsh, Maria R. Trinchese, &c., Luigi Vallazzi, Jessef Schmidt, Luigi Volta, &c., Katherine Faulhaber, Angelo Auruzia, Alexander Strauss, Elizabeth Kane, Moses Essdiel, John V. Dahlgren, John H. McGuire, Jesse W. Powers, Charlotte Y. Ackerman, Kitty Landon, Harry D. Ripley, J. D. M. De Ridder, James M. Stewart, Marie Saltzieder, Henry T. Cutter, Katherine F. Lindemann, Lucy E. Throughten, Viola Swain, inf., L. L. Van Costelle, George H. Huber, Adelaide Lagasi, Dora Jacobs, Joanna Thomson, Joseph Nevins, Mary Comins, Flora A. Gordon, Max Rohr, Norma H. Barrett, Samuel Schwartz, Charles M. Dunlop, M. Schrenkalsen, H. Greenberg, Adeline M. Leggett, Martin Engel, Morris Jones, John H. Degelman, Samuel A. Peters, Caroline Neustadter, Ellen M. Hennessy, Bridget Delaney, Joseph Bineeles, &c, Charles B. Austin, Guy C. B. Hoppe, William H. Inman, Alice H. Young, A. A. A. Whitcomb, Catherine Quinn, Margaret Reynolds, August Saterius, James Carson, Samuel Matchak, John Foran, Sr., &c, Kate Moynahan, Johanna Ford, William E. Rodie, Adelaide Hamilton.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—La Fetra, J.—Motions at 10 A. M.
May<N Y Edison. Goldstein<Harrisons. Miller<Siebert. Offermann<Schnee Realty Co. Tunck<Clark. Henry Hersch Co<Suller. Kaufman<Meyers. Indell & Conforti Co<Enwell Holding Co. Hotel Grenoble<Mitchell. Conner<P Lorillard Co. Grubman<Flannery. Sonn Bros Co<Canadian Broadway Bldg Co<Collins. Raimon<MacDonald. Horn<Green. Dimartino & Mirantt<Israel. Gumpel<Gurvitch.

PART II.—La Fetra, J. At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII. adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT.—Tierney, J.—Re Delaney—James F. Donnelly. Ridley<Moses—Marcel Levy. Pendleton<Cincotti—Frederick C. Hunter.
SUPREME COURT — Goff, J. — Dunning<Breitterman—Francis W. Pollock. Bohm<Alt—Robert L. Luce.
SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J.—Marinback<Lichtenstein—Julius Hallheimer.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Louis A. Zerega<Betie Elenbogen—Henry Brady. N. Y. Sav. Bank<Wm. Robinson—John C. Hertle.

BRONX COUNTY.
Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 9:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.
Fox<Raggie. City Real Estate Co<Begley. Cramp<Podvits. Hanford<same. Farnfaller<Farnfaller. Cott<Cott. Re Bass. Re Tabor. Hurr<Ballet. Pinto<Di Iorio. Kalm<Eckel. Wolf<W O Con Co. Ex rel Kirzner<Smerglia. Friend<Henry. Birkenwald<May Co. Pyro Chemical Co<Zimmermann. Edelstein<Wilner. Weisgiass<Draper. Meyers<O J Gude Co. Silberman<Honig, (2.) Hushner<Huebner. Re Prince Hall Bldg. George<3d Av Ry. Dispatch Film Corp<H Mark Rty Corp. Langrone Detective Agency<Becky. Vaccareyo<Rose. Teichman<Teichman.

TRIAL TERM.—Part I.—Tierney, J.—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

KINGS COUNTY.
Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Kapper, J.—At 10 A. M.
Fergerson<Fergerson.
Highest number reached on the regular call, 145.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kelby, J.; Part II., Kelly, J.; Part III., Cropsey, J.—At 10 A. M.
Wells<B Q Co & Sub RR. Epstein<Schnibbe. Ganly<B H RR. McDonough<Greenhut. Schneider<Yarmovsky. Latino<I R T. Tutschulte<Meidrum. Paturzo<Tanguay. Horn<Bloomingdale. Marino<C I & S RR. Sternitzke<Coney Isl & Gravesend Ry. Arpino<Lehne. Bash<Weber. Callahan<Taylor. Iglovitz<CNY. Amadeo<same. Murray<Union Ry of NY. Weber<CNY.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call.
Hearon<Shewan&Sons. Swan<Bush Terminal. Proetto<April. Gunsburger<Kistler. Olson<Keeding. Resnick<Brenner&sons. Shapiro<Cruickshank, (2.) Paul<CNY & gno. Byrne<Levy & Joseph. Heller<Winer. Perrera<Matthews. Kranz<C I & S RR. Arnold<same. Braive<NY Con RR. Catalanotto<B'klyn Union Gas Co. Mahoney<Nassau RR. Sheehan<Self. Helst<Marcus.
Highest number reached on regular call, 2276.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, J.—At 10 A. M.
Wills of Sophie Berg. Floyd K Diefendorf. Louis Schneider. Margaret Gill. Accounting of: James McCormack. Richard McNerney. Meta A Obly. Kohl<Kohl. Ettinger<Ettinger. Meister<Meister. Rty. Bangert<The Tribune Assn. Doverall<Doverall. Flore<Flore. Re Gravesend Neck Bond. Re new Utrecht Av (Farley.) McManany<Clark. Vogt<Vogt. Re Borenstein (Johnstone.) Goldberg<Goldberg. Black<Olmstead. Carr<Leonhard. Michel Brewg Co. Rowe<Ankenor. F McElfee<Lawrence. C McElfee<same. Re Bay 37th St-Bay 38th St. Re Ashland Place. Satore<National Fireproofing Co. Pacaretti<Perry. Re Mermaid Land Co. Anderson<Kirkpatrick. Crane<Finnerty. Vogt<Lundy, (3.) Ranson<same (2.) Hamilton Trust Co<same (2.) Bank of Yber<same. Haley<same. Bank of Coney Island <same. Jeffreys<Bush Terminal Bldg Co. Meron<Coles.

QUEENS COUNTY.
Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Garretson, J.—In Part I.—At 10 A. M.
McEwen<McEwen. Ross<Wiggins & ano. Bowler<Ankener. Guidi, as adm<L I RR Co. Lautz<Card. Manicardo, an infant <Friedman.
The following causes if marked ready will be passed for the day. No causes will be set down for a day on this call:
Mulligan<L I Elec Ry. Co. White<N Y Con RR. Brow<N Y & Q Co Elec L & P Co. Anderson<Kirkpatrick Toomey<Man & Q Tr Corp. Roth<B H RR, (2.) Kessler<B H RR Co. Cresska<L I RR Co. Loscalzo<NY & Queens Co Ry Co. Gregory<L I El Ry.
Highest number reached on the general calendar is 1,728.
Luban, an infant< B H RR Co. Lechner<Krayer. Lachoess<Rehringer. Niebling<Dambrauska. Kerrigan<Schmidt. Henry, as adm<N Y & Queens Co Ry. Ferrera<Matthews. Plotter<Taylor. Butler<C I & S RR. Kotch<Cody. Persichitti<Doerschuck Murgatroyd< NY Con RR. La Regina<Hertz. & ano.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.
Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Sawyer, S.—At White Plains. Wills for probate: Clark Wright. Clara A Jackson. Catherine Lee Francis. Joseph Delaney. Henry Willy. Order to show cause: Michael Nasdirovl. Helen M Rendsburg. Wm Crossman Lee. Motion transfer tax: James A. Halley. Compulsory acc't'g: Jacob Halsted. Joseph Berger. Louise Schilling. Mary W Brown. Petition for adm'n: Harry S Sparks. Sophia Hoffman. Executor's acc't'g: Henry Iden, Sr., Henry Iden, Jr., Cyrus Travis. Mike Elmore. Nora V V Cotter. G Oscar Pfeiffer. Adm'r's acc't'g: Horton A Crisp. O A Roussens. To construe will: Hiram B Sarles. In re estate: Edith A Frites.

Buyers in New York.

The Business Page of The New York Times is read by buyers arriving in New York, because it gives them all the business news. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

COATS.—Jobber placing orders on snappy cloth coats. Call with samples. 19 W. 25th St., 4th floor.

SOCKS—Heavy cotton, and mixed cotton and wool military socks wanted; also military mittens bought in large quantities. Address, stating quantity and lowest price for cash, "Military," P. O. Box 1520, New York City.

PLUSH, (cotton,) in all colors. Spring 6672.

SERGES.—Will buy 1-yard length, 50-inch French serge. Madison Square 7296.

VELOUR.—American 546; will pay cash; burgundy, plum, mole, &c. Phone Chelsea 853. Amson Furtsch.

Offerings to Buyers

CHAMBRAY.—36 inches wide, blue; also percales, below market price. M 174 Times.

CHIFFON VELVETS.—$2.50 and up. Heinsheimer Bros., 621 Broadway.

COATS.—Misses' all wool, about 200 to sacrifice. S. R. Kahn, 1123 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Popular price; serge and silk dresses for immediate delivery. Phil Mark & Co., 71 West 23d.

DRESSES.—French serge dresses; immediate delivery. Globe Dress and Suit, 19 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Serge and satin, for immediate delivery. Bild-More Dress, 6 West 20th.

KARAMI.—Blumenthal's, $8.50 net; 11050, $2.10 net; 544, $2.20 net; Chase's stripes, $3 net. N 60 Times.

SKIRTS.—300 plain and striped silk skirts, immediate delivery. S. R. Kahn, 1,123 Broadway.

VELVET.—For sale, Salt's F-OO 51-inch black velvet. R. Sadowsky, Broadway and 57th St.

Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN, handle line of popular-priced ladies' belts, covering Southern and Middle West States; commission. B. C., 216 Times Downtown.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday, 5@5½ per cent. for the best names.
Saturday, 5@5½ " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Rug Market Becoming Active.

That the comparative dull and quiet of the Summer months in the rug and carpet market is giving place to a growing demand from varied sources is the consensus of opinion among manufacturers in this city. These merchants who stocked up rather heavily last Spring, and it is said there were many of them, having worked off a good deal of their stock, are reported to be back in the market to replenish their lines.

***

Burlaps Were Rather Quiet.

There was little demand evident in the local burlap market yesterday, though prices remained firm, more or less nominally, under the marked scarcity of the most wanted goods. Little news of interest was received from the primary markets during the day, both Calcutta and Dundee being higher than New York as to prices. These were the day's local quotations for forty-inch standard burlaps: 10½-ounce, 13¼ cents; 10-ounce, 14¼ cents; 8-ounce, 11 cents, and 7½-ounce, 10.90 cents.

***

Vigorous Demand for Corduroy.

Buying activity in the local corduroy market, according to a number of manufacturers' agents, is continuing with unabated vigor. Many of the mills are said to be hard put to in the matter of deliveries. The increasing demand for this fabric is attributed by authorities in the trade to Fall and Winter style tendencies which are said to be favorable to corduroy and other pile fabrics. It is pointed out that corduroy, while comparatively cheap at present price levels, wears like iron and gives a very smart appearance to a well-tailored garment.

***

Retail Business Was Active.

Little fault could be found with the activities of shoppers in the local retail district yesterday. Stores were well patronized in all departments. In one of them, in which a new house furnishings department had been opened, that department was particularly active. The movement of the utensils of aluminium and similar goods was so brisk, in fact, according to an executive that clerks were lined up behind a long table-like counter merely to take orders. So large was the demand, he said, that it would have been out of the question to make a complete sale in every case, that is, to the point where the merchandise could have been delivered, wrapped and tied, to the customer in person.

***

French Using Gingham Idea.

Some of the French silks that have reached this city in the last couple of weeks make use of the gingham patterns which have done so well in this country in the last several months. They are varied more or less, and as offered bid fair to be snapped up quickly by discerning buyers. Most of them are seen in fabrics of the chiffon taffeta order. Other woven novelty French silks also are doing well here, one natty effect showing an inch-wide woven floral stripe running through a soft, dark taffeta ground between conventional narrow stripes of white. In the domestic goods the demand for novelties is running almost entirely to plaids and stripes. It is still well divided between satin-faced cloths, taffetas, and crêpes.

***

Suit Sales Are Improving.

The optimistic reports that have been heard in wholesale circles lately concerning the improved movement in women's suits are reflected in reports made yesterday by executives of certain big local retail stores. In every case, it was said, the ready-to-wear departments were ahead of last year, and in this business the larger sale of suits was a factor. The increase in the movement of this merchandise was attributed to the cool weather of the last week or so, and this was also held largely responsible for the gain shown over the same period of 1916. Last year, it was pointed out, early September was very warm. The question was raised by one executive as to whether the present gain, as compared with last year, would be lost later in the season, when the 1916 sales made a better showing, as a result of the present early buying.

***

Knit Goods Business Good.

According to manufacturers of knit underwear, salesmen out among the trade with their Spring sample lines are doing a larger volume of business than a year ago. In the women's lines the envelope type is proving the most popular. The one-piece garment for men continues to make large gains at the expense of the older two-piece garment. The labor situation in the Mohawk Valley, the knit goods centre, continues to be a serious one, many of the mills having been forced to curtail their output somewhat. Because of this, and due to the unusual Government requirements, in all probability there will be a still greater shortage of merchandise in the Spring than prevailed in the Fall and Winter wear.

***

Gray Goods Sales Light.

Trading was none too active in the local gray goods market yesterday, the Jewish holiday taking a number of buyers out of the midst of things for the time being. Business was done on 38½-inch 64-60s from second hands at 9¼ cents, both for spot and very nearby delivery. The mills were again asking 9¼ cents for spot lots of these goods. On narrow print cloths some business also was done, sales of spot 25-inch 56-44s being reported at 5⅝ cents from first hands, with contracts available at an eighth less. It is said now to be possible to get 36-inch 5-yard sheetings for the later deliveries at 9 cents, which is a quarter below the recent price asked for this construction. Mill print-cloth prices, spot, closed as follows:

39-inch, 50-80s	13¼c	28½-inch, 64-60s	*9¼c
39-inch, 72-76s	12¼c	28½-inch, 64-56s	8⅝c
39-inch, 68-72s	10¼c	28½-inch, 60-52s	8⅜c
39-inch, 56-44s	7⅝c	28½-inch, 60-48s	8c
38½-inch, 64-64s	9¼c	27-inch, 64-60s	6⅞c

*Asked.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Eleven new members were added to the roster of the National Jewelers' Board of Trade at the last meeting of the Board of Directors of that organization.

Shipments of furs intended for disposal at the forthcoming sale of the New York Fur Auction Sales Corporation will be received up to Sept. 25. The sale begins on Monday, Oct. 15.

WOOLENS FOR ARMY USE.

A Fifty Per Cent. Wool Substitute Is Allowed in Meltons.

In view of the announcement of the Committee on Supplies of the Council of National Defense that the committee was in the market for additional quantities of thirty-ounce O. D. Melton and three-pound O. D. blankets, the Joint Woolens Committee, representing the American Association of Woolen and Worsted Manufacturers and National Association of Wool Manufacturers, yesterday sent out a special notice to manufacturers. It was pointed out that particular preference in award would be given to manufacturers able to make substantial deliveries before Jan. 1, 1918, although offerings of later deliveries would be considered.

The joint committee's statement in part said: "It is of the greatest importance that the Quartermaster's Department of the army should be in possession of ample quantities of these cloths to make possible the adequate equipment of troops during late Fall and early Winter.

"The Joint Woolens Committee therefore urges manufacturers who are making these cloths to take additional quantities for the remaining months of the year, and all manufacturers not making them, who are equipped to, to consider it a patriotic duty to do so at once.

"The Joint Woolens Committee is authorized to state that the Committee on Supplies will consider a thirty-ounce fabric containing 50 per cent. wool and 50 per cent. of wool substitute, in order to accomplish a further conservation of the wool supply.

"This does not apply to the blanket in which the specification providing for 65 per cent. wool and 35 per cent. wool substitute still governs.

"Particular attention is directed to the fact that in the new thirty-ounce cloth no deviation from the existing specifications on the 35 per cent. wool substitute cloth in fabrication, (picks and ends,) color, or strength will be permitted.

"All offerings should be made promptly to Charles Eisenman, Committee on Supplies, Munsey Building, Washington, D. C."

CANNED GOODS PRICES.

Those Agreed Upon by Government for Certain Vegetables.

Prices on a variety of canned vegetables for Government use are contained in a bulletin received yesterday from the Council of National Defense at Washington. The bulletin says:

"The Bureau of Cost and Accountancy, now transferred to the Federal Trade Commission, has notified the army and navy that the following prices are considered 'fair and just' for the canned peas preserved for the Government.

Grade of Peas.

(Definitions.)	Size 2.	Size 3.	Size 5.
Fancy sweet wrinkled	1.25	1.30	1.30
Fancy Alaskas	1.45	1.25	None
Standard sweet wrinkled	1.25	1.20	1.15
Standard Alaskas	1.35	1.15	None

These prices are per dozen, net free on board, factory, in cases of two dozen tins. If cases are strapped, 6 cents per case extra is allowed.

"If shipments have been made and invoiced to the Government prior to receipt of the above advice, credit memorandum should be issued, or remittance sent to, or reduction made from invoices on further shipments to the depot of the army or navy to which shipment has been made.

"These are the prices the bulletin sets down as "fair and just" for canned green and wax beans:

Fancy whole or cut green stringless beans	1.50
Fancy whole or cut round pod wax beans	1.50
Extra standard whole or cut green stringless beans	1.20
Extra standard whole or cut wax beans	1.20
Standard cut green stringless beans	1.10
Extra standard cut green stringless beans in cases of six No. 10 tins	5.00

The prices for beans also are per dozen, net f. o. b. factory, in cases of two dozen No. 2 tins of 19 ounces net content, except the last item, which is in cases of six No. 10 tins of six pounds, six ounces, net content. Special charges are allowed for strapping.

As to canned corn, the varieties Evergreen, Country Gentlemen, Crosby, whole grain or shoepeg corn will be acceptable only in the fancy and extra standard grades. No standard corn will be taken. These are the prices, on the terms expressed above, for goods in cases of two dozen No. 2 tins of 20 ounces, net content: Extra standard grade, $1.25; fancy grade, $1.30.

The bulletin also says that pending the statement of final prices on tomatoes, the navy will make advance payments equal to 90 per cent. of the invoice amounts of goods received and accepted. No advances will be made by the army. The bulletin quotes a navy order on the matter of prices in this way:

As it is impracticable to now determine a reasonable and just compensation for the material to be delivered, the fixing of the price will be subject to a later determination. You are assured of a reasonable profit under this order, and as an advance payment you will be paid the unit prices stated hereon, with the understanding that such advance payment will not be considered as having any bearing upon the price to be subsequently fixed. Any difference between the amount of such advance payment and the amount finally determined upon as being just and reasonable will be paid to you or refunded by you, as the case may be. The unit price stated herein will not prejudice the future price determination or be considered as a precedent in determining such increases or decreases as may be later decided upon as proper.

The tentative prices fixed, subject to revision up or down on Oct. 15, are $1.45 per dozen net, f. o. b. factory, for No. 3 tins, 24 to a case, and $4.50 for No. 10 tins, six to a case. These prices apply to tomatoes shipped after Sept. 15.

The need of tentative price-fixing resulted from the unusual weather and price conditions in the tomato market, as well as to the fact that when the prices were determined, the packing season was not very far advanced. The bulletin concludes with a plea for fair play as between the canners and the jobbers, growing out of complaints by the latter that the former were using Government requirements as an excuse for avoiding or curtailing deliveries taken previous to the placing of Federal orders.

Embargo on One-eighth-Inch Plates.

P. K. Condict, Government agent in charge of the New York Exports License Bureau, said yesterday that one-eighth inch, as well as one-half inch, iron and steel plates were included in the recent embargo order. When the local license office opened yesterday many exporters endeavored to obtain licenses for the exportation of plates thinner than one-half inch. They were disappointed when told that the one-eighth-inch plates were included in the embargo.

Y.W.C.A. Nurses on Way to France.

Among the 600 passengers who sailed recently for France from an Atlantic port were sixty-four special nurses from the Y. W. C. A., a hospital contingent of seven surgeons and sixteen nurses, fifty ambulance drivers, and several United States Army officers on their way to make observations at the western front. There were 300 Armenians in the third cabin going to join the French Army to fight against the Turks.

HA-KU-RA SILK WAISTS
Unexcelled at $18.00 to $36.00 Dozen
HANEY, KUTTNER & RAAB,
Juniper & Vine Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.
1,370 Broadway, New York City.

PRISCILLA COATS for MISSES
Smart Styles—Popular Prices.
H. GOLDWATER & CO., 36 W. 25th St.

COATS & SUITS
Dependable Garments—Clever Designs.
MUTUAL GARMENT CO.,
16-18-20 West 32nd St., N. Y. C.

VENETIANS
SHIPLEY-HOLLINS CO., 44 East 23th St.

J. S. Models
in STYLISH STOUT SUITS and COATS give long lines to full formed women. BERNSTEIN, BAUM, DaCOSTA CO., 38 West 32d Street, New York.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ATLANTA—Ridley-Tates Co.; P. D. Yates, wholesale dry goods, general merchandise; Collingwood.
BAINBRIDGE, Ga.—H. J. Bruton, china, glassware; Aberdeen.
BALTIMORE—Daniel Miller & Co.; H. L. McLanahan, hats, millinery; 508 B'way.
BALTIMORE—John E. Hurst & Co.; J. H. Wells, dress goods, silks, ready-to-wear; 11 E. 31st.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss C. Fuld, infants' wear; 220 5th Av.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Sisson Bros. & Welden Co.; Miss A. M. Reardon, dresses, waists; Breslin.
BOSTON—A. Shuman & Co.; W. F. Maher, boys' clothing; Prince George.
BOSTON—J. Dreyfus & Sons; C. Dreyfus, men's furn. goods; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—William Filene's Sons Co.; Mrs. Louis, millinery; Miss Aronson, shoes; Mr. Tobey, shoes; Mr. Koch, millinery; Mr. O'Brian, coats, suits; Mr. Tripp, skirts; Mr. Levy, waists; Mr. Ring, dresses; Mr. Schroeder, underwear; 116 West 32d.
BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; F. W. Barnard, leather goods; 230 5th Av.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; J. J. Smith, furn. goods; 404 4th Av.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; J. T. Reed, women's hosiery, knit underwear, basement; C. H. Hurd, women's hosiery, knit underwear; G. L. Snyder, stationery; W. McLain, jewelry; Mr. Bloise, representing; C. L. Wentworth, stationery, basement; Mr. Carroll, representing; J. A. Belyea, women's neckwear; Mr. Whitmarsh, representing; 432 4th Av.
BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; W. J. Boyle, dress goods, silks; 2 W. 37th.
CAMBRIDGE, Mass.—M. Keezer Co.; M. Keezer, clothing, furnishing goods, furniture; Continental.
CHICAGO—The Catalogue House; H. Philbborn, house dresses, waists, kimonos, petticoats; J. S Schlesinger, silk dresses, skirts, sport coats; H. Kaufman, girls', children's dresses. 132 W. 21st.
CHICAGO.—Hillman's; J. W. Gannon, drugs, toilet articles, stationery, sundries; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Boston Store; Miss M. McGrath, millinery; 44 East 23d.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; H. M. Rieg, cotton convertings; E. A. Kettlewell, women's, misses' apparel; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Neiderman & Klein; J. Klein, furn. goods; Herald Square.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss B. W. Sachse, silverware; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO, Ill.—Boston Store; W. H. Whitely, toilet articles; 44 E. 23d.
CHICAGO, Ill.—Marshall Field & Co.; C. J. Wits, E. G. Walters, jewelry; Mr. Goodbill, cotton dress goods; G. E. Karaffe, ladies' neckwear; E. H. Titus, C. Doolittle, retail dress goods; F. C. Busse, white goods; 1,107 Broadway.
CHICAGO, Ill.—Mandel Bros.; F. Merse, men's clothing; 13 E. 22d.
CHICAGO, Ill.—J. V. Farwell Co.; J. S. Sullivan, hosiery; 72 Leonard.
CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; C. O. Schafile, domestics, flannels, blankets; 230 5th Av.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; H. R. Tyroler and Miss S. Altfeld, silk, serge dresses; 72 Madison Av.
CLEVELAND, Ohio—The May Co.; L. Moskowitz, basement, jobs waists, muslin underwear; A. Kolisky, hosiery, underwear, basement; 37 West 26th.
DALLAS—Higginbotham-Bailey-Logan Co.; W. L. Logan, Jr., piece goods; 395 B'way.
DALLAS, Texas.—Perkins D. G. Co.; J. H. Armstrong, silks; J. Summers, notions; 90 Worth.
DENVER—Joslin D. G. Co.; S. L. Todd, cloaks, suits, waists; 23 East 26th.
DETROIT—A. Krolik & Co.; L. P. Laurendeau, dress, wash goods; 377 B'way.
ELMIRA—Bentley Furniture Co.; H. B. Bentley, carpets, furniture; Marlborough.
FROSTBURG, Md.—Hitchens Bros. Co.; W. A. Hitchens, E. G. Hitchens, general merchandise, carpets, rugs, furniture; Great Northern.
GRAND RAPIDS—P. Steketee & Sons; J. P. Steketee, domestics; Collingwood.
HAMILTON, Ont.—F. C. Watkins Co.; Mrs. M. McLean, millinery; 23 East 26th.
HOUSTON—Hubbell, Slack & Co.; W. Weatherford, general merchandise; Imperial.
INDIANAPOLIS—W. H. Block Co.; C. H. Paige, silks; 1,261 Broadway.
INDIANAPOLIS—Hibben-Hollweg Co.; H. R. Pulliam, dress goods, silks; 320 B'way; Great Northern.
ITHACA, N. Y.—Wells-Shannon Co.; H. L. Wells, men's wear; Grand.
KALAMAZOO, Mich.—J. R. Jones Sons & Co.; R. G. Hathaway, coats, suits, muslin underwear; Mrs. M. Shepard, ready to wear; 1,170 Broadway; Latham.
KANSAS CITY—Berkson Bros.; Miss R. Frank, waists; 564 5th Av.
LANCASTER, Penn.—Leinbach & Co.; C. Sommers, millinery; 38 W. 32d.
LEBANON, Penn.—Hoak Bros.; W. Hoak, general mdse.; Breslin.
LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; F. W. Gardner, silks, dress goods; F. C. Adams, hosiery, underwear, umbrellas, hair goods; 225 4th Av.
LOS ANGELES—A. Fusenot Co.; Miss R. Masselink, waists, lingerie; 470 4th Av.
MERIDEN, Conn.—Ives, Upham & Rand; W. M. Miles, furn. goods; 404 4th Av.
MILWAUKEE—C. Simonds Co.; C. D. Simonds, woolens; Grand.
MOBILE—L. Hamill D. G. Co.; B. L. Straus, books, stationery; 1,140 Broadway.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Beckett Value Co.; G. W. Beckett, ready-to-wear; Breslin.
NEWBERN, N. C.—S. Copion & Son; C. Copion, ready-to-wear 1,101 B'way; Imperial.
NEW HAVEN—F. A. Corbin, woolens; Collingwood.
NEW ORLEANS—Fellman's; C. Meyer, upholstery goods; L. Levy, men's, boys' clothing; 43 Leonard; Wallick.
OMAHA—M. E. Smith & Co.; C. E. Hutchison, hosiery, underwear, knit goods; 1,133 Broadway.
ONEONTA, N. Y.—B. F. Sisson & Co.; B. F. Sisson, cloaks; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA—Feldman, Kohn & Co.; H. Feldman, manufacturers waists, dresses; York.
PHILADELPHIA—"Blauner's"; M. Michel, millinery; McAlpin.
PHILADELPHIA—Greenebaum Bros. & Co.; S. Greenebaum, cotton piece goods; 200 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—L. Harris & Co.; L. Harris, piece goods; Aberdeen.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Silverman & Son; A. Silverman, ready-to-wear; 18 W. 27th.
PITTSBURGH—Porter Co.; J. J. Porter, ribbons; Navarre.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Department Store; B. T. Smith, furnishing goods; W. B. McGhee, books; 1,261 Broadway.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Olds, Wortman & King; A. F. Moon, furn. goods, men's, boys' clothing; 432 4th Av.
READING, Penn.—Kline, Eppihimer Co.; S. E. Heckman, carpets, rugs; J. S. Tobias, upholstery goods; 334 4th Av.; Brostell.
READING—Kline, Eppihelmer & Co.; F. Keller, china; 44 E. 23d; Cumberland.
ROCHESTER—M. Nussbaum & Co.; M. Nussbaum, silks, linens, cotton goods; Wallick.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; G. M. Pratt, domestics, prints; 432 4th Av.
SOUTH BEND, Ind.—J. Chess Bilsworth; R. R. Robertson, dry goods; 1,270 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Levis-Zukoski Mercantile Co.; Mrs. L. W. Nichols, pattern hats; 302 5th Av.
ST. PAUL—Golden Rule; F. Vilender, furnishing goods; 1,261 Broadway.
ST. PETERSBURG, Fla.—A. L. Johnson, clothing, furnishing goods, hats; Cumberland.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Neal & Hyde; Salem Hyde, representing; C. S. Hyde, hoses, handkerchiefs, and ribbons; D. C. Hyde, upholstery goods, ladies' and infants' wear; 72 Leonard.
TOLEDO—Lion Dry Goods Co.; R. C. Clark, millinery, hats, flowers, feathers; 23 East 26th.
TUCSON, Ariz.—A. Steinfeld & Co.; A. Steinfeld, general mdse.; 434 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—W. S. Schwartz, ready-to-wear; Arlington.
WASHINGTON—J. J. Hayes, men's clothing, furnishing goods, hats; Navarre.
WATERBURY, Conn.—Miller & Peck Co.; Mrs. L. M. McCarthy, corsets, muslin underwear; Miss M. Flannery, ladies' wear; Breslin.
WATERBURY—Miller & Peck; Mrs. E. McCarthy, children's underwear, muslin underwear; Miss Flannery, ladies' coats, suits, shirtwaists; Breslin.
WHEELING, W. Va.—W. H. Colvig, general mdse.; Imperial.
WINCHESTER, Ky.—E. W. Haggard; F. H. Haggard, millinery; Collingwood.
WOONSOCKET, R. I.—Harris & Mowry Co.; M. H. Briggs, coats, suits; Miss Murphy, ladies' hosiery, underwear, men's furn. goods; 404 4th Av.
WORCESTER, Mass.—Burnard, Sumner, Putnam Co.; W. Stanley, silks; 404 4th Av.
YORK, Penn.—P. West's Sons; A. Hollinger, coats, suits, waists; Miss J. Smyser, hosiery, gloves; 404 4th Av.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—George L. Fordyce Co.; Miss J. Miles, hosiery, corsets, underwear; 404 4th Av.

The Prosperous merchant is the one who recognizes the growing demand for Separate Skirts and meets it with a good display of

STAR SKIRTS
Styled to the Minute
Whatever class of trade your store caters to, you'll find that kind of skirt in our display—and every one is an exceptional value.
STAR SKIRT CO.
15-19 East 26th St., N. Y.

AT YOUR SERVICE
The House Exceptional
FOR
Cotton Fabrics of Merit
Denzer & Nathan
611-21 Broadway, New York

"We Are Ready!"
MILITARY GOODS
For Immediate Delivery
Complete line of Hat Straps, Officers' and Money Belts, Leggins, Trench Mirrors, and Novelties.
MANUFACTURERS
L. LEFKOWITZ & BRO.
Tel. Spring 4849
1-17 GREENE ST., NEW YORK.

PUTTEE LEGGINGS
Steel Springs
Hoops, Ovals and Frames
for Knitting and Embroidery Bags
Quick Deliveries
The M. Cohn & Co., Inc., Mf

THE INCOME TAX AND THE NEXT GOVERNMENT LOAN

In a treatise on the next Government loan our Statistical Department discusses the elements which should be embodied in the forthcoming loan in order to make it a financial success.

Sent to Investors on request.

EASTMAN DILLON & CO
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
INVESTMENT BANKERS
71 BROADWAY, N. Y.

When The War Ends

Long term financing, now almost at a standstill, will unquestionably be resumed in bigger volume with the arrival of peace.

Investors in the meantime can avail themselves of excellent security, stability and high yield in well secured short term notes.

Let us send you Circular T. on our latest offering, yielding

6 7/8%

A.H.Bickmore & Co
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

Short Maturity
BONDS
NOTES

We are prepared to submit a list of very desirable securities with maturities varying from eight months to three years. These investments should not fluctuate materially in price; and yield better returns than are ordinarily possible.

Send for List No. 138.

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street
New York
London Paris

Increase Your Income

Is your money earning all it can?

New taxes, changed conditions, and higher interest rates make it advisable to watch your holdings.

Let us revise your list and make suggestions.

E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston San Francisco Chicago

AMERICAN COTTON OIL
Two-year Notes to yield
6.08%

Particulars on Request

MERRILL, LYNCH & CO.
New York
Chicago
Detroit
Cleveland
Washington
Members New York Stock Exchange.

High Grade Railroad & Municipal Bonds
BLODGET & CO.
34 PINE ST. New York. 60 STATE ST. Boston.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

New Low Prices for Many Issues—Banks Make Time Loans at 6%.

With much the same influences at work in the unsettlement of prices, stocks broke easily yesterday, with many issues again touching new low levels. The decline was halted by a significant development in the early afternoon. In recent weeks it has been almost impossible for brokers to obtain time loans. While call money has not commanded more than 6 per cent., there has been a scarcity of money at that rate on more than one occasion and the unwillingness of the banks to put out funds for from thirty days to six months has proved discouraging. An informal discussion among leading bank executives yesterday was followed by liberal offerings of time money at 6 per cent. on industrial collateral. It is understood that about $10,000,000 was quickly loaned on this basis and a partial rally in stocks was the immediate result. Call money was firmer yesterday, most loans being made at 6 per cent.

Even with this helpful influence, closing prices were generally well under last week's final quotations. There was no confirmation of a revised forecast of the price to be fixed for copper, the new rumor making the figure 18 cents, as against the expected 25 cents, but the metal issues were unfavorably affected, nevertheless. Some stocks which have hitherto resisted the downward tendency lost ground easily yesterday. The break came about in an orderly manner and was accepted by traders as a matter of course, for there has been very little support given the market and pressure applied to almost any issue has brought about a sudden recession. Notable among the issues, which led in the declines yesterday were Steel common, which touched 103⅞, closing off 2½; Bethlehem Steel B, which broke from 100¾ to 93⅝, closing practically at the bottom with a net decline of 6¾; Crucible, which lost 2½; Lackawanna, which lost 2¼; Midvale, which sold for the first time under par, closing at 50⅛ with a decline of 1½; the sugar issues; International Mercantile Marine, common and preferred, the latter closing with a loss of 4¼; Texas Company and St. Paul. Among the mining shares American Smelting and Refining lost 2⅝ and Utah 2½.

At no time in the course of the long decline has the stock market appeared at all panicky. The conservative stages of weakness have followed one another as a natural reflection of the increasing estimates of the war needs brought out in Congress. Traders have acted on the theory that the more the Government has to take in excess profits and income taxes, the less stocks will be worth to holders. This process has probably carried many issues well below their intrinsic value. A measure of readjustment should come when Congress completes its revenue discussions, but the demand for funds to take the place of those which the banks the new Liberty Loan bonds will continue to operate against rising prices. There has been a considerable amount of liquidation all along the decline, some of it due to the necessity for converting securities into cash in expectation of the cash payments, but more of it because of a fear that prices were going much lower. Eventually, the large blocks of stock which have been pressed for sale will be taken up by small investors, but the process of distribution is slow, while the public remains confused over the real extent to which the Government is going in levying new taxes.

LONDON MARKET CHEERFUL.

Money Plentiful and Discount Rates Are Steady.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—The stock market maintained a cheerful undertone today. Dealers construed the Russian situation favorably and marked Russian bonds three points higher. The quotations of mine and oil stocks were also raised and Russian exchange improved to 280@285.

The tendency in the gilt-edged section was sympathetically better though business did not expand. Rubber and oil shares and Mexican National rails were active and firmer, but Argentine rails were flat, owing to labor trouble.

Money was plentiful and discount rates were steady.

Trading Calm on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—Trading on the Bourse today was calm. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 61 francs 55 centimes for cash. Exchange on London was quoted at 27 francs 18 centimes. Five per cent. loan was quoted at 88 francs 15 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	6½	Last	6
Low	5	Renewals	5

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5½@6	Sixty days	6
Ninety days	5½@6	Ninety days	6
Four months	5½@6	Four months	6
Five months	5½@6	Five months	6
Six months	5½@6	Six months	6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	3½@3⅛
Non-members or private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days	3½@3⅞
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	4½@5

Commercial Paper.
Best Known Names.

30 to 60 days	5
4 to 6 months	5 @5½

Other Names.

4 to 6 months	5½@6½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.75½	$4.75½	$4.75½	..
Cables	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	..
France—				
Demand	5.79	5.79	5.79	..
Cables	5.78	5.78	5.78	..
Belgium—				
Demand	16.35	15.85	16.35	—.40
Cables	16.60	16.10	16.60	—.40

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close— Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	4.7550	4.76⅛
5.1826	Paris	5.79	5.78
	China—		
	Hongkong	81.00	81.25
	Peking	128.00	128.25
	Shanghai	121.00	121.25
19.295	Greece	19.50	19.55
40.19	Holland	42.06½	42.18½
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.00	35.00
	Calcutta	35.00	35.00
5.1826	Italy	7.62½	7.61½
49.84	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.00	51.25
	Yokohama	51.00	51.25
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	50.12½	50.25
51.20	Russia	16.35	16.60
40.19	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	33.80	33.80
	Copenhagen	30.70	30.90
	Christiania	30.70	30.90
19.295	Spain	22.30	22.40
42.41	South America—		
42.41	Rio	24.75	25.00
42.44	Buenos Aires	42.75	43.00
5.1826	Switzerland	4.70½	4.68½

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers— 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71⅛	$4.69⅝	$4.71⅛	$4.69⅛

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $408,690,151; balances, $41,422,[illegible]; Sub-Treasury debit balances, $449,490; Federal Reserve credit balance, $18,891,142.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 15@5c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, .9375.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 52d, up 1d; in New York, 102½c, up 2c; Mexican dollars, 82c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, SEPT. 17, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	688,323	1,162,523	869,811
Year to date	133,297,813	125,409,584	104,933,800

Closing Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
22⅛	23	800	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	23	23	22	22	—1⅛
81	82⅜	2,400	Am. Beet Sugar	83½	84	81	81⅛	—2⅞
39½	40	1,000	Am. Can	40	40	39⅛	39⅛	—1½
68⅛	69	800	Am. Car & Fdry	69	69	68	68¼	—2⅞
31½	32¼	200	Am. Cotton Oil	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞	...
11¼	11⅞	300	Am. H. & Leather	11⅞	11⅞	11½	11½	—½
53½	54½	1,000	Am. H. & Leath. pf	54	54½	54	54½	...
49½	50	4,100	Am. International	51½	51½	49¼	49¾	—2½
22	22½	500	Am. Linseed	22¼	22¼	22	22	—1¼
58¾	59½	1,000	Am. Locos. x d	60½	60½	59	59¼	—⅞
12	12¼	600	Am. Malting	11⅞	12⅜	11⅞	12⅜	+⅜
62¼	63	200	Am. Malting 1st pf	63¼	63¼	62⅞	62⅞	—1½
93⅛	95½	6,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref	95⅞	96⅛	93	93⅞	—2⅞
63½	65	200	Am. Steel F'dries	63½	63½	63¼	63½	—1½
107	109	1,700	Am. Sugar Ref	109	109	107	107	—2½
47¼	47½	2,100	Am. Sumatra Tob.	49⅛	49⅛	47⅛	47⅛	—1
116¼	116½	1,250	Am. Tel. & Tel.	116	116½	116	116½	+¼
192	193	100	Am. Tobacco	192	192	192	192	+½
99	100½	100	Am. Tob. pf. new	100	100	100	100	...
45½	46½	500	Am. Woolen	46	46	45¼	45¼	—1¼
68½	68⅞	14,430	Anaconda Copper	70¼	70⅝	68⅛	68⅝	—1½
96⅝	97	800	Atch., Top. & S. F.	96½	96½	96	96	—⅞
94½	96	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	—⅞
90	90½	3,000	At., Gulf & West I.	91	91⅛	88	90	—2¼
59	61	500	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	60	60	60	60	+1½
57	57½	2,400	Baldwin Loco	59	59	56⅞	57⅝	—2¼
65½	66	1,800	Baltimore & Ohio	66	66	65½	65½	—½
99	99	400	Barrett Co	99	99	98½	98½	—1½
93⅝	93½	56,800	Beth.S.class B t.ctfs	100⅝	100⅝	93⅝	93½	—6⅛
85	97	200	Beth. Steel pf	99	99	95⅛	95⅛	—3⅞
59⅛	59½	500	Bklyn Rapid Tran	59⅝	59⅝	59	59⅛	—⅞
94	105	200	Bklyn Union Gas	95	95	95	95	—4
63	68	100	Brown Shoe	65	65	65	65	—2
93½	94	100	Burns Brothers	94½	94½	94½	94½	+½
28	28¾	200	Butte & Superior	28	28	27⅞	27⅞	—¼
39	39½	200	California Packing	39¼	39¼	39⅛	39⅛	—⅛
15⅝	16½	100	California Petrol	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	—⅞
44⅞	45½	300	California Pet. pf	45½	45½	44½	44½	—1½
152½	153	2,400	Canadian Pacific	153	153	152	152⅝	—1½
27	30	100	Central Foundry	27	27	27	27	+1⅝
43	48	100	Central Foundry pf	45	45	45	45	...
80	80⅞	6,300	Central Leather Co	81	81	78⅞	80	—1⅝
32¼	33	200	Cerro de Pasco	32¾	32¾	32½	32¾	—½
71½	72½	1,000	Chandler Motor	71½	72¾	70½	71¾	+1½
56⅛	56½	600	Chesapeake & Ohio	56⅝	56⅝	56⅛	56⅛	—⅞
57	57½	6,600	Chi., Mil. & St. P	59	59	56¼	57½	—2½
102⅜	103¼	600	Chi., M. & St. P.pf	103⅝	103⅝	103	103¼	—⅝
24½	24⅞	4,100	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c.	25⅝	25⅝	24¼	24⅝	—1⅛
61½	62	900	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c.	63	63	61½	61½	—1¾
51½	52	400	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c.	52½	52½	51¾	51¾	—⅞
17	17½	800	Chile Copper	17	17	17	17	—½
50¼	50¾	3,000	Chile Copper pf	51	51	49½	50¼	—1¼
42½	43	600	Col. Fuel & Iron	44½	44½	42¾	42¾	—1¾
38¾	39¼	400	Columbia Gas & El.	39	39¼	38¾	38¾	—¼
30	33	100	Comput. Tab. Rec	35	35	35	35	—¼
100	102	2,000	Consolidated Gas	100⅞	100⅞	99¼	100	—⅛
25¼	25¾	3,900	Corn Products Ref	26⅛	26⅛	25½	25½	—⅞
96¼	97	400	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	96⅛	96⅞	96½	96½	—½
67	67⅛	19,700	Crucible Steel	69½	69½	66⅝	67⅛	—2⅛
30	30¼	3,000	Cuba Cane Sugar	31	31	29⅞	30¼	—1⅜
84⅞	88	100	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	85	85	85	85	...
97⅞	98½	2,150	Delaware & Hud	99	99	97	98	—1
196½	198	261	Del., Lack. & West	195	195¼	195	195¼	+¼
7	7¾	200	Den. & Rio Grande	7	7	7	7	...
30⅜	30⅝	18,900	Distillers' Secur	29	30½	28⅝	30¼	+2¼
9½	9¾	400	Dome Mines	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	—⅛
25¾	28	200	Elk Horn Coal	26	26	26	26	+1
20	20⅞	900	Erie	21	21	20½	20½	—½
31	31	100	Erie 1st pf	31	31	31	31	—¼
36	37	100	Gaston, W. & W.	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾	—⅛
139	140	1,500	General Electric	139¼	139¼	137¾	139	—½
92¾	93	10,100	General Motors	93	93¼	90⅛	92¼	—1¼
43⅞	45	200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	44	44	43⅞	43⅞	—⅝
77	80	200	Granby Consol	78	78	78	78	...
103	104	700	Great Northern pf	103	103⅛	103	103⅛	—⅝
32½	32¾	2,200	G. N. ctfs. for o. p.	33	33	32⅝	32⅝	—½
46	56	100	Hartman Corp	52	52	52	52	—10¾
34⅝	35¼	100	Haskell & Barker	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼	+¼
100¼	101	400	Illinois Central	101	101	100⅝	100⅞	—⅛
49	49¾	21,200	Inspiration Copper	49½	50	47	49¾	—⅛
8½	8¾	1,100	Interboro Consol	8⅞	8⅞	8¾	8¾	—⅛
108	109	100	Int. Harvester, N.J.	109	109	100	100	—1
25	25⅛	15,400	Int. Mer. Marine	26⅜	26⅜	24½	25	—1⅛
80¼	80½	28,000	Int. Mer. Marine pf	84	84¼	80⅝	80½	—4¼
32½	32¾	5,400	Int. Nickel	32¼	32⅜	32⅛	32⅜	+⅛
28⅜	29¼	700	Int. Paper	30	30	28⅝	28⅞	—1
63	65	100	Int. Paper pf. sta	63	63	63	63	—½
17⅞	18⅛	200	Kansas City South	18	18⅛	18	18⅛	+⅛
49½	50	150	Kan. City South. pf	50	50	50	50	...
39½	39¾	9,300	Kennecott Copper	40¼	40¼	39	39⅞	—⅝
78⅞	79	1,200	Lackawanna Steel	79½	79½	78½	78¾	—2¼
17⅛	18	200	Lee Rubber & Tire	17⅞	17⅞	17	17	—⅛
60	69⅝	800	Lehigh Valley	61¼	61¼	60⅝	60⅝	+⅛
195	225	249	Liggett & Myers	205	205	200	200	—1
		4,600	Liggett & M. pf. rcts	94	94	92	92½	—1¼
117	117⅞	1,400	Louis. & Nash.	117¼	117⅛	116	116⅝	—2½
31⅛	32	200	Maxwell Motors	31⅛	31¼	51½	31¼	—1½
89½	90	5,900	Mexican Petroleum	92¼	92¼	89⅛	89⅝	—2⅝
34	34½	400	Miami Copper	34	34	34	34	—1
50	50⅝	10,800	Midvale Steel	51⅝	51⅝	49⅝	50⅛	—1½
11	12	100	Min., S. P. & S. L.	11½	11½	11½	11½	+½
99	99⅝	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	+⅝
115	117	200	M.,St.P. & S.S.M.pf	117	117	117	117	...
26½	26⅞	4,600	Mo. Pacific tr ctfs	27½	27½	26⅛	26⅜	—1¼
48	50	300	Mo. Pac. pf. tr ctfs	50⅝	50⅝	49⅞	49⅞	—1⅞
80	81	100	Montana Power	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	—⅛
32	33	100	Nat. Acme	32	32	32	32	—⅝
27¾	28	500	Nat. Cond. & Cable	28¼	28¼	28	28	—⅞
39½	40	1,250	Nat. Enam. & St.	40½	40½	39¼	39¼	—⅛
50¼	51	200	Nat. Lead	51½	51½	51	51	...
7½	8	100	N. Y. & N. J. 2d pf	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	+½
20¼	20¾	900	Nevada Con. Cop	20½	20¾	20⅛	20½	—¾
118	120	200	N. Y. Air Brake	120½	120½	120	120	—1½
77	77½	2,100	N. Y. Central	78	78	76½	77½	—¾
24	24½	2,900	N. Y., N. H. & H.	25⅛	25⅛	23⅞	24	—1⅛
19¼	19½	300	N. Y. Ont. & West.	19½	19½	19½	19½	—½
110	110½	1,000	Norfolk & Western	111	111	110¼	110¼	—⅝
99⅞	100	1,100	Northern Pacific	100⅛	100⅛	99⅞	99⅞	—1⅛
92	93	200	Nova Scotia S. & C.	93	93	92¼	92¼	—⅝
47	47¾	3,600	Ohio Cities Gas	47½	47⅞	46⅞	47¾	...
6½	6⅞	700	Ontario Mining	7⅛	7⅛	6¾	6¾	—⅛
86	86	400	Owens Bottle Mach.	89	89	86	86	—3½
26	26½	500	Pacific Mail	26½	26½	26¼	26½	+⅜
51½	51¾	800	Penn. R. R.	51¾	51¾	51½	51¾	+⅜
64¼	64¾	800	People's Gas, Chi.	64	65	64	64½	+⅜
15	17	500	Pere Marquette	16	16	15	15	—1½
33½	35	100	Philadelphia Co.	35⅜	35⅜	35⅜	35⅜	+½
37½	38	100	Pierce-Arrow	38	38	38	38	+½
48	50	300	Pittsburgh Coal	47⅞	48	47⅞	48	—1¼
24½	26	100	Pitts. & West Va.	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾	—1¼
58	61½	100	Pitts. & W. Va. pf.	58½	58½	58½	58½	—⅝
20½	23¼	200	Pond Cr. Coal Co.	21	21	21	21	—1
60½	62	100	Pressed Steel Car	60	60	60	60	...
100	101½	100	Pressed Steel C. pf.	101	101	101	101	—1
134	135	200	Pullman Co.	135	135	135	135	+1½
44	46	100	Railway Steel Sp.	45	45	45	45	—1½
24⅝	25	2,400	Ray Con. Copper	25⅛	25⅛	24½	24¾	—½
78½	78¾	9,000	Reading	80	80	77⅞	78¾	—1⅛
78¾	79	6,500	Rep. Iron & Steel	80	80	78	79	—1¼
66½	67	1,600	Royal Dutch t r	67¼	67¼	66⅝	66¾	+¼
13	13½	200	St. Louis-San Fran.	15	15	15	15	...
67	70	700	Savage Arms	64¾	66	62½	66	+3
12½	13	100	Saxon Motor	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	—¼
10¾	11	100	Seaboard Air Line	11	11	11	11	—¼
151½	152	500	Sears, Roeb. & Co.	152¾	152¾	151½	151½	—2¾
23¼	23¼	500	Shattuck-Arizona	22⅞	22⅞	23¼	23¼	...
26¼	26¾	1,300	Sloss Sheff. & Stl.	27¼	27¼	26¼	26¼	—⅝
90⅞	91	1,500	Southern Pacific	91⅞	91⅞	90¼	90¼	—1¼
150	182	100	So. Porto Rico Sug.	159	159	159	159	+6
26½	26⅞	5,000	Southern Railway	27⅛	27⅛	26	26¾	—⅝
61	61½	800	Southern Ry. pf	62	62	60½	60½	—1½
45¾	46	4,700	Studebaker Co	45¾	46¼	45	46	—⅝
37	39	300	Superior Steel	39½	39½	38	38	—1
15¼	15½	1,200	Tenn. C. & C.	15½	15½	15⅛	15⅛	—⅜
163½	164	1,800	Texas Co.	164½	165	163¼	163½	—3
69⅞	70	8,600	Tobacco Products	71¼	71¼	68¼	70	—1⅛
99	104	100	Tob. Prod. pf. x d.	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	—2
40½	41	100	Transue & Wms.	40¼	40¼	40¼	40¼	+¼
80	81½	100	Twin City R. T.	81½	81½	81½	81½	—1
127½	128	3,300	Union Pacific	129	129	127¼	127½	—1
77	78	300	Union Pacific pf.	77½	77½	77	77	—½
42	42¼	600	United Alloy Steel	42½	42½	42¼	42¼	+¼
116	116¼	4,000	United Cigar Stores	118	118	115	116⅝	—2⅛
110	115	100	Un. Cigar Stores pf.	111	111	111	111	—2
126	127	200	United Fruit	126	126	126	126	—1
22	26	100	United Paper Board	23	23	23	23	—2
15	17	100	United Rys. Inv. pf.	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	—¾
15	19	100	U. S. Express	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	—¾
133½	134½	4,200	U. S. Indus. Alco	135	138	133¼	134	—1⅝
100	103	100	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	—2⅞
57½	58	2,150	U. S. Rubber	59	59	57½	58	—¾
60	60⅞	500	U. S. Sm., R. & M.	62	62	60⅛	60⅛	—2½
104½	104¾	262,700	U. S. Steel	107⅛	107⅝	103¾	104⅝	—2½
115½	116	6,700	U. S. Steel pf	116⅛	116⅛	115⅛	115⅛	—1
91	91¼	11,300	Utah Copper	93	93⅛	88⅝	91	—2½
36¾	37	100	Va.-Car. Chemical	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼	—¾
104	108	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	105	105	105	105	—3
10	10¼	800	Wabash	10	10	10	10	...
46½	47	200	Wabash pf. A	46⅞	46⅞	46½	46½	—1¼
24¼	24½	400	Wabash pf. B	25	25	24	24	—1
26	30	500	West. Md. 2d pf	25	27½	25	27½	—3½
89½	91	400	Western Union Tel.	90	90	89½	90	...
44½	44¾	900	Westingh. E. & M.	44¾	44¾	44	44¾	...
12	12½	500	Wheeling & L. E.	12½	12½	12	12	—⅝
25¾	26	200	Wheel. & L. E. pf.	26¼	26¼	25⅞	25⅞	—¼
43	43½	200	White Motor	43	43	43	43	—1½
58	58⅝	700	Wilson & Co.	59¾	59¾	58½	58½	—1⅝
27¼	27½	1,800	Willys-Overland	28	28	27⅛	27¼	—⅝
43½	48	100	Wisconsin Central	43½	43½	43½	43½	—½

EARNINGS INCREASE SIXFOLD

United Paperboard Co. Reports Gross Income of $1,937,338.

The United Paperboard Company earned a gross income of $1,937,338 in the year ended May 26, a total more than six times greater than the preceding year's earnings. After setting aside $348,286 for repairs and replacements and accounting for expenses and taxes, a net of $1,445,250 remained, a gain of $1,153,400 over the result in 1916.

The balance for dividends, after a reserve of $600,000 for depreciation had been made, was $828,111, against $159,725 the year before. The balance sheet, issued yesterday, showed a surplus of $1,048,209 and total assets aggregating $16,021,875.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$8,547,947	$40,255,335
Ord. internal rev	22,532,673	117,551,231
Income tax	2,999,191	16,726,163
Miscellaneous	7,592,139	25,007,225
Total receipts	$41,671,954	$199,539,957
Excess of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts	123,012,437	453,081,465
Excess of tot. disburse. over total receipts	200,173,172	831,000,391
Expenditures	166,984,391	652,421,422

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Baltimore & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	5.25	5.00
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	5.38	5.00
Can. Northern	1917-'26	4½@5	6.80	5.80
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	5.80	5.30
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	5.65	5.35
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	5.25	5.00
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1917-'27	4½@5	6.00	5.35
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.40	5.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	5.75	5.30
Cuba Railroad	1917-'26	5	6.80	5.50
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.50	5.10
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	5.60	5.20
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	5.40	5.40
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½@5	5.60	5.00
Louis. & Nash.	1917-'23	4	5.25	5.00
Michigan Central	1917-'30	5	5.25	5.00
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1917-'28	5	6.40	5.50
Missouri Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.50	5.30
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	5.80	5.20
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1917-'32	4½@5	5.60	5.20
Norfolk & West.	1917-'24	4½	5.25	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@6	5.90	5.30
Penn. Gen. Frgt.	1917-'23	4 @4½	5.25	4.00
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	5.70	5.30
Seaboard A. L.	1917-'26	5	5.95	5.25
Southern Pacific	1917-'26	4½	5.35	5.00
Southern Railway	1917-'24	4½@5	5.60	5.15
Union Tank Line	1918-'20	5	6.00	5.75

UNLISTED INVESTMENTS.

The Open Security Market published in The Annalist every Monday gives prices of first-class investments not quoted elsewhere. The Annalist, 10 cents on all news stands; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25

THE INCOME TAX AND THE NEXT GOVERNMENT LOAN

In a treatise on the next Government loan our Statistical Department discusses the elements which should be embodied in the forthcoming loan in order to make it a financial success.

Sent to Investors on request.

EASTMAN DILLON & CO
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
INVESTMENT BANKERS
71 BROADWAY, N. Y.

When The War Ends

Long term financing, now almost at a standstill, will unquestionably be resumed in bigger volume with the arrival of peace.

Investors in the meantime can avail themselves of excellent security, stability and high yield in well secured short term notes.

Let us send you Circular T. on our latest offering, yielding

6⅞%

A.H. Bickmore & Co
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

Short Maturity
BONDS
NOTES

We are prepared to submit a list of very desirable securities with maturities varying from eight months to three years. These investments should not fluctuate materially in price; and yield better returns than are ordinarily possible.

Send for List No. 138.

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street
New York
London Paris

Increase Your Income

Is your money earning all it can?

New taxes, changed conditions, and higher interest rates make it advisable to watch your holdings.

Let us revise your list and make suggestions.

E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston San Francisco Chicago

AMERICAN COTTON OIL
Two-year Notes
to yield
6.08%

Particulars on Request

MERRILL, LYNCH & CO.
New York
Chicago
Detroit
Cleveland
Washington
Members New York Stock Exchange.

High Grade Railroad & Municipal Bonds
BLODGET & CO.
34 PINE ST. New York. 60 STATE ST. Boston.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

New Low Prices for Many Issues—Banks Make Time Loans at 6%.

With much the same influences at work in the unsettlement of prices, stocks broke easily yesterday, with many issues again touching new low levels. The decline was halted by a significant development in the early afternoon. In recent weeks it has been almost impossible for brokers to obtain time loans. While call money has not commanded more than 6 per cent., there has been a scarcity of money at that rate on more than one occasion and the unwillingness of the banks to put out funds for from thirty days to six months has proved discouraging. An informal discussion among leading bank executives yesterday was followed by liberal offerings of time money at 6 per cent. on industrial collateral. It is understood that about $10,000,000 was quickly loaned on this basis and a partial rally in stocks was the immediate result. Call money was firmer yesterday, most loans being made at 6 per cent.

Even with this helpful influence, closing prices were generally well under last week's final quotations. There was no confirmation of a revised forecast of the price to be fixed for copper, the new rumor making the figure 18 cents, as against the expected 25 cents, but the metal issues were unfavorably affected, nevertheless. Some stocks which have hitherto resisted the downward tendency lost ground easily yesterday. The break came about in an orderly manner and was accepted by traders as a matter of course, for there has been very little support given the market and pressure applied to almost any issue has brought about a sudden recession. Notable among the issues, which led in the declines yesterday were Steel common, which touched 103⅞, closing off 2½; Bethlehem Steel B, which broke from 100¾ to 93⅝, closing practically at the bottom with a net decline of 6⅝; Crucible, which lost 2½; Lackawanna, which lost 2¼; Midvale, which sold for the first time under par, closing at 50⅝ with a decline of 1½; the sugar issues; International Mercantile Marine, common and preferred, the latter closing with a loss of 4¼; Texas Company and St. Paul. Among the mining shares American Smelting and Refining lost 2⅝ and Utah 2½.

At no time in the course of the long decline has the stock market appeared at all panicky. The conservative stages of weakness have followed one another as a natural reflection of the increasing estimates of the war needs brought out in Congress. Traders have acted on the theory that the more the Government has to take in excess profits and income taxes, the less stocks will be worth to holders. This process has probably carried many issues well below their intrinsic value. A measure of readjustment should come when Congress completes its revenue discussions, but the demand for funds to take up or carry with the banks the new Liberty Loan bonds will continue to operate against rising prices. There has been a considerable amount of liquidation all along the decline, some of it due to the necessity for converting securities into cash in expectation of the cash payments, but more of it because of a fear that prices were going much lower. Eventually the large blocks of stock which have been pressed for sale will be taken up by small investors, but the process of distribution is slow, while the public remains confused over the real extent to which the Government is going in levying new taxes.

LONDON MARKET CHEERFUL.

Money Plentiful and Discount Rates Are Steady.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—The stock market maintained a cheerful undertone today. Dealers construed the Russian situation favorably and marked Russian bonds three points higher. The quotations of mine and oil stocks were also raised and Russian exchange improved to 280@285.

The tendency in the gilt-edged section was sympathetically better though business did not expand. Rubber and oil shares and Mexican National rails were active and firmer, but Argentine rails were flat, owing to labor trouble.

Money was plentiful and discount rates were steady.

Trading Calm on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—Trading on the Bourse today was calm. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 61 francs 55 centimes for cash. Exchange on London was quoted at 27 francs 18 centimes. Five per cent. loan was quoted at 88 francs 15 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	6	Last	6
Low	5	Renewals	5

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5½@6	Sixty days	6
Ninety days	5½@6	Ninety days	6
Four months	5½@6	Four months	6
Five months	5½@6	Five months	6
Six months	5½@6	Six months	6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank:	
60 to 90 days	5⅛@5¼
Non-members and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days	5½@5⅞
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	4½@5

Commercial Paper.

Best Known Names.

30 to 90 days	5
4 to 6 months	5 @5½

Other Names.

4 to 6 months	5½@5¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	4.76½	4.75½	4.75½	..
Cables	4.76⅞	4.76⅛	4.76⅞	..
France—				
Demand	5.79	5.79	5.79	..
Cables	5.78	5.78	5.78	..
Italy—				
Demand	16.35	15.85	16.35	—.40
Cables	16.60	16.10	16.60	—.40

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close— Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	4.7550	4.7596
5.1829	Paris	5.79	5.78
	China—		
	Hongkong	.81.00	81.25
	Peking	128.00	128.25
	Shanghai	121.00	121.25
19.295	Greece	19.50	19.55
40.19	Holland	42.06½	42.18½
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.00	35.00
	Calcutta	35.00	35.00
5.1826	Italy	7.62½	7.61½
49.84	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.00	51.25
	Yokohama	51.00	51.25
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	50.12½	50.25
51.50	Russia	16.35	16.60
26.81	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	33.60	33.80
	Copenhagen	30.70	30.90
	Christiania	30.70	30.90
19.295	Spain	22.30	22.40
	South America—		
32.41	Rio	24.75	25.00
42.44	Buenos Aires	42.75	43.00
5.1829	Switzerland	4.70½	4.68½

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers— 60 Days.	90 Days.	—Commercial— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71⅝	$4.69⅝	$4.71⅛	$4.69⅛

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $408,690,151; balances, $41,422,265; Sub-Treasury debit balances, $449,460; Federal Reserve credit balance, $18,801,142.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 15@25c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, .9375.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 52d, up 1d; in New York, 102½c, up 2c; Mexican dollars, 82c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, SEPT. 17, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	688,323	1,162,523	869,811
Year to date	133,297,813	125,409,584	104,933,800

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
22⅛	23	800	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	23	23	22	22	—1⅛
81	82⅝	2,400	Am. Beet Sugar	83½	84	81	81½	—2⅞
39½	40	1,000	Am. Can	40	40	39½	39½	—1½
68½	69	800	Am. Car & Fdry	69	69	68	68½	—2⅝
31½	32¼	200	Am. Cotton Oil	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾	...
11¼	11¾	300	Am. H. & Leather	11⅞	11⅞	11½	11½	—½
55½	54½	1,000	Am. H. & Leath. pf	54	54½	54	54½	...
49½	50	4,100	Am. International	51½	51½	49¼	49¾	—2¼
22	22½	500	Am. Linseed	22¼	22¼	22	22	—1½
58¾	59½	1,000	Am. Loco. x d	60½	60½	59	59¼	—⅞
12	12¼	600	Am. Malting	11⅞	12⅝	11⅞	12⅝	+⅞
62¼	63	200	Am. Malting 1st pf	63¼	63¼	62¾	62¾	—1½
93½	93½	6,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref	93¾	96⅛	93	93⅛	—2⅝
63½	65	300	Am. Steel F'dries	63¾	63½	63¼	63½	—1½
107	109	1,700	Am. Sugar Ref	109	109	107	107	—2½
47¼	47½	2,100	Am. Sumatra Tob	49⅛	49⅛	47½	47½	—1
116¼	116½	1,250	Am. Tel. & Tel	116	116½	116	116½	+¼
192	193	100	Am. Tobacco	192	192	192	192	+½
99	100½	100	Am. Tob. pf. new	100	100	100	100	...
45½	46½	500	Am. Woolen	46	46	45¼	45¼	—1⅞
68½	68⅞	14,430	Anaconda Copper	70¼	70⅝	68⅛	68⅝	—1½
96⅝	97	800	Atch., Top. & S. F	98½	98½	96	96	—⅜
94½	96	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	—⅛
90	90½	3,000	At., Gulf & West I	91	91⅛	88	88	—2¼
59	61	500	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	60	60	60	60	—4½
57	57½	2,400	Baldwin Loco	59	59	56⅞	57⅝	—2¼
65½	66	1,800	Baltimore & Ohio	66	66	65¼	65⅞	—⅛
99	99	400	Barrett Co	99	99	98½	98½	—1½
93⅝	93½	56,800	Beth. S. class B t. cfs	100⅝	100¾	93⅝	93½	—6⅝
85	87	200	Beth. Steel pf	90	90	85⅛	85⅛	—3¾
59½	59½	500	Bklyn Rapid Tran	59¾	59¾	59	59⅛	—⅛
94	105	200	Bklyn Union Gas	95	95	95	95	—4
63	68	100	Brown Shoe	65	65	65	65	—2
93½	94	100	Burns Brothers	94½	94½	94½	94½	+½
28	28¾	200	Butte & Superior	28	28	27¾	27¾	—¼
39	39½	200	California Packing	39¼	39¼	39¼	39¼	—¼
15¾	16¼	100	California Petrol	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	—¼
44⅝	45½	300	California Pet. pf	45½	45½	44½	44½	—½
152½	153	2,400	Canadian Pacific	152	153	152	152¾	—1⅝
27	30	100	Central Foundry	27	27	27	27	+1⅝
43	48	100	Central Foundry pf	45	45	45	45	...
80	80⅝	6,300	Central Leather Co	81	81	78¾	80	—1⅝
32¼	33	200	Cerro de Pasco	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	—⅛
71½	72½	1,000	Chandler Motor	71½	73¾	70½	71¾	+1½
56¼	56½	600	Chesapeake & Ohio	56¼	56¼	56¼	56¼	—⅞
57	57½	6,600	Chi., Mil. & St. P	59	59	56¼	57½	—2¼
102¾	103¼	600	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	103⅝	103⅝	103	103¼	—⅝
24¼	24⅞	4,100	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c	25⅛	25⅛	24¼	24⅝	—1½
61½	62	900	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c					
63	63	61½	61½	—1⅝				
51½	52	400	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c	52½	52½	51⅝	51⅝	—⅞
17	17½	800	Chile Copper	17	17	17	17	—⅛
50¼	50⅝	3,000	Chino Copper	51	51	49½	50¼	—1¼
42½	43	600	Col. Fuel & Iron	44½	44½	42¾	42¾	—1¼
38¾	39¼	400	Columbia Gas & El	39	39¼	38¾	38¾	—¼
30	30	100	Comput. Tab. Rec	35	35	35	35	—¼
100	102	2,000	Consolidated Gas	100¾	100¾	99½	100	—⅛
25½	25¾	3,900	Corn Products Ref	26⅛	26⅛	25½	25½	—½
96¼	97	400	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	96½	96⅞	96½	96⅞	—⅛
67	67¼	19,700	Crucible Steel	69¼	69½	66⅞	67½	—2½
30	30¼	3,000	Cuba Cane Sugar	31	31	29¾	29¾	—1⅜
84⅞	88	100	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	85	85	85	85	...
97⅞	98½	2,150	Delaware & Hud	99	99	97	98	—1
190½	198	261	Del., Lack. & West	195	195¼	195	195¼	+¼
7	7¾	200	Den. & Rio Grande	7	7	7	7	...
30¼	30⅝	18,900	Distillers' Secur	29	30¼	28⅝	30¼	+2¼
9½	9¾	400	Dome Mines	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	—⅛
25¾	28	200	Elk Horn Coal	26	26	26	26	+1½
20½	20⅞	900	Erie	21	21	20½	20½	—⅛
30¼	31	100	Erie 1st pf	31	31	31	31	—¼
36	37	100	Gaston, W. & W	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	—¼
139	140	1,500	General Electric	139¼	139¼	137¾	139	—¼
92⅝	93	10,100	General Motors	93	93¼	90⅞	92⅝	—1¼
43⅝	45	200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	44	44	43⅞	43⅞	—⅝
77	80	200	Granby Consol	78	78	78	78	...
103	104	700	Great Northern pf	103	103½	103	103½	—⅝
32½	32⅝	2,200	G. N. ctfs. for o. p	32	32	32⅝	32⅝	—⅛
46	56	100	Hartman Corp	52	52	52	52	—1⅝
34⅝	35¼	100	Haskell & Barker	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼	+⅛
100¼	101	400	Illinois Central	101	101	100⅝	100½	...
49	49¾	21,200	Inspiration Copper	49½	50	47	48¾	—⅛
8½	8¾	1,100	Interboro Consol	8¾	8⅞	8⅝	8¾	—⅛
108	109	100	Int. Harvester, N.J	109	109	100	100	—1
25	25⅛	15,400	Int. Mer. Marine	26⅝	26¾	24½	25	—1⅞
80¼	80½	28,000	Int. Mer. Marine pf	84	84⅛	80⅝	80½	—4¼
32½	32¾	5,400	Int. Nickel	33¼	33½	32½	32¾	—½
28¾	29¼	700	Int. Paper	30	30	28⅝	28⅞	—1½
63	65	100	Int. Paper pf. stg	63	63	63	63	—⅛
17⅞	18⅛	300	Kansas City South	18	18⅛	18	18⅛	+⅛
49⅞	50	150	Kan. City South. pf	50	50	50	50	...
39½	39¾	9,900	Kennecott Copper	40¼	40½	39	39¾	—⅛
78⅞	79	1,200	Lackawanna Steel	79½	79½	78¼	78¼	—2¼
17⅛	18	200	Lee Rubber & Tire	17½	17½	17	17	—⅛
60	62⅝	800	Lehigh Valley	61¼	61¼	60⅝	60⅝	+⅜
195	225	240	Liggett & Myers			205	205	+1
		4,683	Liggett & My. rgts	⅝	⅝	½	½	—¼
117	117¾	1,400	Louis. & Nash	117¾	117¾	116	116¾	—2½
31⅛	32	200	Maxwell Motors	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	—⅛
89½	90	5,000	Mexican Petroleum	92¼	92¼	89⅛	89⅛	—2⅝
34½	34½	400	Miami Copper	34	34	34	34	—1
50	50⅝	10,800	Midvale Steel	51⅝	51⅝	49⅝	50½	—1½
11	12	100	Minn. & St. L. new	11½	11½	11½	11½	+½
99	99¾	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	—⅜
115	117	200	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf	117	117	117	117	...
25½	26⅞	4,900	Mo. Pacific tr ctfs	27½	27½	26⅛	26⅝	—1¼
48	50	300	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf. ctfs	50¾	50¾	49⅞	49⅞	—1⅞
80	81	100	Montana Power	81⅛	81⅛	81⅛	81⅛	—⅞
32	33	100	Nat. Acme	32	32	32	32	—⅜
27¾	28	500	Nat. Cond. & Cable	28¼	28¼	28	28	—⅞
39½	40	1,250	Nat. Enam. & St.	40½	40½	39⅛	39⅛	—⅛
50¼	51	200	Nat. Lead	51½	51½	51	51	...
7½	8	100	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	8	8¼	8	8¼	+½
20¾	20¾	900	Nevada Con. Cop	20⅝	20⅝	20⅛	20⅛	—⅝
118	120	200	N. Y. Air Brake	120½	120½	120	120	—1½
77	77⅞	2,100	N. Y. Central	78	78	76½	77½	—⅝
24	24½	2,900	N. Y., N. H. & H	25¼	25¼	23⅞	24	—1⅛
19¼	19½	300	N. Y., Ont. & West	19½	19½	19¼	19½	—⅛
110	110½	1,000	Norfolk & Western	111	111	110½	110¼	—1⅞
99⅞	100	1,100	Northern Pacific	100⅛	100⅛	99⅛	99⅞	—1⅛
91	93	200	Nova Scotia S. & C	93	93	92¼	92¼	—⅜
47	47¾	3,900	Ohio Cities Gas	47½	47¾	46⅝	47¾	...
6½	6⅞	700	Ontario Mining	7⅛	7⅛	6¾	6¾	—⅛
86	89	400	Owens Bottle Mach	89	89	86	86	—3½
26	26½	500	Pacific Mail	26½	26½	26¼	26½	+⅜
51½	51¾	800	Penn. R. R	51¾	51¾	51½	51⅝	—⅜
64¼	64¾	800	People's Gas, Chi	64	65	64	64½	+⅜
15	17	500	Pere Marquette	16	16	15	15	—1½
33¼	35	100	Philadelphia Co	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	+⅛
37½	38	100	Pierce-Arrow	38	38	38	38	+½
48	50	300	Pittsburgh Coal	47⅝	48	47⅝	48	—1¼
24½	28	100	Pitts. & West Va	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	—1⅛
58	61½	100	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	58½	58½	58½	58½	—⅝
20½	23¼	200	Pond Cr. Coal t c	21	21	21	21	—1
60⅛	62	100	Pressed Steel Car	60	60	60	60	...
100	101½	100	Pressed Steel C. pf	101	101	101	101	—1
134	135	200	Pullman Co	135	135	135	135	+1½
44	46	100	Railway Steel Sp	45	45	45	45	—1½
24⅝	25	2,400	Ray Con. Copper	25⅛	25⅛	24½	24¾	—½
78½	78¾	9,000	Reading	80	80	77⅝	78⅝	—1⅜
78¾	79	6,500	Rep. Iron & Steel	80	80	78	79	—1¼
66½	67	1,000	Royal Dutch t r	67¼	67¼	66⅝	66⅝	+¼
15	15¼	200	St. Joseph Lead	15	15	15	15	...
67	70	700	Savage Arms	64⅝	68	62½	66	+3
12½	13	100	Saxon Motor	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	—¼
10¾	11	100	Seaboard Air Line	11	11	11	11	—¼
131½	132	500	Sears, Roeb. & Co	132⅝	132⅝	131½	131½	—2¾
23½	23½	500	Stetson (J.) Arizona	23⅝	23⅝	23¼	23¼	...
36¼	36⅝	1,300	Sinclair Oil & Ref	37¼	37¼	36¼	36¼	—⅝
90⅝	91	1,500	Southern Pacific	91⅝	91⅝	90¼	90¼	—1¼
150	182	100	So. Porto Rico Sug	159	159	159	159	+5
26½	26⅝	5,000	Southern Railway	27⅛	27⅛	26	26⅝	—⅝
61	61½	800	Southern Ry. pf	62	62	60½	60½	—1½
45¾	46	4,700	Studebaker Co	45¾	46¾	45	46	—⅛
37	39	300	Superior Steel	39½	39½	38	38	—1
15¼	15½	1,200	Tenn. C. & C	15½	15½	15¼	15¼	—½
163½	164	1,800	Texas Co	164½	165	163½	163½	—3
69⅞	70	8,600	Tobacco Products	71¼	71¼	68¾	70	—1⅛
99	104	100	Tob. Prod. pf. x d	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	—2
40½	41	100	Transue & Wms	40¼	40¼	40¼	40¼	—¼
80	81½	100	Twin City R. T	81½	81½	81½	81½	...
127½	128	3,300	Union Pacific	129	129	127¼	127½	—1
77	78	300	Union Pacific pf	77½	77½	77	77	—½
42	42¼	600	United Alloy Steel	42½	42½	42¼	42¼	—¼
116	116¼	4,000	United Cigar Stores	118	118	115	116⅝	—2¼
110	115	100	Un. Cigar Stores pf	111	111	111	111	—3
126	127	200	United Fruit	126	126	126	126	—1
22	26	100	United Paper Board	23	23	23	23	—2
15	17	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	—¾
15	19	100	U. S. Express	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	—¾
133½	134½	4,200	U. S. Indus. Alco	135	136	133¼	134	—1⅜
100	103	100	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf	100½	100½	100½	100½	—2⅞
57½	58	2,150	U. S. Rubber	59	59	57½	58	—¾
60	60⅞	500	U. S. Sm., L. & M	62	62	60¾	60¾	—2½
104½	104¾	262,700	U. S. Steel	107½	107⅝	103¾	104⅝	—1½
115¾	116	6,700	U. S. Steel pf	116½	116½	115⅞	115⅞	—1
91	91¼	11,300	Utah Copper	93	93½	89¾	91	—2½
38¾	39	100	Va.-Car. Chemical	39¼	39¼	39¼	39¼	—¾
104	106	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	106	106	106	106	—3
10	10¼	800	Wabash	10	10	10	10	...
46½	47	200	Wabash pf. A	46⅞	46⅞	46½	46½	—1¼
24¼	24½	400	Wabash pf. B	25	25	24	24	—1
26	28	500	West. Md. 2d pf	25	27½	25	27½	—3½
86½	91	400	Western Union Tel	90	90½	86½	90	...
44½	44¾	900	Westingh. E. & M	44¾	44¾	44	44¾	...
12	12½	500	Wheeling & L. E	12½	12½	12	12	—¾
26¼	26	200	Wheel. & L. E. pf	26¼	26¼	25⅞	25⅞	—¼
43	43¼	200	White Motor	43	43	43	43	—1½
58	58¾	700	Wilson & Co. cts	59¾	59¾	58½	58½	—1⅜
27¼	27½	1,800	Willys-Overland	28	28	27¼	27¼	—¼
43½	48	100	Wisconsin Central	43½	43½	43½	43½	—½

EARNINGS INCREASE SIXFOLD

United Paperboard Co. Reports Gross Income of $1,937,338.

The United Paperboard Company earned a gross income of $1,937,338 in the year ended May 26, a total more than six times greater than the preceding year's earnings. After setting aside $348,286 for repairs and replacements and accounting for expenses and taxes, a net of $1,445,250 remained, a gain of $1,133,400 over the result in 1916. The balance for dividends, after a reserve of $600,000 for depreciation had been made, was $828,111, against $150,725 the year before. The balance sheet, issued yesterday, showed a surplus of $1,048,209 and total assets aggregating $16,021,875.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$8,247,947	$40,255,335
Ord. internal rev	22,552,673	117,551,231
Income tax	2,999,191	16,726,163
Miscellaneous	7,592,139	25,007,225
Total receipts	$41,671,964	$199,539,957
Excess of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts	123,012,437	453,081,465
Excess of tot. disburse. over total receipts	200,179,172	831,000,891
Expenditures	166,684,591	652,421,422

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Baltimore & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	5.25	5.00
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	5.38	5.00
Can. Northern	1917-'28	4½@5	6.80	5.80
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	5.80	5.30
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	5.85	5.35
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	5.35	5.00
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1917-'27	4½@5	6.00	5.35
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.40	5.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1914-'20	5	5.35	5.30
Cuba Railroad	1917-'26	5	6.50	5.50
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.50	5.10
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	5.60	5.20
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	5.40	5.40
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½@5	5.00	5.00
Louis. & Nash	1917-'23	5	5.25	5.00
Michigan Central	1917-'26	5	5.25	5.00
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1917-'28	5	6.40	5.50
Missouri Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.50	5.30
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	5.80	5.20
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1917-'32	4½@5	5.00	5.20
Norfolk & West.	1917-'24	4½	5.25	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@6	5.90	5.30
Penn. Gen. Fngt.	1917-'23	4 @4½	5.35	4.00
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	5.70	5.00
Seaboard A. L.	1917-'26	5	5.95	5.25
Southern Pacific	1917-'26	4½	5.35	5.00
Southern Railway	1917-'24	4½@5	5.60	5.15
Union Tank Line	1918-'20	5	6.00	5.75

UNLISTED INVESTMENTS.

The Open Security Market published in The Annalist every Monday gives prices of first-class investments not quoted elsewhere. The Annalist, 10 cents on all news stands; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	65.85	65.02	65.65	—.54
25 industrials	80.93	78.93	79.54	—1.5
50 stocks	73.39	71.97	72.59	...

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

| | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Ch'

The Kentucky Petroleum Producing Co.

Descriptive Circular forwarded on request.

Orders Executed

Hartshorne & Battelle
Investment Securities
Members New York Stock Exchange
25 Broad Street, New York City

BUY—SELL
MIDWEST REFINING STOCK and RIGHTS
CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities.
Phones 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 BROAD ST., N. Y.

Investment Values of the
Independent Steel Stocks
Send for Circular
Wm. Hurd Hillyer
Highgrade Securities.
115 Broadway New York
Telephone Rector 469

STANDARD OIL STOCKS
C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6780 Rector

Aetna Explosives
PREFERRED
U. S. Finishing
Sheldon, Morgan & Co.,
Members New York Stock Exchange.
42 Broadway. Phone 1911 BROAD

A LITTLE MONEY
each month paid into our
PARTIAL PAYMENT PLAN
will direct you to an income.
Ask for Explanatory Booklet
C. I. HUDSON & CO.
MEMBERS OF N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE SINCE 1874
66 BROADWAY NEW YORK

Odd Lots
Write Dept. 2
CHISHOLM & CHAPMAN
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
MEMBERS NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE
71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY
12 N. BROADWAY, YONKERS, N.Y.
215 MONTAGUE ST., BROOKLYN, N.Y.
77 BROAD STREET, NEWARK, N.J.

New York State Bonds
New York City Bonds
Barr & Schmeltzer
14 Wall St. Specialists New York

Suggestions for Investors
may be had on request.
A. B. Leach & Company
INCORPORATED.
Investment Securities.
62 Cedar St., New York
Chicago Philadelphia Buffalo
Boston Baltimore London

FULTON TRUST CO.
of New York
149 Broadway
Henry C. Swords, President
H. H. Commaas Vice-Pres.
H. W. Reisner, 2d Vice-Pres.
Established 1899
Acts as Executor, Trustee, etc.
Pays Interest on Deposits.

HENRY L. DOHERTY & COMPANY
60 WALL ST. NEW YORK
Cities Service Co. Stocks

Hendee Mfg.
Common and Preferred
Keyes, Haviland & Co.
Tel. Rector 7961 56 Broadway

COTTON LETTER
Mailed on Request
Tooe, Henry & Co.
Members: New York Stock Exchange, New York Cotton Exchange
120 Broadway New York

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. New York
Chase Nat'l Bank Nat'l Bk. of Com.
Guaranty Trust Equitable Trust
Telephone 111 Broad.

LEADING BANKS HERE AID MONEY SITUATION

Loans in Large Volume Made at 6% After Meeting of Reserve Bank Committee.

CONCERTED ACTION DENIED

Because of Scarcity of Railroad Securities Time Loans Are Based on Industrial Collateral.

The so-called Money Committee, appointed last week by the Federal Reserve Bank, in co-operation with the Liberty Loan Committee, held its first meeting yesterday morning at the offices of the Reserve Bank. The session was devoted to a discussion of money market conditions and to a consideration of the data collected from the daily reports sent in by the banks and trust companies in compliance with the request for information indicating the amount of call loans outstanding and the amount of balances of out-of-town institutions.

Although no formal statement was given out, the fact that the committee had "done something" became manifest when several large banks and trust companies put out time money rather freely. It was denied that there had been concerted action, but it was apparent that a number of the leading banks had simultaneously decided to ease the money situation by supplying brokers with time loans. For several weeks time money has been very scarce, but yesterday loans in large volume were made at 6 per cent. This rate prevailed for loans secured by industrial collateral, and it applied to all maturities. At present Stock Exchange brokers have no railroad securities to speak of, and the small supply available is used as collateral for call loans. For this reason all the time loans made were based on securities of industrial companies. The rate for call money was 5 and 6 per cent., the former being also the renewal rate.

The Money Committee is composed of the Presidents of some of the largest banks in the city, including George F. Baker of the First National, Walter E. Frew of the Corn Exchange, Gates W. Mcclarrah of the Mechanics & Metals, Charles H. Rabin of the Guaranty Trust Company, Frank A. Vanderlip of the National City, and James N. Wallace of the Central Trust Company. The Chairman of the committee is Benjamin Strong, Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and Chairman of the Liberty Loan Committee.

Bankers who attended the meeting said that with the next Liberty Loan campaign opening on an early date, it was imperative that the money market be placed in an easier position, and they thought there was no reason for institutions refusing to put out money on time. They pointed out that the scarcity of funds had greatly embarrassed the brokers, with the result that the stock market had suffered further depression. The action taken yesterday will, it is expected, help the situation considerably.

There was a rumor that the Federal Reserve Board in Washington would soon issue a statement that would have reassuring effects on the money situation, but confirmation of the rumor was unobtainable.

Because of the firmness of money rates, J. P. Morgan & Co. announced yesterday that the British Treasury ninety-day bills to be sold this week will be offered at a discount of 5¼ per cent. instead of at 5¼ per cent., the rate at which four previous weekly lots, totaling $35,000,000, had been disposed of.

Payments were made yesterday for $300,000,000 of United States Treasury 3% per cent. certificates of indebtedness. While figures for the New York district were not made public, it was understood that subscriptions here amounted to approximately $150,000,000. Most of the payments were made by credits on the books of the subscribing banks, the institutions transferring the credits to the account of the United States as a Government deposit.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.
Tin, spot	62.25	62.75	62.25	62.75
Lead	9.50	.....	9.00	.....
Spelter	8.12½	8.37½	8.12½	8.37½
Antimony	15.00	15.50	15.00	15.50
Quicksilver	$115.00	.....	$115.00	.....
Aluminum	*41.50	42.50	*41.50	42.50
Iron, No. 2 N. Y.	48.75	50.75	51.00	52.00

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 27¼@28c; carload lots, spot delivery, 28½@27c; fourth quarter delivery, first quality, 1918, 25¾@26c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £ s. d.	Saturday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	120 0 0	120 0 0
Copper, futures	119 10 0	119 10 0
Tin, spot	246 5 0	245 10 0
Tin, futures	244 5 0	244 10 0
Spelter	54 0 0	54 0 0
Lead	50 10 0	50 0 0

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Sept. 17.—The last weekly statement of the associated banks of Boston compares with that of the previous week as follows:

	Sept. 15, 1917.	Decrease from prev. week.
Circulation	$6,905,000	$115,000
Loans, discounts, and investments	451,471,000	4,318,000
Individual deposits	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States	868,822,000	8,728,000
Due to banks	121,412,000	1,519,000
Time deposits	20,920,000	*18,000
Exchanges for Clearing House	14,340,000	377,000
Due from banks	72,384,000	*2,173,000
Cash in banks and in Federal Reserve Bank	59,018,000	*590,000
Cash excess and in Federal Reserve	18,070,000	*1,773,000

*Increase.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.04	Hale & Norcross	.02
Alta	.05	Jacket	.08
Andes	.11	Julia	.02
Best & Belcher	.06	Mexican	.67
Bullion	.02	Occidental	.06
Caledonia	.10	Ophir	.07
Challenge Con	.01	Overman	.10
Choller	.06	Savage	.04
Confidence	.05	Sierra Nevada	.18
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con	.32
Con. Virginia	.14	Mexican dollars	.50

TONOPAH.		Florence	.10
Belmont	4.65	Fraction	.03
Jim Butler	.56	Goldfield Con	.40
McNamara	.14	Goldfield Merger	.04
Midway	.09	Great Bend	.10
Mizpah	.07	Jumbo Ext	.23
Montana Tonopah	.09	Kewanas	.09
North Star	.09	Silver Pick	.08
Rescue	.18	Speerbird	.08
Tonopah Ext	1.05	MANHATTAN.	
Tonopah Nevada	6.50	Big Four	.05
West End	.84	Consolidated	.23
West Tonopah	.16	Morning Glory	.20
GOLDFIELD.		Red Top	.06
Atlanta	.09	Union Amal	.16
Booth	.05	White Caps	1.20
Daisy	.03		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jekyll	3¾	.....	Gold Sov	4	.....
Frank	5¼	5¾	Isabella	10	10½
Elkton	5¾	5¾	McKinney	10½	11
El Paso	20	30	Portland	143	146
Fanny H.	3¾	4¼	U. Gold M.	18	18½
Gold Cycle	200	209			

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Oil	20	22	Iron C pf	16	.....
B S Gas	8	9	Iron Blos	85	90
Bing Min	11⅞	12⅜	Jerome V	1½	1⅝
Begole	50	75	La Rose	50	55
Bohemia	1¼	1½	Majestic	36	38
Boston City	75	80	Moj Tung	40	44
Bos & Mon	38	40	N Baltic	90	100¼
Butte & L	16	17	New Doug	95	100¼
Butte & D	45	55	N U Bing	50	60
Bos & Ariz	1⅜	2	Nixon	50	52
Calaveras	4	4¼	N Cornelia	17	17½
Crown Res	26	30	Nat Z & L	40	42
Con Ariz	2	2⅜	Okio Cop	1¼	1¾
Cortez	15	20	Onondaga	36	40
Champ Cop	6	7	Pion'r Con	1⅛	1⅞
Chief Con	2⅜	2⅝	Ray Here	3⅜	3¾
Cal Corbin	1½	1⅝	Rails	3	5
E & B B	2¾	2⅞	S W Miami, full paid	1¼	1½
Earl-Eagle	15	16	S W Miami, part paid	1	1⅜
Fortuna	5	6	Trum	1¼	1½
Gold Lake	15	16	Un V Ext	36	37
Gila Cop	16⅞	17¼	Victoria M	2	2¼
Houghton	75	100	Yuk Gold	2	2¼
Homa Oil	1⅜	1¾			
Humboldt	80	85			
Iron Cap	14	16½			

THE COTTON MARKET

Somewhat Quieter, with Diminished Trading and Less Violent Fluctuations.

The new week found the New York cotton market yesterday somewhat quieter, with less trading and less violent fluctuations, and, despite occasional spasms of nervousness and temporary irregularity, a general disposition apparent to rest content around the 20-cent level and await events.

December contracts, which were fairly representative of the entire price movement, opened at 20.30, but fell away to 19.90. At this point, however, the market rallied sharply, returning almost to the opening figures, actual quotation 20.28, and closed at 20.18. The general list closed steady, net 5 points higher to 1 point lower.

The generally expectant attitude of the market was confirmed by the confusing and contradictory nature of most of the day's news. On the political side, buyers of the week-end found little comfort in forecasts of the German reply to the Pope, which seemed to hold out little hope of definite progress toward peace.

Weather advices, also, were somewhat more favorable than looked for, but these features were offset by more numerous reports of crop deterioration and of smaller Southern spot offerings. The market opened steady at an advance of 5 points to a decline of 1 point, and sold about 12 to 17 points net higher during the early trading on covering. Offerings increased after the publication of the Eastern belt forecast, which made a pretty favorable showing, and the detailed weather reports confirming the impression created by the early map that the rains which accompanied the South Atlantic disturbance of late last week had been chiefly along the coast. Active months broke to a net loss of 20 to 26 points, but it was noticed around the ring that there was comparatively little Southern selling, and rallies followed with late fluctuations irregular.

The day's crop advices included a semi-monthly report from a Dallas authority indicating deterioration of 4 per cent. since the end of August, and making the mid-September condition 64.8. Liverpool cables said the South was offering less freely there, and local spot people said their advices indicated that the demand for September shipment was still proving sufficient to absorb early receipts. According to an Eastern belt spot firm, selling by farmers was quite free up to ten days ago. Since then, owing to the decline in prices, holding has started, and although the prices of October quotations in New York and December quotations are freely offered by buyers for middling in the South, very little can be bought. To buy cotton in the South and deliver on October contracts in New York would entail a loss of over a cent a pound, according to these authorities. No experts were reported.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Saturday.
Sept.	....	....	....	21.13@	21.10
Oct.	20.90	20.43	20.08	20.67@20.34	20.28
Nov.	....	....	....	20.20@	20.17
Dec.	20.17	20.30	19.90	20.18@20.19	20.33
Jan.	20.10	20.21	19.83	20.11@20.12	20.09
Feb.	....	....	....	20.14@	20.12
March	20.23	20.37	20.01	20.22@20.21	20.23
April	....	....	....	20.29@	20.26
May	20.42	20.55	20.21	20.39@	20.40
June	....	....	....	20.39@	20.40
July	20.20	20.20	20.20	20.40@	20.42
Aug.	....	....	....	20.61@	20.27

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 5 points higher, at 21.50c. Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 21.50c; New Orleans, 20.19c; Savannah, 20½c; Augusta, 20c; Memphis, 22c; Houston, 21.40c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics follow:

	Monday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	21,357	82,778	55,074
Exports	.....	27,384	18,142
Port stocks	539,455	481,142	672,173
Interior receipts	20,700	79,117	45,000
Interior shipments	18,266	68,292	23,106
New York arrivals	8,080	6,993	.....
New York stocks	58,587	55,825	68,216

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton in moderate demand, at unchanged prices, on the basis of 16.98d for middling upland. Sales 7,000 bales, American 2,000; imports all; futures 10 points higher, October-November, 15.13d; January-February, 14.90d; March-April, 14.32d; May-June, 14.16d.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Pe-riod.	Pay-able.	Holders of Rec.
Ahmeek Mining	$1	Q	Oct. 10	Sep. 20
Cen. C. & Coke pf.	1.25	Q	Oct. 15	Sep. 30
Chicago City Ry	2	Q	Sep. 20	Sep. 24
Cons. E. L. & P. pf.	1¾	Q	Sep. 20	Sep. 20
Dayton P. & L. pf.	1½	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 20
Gold & Stock Tel.	1¼	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 29
La Rose Con. Mines	5c	Q	Oct. 20	Sep. 29
N. O. R. & L. pf.	1¾	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 20
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	1½	Q	Oct. 15	Sep. 29
Phila. & West. pf.	1¼	Q	Oct. 15	Sep. 29
Pub. Service, N. J.	2	Q	Sep. 29	Sep. 22
Reading 2d pf	1	Q	Oct. 11	Sep. 25
Trumbull Steel	2	Ex	Oct. 1	Sep. 20
Wells Farго & Co.	1½	Q	Oct. 20	Sep. 29

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The wheat trade is still more or less concerned over the movement and distribution. Receipts, however, continue to increase, and yesterday's movement at interior points amounted to 1,422,000 bushels, compared with 1,091,000 a week ago and 2,675,000 last year. The visible supply in the United States showed an increase for the week of 80,000 bushels, bringing the total to 5,760,000, compared with 50,930,000 a year ago. Cash prices were unchanged, as fixed by the Government. RYE.—Market easy; No. 2 Western, $1.93, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CORN.

The corn market experienced another sharp decline, and prices were down about 7c a bushel from the high point of last Friday. The visible supply showed a decrease of 191,000 bushels, bringing the total to 1,836,000 bushels, compared with 8,742,000 a year ago. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at $2.05; No. 2 mixed, $2.02, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	1.18	1.14¼	1.15⅝	1.18⅝	.73
May	1.13½	1.11¼	1.12⅜	1.14⅝	.78¼

OATS.

The market for oats was influenced by the action of corn, and prices at the close were ⅛@⅛c net lower. The visible supply showed an increase during the week of 1,851,000 bushels, which compares with an increase of 2,830,000 a year ago. The export demand was less active and sales for the day were estimated at 150,000 bushels. The local cash market was weak; standard quoted at 56½c; No. 3 white, 67c; No. 3 white, 66c; No. 4 white, 65@65½c; fancy clipped, white, 67@70c; ordinary clipped, white, 66@67c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
September	55¼	54¾	57⅞	58⅝	44⅝
December	57⅞	56⅝	56⅞	57⅝	47⅝
May	60¼	59½	60¼	60⅝	50⅝

PROVISIONS.

Prices in the market for hog products experienced a reaction early, prompted by the weakness in corn, but the selling pressure was not great and the close was steady. The domestic cash demand is not particularly active, and it is said that the discount at which compound lard is selling is hurting the lard trade. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 18,000; estimated for Tuesday, 9,000. Kansas City received 5,000 and Omaha 4,000 hogs.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
October	23.82	23.70	23.75	23.85	14.42
January	22.82	22.60	22.67	22.77	13.75
Ribs—					
October	24.12	23.97	24.07	24.02	14.12
January	22.12	21.97	22.00	22.10	12.00
Pork—					
October	42.60	42.40	42.50	42.60	26.20
January	43.15	42.80	42.95	43.20	23.32

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil again gave evidences of a very nervous undertone. Longs sold heavily early, prompted by the decline in lard, but more particularly on account of the weakness in Wall Street and in commodity markets in general. The cash demand was said to be active, but this failed to inspire much confidence, and, while there was a partial rally toward the close, final prices were 17 to 29 points lower. Total sales for the day were 23,500 barrels. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	16.00@	16.50
September	....	....	16.09@16.36	16.53
October	16.00	15.79	15.82@15.84	16.10
November	15.55	15.28	15.33@15.35	15.60
December	15.43	15.30	15.33@15.35	15.56
January	15.44	15.27	15.35@15.38	15.57
February	15.40	15.40	15.37@15.40	15.58
March	15.48	15.42	15.40@15.48	15.68
April	15.00	15.00	15.50@15.60	15.72

COFFEE.

The coffee market was very quiet again yesterday, with prices showing a continued tendency to work lower owing to absence of support and scattered trade selling. The latter was supposed to reflect liberal offerings from Brazil, but it was not active enough to suggest any real weakness, and price changes were comparatively slight. The market opened at a decline of 1 to 3 points and closed 2 to 4 points net lower. Sales were reported of 9,250 bags. The local spot market was quiet and nominally unchanged at 9c for Rio 7s, and 10c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	....	..	7.33@7.35	7.35
October	....	..	7.33@7.35	7.37
November	....	..	7.40@7.42	7.44
December	7.51	7.47	7.48@7.50	7.52
January	....	..	7.56@7.58	7.60
February	....	..	7.63@7.65	7.66
March	7.72	7.72	7.70@7.72	7.74
April	....	..	7.77@7.79	7.81
May	7.85	7.85	7.85@7.87	7.89
June	....	..	7.93@7.94	7.96
July	8.02	8.02	8.00@8.02	8.03

SUGAR.

Business in raw sugar was practically at a standstill and no sales were reported. Cuban holders are not pressing sales, and there were only a small lot or two of prompt sugars possibly available at 5¾c cost and freight, but refiners were not openly bidding, and there was no indication as to what price they would pay. It is estimated that during the past week sales have totaled about 50,000 bags to New York, New Orleans and to Canadian refiners at 5¾c cost and freight, but full details have lacked. It is still a waiting market and further developments at Washington regarding details of the food control are expected. Spot prices for Centrifugal, 6.36c; molasses, 6.02c; cost and freight, 5¾c. The market for refined sugar was steady and unchanged with the exception of an advance in soft sugars to the basis of 8c for Arbuckle. Trading was light and of a hand-to-mouth character, with prices ranging from 8.40c to 8.50c for fine granulated.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 5,706 packages. More buying interest was shown than was generally anticipated, and the market gained a little strength on the finer grades of fresh creamery. The Exchange sales import price per 1,000 tubs of fine to fancy goods at 44@44½c. Secondary qualities remain quiet. Ladies and packing stock stronger. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb., 44½@ active, 42@ extra, 42 score, 41@41½c; firsts, 39 to 91 score, 43@44c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 41@42½c; thirds, 40@40½c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 44@44½c; extra, 43@43½c; firsts, 43½@44½c; seconds, 41½@42c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 43½c; good to prime, 41½@43c; common to fair, 38 @42c; process, extras, 42½c; firsts, 41½@42c; lower grades, 38@40c; ladies, current make, firsts, 38@38½c; seconds, 37½c; lower grades, 36@37c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 37½@38c; No. 2, 36½@37c; lower grades, 35@36c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 6,624 cases. The egg market was a good deal like Sunday yesterday, owing to the absence of the Jewish trade in observance of the New Year holiday. A little regular order business was done, but the store trade was small. Receipts were lighter, and advices indicated light offerings, but there was a liberal accumulation of medium grade stock, which is dragging at the prices asked, and salable only at prices below holders' views. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 48@49c; extra firsts, 43@44c; firsts, 40@42c; seconds, 38@40c; thirds and poorer, 35@37c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 36@37c; No. 2 and poorer, 32@35½c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, 33@34c; undergrades, 28@32c; refrigerator, special marks, storage and insurance paid, 40c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 37@38c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 32@36c; refrigerator, State whites, 41@43c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 55@58c; ordinary to good, 44@54c; gathered whites, good to fine, 42@50c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 40@47c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 47@50c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 40@46c.

U. S. TRADE DOUBLED WITH LATIN AMERICA

Total for 1917 Reaches $1,554,000,000, as Against $810,000,000 in 1915.

ARGENTINE BEEF DROPS

Imports Reached 130,680,021 Pounds in 1915, but Only 2,295,690 Pounds in 1917.

Trade of the United States with Latin America has practically doubled since 1915, showing for the fiscal year 1917 a grand total of $1,554,000,000, against $810,000,000 in 1915. This result was shown in a compilation made public yesterday by the National City Bank. The exports to Latin America more than doubled in the period, while imports increased over 50 per cent. The exports to all Latin-American countries in the fiscal year 1917 were $392,000,000, against $232,000,000 in 1915, and the imports from these countries was $362,000,000 in 1917, against $358,000,000 in 1915.

United States exports to South America alone in the last fiscal year were over two and one-half times as much in value as in 1915, having been $259,559,458, against $99,423,967 in 1915. To Argentina alone shipments from this country in 1917 totaled $82,382,884, compared with $32,549,606 two years before. Imports into the United States from South America in 1917 were more than double those of 1915, totaling $342,212,820 for the last fiscal year, against $261,489,563 in 1915.

Although the bank's compilation showed Argentina at the head of the South American countries exporting to the United States, it was revealed that Argentina is no longer a dominant factor in the matter of meat supply. The total imports of fresh beef from that country, which amounted to 130,680,021 pounds in the fiscal year 1915 and 52,680,456 pounds in 1916, were but 2,295,690 pounds in 1917. It was pointed out that Argentina's advance to the head of the list of South American countries exporting to the United States was due chiefly to the great demand made upon her for wool, in view of the difficulty of obtaining the commodity from the countries and colonies controlled by Great Britain. The value of wool imports from Argentina in 1917 was $78,000,000, against $18,000,000 in 1915.

It was indicated in the bank's statement that the cost of doing business with Argentina may be increased in the not distant future, as the Argentine railways are proposing a heavy advance in freight rates, amounting to about 40 per cent., a rate which it is proposed to put into effect in December. This big advance is based upon the increased cost of fuel, labor, construction and repairs. The matter of rate increase is now before the Director General of Railways, who has requested the transportation lines to state their reasons for the advance.

The compilation showed that Chile is supplying to the United States enormous increases in copper, while Bolivia is entering an entirely new field in sending her tin ore. Imports of copper into the United States from Chile in the fiscal year which ended June 30 amounted to 138,000,000 pounds of pig copper against 58,000,000 in 1916 and 24,000,000 in 1915. Imports of tin ore from Bolivia amounted to nearly 3,000,000 in 1917 against practically nothing in preceding years.

EARNINGS.

Public Utility.

DAYTON POWER & LIGHT COMPANY for August—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Gross	$125,193	$123,924	$11,269
Net after taxes	49,517	44,641	*4,124
Surp. aft. chgs.	15,983	25,269	*9,286
Bal aft. pf div.	1,170	10,556	*9,386
8 mos.' gross	1,163,357	1,011,019	152,338
Net aft. taxes	369,998	446,204	*76,236
Surp. aft. chgs.	151,376	262,336	*129,454
Bal. aft. pf div.	54,376	185,942	*131,566
12 mos.' gross	1,799,211	1,440,204	325,907
Net aft. taxes	597,677	658,726	*121,043
Surp. aft. chgs.	253,113	446,177	*191,064
Bal. aft. pf div.	77,998	284,896	*207,583

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous.

UNITED PAPERBOARD COMPANY.

United Paperboard Company for the fiscal year ending May 26, 1917, shows a balance of $724,439 available for the common stock outstanding after deductions and preferred dividends.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 17.—Thirty-five new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $4,805,600, were chartered today. They include:

The South Yonkers Development Co., Inc., Yonkers, general real estate agency and brokerage, $10,000; G. W. Levy, Ar. Lockwood, E. Treiber, Yonkers.

Russell Music Corp., Buffalo, stationers, music publishers, and dealers, $5,000; A. Cornelissen, J. F. Logan, A. G. Squires, Buffalo.

L. Sussman Co., Inc., Niagara Falls, deal in liquors, $6,000; M. Galsmar, D. and S. Sussman, Niagara Falls.

Perkins Galvanizing Works, Brooklyn, galvanizing of iron, tin, and metals, $10,000; F. and L. E. Perkins, and I. Nathanson, 526 New Jersey Av., Brooklyn.

Best Waist Mfg. Co., Inc., Manhattan, women's waists and dresses, $9,000; E. Trattner, J. Stark, M. Spring, 310 East 136th St.

North American Refining Co., Inc., Manhattan, make articles of metal, $10,000; J. Schulhofer, H. Kaufmann, A. Isaacs, 150 East 79th St.

One East Fifty-sixth Street, Inc., Manhattan, hotels, restaurants, and cafes, 100 shares common stock no par value, active capital $10,000; M. O. and T. F. Sullivan and T. Gilman, Jr., 55 William St.

Elk Photo Plays, Inc., Manhattan, motion pictures, $15,000; B. H. Mills, D. Kerzner, M. Hirshon, 209 Rodney St., Brooklyn.

Old Mount Distillers Distributing Co., Inc., Manhattan, jobbers and wholesale dealers in liquor, $5,000; L. Kahane, M. Bermedo, L. Friedman, 1,767 Broadway.

Goodyear Book Co., Inc., Manhattan, publishing, stationery, and deal in works of art, $50,000; J. Hirschman, T. B. Brown, W. Goodyear, 348 West 35th St.

Flushing Flower Growers, Inc., Queens, florist business, $10,000; C. Loeschmann, L. O. Tylisch, D. Schelson, Whitestone.

Hudson Grocers, Inc., Yonkers, grocery and produce business, $10,000; H. Rothenberg, M. H. Levine, J. R. Roth, 180 St. Nicholas Av.

Hohorst-Haff, Inc., Brooklyn, deal in autos and taxicabs, $10,000; C. H. Hohorst, J. B. and M. L. Haff, 131 15th St., Brooklyn.

J. Levin Co., Inc., Manhattan, make jewelry, $10,000; C. and M. Kahan and A. Ritchie, 61 Chambers St.

Goldberg-Vogel Skirt Co., Manhattan, ladies' wearing apparel, $5,000; A. Goldberg, M. Vogel, A. Meyer, 28 East 22d St.

Manhattan Doll Co., Inc., Manhattan, make dolls and toys, $10,000; W. H. Parkerton, J. J. Corti, B. Dibble, 305 West 150th St.

Warburton House Corp., Hastings-on-Hudson, hotel, restaurant, theatres, and deal in wines and liquors, $10,000; M. C. and C. E. Cronin, J. E. Doran, 107 Broad St.

The Viking Corp., Fulton, make autos, airplanes, and general engineering business, $60,000; H. H. Hunter, R. H. and C. M. Allen, Fulton.

Rochester & Syracuse Railroad Co., Inc., Syracuse, operate railroad, $4,500,000; A. W. Loasby, M. V. White, D. Settle, Syracuse.

Vico Supply Co., Inc., Manhattan, auto accessories and electrical supplies, $10,000; W. H. Vilon, G. A. Paine, H. Brill, 350 West 158th St.

Pittsburgh Steel Export Co., Inc., Manhattan, general dry goods business, $10,000; R. Hershrun, C. A. Davidson, S. H. Kaufman, 60 Wall St.

Victor Lashkiss, Inc., Manhattan, wearing apparel and uniforms, $25,000; J. and M. Lashkiss and R. Dreiser, 230 Riverside Drive.

Grudlers, Inc., Manhattan, tailoring business, $5,000; H. Strauss, N. A. Vogel, I. Grudlers, 39 West 125th St.

Capital increases: Niagara Falls Co-operative Co., Inc., Niagara Falls, $5,000 to $15,000; Impertons Containers Corp., Buffalo, $200 to $250,000; Cesare Sessalis Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000; Fisher Bros. Steam Iron and Metal Co., Bronx, $10,000 to $100,000; Atlas Furniture Co., Jamestown, $200,000 to $500,000.

Change of name: Allnut Butter Co., Inc., Manhattan, to Nut Butter Co.

Revocation and new designation: C. B. Garvey & Son, (Corporation); representative, E. E. Marcellus, 60 Wall St.

Dissolutions: Utica Business Exchange Inc., Utica; Silver S. Josephs Inc., Brooklyn; Lowes Garage, Manhattan; American Chocolate Machinery Co., Bedford.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Sept. 17.—Charters filed:

The Wagner Axle Co., to make axles, wheels, &c., for wagons, &c., $2,000,000; C. L. Pimlipp, W. S. Randall, C. M. Egner, Wilmington, Del.

A. S. Ford Munitions Co., to make machine guns, rifles, &c., $1,500,000; R. W. Plummer, C. H. Dye, H. P. Dickenson, all of Chicago, Ill.

Vapor Heather Corp., to make oil, vapor or electric heating devices of all kinds, $1,000,000; C. L. Pimlipp, W. S. Randall, C. M. Egner, Wilmington, Del.

Duquesne Air Craft Corp., to make, sell, and deal in and with aircraft machines, &c., $1,000,000; P. S. Lerous, Jersey City, N. J.; N. Lingard, T. Costelli, all of New York.

Cook Gearshift Co., to make gearshifting devices for automobiles, &c., $100,000; C. A. Murphy, J. R. Kearns, M. Hillis, all of Philadelphia.

The Kyone Co., to make iron and steel and their products, $500,000; F. D. Buck, M. L. Horty, R. E. Longfield, all of Wilmington, Del.

Kirby Coal-Iron-Mating Co., to mine for coal, iron &c., $100,000; H. Lee Kirby, J. M. Anderson, New York; H. M. Lafollette, Lafollette, Tenn.

W. G. Krusman Co., to acquire by purchase or otherwise vehicles of all kinds, $10,000; E. G. Cook, E. Laker, E. Helmina C. Krusman.

Ten Brock Rubber Co., to make, sell and deal in rubber tires, tubes, &c., 400,000; F. D. Buck, M. L. Horty, R. E. Longfield Wilmington, Del.

Fund Development Co., to acquire and develop lands of all kinds, $9,000; A. W. Britton, S. B. Howard, G. V. Reilly, all of New York.

Increase in capital stock: The Carlsbad Hotel Co. of America, from $2,500,000 to $8,000,000.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 17.—Charters filed:

Asgeca Employes' Stores Co., Perth Amboy, to deal in dry goods, &c., $25,000; John F. Austin of Westfield and Henry R. Wilson, and Charles B. Fisher of Perth Amboy.

Chan Products Co., Inc., Newark, to deal in patents, $10,000; M. N. Chanalis, B. N. Chanalis, and J. V. Shoch of Newark.

Davis Electric Co., Newark, to deal in electrical goods and contract for same, $30,000; C. E. Davis and R. Van Soggeren of Newark and A. E. Davis of Irvington.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Forecast:

N. C.—Fair, slightly warmer Tues. and Wed.; moderate n. e. to e. winds.

S. C.—Fair Tues., slightly warmer in interior. Wed. fair; gentle to moderate n. e. winds.

Ga.—Fair Tues., except probably showers in s. Wed. fair; gentle to moderate n. e.

Unlisted Securities Department

WANTED

Milliken Bros. Pfd.
New York State Rys. Com.
Penn. Seaboard Steel
Pierce, Butler & Pierce Stocks.
Pierce, Butler & Pierce 6s, 1934

FOR SALE

Curtiss Areoplane Pfd.
Niles-Bement-Pond Com.
New York Shipbuilding
Pettibone Mulliken 1st Pfd.
Pierce, Butler & Pierce Com.
Southwestern Cities Elec. Com.

Chas. H. Jones & Co.
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds
20 Broad St. New York
Telephone 9140 Rector. Cable "Orientmost."

BUY—SELL

MIDWEST REFINING CO.
MERRITT OIL CORPORATION
ELK BASIN PETROLEUM CO.
INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM
IMPERIAL OIL CO., LTD.
LOBITOS OILFIELDS, LTD.
SAPULPA REFINING CO.
HOUSTON OIL CO.
PORT LOBOS PETROLEUM
NATIONAL FUEL GAS CO.
NORTHWEST OIL CO.
COSDEN & CO.

BONDS & STOCK

CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities
Phone 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy
50 American Thermos Bottle
85 Irving National Bank Stock
50 New York State Railways Com.
95 Pabst Brewing Pfd.
30 Rome Brass & Copper
100 Wash. Steel & Ordnance Com.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell
50 American Linoleum
50 Continental Insurance
125 Fajardo Sugar
100 New York State Railways Com.
200 New River Collieries Com.
50 South Penn Oil

We have good markets in Unlisted and Inactive Securities and respectfully invite inquiries.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Wanted
Kings Co. E. L. & P.
Remington Type. com.
Thompson-Starrett com.
Coal & Iron Nat'l Bank
First National Bank
Irving Nat'l Bank Rights
L. A. NORTON
Tel. Broad 2805 25 Broad St.

Bethlehem Steel
New 8% Pfd. Stock "B" & Rights
Bought—Sold—Quoted
E. BUNGE & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
44 Broad Street New York
Phones Broad 6951-2-3-4-5-6.

Sinclair Oil 7s
with and without Warrants
Bought—Sold—Quoted
GEO. REITH & CO.
40 WALL ST., N. Y. Phone John 3000

Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway, N. Y.

Pacific Lt. & Power Co.
Ref. 5s, 1951
Private Phones to Philadelphia & Boston

United Gas & Elec. (Ct.) 1st Pfd.
American Light & Traction Com.
Georgia Rway. & Power (all issues)
New Jersey Zinc
British-American Tobacco (New)
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Broad 5140. 30 Broad St., New York
Private telephone to Boston and Philadelphia

Childs Co. Pfd.
Butler Brothers
Spicer Mfg. Preferred
Borden's Cond. Milk Com.
Safety Car Heating & Ltg.
United Light & Railways Pfd.
John Burnham & Co.
Private Wire to All Markets.
115 Broadway. Tel. Rector 9876. New York

Amer. Lt. & Tract. Com. & Pfd.
Cities Service Com. & Pfd.
Pacific Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
H. F. McConnell & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
25 Pine St. *Tel. 6064 John.* New York

Russian Gov'ment Internal 5½s
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Hoit & McWilliam
71 Broadway, N. Y. 'Phone 3109 Rector

Midvale-Goshen Coal
West Virginia Coal & Coke
Davis Coal & Coke
Kirby Lumber
William C. Orton
85 Broad St., N. Y. Phones 3016-7 Broad.

Fanning, Buck & Co.
Stocks & Bonds
67 Exchange Place, N. Y.
Tel. Rector 6885-6886-6887-6889.

Oregon Washington 4s, 1961
Minneapolis, St. Louis Cons. 5s, 1934
Chattanooga Union Station 1st 4s, 1957
Northern Westchester Light 5s, 1955.
Wolff & Stanley
Tel. 2860 or 6557 Broad 27 William St.

All Mexican Securities
including
Government, State & R. R.
WILLIAM F. WOLFF
Specialist in Foreign Securities
52 Broadway. Phone Broad 3157-8.

HOOVER MEETS SUGAR MEN.

Tells Refiners Voluntary Service Is Only Way to Meet War Emergency.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Beet sugar refiners and brokers opened conferences here today to work out details of a plan for a central distributing agency planned to co-operate with the Food Administration and to agree on standard prices.

About 10 per cent. of the refiners protested against prices proposed, saying they had made contracts with beet growers at unusually high rates. The Food Administration announced, however, that many of the growers affected by those contracts had agreed to accept a lower price as a patriotic duty. A solution will be sought at other conferences tomorrow.

Food Administrator Hoover, in an address to the sugar men, emphasized that voluntary service of all industries is the only democratic means of meeting the war emergency. In a contest between methods of autocracy and democracy, he said, economic problems in the democracy should be regulated from below by business men in co-operation with the Government rather than by arbitrary acts of the Government.

CONCRETE SHIP BUILT FAST.

Norwegian Experiment Called Remarkable by Premier Knudsen.

CHRISTIANIA, Aug. 20, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—The first Norwegian ship to be built of reinforced concrete was launched recently in the presence of Premier Knudsen and a distinguished gathering of shipping men, engineering experts, and Government officials. The Premier, himself an old civil engineer, complimented the designer on his "epoch-making enterprise."

The chief importance of the departure lies in the speed with which the vessel was constructed, only three weeks having been required from start to launching. The original frame can be used for each subsequent ship of the same size, and construction in the future is expected to occupy only about half that time.

The first ship is only of 200 tons, but vessels of 500 and 1,000 tons are to be begun shortly. It is expected to take about six weeks to complete a 1,000-ton ship.

Dividend-bearing stocks bid and offered in The Annalist every Monday by reputable firms in the Open Security Market. The stocks and bonds on sale are not listed on any Exchange. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	97	98½	4s, registered, 1925	105	106½
2s, coupon, 1930	97	98½	4s, coupon, 1925	105	106½
3s, registered, 1918	98¾	99¾	2s, coupon, 1918, reg	97	98½
3s, coupon, 1918	98¾	99¾	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	97	98½
3s, registered, 1946	80	87	3s, Panama, '61, reg	80	87
3s, coupon, 1946	80	87	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	80	87
3s, conversion, 1947	80	86			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Satur-day. Bid.	Ask.		Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Satur-day. Bid.	Ask.
4½s July, 1967	101⅛	102¼	101⅛	102¼	3½s Nov., 1954	84⅞	87	85	
4½s June, 1965	101⅛	102¼	101⅛	102¼	3½s May, 1954	85½	86	85½	
4½s Mar., 1963	101⅛	102¼	101⅛	102¼	3½s Nov., 1950	82½	..	82½	
4½s Nov., 1957	101⅛	102¼	101⅛		The following are quoted on a percentage basis:				
4½s May, 1957	101⅛	102¼	101⅛						
4½s Nov., 1917	99⅛	..	99⅛		4½s 1912-1923	4.25	4.10	4.25	
4½s April, 1966	97¾	98¾	97¾		4½s 1924-1931	4.40	4.15	4.40	
4½s Mar., 1960-30	97¼	98	97¼		4½s 1921-1923	4.40	4.25	4.40	
4½s Mar., 1964	97¾	98¼	97¾		4½s April, 1920	4.50	..	4.50	
4½s Mar., 1962	97¾	98¼	97¾		4½s 1918-1919	4.50	..	4.50	
4½s Sept., 1960	97¾	98¼	97¾		3½s 1940-1953	4.50	4.35	4.50	
4s May, 1959	93⅞	94⅛	93⅞		3½s 1930-1939	4.50	4.25	4.50	
4s Nov., 1958	93⅞	94⅛	93⅞		3½s 1922-1929	4.50	4.25	4.50	
4s May, 1957	93⅞	94⅛	93⅞		3½s 1919-1921	4.40	4.10	4.40	
4s Nov., 1956	93	94	93⅞		3½s 1917-1918	4.40	4.10	4.40	
4s Nov., 1955	93	94	92½		3s 1940-1953	4.50	4.20	4.50	
4s Nov., 1936	94	96	94		3s 1926-1930	4.50	4.20	4.50	
4s May, 1919	99⅛	..	99½		3s 1918-1925	4.40	4.00	4.40	
4s Nov., 1918	99⅛	..	99½						

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
6	Con. Power	106½	106½	106½
2,310	Cosden	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝
200	Do pf	4½	4½	4½
5	Fid. & Dep.	124	124	124
50	Ga., S. & F., 1st pf	76	76	76

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	B. C. 4s	'51 96½	96½	96½
2,000	Con. Coal 6s	103	103	103
22,000	Con. Pow. 6s notes	98	97⅞	97⅞
1,000	Cosden 6s	A. 90½	90½	90½
5,099	Do B	92½	92½	92½
$1,000	Elkhorn 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
1,000	Fairm't & C. Trac. 6s	99	99	99
1,000	Un. Ry. 4s	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞
2,000	Wash., D. & A. 5s	83½	83½	83½

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am. Ship	90	90	90
152	Chi. C. & C. Ry pf	20	20	20
35	Chi. P. Tool	61	60½	60½
110	C. Ry., S. 2.	12½	12½	12½
6	Chi. T. & T.	197	197	197
33	Com. Edison	116½	116	116
10	Deere pf	100	100	100
105	Dia. Match	116½	116	116
50	Hartman	52	50½	50½
5	Ill. Brick	73	73	73
50	M. Ward pf.	111	111	111
5	Nat. Carbon	73	73	73
18	Prest-o-lite	136	131⅞	133½
18	Pub. Service	86	86	86
10	Do pf	95	95	95
142	People's Gas	65	64	64⅝
5	Q. Oate pf	99½	99½	99½
607	Sears-Roe	153	151	151½
85	Shaw	70	70	70
80	S. Warner	57	56½	56½
373	Swift	146⅝	145	146
555	Un. Carbide	176½	172½	175
120	Wilson	59½	59	59
52	Do pf	102	102	102

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Chi. Tel. 5s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
2,000	Con. Edison 1st 5s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
$8,000	Swift 1st 5s	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞
7,000	Wil. 1st 6s	99¾	99¾	99¾
22,350	Liberty 3½s	99.90	99.80	99.90

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1	Buff. & Susq	55	55	55
14	Do pf	59	59	59
3	Elec. Stor.	57	57	57
115	Lake Super.	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛
1	Leh. Nav.	74½	74½	74½
20	Leh. Valley	60⅝	60½	60⅝
672	Penn. R. R.	52	51⅝	51⅝
621	Phila. Elec.	29	28⅞	28⅞
267	Phil. R. T. t. c.	30⅛	30	30
257	Tonopah Bel.	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
215	Union Trac.	44½	44	44
382	Un. Gas Imp.	77	76½	76½
30	W. Cramp & S.	72	72	72

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$4,000	El. & P. Tr. 4s	76½	76	76
25,000	Lib. L. 3½s	99.96	99.90	99.96
1,000	Penn. C. 4½s	100½	100½	100½
2,000	Phil. El. 1st 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
1,000	St. G. & E. 6s	99½	99½	99½

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Adventure	2	2	2
35	Allouez	61⅝	61	61
100	Anaconda	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝
100	Ariz.-Com'l.	11	11	11
50	Calu. & Ariz.	76	76	76
2	Calu. & Hecla	520	520	520
75	Centennial	16⅝	16	16
110	Chino	50½	50⅛	50½
225	Cons. Mercur.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
350	Daly-West	2⅝	2⅛	2⅛
400	Davis-Daly	5	5	5
315	East Butte	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
20	Franklin	6	6	6
10	Island Creek	62	61	62
30	Isle Royale	30	30	30
30	Kerr Lake	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
20	Mass Con.	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
25	Mohawk	81	81	81
125	Nevada	20½	20½	20½
200	New Idria	13	13	13
15	Nipissing	9½	9½	9½
15	North Butte	16½	16	16½
35	Old Dominion	48	46	46
50	Osceola	87	87	87
200	Pond Creek	21½	21	21
22	Quincy	86	84	84
59	Shannon	7	7	7
160	Super. & Bos.	3½	3⅛	3⅛
10	Trinity	6	6	6
80	Tuolumne	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
120	U. S. Smelt.	62½	60	60½
455	Do pf	49½	49	49
30	Utah Apex	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
30	Utah Con.	15	15	15
110	Utah Metals	4⅛	4	4
200	Wolverine	41	40½	40½

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
87	Boston Elev.	47	47	47
91	Bos. & Me.	23	22	23
75	Mass. El. pf.	20	20	20
206	New Haven	25¼	23½	24
11	W. End Ry.	42	42	42

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am. A. Ch. pf.	98½	98½	98½
10	Am. Sugar	108	108	108
275	Am. T. & T.	116⅛	116⅛	116⅛
65	Am. Woolpf.	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛
70	A., G. & W. I.	89	89	89
20	Art Metal	9½	9½	9½
32	Edison	185	182	182
600	Int. P. Cem't	10¼	10	10
5	Do pf	22	22	22
41	N. Eng. Tel.	107	106	106
550	Punta Sugar	35	35	35
10	Pullman	134½	134½	134½
87	Swift	147	145½	146⅝
10	United Fruit	126½	126½	126½
1,268	United Shoe	46	44¾	44¾
60	Do pf	28½	28	28
910	Ventura Oil	6⅛	5⅝	5⅝

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
141	Cities Service	238	234	236	238
180	Cities Service pf	83	82	82¼	82½

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	17	19	Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
Adison, Elec. Pow. pf.	70	73	Miss. River Power	10	13
Am. Gas & Electric	112	113	Miss. River Power pf.	84	89
Am. Gas & Elec. pf.	46	48	Northern Ohio Electric	80	85
Am. Light & Traction	266	270	Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	70	75
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	105	108	North. Ont. Lt. & Pow.	11	15
Am. Power & Light	60	63	Nor. Ont. L. & P. pf.	50	60
Am. Power & Light pf.	82	85	Northern States Power	82	84
Am. Public Utilities	30	35	Nor. States Power pf.	96	98
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	65	67	Northern Texas Electric	54	57½
Am. W. W. & Elec	6	6⅝	Northern Tex. Elec. pf.	75	80
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	66	69	Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Am. W. W. & E. partic.	15	20	Pacific Gas & Electric	47½	49
Carolina Power & Light	33	36	Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	86	87
Carolina P. & L. pf.	97	98	Pine Bluff 7 p. c. pf.	96	98
Cities Service, new	25	26	Republic Ry. & Light	31	33
Colorado Power	24	28	Republic Ry. & L. pf.	64	65
Colorado Power pf.	97	100	Southern Cal. Edison	85	88
Commonwealth P. & L.	47	49	South. Cal. Edison pf.	100	104
Com'wealth P. & L. pf.	75	77	Standard Gas & Elec.	8	9
Consumers' Power pf.	90	95	Standard Gas & El. pf.	52	53
Dayton Power & Lt. pf.	88	90	Tampa Electric	116	121
Duluth Edison	68	75	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pow.	4½	5
Eastern Texas Electric	55	60	Tenn. Ry., L. & P. pf.	26	28
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	80	85	Texas Power & Lt. pf.	97	100
El Paso Electric	100	104	Tri-City R. & L. pf.	90	94
El Paso Electric pf.	91	95	Un. Gas & El. 1st pf.	70	75
Electric L. & S. pf.	97½	99½	United Gas Improve.	80	89¼
Electric Properties	69	69	United Light & Rys.	35	38
Empire Dist. El. pf.	84	89	United Lt. & Rys. pf.	67	69
Federal Light & Trac.	10	12	Wash. I. W. L. & P. pf.	82	84
Federal Light & Tr. pf.	45	48	West P. Tr. & W. P.	11	15
Galv. Hous. El pf.	67	69	W. P. Tr. & W. P. pf.	62	67
Gas & Elec. Securities	290	310	West. Penn. P. pf.	100	106
Gas & Elec. Sec. pf.	94	100	Western Power	12½	14
Int. Mt. Ry., L. & P. pf.	90	98	Western Power pf.	53	55
Interstate Electric	38	43	Wisconsin Edison	42	47
Interstate Elec. pf.	90	95	Yadkin River P. 75 pf.	98	100

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	98¼	Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	86	90
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	71	73	Nat. Sec. prior lien 6s	89½	92¼
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	76	82	Nat. Secur. deb.	48	53
Carolina P. & L. 1st 5s	89	92	Nat. Secur. incomes	10	13
Central P. & L. 1st 5s	95½	98	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '31	94	96
Central Ill. Light 5s	95	98	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s, '31	80	83½
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	99	101	Nor. States P. 6s, 1928	96½	98
Col. G. & E. 1st 5s, '27	32	86	Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	90	93½
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	77	83	Nor. Texas Elec. col. 5s	82	88
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1941	97	100	Ohio Gas 1st 6s, 1939	100½	102
Cons. River P. 5s, 1937	95	99	Omaha & C. B. 5s	90	95
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942	94	98	P., G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s, '34	95	100
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100½	101½	Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	99	101
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922	92½	98	Roanoke W. W. 5s, '19	98	98½
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	92	95	Standard Gas & Elec. 6 p. c. notes, 1935	90	94
East. Ohio Gas 1st 5s	96	100	Stand. G. of N. J. 5s, '45	94	98
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s	99	100	So. Cal. Ed. 5s, 1929	93	95
Fed. Light & Tr. 5s	87½	90	Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	88	92
Fed. Light & Tr. 6s	90	93	U. S. R., R. & M. 6s, '25	111	113
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	81	84	Un. Light & Rys. 1st 5s, 1932	83	90
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '23	94	98	Un. Light & Rys. deb. 6s, 1926	97	99
Inter. Met. Ry., L. & P. 6s	97	100	United Fuel, cv. 6s, '42	95	98½
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '41	93	96	Utah Sec. 6s	90	91
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	85	91	W. W. Light 6s, 1923	95	98
L. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, '41	90	95	Western Power 1st 5s	96	98
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97½	99	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91½	94½
Middle West U. 6s, '25	95	99	West. P. P. 1st 5s, '46	90	97
Mun. & S. R. & L. 5s	99½	100	Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	91	96
Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	69	71			

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Satur-day. Bid.	Ask.
Anglo-Am. Oil	18	18¼	18⅛	
Atlantic Refining	900	925	915	
Borne-Scrymser	410	430	410	
Buckeye Pipe Line	90	94	93	
Chesebrough Mfg.	365	385	365	
Colonial Oil	50	70	50	
Continental Oil	550	675	560	
Crescent Pipe Line	35	39	35	
Cumberland P. L.	155	165	155	
Eureka Pipe Line	200	210	205	
Galena Signal Oil	148	152	148	
Galena S. O. pf.	137	140	137	
Illinois Pipe Line	214	218	217	
Indiana Pipe Line	96	100	96	
Int. Pet. Co.	11⅝	12⅛	12	
National Transit	13	15	14	
N. Y. Transit	200	210	200	
Northern Pipe Line	98	102	100	
Ohio Oil	340	345	345	
Penn.-M. Fuel Co.	38	42	38	
Prairie Oil & Gas	510	520	540	
Prairie Pipe Line	267	273	278	
Solar Refining	350	350	335	
Southern Pipe Line	198	202	198	
South. Penn. Oil	310	320	325	
S. W. Penn.	105	110	105	
Stand. Oil of Cal.	240	245	242	
Stand. Oil of Ind.	725	740	740	
Stand. Oil of Kan.	525	540	525	
Stand. Oil of Ky.	230	240	235	
Stand. Oil of Neb.	490	510	490	
Stand. Oil of N. J.	538	543	550	
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	266	270	268	
Stand. Oil of Ohio	450	460	450	
Swan & Finch	95	105	95	
Union Tank	96	100	98	
Vacuum Oil	340	350	345	
Washington Oil	50	55	50	
Aetna pf.	42	38		
American Brass	270	280	270	
Atlas Powder	164	167	164	
Do pf.	99	101	99	
Babcock & Wilcox	118	122	118	
Bliss	475	525	475	
Do pf	73	78	73	
Canadian Explos.	450	470	450	
Do pf.	104	110	104	
Can. Pound'r & F.	160	170	160	
Colt's Arms	98	108	98	
Du Pont	260	265	262	
Do old com.	100	105	100	
Do deb. pf.	99	101	99	
Hercules Powder	270	275	270	
Do pf.	113	116	114	
Niles-Bem't-Pond	140	145	140	
Scovill Mfg.	570	585	570	
Winchester Arms	800	1000	800	

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Satur-day. Bid.	Ask.
American Cigar	109	115	109	
Do pf.	91	97	95	
Conley Foil	200	250	225	
J. S. Young	150	160	155	
Do pf.	105	110	105	
MacAndrews & F.	200	210	200	
Do pf.	90	102	99	
P. R.-Am. Tob.	190	210	190	
Do scrip	110	120	110	
R. J. Reynolds	550	600	550	
Do pf.	111	112	111	

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,055	‡Aetna Explo.	5⅛	4⅞	4⅞
100	‡Air Reduc.	88	88	88
500	‡Beth. St. pf., w. i	103	102	102½
4,000	‡Beth. Steel rights, B	1⅛	1	1⅛
100	Br.-Am. Tob. ord., B	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
200	‡Car L. L. & F.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
900	Carven Steel	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
800	Chev. Motor	72	68	69
3,000	Curtiss Aero.	40½	38½	38½
600	Keyst. T. & R.	14½	14	14½
2,200	‡Lake Tor. Bt.	6⅝	4½	5
300	Marlin Arms v. t. ctfs.	112	111	111
7,000	‡Maxim Muni.	1	⅞	⅞
800	N. Am. P. & P.	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
4,200	‡Proc.-Log. C	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
780	‡Pruden. Plct.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
3,500	Smith M. Tr.	4⅛	3⅞	3⅞
1,600	‡St. Jos. Lead	17½	17	17⅛
100	‡Std. Motors	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
500	‡Steel Alloys	7½	7½	7½
1,000	Submar. Boat v. t. ctfs.	18	16½	17
2,500	Triangle Film v. t. ctfs.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
3,500	U. S. SS. Co.	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
4,000	‡Unit. Motors	18⅝	17½	17½
200	‡U. S. L. L. & H.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
6,000	‡Wr.-M. Air.	8	7⅝	7⅝
500	‡Zinc Concen.	2	2	2

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
95	Prat. O. & G.	540	520	520
175	Prairie P. L.	280	268	268
10	So. P. Of.	1,820	320	320
105	St. Oil, N.Y.	279	265	265

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,500	‡Allen Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
9,000	‡Ark. Pet.	49	47	48
1,500	‡Barn. O. & G.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
15,000	‡Bos.-W. Oil, (a pros.)	47	44	45
4,400	‡Cosden Oil	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
4,000	‡Cruz. Pet., (a pros.)	48	48	48
4,100	Cum. P. & R.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
800	‡Elk B. Pet.	9⅝	9½	9½
6,000	‡Elk. O. & G., a prospect	¼	⅛	⅛
1,800	‡Esmer. Oil	1	⅞	⅞
1,200	‡Federal Oil	4	3⅞	3⅞
1,600	‡Friar Oil	⅝	⅝	⅝
12,000	‡Glenr'k Oil	17⅝	17	17⅝
2,100	‡Inter. Pet.	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
3,800	‡K. U. Cen. Oil	1⅝	1	1½
1,200	‡Kenova Oil, a prospect	¼	⅛	⅛
600	‡Kh.-W. Oil	•3½	3	3⅛
1,150	‡Lost City Oil	½	⅜	⅜
3,200	‡Merritt Oil	34⅛	32⅞	33⅛
2,000	Acme Cop. H.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
600	Alas.-Br. Col. Metals	⅞	⅞	⅞
100	‡Alas. Std.	23	23	23
4,500	‡Ariz.-Cor., (a pros.)	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
7,700	Big Ledge	⅞	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	‡Booth	7	7	7
1,300	‡Bos. & Mon.	61	56	57
2,100	‡Butte & Balak.	1⅛	1	1⅛
8,000	‡Bul'rds Peak	⅝	⅝	⅝
200	Butte Cop. & Z. v. t. ctfs.	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
700	Butte-Det.	½	½	½
3,500	‡Caledonia	75	74	75
6,300	‡Calu. & J

The Market and Fulton National Bank
of NEW YORK

Statement September 11, 1917

Capital and Surplus *$3,149,048*

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts		$8,722,797.86
U. S. Bonds		418,880.00
Other Bonds and Stocks		1,356,602.75
Banking House		550,000.00
Other Real Estate		15,500.00
Customers' Liability, Account Acceptances		48,554.82
Cash Items: Cash and Reserve	$2,717,338.01	
Cash Items: Exchanges for Clearing House	849,989.24	
Cash Items: Due from Banks	1,097,781.72	4,665,108.97
		$15,777,444.40

LIABILITIES

Capital	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and Profits	2,149,048.06
Reserved for Taxes	17,000.00
Circulation	111,190.00
Acceptances	48,554.82
Deposits	12,451,651.52
	$15,777,444.40

ALEXANDER GILBERT, Chairman of the Board — WILLIAM M. ROSENDALE, Cashier
ROBERT A. PARKER, President — ALBERT D. BERRY, Asst. Cashier

The National Park Bank of New York

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS SEPTEMBER 11, 1917.

RESOURCES

Specie and U. S. Notes		$ 2,120,581.48
Due from Federal Reserve Bank		25,703,782.32
Due from Banks and C. H. Exchanges		15,137,147.32
Demand Loans		19,972,025.47
		$ 62,933,536.59
Loans and Discounts		120,579,444.70
Bonds to Secure U. S. Deposit		3,548,383.33
Bonds with U. S. Treasurer		3,580,000.00
Bonds and Securities		8,329,144.43
Banking House		2,252,052.32
Due from U. S. Treasurer		556,700.00
Customers' Liability Account of Acceptances and Letters of Credit		4,692,530.44
		$206,471,741.81

LIABILITIES

Capital	$ 5,000,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	17,184,647.43
Reserved for Taxes	230,575.34
Deposits	174,791,723.89
Circulation	3,559,397.50
Acceptances and Letters of Credit	5,035,397.65
Bond Loan Account	780,000.00
	$206,471,741.81

[Charter No. 1370.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Merchants National Bank of the City of New York

FOUNDED 1803

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on September 11, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$19,583,825.13	
Acceptances of other banks discounted	318,666.66	
Customers' liability account of acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted by it.	50,000.00	
Total loans	$19,950,491.79	
Deduct: Acceptances of other banks payable at future date guaranteed by this bank, by indorsement or otherwise	318,666.66	
		$19,633,825.13
Overdrafts, unsecured		16.03
Customers' liability under Letters of Credit actually used and for which this bank has not been reimbursed		43,260.37
Customers' liability account of acceptances executed by this bank and now outstanding		885,330.08
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$1,900,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	542,000.00	
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds) and certificates of indebtedness		2,242,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, unpledged	$30,400.00	
Liberty Loan Bonds, pledged to secure U. S. and other deposits	150,000.00	
		180,400.00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged		440,298.73
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		7,841.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		120,000.00
Value of banking house		995,207.34
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		3,029,120.49
Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)		31,952.40
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		953,194.83
Net amounts due from banks and bankers and trust companies		277,922.19
Exchange for Clearing House		1,141,916.96
Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		46,185.58
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		441.98
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		120,000.00
Other assets—Amount due on account of subscription to Liberty Loan Bonds secured by bonds		177.59
Total		$30,149,336.25

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$2,000,000.00
Surplus fund		2,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$457,927.70	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	102,049.17	
		355,878.53
Amount reserved for taxes accrued		37,909.42
Amount reserved for all interest accrued		27,484.13
Circulating notes outstanding		1,845,587.50
Net amounts due to national banks		3,158,722.05
Net amounts due to banks and bankers		5,689,243.86
Demand deposits subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
Individual deposits subject to check		9,703,543.04
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)		252,173.74
Certified checks		138,448.12
Cashier's checks outstanding		454,426.11
Dividends unpaid		28.00
Time deposits subject to reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice):		
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)		913,060.00
Postal savings deposits		130,000.00
United States deposits (other than postal savings), including deposits of U. S. disbursing officers		308,000.00
Bills payable, with Federal Reserve Bank		1,780,000.00
Customers' letters of credit drawn against		43,260.37
Acceptances executed for customers	$1,020,490.39	
Less acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted	50,000.00	
		970,490.39
Total		$30,149,336.25

Acceptances of other banks payable at future date guaranteed by this bank, by indorsement or otherwise $318,666.66

State of New York, County of New York, ss: I, O. E. PAYNTER, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

O. E. PAYNTER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of September, 1917.
[Seal.] HENRY D. HOLLOWAY, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
J. ALDRED
WILLIAM P. WALL
THEODORE E. BURTON, Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 8th day of September, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $3,486,603.25,) market value.	$3,342,728.77	
Private securities, (book value, $7,375,827.12,) market value.	7,400,327.84	
Real estate owned		3,448,700.16
Mortgages owned		3,323,707.99
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		1,174,640.64
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		38,022,833.45
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		29,271,713.96
Overdrafts		1,766.18
Foreign exchange		4,641,298.40
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$6,373,306.85	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	1,644,558.32	
		8,017,865.17
Specie		6,185,409.93
United States legal-tender notes and notes of National banks		378,080.00
Federal Reserve notes		146,970.00
Cash items, viz.: Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings		2,093,156.18
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra.) and commercial letters of credit		4,007,587.08
Other assets, viz.: Trust department advances	$25,358.86	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	96,241.76	
		121,600.62
Total		$113,523,286.37

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$5,000,000.00
Surplus on market values: Surplus fund	$5,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	1,512,776.84	
		6,512,776.84
Surplus on book values, $6,591,226.44.		
Deposits—Preferred, as follows: Due New York State savings banks	$912,014.14	
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions	45,083.11	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	423,491.74	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	794.89	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	1,296,195.49	
Net preferred, as follows: Deposits subject to check	58,558,147.79	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	11,148,832.69	
Demand certificates of deposit	4,065,229.05	
Trust (eight—but preferred	11,829,811.40	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	846,037.66	
Certified checks	117,521.43	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	8,922,541.63	
Extend total deposits		97,365,400.98
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		4,007,587.08
Other liabilities, viz.: Reserves for taxes, expenses, and dividend	$345,693.62	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	227,888.24	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	55,317.60	
Net unearned interest entered	8,611.01	
		637,521.47
Total		$113,523,286.37

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

CORN EXCHANGE BANK

New York, at the close of business on the 5th day of September, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.: Public securities (book value, $9,374,437.94), market value.	$9,502,140.00	
Private securities (book value, $19,915,248.88), market value.	19,328,640.00	
Real estate owned		5,681,820.00
Mortgages owned		819,116.25
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		406,813.42
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		28,233,820.25
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		42,949,795.40
Overdrafts		4,884.86
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$20,067,932.84	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item	2,006,849.49	
		22,074,782.13
Specie		4,076,068.84
United States legal-tender notes and notes of national banks		484,095.00
Federal Reserve notes		1,185,990.00
Cash items, viz.: Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$5,172,017.49	
Other cash items	1,824,564.64	
		6,996,582.13
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		2,217,241.94
Other assets, viz.: Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$226,256.72	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	152,012.03	
		378,268.75
Total		$142,199,158.97

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$3,500,000.00
Surplus on market values: Surplus fund	$6,500,000.00	
Undivided profits	577,526.48	
		7,077,526.48
Surplus on book values	$7,558,604.66	
Deposits: Preferred, as follows: Due New York State Savings banks	$5,524,997.66	
Due New York State Savings and Loan Associations and Credit Unions	90,752.53	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	58,553.43	
Net preferred, as follows: Deposits subject to check	110,638,487.93	
Demand certificates of deposit	1,081,789.03	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks	311,609.42	
Cashier's checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	121,555.64	
Certified checks	1,373,067.05	
Unpaid dividends	2,534.00	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	8,632,526.68	
Total deposits		128,836,653.67
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		2,217,241.94
Other liabilities, viz.: Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$128,897.31	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	29,158.46	
Unearned discounts	409,744.27	
		567,797.88
Total		$142,199,158.97

Report of the condition of the

GERMAN AMERICAN BANK,

at the close of business on the 8th day of September, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.: Public securities, (book value, $274,875,) market value.	$272,500.00	
Private securities, (book value, $930,086.38,) market value	886,850.00	
Real estate owned		28,202.51
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		3,808,199.72
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		1,365,497.70
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$298,360.60	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item	254,259.88	
		552,620.48
Specie		889,779.07
United States legal tender notes and notes of national banks		102,880.00
Federal Reserve notes		5,000.00
Cash items, viz.: Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$352,716.37	
Other cash items	19,920.63	
		372,637.20
Other assets, viz.: Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	$20,000.00	
		20,000.00
Total		$8,323,954.18

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$750,000.00
Surplus on market values: Surplus fund	$250,000.00	
Undivided profits	553,283.79	
		803,283.79
Surplus on book values, $845,793.17.		
Deposits: Preferred, as follows: Due New York State savings banks	$390,450.00	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	118,600.00	
Net preferred, as follows: Deposits subject to check	5,700,159.68	
Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within 30 days	150,000.00	
Demand certificates of deposit	41,000.00	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	1,677.26	
Certified checks	143,838.84	
Unpaid dividends	308.25	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	147,127.76	
		6,692,062.09
Other liabilities, viz.: Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	$61,608.30	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	3,000.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	14,000.00	
		78,608.30
Total		$8,323,954.18

For Well-Dressed Women

The Fashion Section of The New York Times, Sunday, October 7th, will publish photographic reproductions by rotogravure of new designs in women's wear for Fall and Winter by the leading French dressmakers and milliners. There is no abatement in richness, beauty and originality in these wonderful creations of new gowns, wraps, hats and furs, which will be *de rigueur* during the next few months in every line of social activities—the reception, the ball, the theatre, and the promenade. These creations of the masters of the dress art can be utilized by those whose means do not run beyond moderately priced materials, thus giving all women the opportunity of appearing in latest styles. Articles by writers of wide knowledge and authority accompany the designs.

Sunday, October 7th

REAL ESTATE FIELD

An important business change in the old Sixth Avenue shopping section was forecast yesterday in the filing of plans to remodel the old O'Neill-Adams store on the westerly block front of Sixth Avenue, between Twentieth and Twenty-first Streets, to be used for the manufacture of army uniforms. The property includes 321 to 335 Sixth Avenue. It is owned by the United States Realty and Improvement Company, of which Lawrence McGuire is President, and plans have been filed for alterations estimated to cost $30,000 by Starrett & Van Vleck, architects. When completed the structure will be occupied on lease by a clothing manufacturing firm which has a contract for making a large number of army uniforms.

Several of the other old dry goods stores on the avenue have recently been remodeled or are in process of changes for new commercial interests.

Buys Columbus Avenue Corner.

The two four-story buildings on the northeast corner of Columbus Avenue and Sixty-second Street, adjoining the Colonial Theatre, have been purchased by Harold M. Silverman, giving him a plot of 75 feet on the avenue by 40 feet on the street. The immediate corner building, 29 by 75, was acquired from William Buchan, Jr., whose family has owned the property for seventy-five years. It was held at $85,000. The adjoining parcel, similar in size, at 59 West Sixty-second Street, was bought from Mrs. Sadie J. Wallenstein. The holding price was $50,000.

Charles S. Kohler was the broker in the two sales.

West Side Dwelling Sale.

The three-story dwelling at 36 West 114th Street, 18.2 by 100.11, has been sold by the A. Kane Company for the Lawyers Mortgage Company to an investor.

$79,200 for Avenue B Church.

Permission has been granted to the Evangelical Reformed Church by Justice Mitchell of the Supreme Court to sell the plot occupied by the church on the southeast corner of Avenue B and Fifth Street, 53 by 100, to Samuel Grosner for $79,200. The plot was acquired by the church in 1840.

Big Tenement House Purchase.

The five four-story tenement houses at 535 to 543 East Thirty-seventh Street, between First and Second Avenues, have been purchased by J. W. Gerdes from the Nason Realty Company, Max Natonson, President. The sellers acquired the property about six weeks ago. Each building covers a plot 25 by 100. Byrne & Baumann were the brokers.

Deal on Cherry Street.

The four-story business building at 367 Cherry Street, adjoining the southwest corner of Gouverneur Street, plot 36.6 by 65, has been purchased by Michael Cohen from Slova L. Sapossnek.

Bronx Borough Sales.

The five-story factory building on plot 100 by 117 at the northwest corner of Jackson Avenue and 140th Street, has been purchased by the Crippen Co., piano manufacturers, from Strich & Zeidler. Nicholson & Co. were the brokers. It was held at $100,000.

The five-story flat at 3061 Bailey Avenue, 45 by 100, has been sold by J. S. Maxwell for Anna M. Maixner, who acquired it last February.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Co. has purchased the plot at 2033 Jerome Avenue, 100 by 113, near Kingsbridge Road, for a transformer station. The consideration was $26,000.

Westchester County.

Dr. Archibald McNeil, the bacteriologist, has purchased from John McKesson, Jr., an old Colonial home and six acres of land on the Post Road in Pelham Manor, Chappaqua. The house is one of the oldest in Westchester County. Dr. McNeil will alter it for occupancy. George Howe was the broker. He has also sold for C. O. Wells to John Lamont the former's residence on Hillcrest Avenue, Park Hill, Yonkers.

Brooklyn.

The recent opening of the new link of the Sea Beach Subway up to Union Square in Manhattan, has had a marked effect upon the realty market along the line of that transit improvement which is especially noticeable in the Kings Highway section where many homes have been erected in anticipation of the coming demand. John P. Churlo, who has completed a row of houses at West Eleventh Street and Kings Highway, has sold 1782 West Eleventh St. to Wm. Tarpey, 1784 West Eleventh St. to R. C. Feris, 1788 West Eleventh St. to Fred A. Heywood, 1788 West Eleventh St. to Wm. J. McCambridge, 1718 West Eleventh St. to John E. Biggins, and 1767 West Eleventh St. to Howena B. Tholens.

Tutino & Cerny have sold for Thomas F. Hayes, to Richard Orlowsky, the two-story dwelling, on plot 20 by 100, at 616 Fifty-first Street.

Astoria Sales for Improvement.

Minor L. Platt has sold another plot for Justice Francis Hendricks, in addition to the one reported last week at the northeast corner of Grand and Fourth Avenues, Astoria. The latest sale was a plot on the south side of Grand Avenue, forty-nine feet east of Fourth Avenue. It will be improved as the former parcel, with a five-story apartment house. The plot was held at $9,000. This makes twenty-four lots in the vicinity that Mr. Platt has sold within the last six months to builders for improvement.

Sales in Queens Borough.

A. L. Selig and S. L. Felber have each purchased a one-third interest in the plot 180 by 600 on the southeast corner of Van Alst Avenue and Vernon Street, Long Island City, from S. Eiseman. It is two blocks from the Corona elevated line and from the Queens Boulevard, and is valued at $75,000.

M. Allen Stephenson Orange has purchased a tract of nine acres from C. C. Amberman at Jamaica South. The property is bounded on the west by Thurston's Creek and on the east by the property of B. C. Amberman.

The Kissena Park Corporation has sold nineteen lots at Flushing to A. H. Haaren and twenty-two lots to C. W. F. Smith.

The Home and Prospect Realty Company has purchased twenty-nine acres at Aqueduct from G. L. Skinner. It will be developed for single family cottages.

Buys New Jersey Estate.

The Hankinson estate of 250 acres, with a large Colonial residence at Eatontown, N. J., has been sold by Grant Parish of Asbury Park to H. W. Holcombe of New York. The farm is near the Rumson Road and Shrewsbury. The price was about $35,000.

Commercial Leases.

The Colony Construction Company, Robert P. Zobel, President, has leased the store and basement in the Colony Arcade, 63-67 West Thirty-eighth Street, running through to 62-64 West Thirty-ninth Street, about 20,000 square feet, to Morris Goldsier, now at 657 Broadway, importers of flowers and feathers.

E. A. Turner has leased for George Schaefer to a client the five-story building at No. 120 East Thirty-second Street, 22 by 100, for alteration into a garage.

Rice & Hill have leased for Sidney W. Hughes to George B. Warner the five-story building at 128 East Fifty-seventh Street.

J. Arthur Fischer has rented the store at 640 Sixth Avenue to Cruskin & Cohen, furriers.

Manning & Trunk have leased for the First Construction Company of Brooklyn, William H. Reynolds, President, the store at 407 Lexington Avenue, between Forty-second and Forty-third Streets, to Matthew Levin.

Private Dwelling Leases.

Pease & Elliman have leased for Mrs. D. Ernest Walker to Charles Minder the three-story dwelling at 6 West Eighty-third Street, and for the United States Trust Company to Dr. T. E. Waldie the four-story dwelling at 59 East Seventy-fifth Street.

The Houghton Company has leased for William E. D. Stokes the four-story dwelling at 541 West End Avenue, northwest corner of Eighty-sixth Street, to Mattie R. Ward.

James Kyle & Sons have rented for Anderson & Anderson the four-story dwelling at 126 East Sixtieth Street, and for S. Frank the three-story house at 156 East Forty-ninth Street.

F. & G. Pflomm have leased for the Kerr estate the private house at 68 West Twelfth Street to Miss F. Barnum.

Thomas J. O'Reilly has rented for Edward J. Moloughney the four-story dwelling at 911 West End Avenue to Marie Austin.

J. Arthur Fischer has leased the four-story dwelling at 241 West Thirty-eighth Street to J. Schnor.

State Realty Officers.

The following officers were elected at the close of the fourteenth annual convention of the New York State Real Estate Association last Saturday at Utica: President, Fenton M. Parke, Buffalo; First Vice President, James Frank, Long Island; Second Vice President, Fred N. Van Patten, Syracuse; Third Vice President, Anning S. Prall, Staten Island; Secretary, John D. White, Utica; Treasurer, Stephen N. Yates, New York. The 1918 convention will be held in Buffalo.

Realty Notes.

The Engineers' Land Corporation, which recently acquired a large tract for golf and other purposes near Roslyn, L. I., has placed upon its property a $500,000 mortgage to secure bonds of an equal amount, designating the Title Guarantee and Trust Company as Trustee.

Justice Mitchell of the Supreme Court has granted permission to the Colony Club to sell its old clubhouse property at 120-124 Madison Avenue, 73.11 by 100, to Henry J. Hommens for $240,000.

The Sheriff Street Baths have taken title to the five-story building at 66 and 68 Sheriff Street, adjoining the southeast corner of Rivington Street, from Abraham Gersten.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET,
By Henry Brady.

124th St, 544 East, s s, 208.6 ft w of 1st Av, 18x100.11, three-story dwelling; Meyer Schultz and another against Jacob Weis et al.; Kurzman, F. & G., attorneys; due, $6,540.08, taxes, &c., $183; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Arthur C. Sheridan.

Prospect Av, 2,109, w s, 100.2 ft n of 180th St, 40x100x irregular, old buildings; adjourned to Oct. 1.

By James J. Donovan.

Cruger Av, e s, 100 ft s of Van Nest Av, 50x100; Holzapfels American Composition Co. against Peter Cappiella et al.; A. D. Townsend, attorney; due, $5,870.65, taxes &c., $814.19; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

6th Av, 321-335, to a five-story building; United States Realty and Improvement Co., Lawrence McGuire, President, 115 Broadway, owner; Starrett & Van Vleck, architects; cost, $30,000.

117th St, 15 West, to a five-story tenement; Emanuel Katz Estate Corporation, Herman Katz, President, 2,408 Voorhees Av, Brooklyn, owner; Oscar Lewinson, 366 5th Av, architect; cost, $10,000.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 6 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, 267, w s, 69 ft s of 17th St, 23x94; Avenue A, 265, w s, 46 ft s of 17th St, 23x94; Sept. 57; Philip L. Sulzbacher to Edward Roede, both at Hillsdale, N. J.; Cue Sept. 10, 1929, 6 p. c.; attorney, Joseph E. Greenberg, 299 Broadway $1,500

SEAMAN AV, n e corner of 215th St, 46.3x100x50x100, Sept. 11; H. D. Construction Co. to Ely L. Siemund, 5th West End Av, 5 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $45,000; attorney, George W. Elkins, 34 Pine St. $15,000

SEAMAN AV, w s, 198.8 ft s of 218th St, 50x140, Sept. 11; same to same, 5 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $38,000; attorney, same. $12,000

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 452, e s, 63.10 ft s of 133d St, 37.5x77.6x36.11x81.8, Sept. 17; Daniel J. Riordan to Helena G. Benjamin, 200 West 88th St, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $19,000

18TH ST, 3 s, 203 ft w of 8th Av, 22x92, Sept. 17; Melissa Blauvelt to United States Trust Co. of New York, due Oct. 1, 1920; attorneys, Stewart & S., 45 Wall St. ..$3,000

61ST ST, s s, 203 ft e of 3d Av, 20x100.5, Sept. 17; Edwin W. Hincox to Dry Dock Savings Institution, 341 Bowery, due and mortgage as per bond; attorney, Frank M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row $2,000

67TH ST, s s, 250 ft w of Central Park West, 25x100.5, Sept. 15; 26 West 67th Street Corporation to Genevieve R. McDermott, 55 West 86th St, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $25,381

137TH ST, 130 West, s s, 300 ft w of Lenox Av, 17.5x99.11, Sept. 17; Levi M. Scovilla to Seamen's Bank for Savings, 76 Wall St, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $6,000

Bronx.

CARROLL PLACE, w s, 134.6 ft n of 162d St, 20.3x86; Joseph Trocsano to Laurell L. Mott, 78 Crescent Av, Grantwood, N. J., Sept. 14, installments, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $200

EAST 151ST AV, 606, e s, 16.8x115; Karl P. Burghardt to Stephen Horn, 574 East 141st St, Sept. 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, C. H. Baechler, 1,126 East Tremont Av. ..$500

ROSEDALE AV, 1,464, 30ft w of Lehke Place to Elizabeth Steinmetz, 2,153 Daly Av, Sept. 15, due as per bond; attorney, J. A. Steinmetz, 1,005 East 180th St. $450

JENNINGS ST, w s, 134.2 ft s of Union Av, 20x92.6x18.9x100; Clematis Realty Co. to Marie Cifarella, 575 West 181st St, Sept. 14, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway ..$1,000

LOT 80, map of part of Schuylerville; Jacob Schwartz to Sarah C. Buckenham, 545 West 152d St, Sept. 15, 3 years; attorney, L. G. Mapes, 1,469 Williamsbridge Road $187

NEWTON AV, e s, 99.9 ft n of 256th St, 50x100; Elizabeth Callanan to New York and Suburban Co-operative Building and Loan Association, 147 East 125th St, Sept. 15, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, R. H. Bergman, 3,219 3d Av $7,400

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

48TH ST, 115 West; Morris Rosenberg et al. against Flebe A. Underhill, owner; Louis Israelson, lessee and contractor $2,425

Bronx.

EDISON AV, w s, 75 ft n of Lafayette Av, 50x100; J. G. Mahlstedt Lumber and Coal Co. against Bronx Shore Park Improvement Co., Inc., owners; Sweet & Barmore, contractors $83

EDISON AV, e s, 100 ft s of Lafayette Av, 50x100; same against same, owners; same contractors $1,

EDISON AV, w s, 25 ft s of Seton Av, 50x100; same against same, owners; same contractors $90

WESTCHESTER AV, w s, 55 ft n of Forest Av, 116.4x138; Builders' Brick and Supply Co., Inc., against John Schlessinger, owner; Rich & Katz, contractors $304

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROOME ST, 115; Louis Grossman against Joseph Solomon et al., June 22, 1917 ..$50

CHATHAM SQUARE, 9; Hyman Beyer against Sam Kalinsky et al., Sept. 5, 1917 ..... $125

THE BRICK MARKET.

Figures Show Decline in Production and Increase in Total Value.

The supply of common building brick for the enormous consumption of New York City, the largest brick market in the United States, comes principally from the narrow strip of land on either side of the Hudson from New York City to Cohoes, including Bergen County, N. J., according to The Record and Guide.

In 1916 the number of brick marketed in this region, according to a report in preparation by the United States Geological Survey, Department of the Interior, was 865,552,000, a decrease of 66,978,000.

The value of this output, however, was $5,913,254, an increase of $906,189 over 1915. The average price per 1,000 brick was $6.82, an increase of $1.41 over 1915.

The New York part of the region is by far the larger producer, reporting, for 1916, 702,596,000 brick, or 79 per cent. of the total, valued at $4,552,468, or 77 per cent. of the total for the region. This was a decrease of 38,932,000 brick, but an increase of $807,920 compared with 1915.

The average price per thousand in this part of the region increased $1.43, or to $6.48. Ulster was the leading county in this part of the region, reporting 222,651,000 brick, valued at $1,444,275, a decrease of 6,692,000 brick, but an increase of $333,783 in value, compared with 1915.

The New Jersey part of the region reported 190,956,000 brick, valued at $1,302,786, being a decrease of 28,003,000 brick, but an increase of $98,269.

VACATION TRIP

2,000 Miles 8 Days on the Water — $44.10 — All Expenses On Steamers Included

Cool ocean breezes, on a 1650 mile cruise along the Atlantic Coast, permitting shore visits at Charleston—famous homes of old Southern Aristocracy, Cathedrals, Forts Moultrie and Sumter of Confederate fame, Navy Yard, etc. At Jacksonville—Metropolis and Gateway to enchanted land of Ponce de Leon, Ostrich farm, curio shops, sightseeing trolley and automobile trips, etc.

400 miles of luxuriant scenery by daylight and searchlight

On the Beautiful **St. Johns** The American Nile

The most fascinating and interesting inland water trip in America, with glimpses of alligators, tropical birds, marvelous water foliage and quaint native settlements.

A delightful, exhilarating and restful 8 days, including transportation, meals and accommodations on steamers in both directions—all for $44.10. Extension of time, if desired, for side trips to St. Augustine with its picturesque Spanish architecture and Fountain of Youth, old Slave Market, Fort Marion, etc.; or, to Atlantic Beach—one of the finest automobile speedways in the World—famous for surf bathing and other summer diversions.

NEW TICKET OFFICE, 489 FIFTH AVENUE
Opposite Public Library — At 42nd Street — Phone Vanderbilt 3871

Tickets and Staterooms on Sale via
METROPOLITAN LINE to Boston — MAINE S.S. LINE to Portland

CLYDE-MALLORY STEAMSHIP LINES
A. W. PYE, Passenger Traffic Manager, Pier 36, North River, New York

AMERICAN LINE
Weekly Sailings
WHITE STAR LINE
Frequent Sailings
New York-Liverpool
Carrying Passengers, Cargo and United States Mail
For full information apply to any agent or
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

a) South America
b) Central America
BY
(a) TheRoyalMailSteamPacketCo
(a&b) ThePacificSteamNavigationCo
a) The Nelson Lines
South Africa
BY
UNION-CASTLE LINE
SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agents,
Broadway, N. Y.
Or any Steamship Ticket Agent.

CUNARD
Regular Passenger and Cargo Services
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
NEW YORK—FALMOUTH—LONDON
NEW YORK—BRISTOL
Draft—Money Orders. Mail or Cable
Great Britain, Ireland, Scandinavia, Italy, France, Portugal, Spain, Switzerland
For further information apply
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

FRENCH LINE
COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—BORDEAUX—PARIS
Direct Route to the Continent
WEEKLY DEPARTURES
Company's Office 19 State St., N. Y. Phone Broad 4900.

LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
SOUTH AMERICA
NEW YORK, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AIRES.
Regular Sailings.
LAMPORT & HOLT, LTD.,
Phone Broad 6921—42 Broadway, N. Y.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
AND
LA VELOCE
Fast Freight and Passenger Service
TO AND FROM
NEW YORK, NAPLES, GENOA
For sailings, rates, etc., apply to General Agency
1 State St. ITALIA-AMERICA New York
SOCIETY OF MARITIME TRADE, Inc

Norwegian America Line
Passenger Service to
NORWAY—SWEDEN—DENMARK
Connections for other European points.
Twin-Screw Steamers 16,000 Tons Disp.
Under Neutral Flag. No Contraband Carried.
S. S. Bergensfjord Sailing on or about Sept. 29
Passenger Office, 8-10 Bridge St., N. Y.

OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO.
THE ESTABLISHED WAY TO
HONOLULU & AUSTRALIA
OFFICIAL U. S. Mails SS. SIERRA, SONOMA, VENTURA
Quickest Passage. Lowest Rates.
Sailings Sept. 18, Oct. 9, Oct. 30. H. E. Burnett, 17 Battery Pl., N. Y., or 601 Mkt. St., S. F.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
S. S. NEW AMSTERDAM expected to sail shortly from New York to Rotterdam.
Holland American Line, 24 State St., N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
NEW YORK TO GLASGOW
For further information apply
Company's Office, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

Japan, China, The Philippines Fast luxurious steamships
ocean travel to the land of sunshine and flowers. Quickest time across the Pacific. 10 days Vancouver to Yokohama. Reduced round-trip fares. One way via Honolulu if desired. CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, 1231 B'way, N. Y.

SOUTH AMERICA—NORTON LINE
Direct Passenger Service to Montevideo and Buenos Aires.
Norton Lilly & Co., G. A., Produce Exch. Bldg., N.Y.

OLD DOMINION LINE
Freight and passenger daily service, except Sunday, from Pier 25, North River, N Y
S P M Phone 3900 Franklin.

SWEDISH AMERICAN LINE
Direct to GOTHENBURG, SWEDEN.
For all information apply to
Nielsen Lundbeck, Agts., 24 State St., N. Y.

Transatlantica Italiana
New York—Naples—Genoa.
McDONNELL & TRUDA, Gen. Agts., 5 State St., N.Y.

HONEYMOON TRIPS
Surprisingly Low Rates. All expenses

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, SEPT. 17.
With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, s e corner of 196th St, 62.8x100; Midwoni Holding Corporation to Marie Kahrs, 1,493 Edgewater Road, Bronx. mtg $87,250, Sept. 15; .....
CHERRY ST, 367, s s, 34.8x64.5x28x65.6; Cherry St, s s, on alley between 365 and 367; Cherry St, 2x64 to rear of 614 Water St; Shora Sapossnek to Michael Cohen, 221 East Broadway, all liens, Sept. 15; attorney, Charles Goldenberg, 261 Broadway.$100
GRAND ST, s e corner of Cleveland Place, (Marion St.) 50.6x92.11x49.7x114.1; Frank McCoy to Edward McCoy, 5 Amberson Av, Yonkers, N. Y., all title, b. and s., Sept. 1; attorney, Michael J. Horan, 258 Broadway $1
27TH ST, s s, 425 ft e of 10th Av, 25x98.9; Hy Kast, executor, to Ida Shackner, 759 Hewitt Place, Bronx; Emma Heinzelman and William Ranenbuehler, 206 9th Av; Theresa Schneider, 59 Avenue A; Charles Ranenbuehler, 25 Ellery St, each 1-7th of 1-6th part; Tillie Jewett and Josephine De Luca, Lincoln Av, Tuckahoe, N. Y., each 1-14th of 1-6th part, in all 6-7th of 1-6th part, all liens, all title, Sept. 17; attorney, Irving Katz, 15 Wall St.....$3,286.41
SAME PROPERTY; Hy Kast to Emma Heinzelman, 206 9th Av, and Josephine De Luca, Tuckahoe, N. Y., as executrices; Elizabeth Schwehr, 1-7th of 1-6th part, Sept. 17; attorney, same.....$341.54
27TH ST, 211-213 West, n s, 121 ft w of 7th Av, 46x89.8; 40th St, s s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, 50x98.9; Edward McCoy to Frank McCoy, 1,750 Broadway, all title, b. and s., Sept. 6; attorneys, Townsend & Gierleman, 32 Liberty St.....$1
37TH ST, 339 East, n s, 128 ft w of 1st Av, 25x99.8x25.1x87.2, mtg $8,400; 37th St, 341 East, n s, 103 ft w of 1st Av; 25x87.2x225.8x88.5, mtg $8,100; 37th St, 343 East, n s, 78 ft w of 1st Av, 49.4x25x irregular, mtg $7,500; 37th St, 335 and 337 East, 153 ft w of 1st Av, 50x97.8 to s s of old Susan St x 50.6x90.6, mtg $17,500; Normap R. Est Co. to Hy. W. Gennerich, 2,082 7th Av; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100
37TH ST, n s, 78 ft w of 1st Av, runs w 125 x n 97.8 to s s of old Susan St x e 124.3 x s 50.6 x e 2 x s 49.4 to beginning; Mary J. Ryan to Hy. W. Gennerich, 2,082 7th Av, quitclaim, Sept. 14; attorney, same.....$1
67TH ST, n s, 250 ft w of Central Park West, 25x100.5; Genevieve R. McDermott et al., executrix, to the 26th West 67th Street Corporation, mtg $23,387, Sept. 15; attorney, Lawyers, Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $34,381
118TH ST, 6 and 8 West, s s, 125 ft w of 5th Av, 50.6x100.11; Merle Kahrs to Midwoni Holding Corporation, 52 Broadway, mtg $44,000, all liens, Sept. 14; attorney, S. Marion, 52 Broadway $1
121ST ST, 235 West, n s, 203.8 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 17x100.11; Betsy Young to Annie Herzfeld, 209 West 118th St, mtg $8,500, all liens, Sept. 15; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $100
129TH ST, 264 West, s s, 60 ft e of 8th Av, 20x80, foreclosure Sept. 6; Joseph P. Morrissey, referee, to Archer V. Pancoast, 2,170 Broadway; attorneys, Allen & Sabine, 55 Liberty St. $10,000

Bronx.

BAILEY AV, 3,061, w s, runs s 43x w 112.2x n 35x e 31.3x e 86.7; Anna M. Maixner to William Ruschmeyer, 3,119 Bailey Av, mtg $34,500, Sept. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100
BATHGATE AV, 1,968, e s, 17.5x84.9; Clara De Hirsch Home for Working Girls to Rose Greenthal, 201 West 121st St, Sept. 12; attorney, Greenthal, 490 East 161st St...$100
BATHGATE AV, 1,969, e s, 18x84.9; Clara De Hirsch Home for Working Girls to Rose Greenthal, 201 West 121st St, Sept. 12; attorney, — Greenthal, 490 East 161st St...$100
BROOK AV, 913, s s, 25x90.5x25.3x72.10; Matthew C. Griffin, referee, to Anna Young, 818 East 169th St, Sept. 14; attorney, A. Bell, 391 East 149th St.....$10,000
CARROLL PLACE, w s, 134.6 ft n of 163th St, old line, 9.9x86; Laurell I. Mott to Joseph Troiano, 246 East 148th St, mtg $1,700, Sept. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100
EAGLE AV, 896, e s, 18.9x100; Joseph P. Henry to Lillian M. Henry, 896 Eagle Av, mtg $9,500, Aug. 3; attorney, J. F. Fetzer, 986 Boston Road $1
SAME PROPERTY; Lillian M. Henry to Margaret Henry, 896 Eagle Av, mtg $9,500, Aug. 30; attorney, same.....$1
FULTON AV, n w s, 170 ft n e of Fitch St, 68x131.8x71.9x121.5; Bronx County Building Co. to 481 East 174th Street Corporation, 320 Broadway, mtg $8,200, Sept. 15; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway.....$100
JENNINGS ST, s s, 184.2 ft e of Union Av, runs s 100 x w 36.2 x s 74 x e 182.11 x n 87.6 x w 106.6; Maurice C. Lynch, referee, to Clematis Realty Co., 171 Broadway, Sept. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $775
LOTS 16 to 20, map of building lots near Williamsbridge Station; E. E. Miers to Helen H. Cogill, 1,403 Lexington Av, July 29; attorney, R. Hickox, 3,520 White Plains Road $100
LOT 80, map of portion of S. Snyderville; Archibald G. Buckenham to Jacob Schwartz, 1,723 Garfield St, Aug. 11; attorney, L. G. Mapes, 1,469 Williamsbridge Road.....$1
LOTS 1 to 4, 33 to 36, Block 94; also Lots 13 to 18, Block 65, map of Morris Park; Charles A. McCarthy to Esplanade Realty Co., Inc., 43 Exchange Place, June 16; attorney, Esplanade Realty Co., Inc., 43 Exchange Place $1
LOT 24, Block 13; also Lots 30 and 31, Block 39; Lot 5, Block 67, map of Morris Park; Dora E. Seidls to Esplanade Realty Co., Inc., 43 Exchange Place, Sept. 14; attorney, Esplanade Realty Co., Inc., 43 Exchange Place $1
LOTS 53 and 54, Block 14, map of Morris Park; Frank McShane to Esplanade Realty Co., Inc., 43 Exchange Place, June 20; attorney, Esplanade Realty Co., Inc., 43 Exchange Place $1
LOTS 24 and 25, map of S. & S. Sturges; Adele S. Dodd to Sidney J. Goldwater, 2,671 Av, Sept. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100
ROSEDALE AV, 1,491, 50x54; Hy. G. Koch to Anna Picludo, 2,234 Ryer Av, mtg $5,000, Sept. 15; attorney, D. Picludo, 507 5th Av $100
VALENTINE AV, w s, being w ½ of Plot 24, map of part of farm of Peter Valentine, 25x250; John Leddy to John W. Farrell, 2,263 Ryer Av, mtg $2,000, Sept. 15; attorney, F. E. Holahan, 501 Tremont Av.$1
WASHINGTON AV, e s, 27.5 ft n of 184th St, 50x88.9x50x88.5; Martin Tully Construction Co. to Martin Tully Realty Co., 810 East 173d St, Sept. 7; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100
SAME PROPERTY; Martin Tully Realty Co. to Annie Deutsch, 1,800 Crotona Av, mtg $32,000, Sept. 7; attorney, same....$100
182D ST, s s, 15.8 ft w of Park Avenue West, 16.8x77.9x16.8x76.4; John W. Farrell to John Leddy, 2,166 Arthur Av, mtg $2,700, Sept. 15; attorney, F. E. Holahan, 501 Tremont Av $1

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

2D AV, 816, store floor and basement; Mary E. and William W. Fruchey to Leo Wine, 827 East 43d St, 5 years from Sept. 1, 1917; attorney, Gottlieb Maier, 496 2d Av....$780

Bronx.

187TH ST, 602 East, all; Pietro Cinelli to Joseph Viviani et al., 331 East 105th St, 5 years from Oct. 1, 1917; attorney, Joseph Viviani, 336 East 106th St....$960 to $1,500

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

1ST AV, w s, 25.8 ft s of 96th St, 25x80; Louis A. Zerega et al., trustees, against Betle Elenbogen et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.
37TH ST, 34 West; Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. against Kate Blank et al., supplemental foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Butcher, Tenner & Foster.
23D ST, 426 West; Greenwich Savings Bank against Jongla Realty Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland.

Bronx.

CAULDWELL AV, e s, 90 ft n of 156th St, 39.8x100; New York Life Insurance and Trust Co. against Harrisetta Holding Co., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Emmet & Parish.
23D ST BLVD. AND CONCOURSE, n w corner of Echo Place, 59.1x100; Julius Diehl against Albert Vonden Driesch et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.
VALENTINE AV, n w corner of 181st St, 63.1x185; 135 Broadway Holding Corporation against Ensign Improvement Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, M. A. Hulett.

Who needs a Southern Factory?

Here are 8 desirable Southern factory properties. All are for sale. See if one of these properties will not fill your particular needs.

Charlotte, N. C.	60,000 sq. ft. floor space, sprinkler system.
St. Louis, Mo.	81,000 sq. ft., plot of 1-acre in heart of St. Louis, railroad siding.
Rome, Ga.	43,000 sq. ft. floor space, sprinkler system, 275 h. p. power plant.
West Point, Miss.	46,000 sq. ft. floor space, sprinkler system, railroad siding.
Demopolis, Ala.	33,000 sq. ft. floor space, sprinkler system, railroad siding.
Nashville, Tenn.	34,000 sq. ft. floor space, railroad siding, 300 h. p. power plant.
Vidalia, La.	59,000 sq. ft. floor space, sprinkler system, railroad siding.
Columbus, Ga.	65,000 sq. ft. floor space, railroad siding, sprinkler system.

I will be glad to furnish you with more complete data regarding any of these factories. I have also listed many other desirable Southern factory properties. For information phone or write to----

Executive Offices
31 Nassau St.,
New York City

Joseph P. Day
Sales Agent.

Telephone
Cortlandt 744

An American Basement Dwelling on Riverside Drive

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE

Size 25 x 100.

Beautifully Located, Opposite Park.

Modern in every detail. Large Library, Billiard and Smoking Rooms. Elevator shaft. Six tiled baths, adequate heating system, ample servants' rooms, with dining room. Complete and elegant in all its appointments. Decorations in part by "Tiffany Studios."

Immediate Possession.

FULL PARTICULARS

SLAWSON & HOBBS,

162 West 72d St., near Broadway.

REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE
Water Frontage

A very excellent site for a large manufacturing plant or shipbuilding yard. Between 45 and 50 acres.

Less than 25 miles distant by water from New York City proper.

Minimum depth of water at low tide is at present 23 feet. Liable to be increased.

Excellent railroad facilities, one system having tracks immediately adjoining the land and two very important systems within a very short distance.

Large labor market.

Any reliable firm or corporation in need of such a site please write direct in confidence to:

MEREDITH & GREW,
15 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

DOUGLAS L. ELLIMAN & CO.
Real Estate & Insurance
Specialists in Apartments
East and South of Central Park
414 Madison Ave.
Phone Murray Hill 5600.

BIG BARGAIN.

Five-story, modern, splendidly constructed apartment; 50 wide, extra deep lot; rent $8,400. Estate must sell, asking $55,000; mortgage $40,000, 5%, five years, just placed. Quick offer wanted.
BYRNE & BAUMANN,
30 East 42nd St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

DON'T LEASE AN APARTMENT!
See our beautiful semi-detached 1-family
Stucco House With Garages
Av. M, East 4th, 5th Sts., Flatbush. Take Culver line at Brooklyn Bridge, or Atlantic Av. to Av. N, or new subway from 14th St. Will be sold on easy terms. $37 a month will pay all charges. Write or phone for particulars.
MAYNARD CONSTRUCTION CO.
170 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. Cortlandt 8180

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forest Hills Gardens
"A Forward Movement in Suburban Development."
15 minutes from Penn. Station. Houses and Villa Plots for Sale.
SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.,
47 West 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.
Send for Booklet T.

ALL-YEAR SEMI-BUNGALOW NEAR THE SOUND

Seven rooms, bath; hardwood trim, open fireplace, beamed ceilings; double floors; hot water heat; gas, sewer, electricity; 27 minutes from 33d St. and 7th Av.; easy terms; good title. Meech, 20 32d St., Beechhurst, Whitestone Landing, L. I. Phone 311R. Flushing.

Describe Your Loss.

Description of lost property is an appeal to the honesty of the finder. It seldom fails in its effect. Telephone Bryant 1000 of your loss and next morning a brief advertisement will appear in THE NEW YORK TIMES.—Advt.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

CALIF. SEMI-BUNGALOW
built for all-year home; 7 rooms, bath; steam heat; garage; 4,000 square feet of lawn; refined neighborhood; sidewalks, electricity, gas, sewer; privilege of restricted bathing beach; yacht club; free mooring for your motor boat; about three minutes' walk from pier and station; 30 minutes to Herald Square; will sell to responsible party for $500 cash, balance very easy terms. R. B. S., 243 West 34th St., New York City.

MOVE RIGHT IN
and own your own home; 30 minutes via electric trains, New York or Brooklyn; house has all modern improvements, heat, &c.; ground enough for poultry and vegetables; near stores, schools; can be bought for less than city rent; $150 cash, balance $18 per month. Lane, Box 275 Times Downtown.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WHITE PLAINS.
FOR SALE, $15,000,
or FOR RENT, $100 per mo.
10-room house, plot 75x150.
Good elevation, convenient.
Nelson Tuthill
1 E. 42nd St., N. Y. C. Murray Hill 6361 AND Depot Square, White Plains, Tel. 759.

PELHAM MANOR
Apartments
1 to 4 Rooms, Non-Housekeeping $600 to $1200
NEAR WATER AND GOLF.
Sleeping Porch, Restaurant, Extensive Grounds, Fine Old Trees. Country Life, City Conveniences. A. W. Cole, owner, 114 Fifth Av., New York. Tel. 720—Chelsea, N. Y., or 1991—Pelham.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES,
INSURANCE—MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave.

Country Homes, Farms, Estates.
White Plains, Scarsdale, Pleasantville, Katonah, Bedford, Mt. Kisco sections.
FURNISHED & UNFURNISHED RENTALS.
Clark, Lee, Tibbits Co. Phone 1516 White Plains, N. Y

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

IDEAL BUNGALOW
overlooking the ocean; 5 rooms, bath, panel walls, beamed ceilings; large open fireplace; all modern improvements, gas, electricity, &c.; large garden plot; select neighborhood; 3 minutes' walk to sandy bathing beach; 40 minutes out; $250 cash, balance very easy terms. B, BUNGALOW, 243 West 34th St., New York City.

Biggest Country Place Bargain
Beautiful 3-acre country place, south Shore; lawns, drives; magnificent view of Bay; main highway; residence cost $10,000; 9 rooms, bath; steam heat, electric lights; excellent neighborhood; $6,000, worth double. HARVEY B. NEWING,
WOOLWORTH BUILDING, NEW YORK.

Old-Fashioned Homestead
Hour out, North Shore; near Harbor and Huntington Country Club; 3 acres; shade trees, orchard, shrubbery, pond and stream; house, 11 rooms; large barns, garage; price $12,500; terms; bargain. For further particulars apply **THEO. S. HALL,** 47 West 34th St.

3-ROOM BUNGALOW
just completed; owner cannot occupy; 2 full acres; shaded property; bargain of the year; worth $2,000; will sell to quick buyer for $1,650; must have $350 cash, balance very easy terms. B., Owner, 243 West 34th St., New York City.

VERY ATTRACTIVE
NEW COLONIAL HOUSE
NEAR MANHASSET BAY
BARGAIN
LECLUSE, WASHBURN & CO.,
1 West 34th St., N. Y.

WONDERFUL BARGAIN
$12.50 PER LOT.
22 lots; 45,000 square feet at $12.50 per lot; will sell all for $275; all you need is $25 cash, balance $3 per month; the property is high and dry; short walk to station and river; boating, bathing and fishing nearby; excellent climate for poultry raising; plenty of work on nearby millionaires' estates. Why live in crowded city when you can enjoy and own your own home in good, healthy country for less money than you pay rent? B. ESTATE, 243 West 34th St., N. Y. City.

HUNTINGTON.
Lots $30
High and dry; best location for home or investment; boating, bathing and fishing; near trolley, depot and schools.
$2 DOWN—$1 MONTHLY.
25x100. Warranty Deed.
Free Railroad Tickets.
B. SEYMAN, 105 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn.

5 Acres Rich Farm Land $100 Cash
Balance your own terms; hour New York; near big town and school; full price, $200 per acre; worth double. Call or write. Owner, **Daniel Gerard, 1,270 B'way, (33d,) N. Y.**

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WAR OPPORTUNITY
Owing to removal must sell this handsome all year home, near New York; splendid transportation, best surroundings, schools, clubs, &c.; house was built two years ago; no expense was spared to make it a REAL home; contains five master bedrooms, two baths, three toilets, spacious and handsomely finished living room, sanitary kitchen, with every improvement and convenience; most of them not put in ordinary houses; garage; large corner plot; price $13,000, worth $18,000; terms to suit; a decided bargain for quick sale; full particulars and pictures upon request.
G. A. ROFF,
Room 518, 1,328 B'way. Tel. 380 Greeley.

30 MINUTES FROM N. Y.
Either by train or trolley; highly restricted locality; seven rooms, all large; living room across entire front of house, has beamed ceiling, tapestry brick fireplace; parquet floors, hardwood trim, very select modern lighting fixtures, large butler's pantry, clothes chute, built-in ironing board, many closets, front and rear porches, sleeping porch, tiled bath, slate asphalt roof; a beautiful home; $6,750, $600 cash, balance like rent. Address Builder, Box 141 Times.

AN ATTRACTIVE HOME
Contains seven large, airy rooms, beautifully finished; open fireplace; tiled bathroom; sanitary gas kitchen; ample closet room; all the latest conveniences. The master bedroom is very large and handsomely finished. Price $5,500; only $500 cash required, balance on easy terms. This house was built by the owner, but never occupied. Big bargain for quick sale. Full particulars and photos upon request.
F. W. WAGGONER,
Room 516, 47 West 34th St.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

Commuter's Farm!
16 acres; one minute from station; attractive home of 10 rooms, every improvement; much fruit; shade; brook; barn; $10,000 details, photo. HOWARD GOLDSMITH, 110 West 34th St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

BUILDINGS, STORES, LOFTS TO LET
WM. H. WHITING & CO.
41 PARK ROW TEL 5900 CORT.

SUITABLE FOR TAILOR.
Corner basement store in an apartment house, 1 West 102nd St., corner Central Park West, $30.
J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO.,
30 East 42nd St.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

683 WEST END AVE.,
at 93d St. Attractive Location
4-Story American Basement Dwelling.
2 bathrooms and extra servants' toilet; parquet floors in all principal rooms; will be put in first-class condition, including new electric fixtures, &c.; one of few residences to rent in this choice residential neighborhood; rent to a desirable tenant.....$1,900
Apply to Owner, A. Campagna, 680 West End Av.

274 West 94th Street,
Adjacent West End Av.
Attractive 3-story and basement high-stoop residence, very desirable location; convenient to 96th St. subway express station; large light rooms and abundance of clothes and linen closets; will be put in first-class condition, including choice of decorations; rent only $1,300. Apply to owner, V. CERABONE, 680 West End Av., cor. 93d St.

FRONT PORCHES & FRONT LAWNS
25-foot wide, private houses, in upper Manhattan; beautiful private block; front porches and lawns; rents, $70 per month. Inquire 24 West 130th St., or
ROBERT LEVERS
376 Lenox Ave.

309 West 88th Street,
Near West End Av.
Modern 4-story and basement residence, attractive entrance; 12 rooms, 2 baths and 5 lavatories, parquet floors, new electric fixtures and entirely renovated throughout; will rent to a desirable tenant for $2,000. See caretaker on premises. A. CAMPAGNA, owner, 680 West End Av., corner 93d St.

313 WEST 139TH ST
PRIVATE HOUSE
11 Rooms—in perfect order.
Near "L" Station. Reasonable.
J. ROMAINE BROWN CO.,
299 Madison Av. Phone 1481 Murray Hill.

66 East 78th Street.
Private Dwelling For Rent.
17 Rooms—4 Baths—2 Lavatories
Completely renovated. Hot water and steam supplied from the adjoining building; new plumbing and electric fixtures; windows on 3 sides; exceptionally deep house; ready October 1st; will decorate to suit.
Rent $5,500. Apply to
Edgar A. Levy Leasing Co.,
505 Fifth Avenue.
Tel. 6960 Murray Hill.

House for Rent
308 WEST 70TH ST.
with electric light, steam heat and parquet floors, at **$1,300 Per Year**

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

419 West 114th St.
6 Rooms & bath, $950 to $1,100.
All Southern Exposure.

46 West 83rd St.
High Class Fireproof Apts.
8 Rooms, 2 baths.

41 West 82nd St.
High Class Fireproof Apts.
5 Rooms, 2 baths.
Suitable for Doctor

Apply Supt. on premises, or
Owner, 46 West 83rd St.
Telephone 5607 Schuyler

The Nathan Hale
454 Fort Washington Ave.,
Southeast Corner 181st St.
"Most Beautiful Apartment on Washington Heights"
IMPROVEMENTS:—Two elevators, needle spray showers, sunken sanitary bathtubs, vacuum cleaning, &c.
SPACIOUS Rooms, Ample Closets.
5-6-7-9 Rooms, 2-3 Baths.
Rents $65 to $110.
Apply Superintendent on premises, or
Knap & Wasson Co., Agents,
4,249 BROADWAY, at 181ST ST.

150 West 87th St.
High Class Elevator Apartments
5 ROOM APARTMENTS
Apply Superintendent on premises, or
Princeton Construction Co.,
30 East 42d St. Tele. Murray Hill 4397

6 ROOMS and 2 BATHS
Firenze Court
206 West 92d St.
$1100 and $1200
M. H. Caillarn & Co
2,299 BROADWAY
Cor. 83d St. 'Phone Schuyler 3979.

94th St., 120 West. FINE BLOCK, NEAR PARK.
7 large, light rooms, bath, steam heat, &c.; decorate to suit; near L station. Superintendent on premises, or **$38**
JOSEPH P. DAY, 932 5TH AVE. Circle 10.

SMALL APARTMENTS In Fifth Ave. Section.
ROYAL SCOTT GULDEN
542 5th Ave.

133 WEST 11th STREET
Washington Square Section.
6 large, light rooms and bath, $1,400.
East and south exposures, elevator, &c. Apply
E. K. VAN WINKLE,
156 West 72d St. Tel. Columbus 1077.

2880 BROADWAY, CORNER 112th St.
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
9 Rooms Two Baths $1,400
Apply Superintendent on Premises or
Franklin L. Partridge, 49 Wall St. Hanover 4642.

210 FIFTH AVENUE
Choice apartments; central location; large rooms with bath and maid's services. Moderate rentals.
FREY & FOX & CO.,
14 West 40th St. Phone Vanderbilt 540.

ARROWHEAD COURT
2 PINEHURST AVE.
Corner 177th St., one block from famous Arrowhead Inn; 8-7-6 room apartments, 2 and 1 baths, $85-$75-$65 monthly, respectively.
Aroco Realty Corp. Aud. 2325 145 Audubon Av.

265 West 81st St.
NEAR WEST END AVE.
9 ROOMS
ATTRACTIVE RENT.

HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
135 West 79th St.
NEW FIREPROOF BUILDING
3 Rooms & Bath,
$1,200 to $1,260.

231 Lexington Ave.
3 Rooms & Bath,
$540 to $600.
4 Rooms & Bath, $660.

385 Central Park West
8 Rooms & 2 Baths,
Rent, $1,020.

Prince's Court,
N. E. Cor. 164th St. & Broadway.
4, 5, 6 & 7 Rooms.
Convenient to subway. Buses pass door.
Rents $540 to $960

603 West 140th St.
3 Rooms & Bath,
$510 & $540.
5 Rooms & Bath, $780.
Suitable for Doctor.

248 West 105th St.
7 Rooms & Bath, $1,020.
8 Rooms & Bath, $1,150.

J. ROMAINE BROWN CO.,
299 Madison Avenue. Murray Hill—1481.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

NORTHOLD AND SOUTHOLD
BLOCK FRONT
Broadway, 150 to 151 St.
New 10-Story Elevator House
WARM APARTMENTS
COALED UP
Our bunkers bulge with coal. This Winter your comfort is assured. We do not ask "No-Coal Leases." Do not risk Cold-Storage Apartments
7 Rooms Large Foyer, Ample Closets, Two Baths
4 Rooms Spacious Suites, Well arranged, Large closets
Satisfactory service. Complete conveniences. Select surroundings.
REASONABLE RENTALS
Our References: Ring up any tenant at random.
An early inspection invited by the right people seeking an ideal apartment home, carefully supervised. Apply Resident Manager,
MR. COLLUM
B'way at 150th St. Tel. Audubon 8110.

THE WESTDALE
602-4 West 139th Street
High class elevator apartments of 5, 6 and 7 rooms and bath.
2 blocks from subway.
Rent $50 to $70.
Apply superintendent on premises or
Butler & Baldwin, Agents,
280 Madison Avenue.
Phone Murray Hill 6632.

Spacious, light apartments in most exclusive locality; a few minutes from Bus, "L," Subway and Surface lines.
8 Rooms—2 Baths,
$1650—$2000
Lasanno Court
307 West 79th St.
Oct. 1st leases—earlier possession if possible.
Apply to Superintendent on premises, or
George Rosenfeld Co
51 E. 42d St.
Murray Hill 1926

Attractive Elevator APARTMENTS
$65 - $75 - $85 - $100 - $115 - $150
7-8-9 Rooms
with 1 and 2 Baths.
218 West 59th St., Near Broadway.
71 East 96th St., N. W. Corner Park Av.
1 West 102d St., Cor. Central Park W.
424 Central Park West, North Corner 102d Street.
See Superintendent, on premises, or
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co.,
30 East 42d Street.
Telephone 500—Murray Hill.

WESTBOURNE COURT
556-558 West 140th Street.
Southeast Corner Broadway.
High Class Elevator Apartments.
4-6-7 Rooms and Bath
RENTS VERY REASONABLE.
Apply Supt., on premises, or
M. M. SILVERMAN, 507 5TH AVE.

New Modern Elevator Apartment
4 West 50th St.
at Fifth Avenue
Suites of 3, 4 Rooms
Maid and Valet Service
RENTALS $1,500 TO $2,400.
Manager on Premises

HUDSONIA
79th St. and Riverside Drive.
315-321 WEST 79TH STREET.
One 7 Room Apartment Left.
Unusually Bright First Floor Apt. $1140
Office on premises. 'Phone 9171—Schuyler

Sherwood House
2790 Broadway
Near 108th Street
7 Rooms $1,100—8 Rooms $1,200
Apply on premises or
DEED REALTY CO., 68 Broad St., N. Y.

JUST COMPLETED
425-431 W. 214th St.
4-5 Rooms;
Every improvement. One block from 215th St. Broadway Subway Station. Reasonable rentals. Agent on premises.

HIGH CLASS APARTMENTS
Absolutely Fireproof
Every Modern Improvement
The Regnor
601 West 115th St.
N. W. Corner Broadway. One Block from Subway Station.
3-6-7 Rooms, 1-2-3 Baths.
Rents $840 to $1,750.

508 & 520 West 114th Street
2 eight-story buildings. 2 blocks from Subway Station. Modern up-to-date fireproof house.
5, 6, 7 & 8 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths.
Rents $750 to $1,500.
Plans can be seen on premises daily, including Sunday.
Or by writing, telephoning or calling at the main office of
PATERNO BROS., Owners,
Office, 601 West 115th St., at Broadway.
Open Sunday.
Tel. 1114 Morningside

10 ROOMS AND 3 BATHS
46 West 73rd St.
Private dwellings opposite and adjoining. One apartment to floor, 50x105. Main bed chamber, 14x23; dining room, 14x21. Separate service and servants' elevator.
RENTS, $2,800 to $3,000.
Sixth floor apartment suitable for studio. These apartments are exceptionally attractive, and should be seen to be appreciated.
Representative on premises.

RUNOIA
267 West 89th St.
Near West End Av.
Modern high-class fireproof apartment house. Southern exposure and abundance of light. Exceptionally attractive apartments. Close to subway station and surface lines. Excellent neighborhood.
8 ROOMS, 3 BATHS
RENTS, $1,800 to $2,000.
Representative on premises, or
FRED'K ZITTEL & SONS,
B'way & 79th St. Phone 9700 Schuyler.

INSPECTION INVITED
Choice Elevator Apartments.
150 WEST 106TH ST.
5 ROOMS, $70.
7 ROOMS, $91.66.
PARKWAY APARTMENTS
50 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.
4-5 ROOMS, $30-$55.
ROBERT FULTON COURT
559 W. 156TH ST. N. E. cor. B'way.
6-7 ROOMS, $65-$75.
STAMFORD-ARLINGTON,
502-508 WEST 113TH ST.
6 ROOMS, $60.
THE ROCHAMBEAU
312 MANHATTAN AV.
3-6-7 ROOMS, $40-$70.
Chas. S. Kohler 901 Colum. Av., cor. 104th St.
'PHONE RIVERSIDE 5404.
SERVICE THAT PLEASES

Chesterfield
260 Riverside Drive
Northeast Corner 98th St.
10-Story High-Grade Elevator Apartments.
One 4 Rooms & bath $1,000
7-8 Rooms, 2 & 3 baths
Rents $1,700 to $2,400
Apply to Superintendent on premises, or
Peter Lowenfeld 22 William St. Tel. Hanover 5960

Attractive Apartments Moderate Rents
Annamere Court
609-615 West 115th St.,
Bet. B'way & Riverside Dr.
7 & 8 large light rooms, 2 baths.
I. LOWENWALD, Agents,
611-619 W. 114th St. Phone 2596 M'gside

562 West End Ave.,
at 87th St.
Exceptional Apartments
of
8 Rooms and 3 Baths
Extra Maids' Rooms.
Rent $2,100 and upwards

KENSINGTON COURT
555-557 West 151st St.,
Northeast Corner Broadway.
High-Class Elevator Apartments
6 Rooms and Bath.
RENTS VERY REASONABLE.
Apply on premises.

7 & 8 Rooms, 2 Baths.
EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENTS and arrangements of rooms, every one being outside and large; abundance of closet room; modern in every detail; fist class in every respect, elevator, all night service.
805 St Nicholas Ave. (Corner 150th St.)
W. D. MORGAN, Agent, 3,573 B'way (147th St.)

WILHELMINA
7th Av., 1919. Corner 116th; one block to subway and L express station; now is the time to move and avoid excessive moving charges; only one 8-room apt. left; completely redecorated; exceptional closet space; six rooms on street. $80.00.

COURTWOOD
Southwest Corner of 169th & B'way.
Subway at 168th. 7 rooms, 2 baths, 5 rooms and bath; elevator, hall service, telephone; every modern improvement.

Skylight Studios
5 West 16th Street
Bachelor Apartments
$30 to $60

THESE APARTMENTS
Being under ownership management, tenants are assured of the best service and attention at all times. The Buildings are absolutely fireproof, are desirably located and possess all up-to-date conveniences, with all modern equipment throughout.

The Rosemary
4-6 West 93rd Street
Adjacent Central Park West.
8 Rooms and Bath
Rents $1020 to $1200

Heathcote Hall
609 West 114th Street
Bet. Broadway & Riverside Drive.
Attractive Fireproof Building
4 Choice Rooms and Bath

Carolyn Court
565 West 162d St.
Northeast Corner Broadway.
5-8 Rooms and Bath
Rents $540-$900

Sylvia Hall
560 West 144th St.
Near Broadway.
4 Rooms and Bath
Rents $660-$720

Halcyon Real Estate Corporation
52 Broadway Telephone 6532 Broad

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

Devonshire
Broadway, Corner 112th St.
9 Rooms—Foyer—3 Baths.
Large and light.
All corner, $2100.
South Apt., $1800.
7 Rooms—Foyer—3 Baths.
$1300 to $1500.

Katahdin
567 West 113th St.
Cor. of B'way.
Eight Large Rooms,
$1400 yearly.
Only one apartment left.

Grosvenor
548 Riverside Drive.
Full river view.
7 Rooms and Bath.
$960 to $1000.

W. P. SHERIDAN, Agent,
549 Riverside Drive.
M'gside 434. Cor. 127th St.

The Raymore,
1 West 68th St., Cor. Central Park W.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths,
$1,500 TO $2,200.

300 Central Park West
Corner 90th Street
13 ROOMS, 3 BATHS, $4,000
8 ROOMS, 2 BATHS, $2,100
Apply Superintendent on premises or
Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St.

BONNY CASTLE HIGHLAND COURT

Thomas J. O'Reilly
Broadway, at 109th Street
Offers for Rent the following High Class Apartments

Each house possesses the most modern improvements and in every case service of the highest standard is fully assured, as each house is personally inspected daily by a representative of the office.

411 West 114th St.
Near Morningside Drive West.
Attractive floor plan. Many of the apartments are owned by the occupants.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths
Rent only $1200

7 West 108th Street
Adjacent to Central Park West.
6 Rooms and Bath,
Rents $700

The Algonquin
6 West 107th Street
Near Central Park West.
6 Rooms and Bath
Rents $540 to $660
7 Rooms and Bath
Rents $720 to $780

The Phaeton
539 West 112th Street
Near Broadway.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1450

The East View
401 West 118th Street
Corner Morningside Drive West.
All Outside, Sunny Rooms.
6 Rooms & Bath
$930-$1000

North Medford
562 West 164th Street
S. E. Corner Broadway.
All Outside, Sunny Rooms.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths
$810-$840

South Medford
561 West 163rd Street
N. E. Corner Broadway.
All Outside, Sunny Rooms.
5 Rooms and Bath, $720
7 Rooms and Bath, $780

7 Rooms (3 baths), 12th floor $2,800

No. 302 West 86th Street

Every room has view of Hudson.
Excellent neighborhood (just west of West End Ave.)
New house, with corresponding conveniences.
Efficient service. Convenient location.
Wonderful light and air. A real home.

LOTON H. SLAWSON COMPANY
171 Madison Avenue Telephone, Murray Hill 3530

1 West 67th St.
More for the tenant than anywhere else. The first building to combine privacy of home with conveniences of hotel.

STUDIO Duplex Apartments, 2 to 6 rooms and bath, with large north lights for artists, and similar apartments facing south for non-professionals. Unfurnished only. Rents from $1,500 to $3,000.
Ball Room, Exhibition Room, Swimming Pool, Squash Courts and Roof Playground for children.

MEALS served from restaurant in apartments without charge for service. Raw materials converted into food by best chefs obtainable and brought to apartments by specially constructed electric dumbwaiters without charge for cooking. Refrigeration free.
The famous Gustave Becker, chief chef Hotel Blackstone, Chicago, conducts restaurants.

Apply on premises. Telephone Col. 4204.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

BING & BING
119 W. 40th St.
Telephone 6410 Bryant.
SMALL APARTMENTS
Kitchens and Kitchenettes
Satisfactory References Absolutely Indispensable. Manager at Each House.
The Woolsey,
141 East 44th St.,
East of Lexington Av.,
2 rooms, bath.
Unfurnished, $60 to $72.50
Furnished, $80 to $97.50
The Dearborn,
350 West 55th St.,
One block west of Broadway.
1, 2, 3 & 4 rooms, bath.
Unfurnished, $37.50 to $90
Furnished, $45 to $107.50
The Poinciana,
434 West 120th St.,
2 & 3 rooms, bath.
Unfurnished, $30 to $60
Furnished, $62.50 to $77.50

Stra'hmore House
Riverside Drive
At 113th Street
Southeast Corner
9 Rooms & 3 Baths
12 Rooms & 4 Baths
$3,000—$4,000
Splendid view of River. Large, sunny rooms, exceptionally large closets. Decoration to suit.
Owner on Premises.
Telephone 488 Morningside.

8 ROOMS and 2 BATHS
The Rosary
306 West 99th St.
$1400 and $1500
A. H. Cumard & Co.
2,290 BROADWAY,
Cor. 83d St. Phone Schuyler 3970.

STEAM HEAT GUARANTEED
4 LARGE } ROOMS $40-$50
5 LIGHT } ROOMS $55-$65
4 CORNER } ROOMS $60-$75
40 MORNINGSIDE AVE.,
N. E. Cor. West 118th St. Facing Park
2 min. 116th St. express sta. 6th & 9th Av. "L"

THE CAMBRIA
347-355 West 55th St.
1 & 2 Rooms & Kitchenette
High Class—Strictly Fireproof.
Rental $37.50 to $75.00
Columbus 8466.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

New Building
West End Apartments,
615 West 150th St.,
Adjoining Riverside Drive.
A magnificent elevator apartment house where elegance and comfort are combined; beautiful interior; every known convenience throughout. Most complete housekeeping apartments.
3-4-5 Rooms
3 Rooms, $45; 4 Rooms, $55 to $60; 5 Rooms, $70 to $75.
Renting Agent on Premises, or
CHARLES BERLIN,
Broadway, Corner 162d St.

7 Large Front Rooms, Two Baths, Spacious Foyer **$1,200**
Attractively grouped around short hall and foyer. Highest type 3-story fireproof building.
521-3 W. 112
Charles P. L. Huston Co., Inc.
Tel. 1670 Columbus. 203 W. 72d St.

10 Rooms 3 Baths Duplex
140 West 71st Street
Sublet apartment 1 year.
Price $2,750, unfurnished.
Perfect condition.
Inquire on Premises.

LIDO HALL
110th St. at 7th Av.(N.W.Cor.)
9 Rooms & 3 Baths.
Rent $1,600 to $1,700.
Overlooking Central Park; fireproof, one block to "L" subway and cars
Apply on premises, or
WILLIAM F. FUERST, Inc., 87 Nassau St.

124 West 72nd St.,
Bet. Broadway & Columbus Ave.
4 Rooms and Bath
$1,425 and $1,450.
G. B. Beaumont Co., Owners,
Apply on premises, or off.ce, 286 Fifth Av.

865 W. 180th St.
4-5-6 Rooms High class walk-up Apts. Hall service; large, light & sunny rooms; all outside.
RENTS $32 to $55 MONTHLY
WILBRAHAM, N. W. Corner 8th Ave., at 30th St.—Choice Apartments, two rooms and bath each; rent $65.00 and $70.00 per month, including maid's services. Superintendent on premises, or FRED'K FOX & CO., 14 West 40th St., Vanderbilt 540.

The Langham
73d St.—Central Park West—74th St.
Offers Three Desirable Suites of 8 Rooms and Upward
ONE OF WHICH MAY BE HAD FURNISHED
IMPORTANT
This house was built under the supervision of Messrs. Clinton & Russell. It is luxuriously finished, no money having been spared in its construction.
The unexcelled service is one of its attractions.
IT IS ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF, having had a proven test. Fire originated from spontaneous combustion while tenant was absent. Everything combustible in the apartment was consumed by the fire, but the fire did not go beyond that apartment.
Representative on Premises.

Chatsworth
344 West 72d Street, at Riverside Drive
Suites of 3 to 10 Rooms
Rental, 1,000 to 3,000 per Annum
Representative on Premises, or
L. J. Phillips & Co., Agents
72d St. & Columbus Ave. Telephone Columbus 2750.

1067 FIFTH AVENUE
New building
Ready for occupancy
Overlooking the Park
Light on all sides
Suites of 12 rooms, 4 baths
Booklet on request
WORTHINGTON WHITEHOUSE, Inc., Agents
9 East 46th St. Murray Hill 1000

Every Room Flooded With Sunshine, Brightness and Cheer.
815 PARK AVE.
S. E. CORNER 75TH ST.
A New, Magnificent, 14-Story Structure
Novel Devices Throughout, Laundry and Dryers on Roof, Open Wood Burning Fireplaces, Luxurious Plumbing, Enclosed Radiators, Marble in Elevator Shafts, Etc.
EXQUISITE APARTMENT DWELLINGS OF
6, 7, 8 ROOMS, 3 BATHS RENTS REASONABLE
Also a Few
1, 3, 4 Room Apartments on Main Floor
PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agts., on premises. Phone Lenox 6989

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

WESTWOOD COURT
435 FT. WASHINGTON AV.
COR. W. 179TH ST. TO 180TH ST.
CORNER APARTMENTS.
RENT $1000 TO $1400
8 & 9 ROOMS
Most desirable Apartments on Washington Heights. Owner on premises.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Choice Elevator Apartments.
1261 Mad. Ave. Cor. 90th Street — 8 & 9 Rooms, 2 B'ths, $1800-$2100
1326 Mad. Ave. Cor. 94th Street — 7 Rooms $1000 to $1400.
120 E. 85th St. Near Park Avenue — 7 Rooms, $780
138 E. 94th St. Cor. Lexington Av. — 6 Rooms, $760
16-20 E. 97th St. Near Fifth Avenue — 7 Rms. $660-720
Duff & Conger Inc., Agts., Mad. Ave. & 86th St.

MAPLE COURT
1229 PARK AVE., COR. 96TH.
High-Class Elevator Apartments
7 & 8 Rooms, $1,000-$1,350
A very choice 8-room corner Suite also Dentist's Apartment, 8 Rooms. Must Be Seen To Be Appreciated.
Apply Premises or A. BRANDSTEIN, (Harlem—1518), 133 East 118th St.

The Essex
Madison Avenue at 56th Street
Furnished Apartments to Lease
2 to 6 Rooms
1, 2 and 3 Baths
Restaurant
Also
Maidstone Inn. East Hampton, L. I.

109-111 EAST 56TH ST.
Near Park Avenue.
Select studio apartments, large and light, one and two rooms and bath; elevator and maid service; $70-$80. Superintendent on premises or
HALL & BLOODGOOD,
642 Fifth Av. Tel. Vanderbilt 1732.

Hamilton Terrace—144 St.
Two Blocks East of Amsterdam Av.
High-Class Elevator Apartments.
5-6-7 Elegant large rooms; private residential section; near subway & "L". Rents Reasonable

944 PARK AV.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,400
Excellent service. Owner on premises.

MADISON AV., 87th St.
6, 7 & 8 Rooms and Bath, $65 to $100.
Attractive Location. Attractive Apartments.
PAPAE & CO., 1186 MADISON AV., Cor. 87th St.

THE KING, 56 E. 87TH ST.
NR. PARK AV.
High class, modern elevator apartment; day and night service. 7 Rooms, Bath, Maid's Lavatory, $1,150. Lex. Av. Subway 1 Block Away.

75 EAST 81ST ST.,
NORTHWEST CORNER PARK AVENUE.
High class Apartments, six, seven, eight rooms; $75, $85, $95, $100 upward; service unexcelled.

GRAMERCY PARK.
Attractive studios, with top light, bedroom and bath. Maid service.
JONES & CENTER, 30-32 E. 20th.

A—"Hoffman Arms"
640 Madison Ave., cor 59th St.
6 TO 10 ROOMS $1300 UP.
Accessible location; large rooms; near park.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

35TH ST., 152 EAST, Near Lexington Av.
High-Class Ground Floor Apartments.
6 Elegant rooms, 2 bath and 2 store rooms; suitable dentist, doctor or private family; hall service day & night. Prem. or Franklin L. Partridge, 40 Wall St. Hanover. 4642. **$1300**

BRONX.

OPEN FOR INSPECTION
174th St. & Nelson Av.
3-4 Extra Large Rooms
With every conceivable improvement. Equal to the highest class houses of Park Avenue section.
Moderate Rentals.
3 minutes from 181st St. station, N. Y. Central, one block east of University Av., two blocks from the new Jerome Av. subway.
Now Running.
Renting Agent on Premises.

NEARING COMPLETION.
1706 Nelson Avenue
University Heights, Bronx.
2, 3 & 4 ROOM APARTMENTS
$21.00 TO $38.00
Restricted, very high class, excellent views. Take Jerome Av. "L" to Belmont St., or University Av. car at West 183d St. to Tremont Av. Renting agent on premises.
FRENCH MANAGEMENT CORPORATION,
299 Madison Av., Cor. 41st St.
Phone—Vanderbilt 3237.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

HOTEL CALUMET
340 West 57th St.
Near Central Park; centre all transit facilities. High-class, fireproof residential hotel. Refined patronage. Attractive outside non-housekeeping apartments, one room and bath and larger suites, unfurnished or furnished. Leases from Oct. 1. Large closets. Superior restaurant; polite service; sensible rates.
GROUND-FLOOR APARTMENT, SUITABLE PHYSICIAN OR DENTIST.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

Hotel La Salle
30 East Sixtieth Street.
New York's highest type Apartment Hotel.
Yearly and seasonal leases now being made.

REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

For sale or for rent, furnished or unfurnished, 30 West 92d St.; doctor going abroad on military duty desires to rent his private house, fully furnished or unfurnished, or to sell it; four-story house, all modern improvements, three bath rooms, five toilets, electric lighting, modern fixtures, parquette salon floors. Apply on premises or to Edwin S. Brickner, 129 East 69th St.; telephone 0217 Plaza.

NO. 304 WEST 100TH STREET.
5-Story American Bsmt. Dwelling.
Four baths, electricity, parquet floors.
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY, 21 Liberty St.
THOMAS J. O'REILLY, Broadway & 109th St.

74th St. 238 West.—Three-story 20-foot dwelling. F. J. Widton, 95 Liberty St.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY.
For sale or rent, beautiful Colonial residence, 8 rooms; every modern improvement; steam heat; spacious grounds; large trees; heated garage; refined community; 30 minutes to Grand Central. Apply to owner, H. B. Wilson, Hotel St. George, Brooklyn.

Larchmont Manor.—House to rent, unfurnished, 3 blocks from water, 9 rooms, all improvements, 4 open fireplaces; $65 per month. Owner, 28 Chester St., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

For Sale or Rent—Strictly modern seven-room house, with sun parlor; good neighborhood; must be seen to be appreciated. S. J. Clark, 2 South 4th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

7-room tile stucco house; all improvements; hot water heat; best neighborhood; $4,750. L. Birdsall, Tarrytown, N. Y.

Bargain—Best section, house 5 master's bedrooms, garage for 3 cars; $1,500. L. Birdsall, Tarrytown, N. Y.

"ALONG THE SOUND."
For Sale or Rent.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co., 11 E. 42d St., N. Y.

WESTCHESTER.—County rentals, $50 upward. Clarence G. Martens, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

28th St., northwest corner 1st Av.—Lofts, also ground floor and basement; plot 100x100; light on four sides; steam heat, power, sprinklers, large elevator, suitable for manufacturing. Apply on premises. Rieser, (owner.) Tel. Madison Square 8350.

GOOD MILLINER wanted to display fine line of hats in well established waist and dress shop, off 6th Av. P. & W., 56 West 45th St.

OFFICES AND LOFTS TO SUBLEASE.—Large and small, uptown and downtown most prominent buildings. G. M. Pennock & Co., Inc., 120 Broadway. Phone 5064 Rector.

A rolltop desk, $10.50 monthly. Furnished private office, $25.50, includes telephone and towel service, no lease required. Inquire Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

One story building, boiler and engine, 15,000 to 20,000 square feet; 10 minutes from Williamsburg Bridge. For particulars, ARTHUR B. GRITMAN, 214 Broadway, Brooklyn.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.
Occupied by doctor for 20 years; good opportunity. 227 East 124th St.

Well-furnished private office, with stenographer and telephone service; reasonable. 45 John St., Room 408.

At 404 4th Av., (ninth floor,) corner 28th St., private office, desk room, or mail privileges; excellent service.

First and second floor, with extension. 24 West 36th St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted, ground floor, suitable for storing motor trucks, 50x100. Fitzgerald, 1,777 Broadway. Phone 8437 Columbus.

Wanted, small office or desk room with telephone and stenographic service in good location. W 56 Times.

Suite of three or four offices, downtown district. J 376 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

80TH ST., EAST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, electric light, first floor; splendid location; just off 5th Av.; private entrance; $40 and $50; possession at once. Phone Kahn & McCormick, Apartment Specialists, Vanderbilt 5780.

50TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, with linens, $25 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge.

82D ST., 209-206 West Broadway and 7th Av., THE NEWPORT.—5 and 6 rooms, housekeeping apartments, $720-$960. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 40 CEDAR STREET. Tel. 5700 John.

57TH ST., 18 EAST.—Handsomely furnished three rooms, bath and kitchenette, piano, victrola. Call afternoons. Jackson.

39TH, 124 EAST.—Attractively furnished floor, private house, exclusive Murray Hill section, near Park Av.; huge, sunny rooms, open fireplace; references.

79TH, 112 EAST.—Eight rooms, 2 baths; strictly private house; adults. 6803 Lenox.

82D, 129 EAST, (Near Park Av.)—Six rooms, 2 baths; beautifully and completely furnished, with linen and china; sublet $325 monthly. H. F., 37 Times.

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished, two rooms and bath, full hotel service; one block from subway; $18 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel Sevron, 55 East 27th; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

Completely and handsomely furnished, 11 rooms, 3 baths, high-class section, near 59th St., east side, $6,500. Acme Leasing Co., 709 Murray Hill, 595 5th Av.

EXCEPTIONAL apartment for bachelors in private house; exclusive atmosphere. Tel. Plaza 2200 or M 169 Times.

GRAMERCY PARK.—Unusual Jan. 1, 4 sunny, outside rooms, large living room, open fireplace; rent $150 per month; satisfactory references required; appointment by telephone. Gramercy 5784.

I will sublet my handsome apartment, 3 rooms, bath, near 5th Av., to responsible people only. N 75 Times.

MADISON AV., 338, Opposite Biltmore.—Two-room furnished apartment, bath, kitchenette; superior; $85.

PARK AV., 50's.—12 rooms, 4 baths, exquisitely furnished; details. Columbus 3974.

Party going South will sublet handsomely furnished apartment, Park Av. section, $5,000-$6,000 to responsible people only. N 73 Times.

Party will sublet handsomely furnished six-room apartment, $150. N 74 Times.

UNUSUAL, DISTINCTIVE.—Six rooms; no elevator; lease; references. Telephone 723 Gramercy.

8-ROOM housekeeping apartment, furnished with antique furniture, open fireplaces, all outside rooms, facing south. Apply office, 175 West 58th St., N. Y. City.

Furnished—West Side.

37TH ST., 42 WEST, (Hotel Gregorian.)—Attractive apartment, large rooms, outside baths, single or en suite if desired, unusual clothes closets; refined atmosphere; rates quite moderate.

43D ST., 241 WEST.—1 and 3 rooms, bath, kitchenettes, thoroughly and handsomely furnished, $45 to $65 monthly; $12 up weekly.

46TH, 12 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, high class, adjoining Sherry's, 5th Av.; complete club service; leases being made.

47TH ST., 240 WEST.—Bachelor apartment; two rooms, bath; service; $60 per month.

45TH, 341-347 WEST, (a step from Broadway.)—Just completed, elevator fireproof building, unusually furnished, housekeeping apartments, 1, 2, 3 rooms, tiled bath, shower, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; $50 up monthly, references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

48TH, 49 WEST.—Two and three rooms, entire floor; large bathroom, parquet floor, electric lights. Inquire 14 West 47th.

50TH, 4 WEST, (Near 5th.)—Beautifully furnished 3-room apartment, all conveniences, Dwyer.

51ST, 16 WEST.—Elegant two-room apartment, private baths, electricity, telephone, maid service; splendid location, $50-$60.

51ST, Near 8th Av.—Attractive apartment, two rooms and bath, newly decorated; electricity. Call 2885 Circle.

52D, 63 WEST.—Exclusive apartments, handsomely furnished, newly decorated, private baths, electricity.

54TH ST., 30 WEST.
Restricted street; doctor's office. Apply premises or Room 627, 30 East 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 6438.

55TH, 55 WEST.—New elevator apartment house; living room, kitchen, bedroom, bath, complete housekeeping equipment; one year lease, $1,000. H. Chadburn, 58 West 57th St. Circle 5258.

57TH, 329 WEST.—Three rooms, with large bathroom, in exclusive house; excellent location; exceptional apartment for couple; modern convenience; $52.50 to $65. GOODWIN & GOODWIN, 145 West 17th St.

58TH, 200 WEST.—Sublet, handsomely furnished corner apartment, 6 rooms, 2 baths; Park view; May 1 or longer. Apartment 11-A. Phone Columbus 4320.

59TH.—Beautifully furnished 8 rooms, 2 baths, 4 master's; $400 month, winter months. Telephone Clark Realty, Rand 1450.

67TH, 1 WEST, (at Central Park West, Hotel des Artistes.)—Reception room, living room, kitchenette, bedroom, bath, two extra large closets; one year lease, $2,600. H. Chadburn, 58 West 57th St. Tel. Circle 5258.

72ND.—High class, elevator, six rooms, two master bedrooms, complete. Riverside 7395.

74TH, 25 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished high-class apartments; two, three, four rooms; service.

95TH, 330 WEST.—Beautifully furnished 7 rooms, $150 month. Sampl, Vanderbilt 1450.

97TH, (745 West End Av.)—Large room and kitchenette; telephone, electricity; $65.

90S, WEST END.—Six rooms, 2 baths; artistic, complete furnishings. Columbus 3974.

104TH, 245 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Eight rooms, substantially furnished; four-side exposure; clean; electricity; good service. Riverside 8221, Beidler.

113TH ST., 517 WEST.—Apartments of 2, 4, 5, and 6 rooms, furnished with rare taste and care; complete in every detail, including silver and linen; very high-class house. Telephone 8240 Morningside.

113TH ST., 621 WEST.—TWO LARGE ROOMS WITH BATH, COMPRISING ENTIRE FLOOR IN PRIVATE DWELLING; SINGLE OR EN SUITE.

118TH, 353-357 WEST.
Seven large rooms, elevator service, $35 to $60. Possession at once.
J. R. Davidson, 109 E. 84th and Col. Av.

120TH ST., 423 WEST.—New, luxuriously furnished elevator apartment, 4 rooms, bath; complete in every detail. Apt. 46. Morningside 8070.

122D, 500 WEST.—All light six-room apartment, suitable for students. Whyte.

168TH, 601 WEST.—Corner, south, east exposure, overlooking Hudson; seven rooms, two baths; all large outside rooms; June, $1200; year $135; new elevator; subway. Ellsworth.

AN OFFICER in the United States Army will sublet his handsomely furnished four-room apartment in the Roger Morris, 160th St. and Edgecombe Road; no children; references. Apply to Superintendent of Building or J. D. L. Montanye, 220 Broadway.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 2, 3, 4 room apartments, $35, $45, $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions lease or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts.
THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway.
Two rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $45 to $55 monthly; 3 rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $50 to $75 monthly; phone, elevator service; maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express station, 3 car lines, 5th Av. bus, Park and Drive; references absolutely essential.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

Attractive well furnished apartment, 6 outside rooms; river view. Audubon 6410, Broadway, 139th St.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL.
Newly furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views and three exposures to each suite; rates, $75 monthly and up; weekly rates; breakfast and dinner, $8 weekly, (optional.)
HOTEL NOBLETON, 126 WEST 73D ST.
One block from subway express and elevated. All cars and bus line. C. M. Reitak, Pres.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally Inspected Hsts. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 134 West 72d, Columbus 826.

APARTMENTS FURNISHED.
E. K. Van Winkle, 153 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

BELOW 59TH.—4 exquisitely furnished rooms, housekeeping; new. Details, Columbus 3974.

BELOW 59TH.—6 rooms, 2 baths; distinctive furnishings, new. Details, Columbus 3974.

CHOICE furnished apartments, finest locations. Ellie Renting, 25 West 42d. Vanderbilt, 4416.

CLAREMONT AV., 140, (Opposite Grant's Tomb.)—An army officer wishes to rent his most attractive and completely furnished high-class elevator apartment, 5 rooms and bath, fifth floor; sun all day; very attractive; considered a model apartment; $130 monthly.

CLAREMONT AV., 35.—Handsomely furnished apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths. Morningside 5372.

CONVENT AV., 120.—Five-room apartment, completely furnished, $80. Supt., Vanderbilt 1450.

CORNER 7TH AV., 111TH ST.
Elevator apartments at park entrance, seven and eight large rooms, $75-$90. Apply 200 West 111th St.

EXCLUSIVE HOME—Eighties, magnificent studio, 28x25; all, part time; vocal instruction part rent. G 446 Times Annex.

FOR FURNISHED APARTMENTS consult Katherine Martin, 245 West 76th St. Schuyler 8522.

FOR FURNISHED APARTMENTS consult Katharine Martin, 245 West 76th. Schuyler 8522.

FOR furnished apartments consult Katharine Martin, 245 West 76th. Schuy. 8522.

FURNISHED BACHELOR HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENT.
Very desirable; in the 40s; entire floor; only one other tenant in house; rent $1,800 a year; broker protected. Apply to James A. Parley, 565 5th Av., Windsor Arcade.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
Choice localities; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 30 East 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENTS PERSONALLY INSPECTED. Exclusive Renting, 176 West 72d. Col. 848.

LET US DO YOUR APARTMENT HUNTING.—We have All the Better Apartments, $100-$700 Monthly; long, short leases. Acme Leasing Co., 595 5th Av. (709 Mur. Hill.)

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 99.—Five-room apartment; year, longer; $125. Clarke, Morn. 7930.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Handsomely furnished six rooms, grand piano; also 81st St. and Broadway, five rooms; immediate possession. 1476 Vanderbilt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (near 94th.)—Eight-room elevator apartment; piano. Phone afternoons, Riverside 8850.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 640.—Corner apartment, seven outside rooms, three baths; southern exposure. Apartment 501.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Seven rooms, two baths; will sublet, furnished or unfurnished, 460 Riverside Drive, Apartment 51.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 126.—7 rooms, well furnished apartment; lovely view; call mornings.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (114th.)—Beautifully furnished 5-room apartment; $175 month. Vanderbilt 1450.

SMARTLY FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
PARK AND WEST END AVS., 2 TO 12 ROOMS $100 TO $1,000 MONTHLY.
HERBERT GULICK CO., INC.,
402 Madison Av. Tel. Murray Hill 2890.

SOME VERY DESIRABLE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
APPLY L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,
261 COLUMBUS AV.
TEL. 2750 COL.

TO SUBLET
IN NEW BUILDING,
FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED,
2 ROOMS AND BATH.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,
261 COLUMBUS AV.
TEL. 2750 COL.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITIES.—Furnished sublet apartments, long, short leases. Wickliffe Gray, Furnished Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

We are desirous of securing particulars of furnished apartments for rent; we have many clients waiting for 3 to 12 room apartments.
PAYSON McL. MERRILL CO.,
9 East 44th St. Tel. Murray Hill 8300.

WEST END, (90's.)—Magnificently furnished corner apartment, 9 rooms, 3 baths; $400 month. Clark Realty, Telephone Vanderbilt 1450.

WEST END AV., (86th.)—Four rooms and bath, handsomely furnished. Acme Leasing Co., 595 5th Av., (Murray Hill 709.)

WEST END AV., (90's.)—Beautifully furnished 6 rooms and 3 baths, 10th floor; $250 month. Telephone Vanderbilt 1450.

WEST END SECTION.—10 rooms, 3 baths; distinctive, magnificent furnishings. Columbus 3974.

8-ROOM housekeeping apartment, furnished with antique furniture, open fireplaces, all outside rooms, facing south. Apply office, 175 West 58th St., N. Y. City.

8 ROOMS, 3 baths, 3 master's bedrooms; southern exposure; fully furnished. Phone Murray Hill 709.

Unfurnished—East Side.

2D AV., 304, (Near Stuyvesant Square.)—Apartment, 7 rooms; steam heat, fireplace.

30TH ST., 4 EAST.—Just off 5th Av.—Attractive 2-room-kitchenette apartments; bath, electricity, hot water; modernized; rents $40 to $50. Phone 5780 Vanderbilt.

36TH ST., (East Side of Lexington Av.)—Unusual opportunity to rent unique two-story dwelling converted from stable; large studio and 4 other rooms, also kitchen and bath; $100 per month, $125 per month furnished. 5 Sniffen Court. Tel. Murray Hill 8770.

36TH ST., 162 EAST.—$60 apartment, sublet to May, $47.50; seven large, light, corner rooms, steam heat, hot water. Grady, Vanderbilt 1941.

46TH, 11 EAST.—Two and three rooms; modern elevator apartments; rents, $900 to $1,200 per year. Enquire Superintendent.

55TH, 17 EAST, and 47th, 22 West.—2, 3, 4 rooms, $65 to $100; fine studio rooms. Plaza 6032.

60TH, 20 EAST.—2 rooms and bath, $42 and $55; leases. Apply Supt.

76TH ST., N. W. COR. MADISON AV.
Large room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette.
KAVANAGH, 963 Madison Av.

80TH, 62 EAST.—Elevator apartment; electricity; 6-7 rooms, $78-$90-$93.

ATTRACTIVE UNFURNISHED APARTMENT.
entire floor, one flight up, private house, six rooms, bath, steam heat, $650; reduction small family. Phone 1932 Stuyvesant, before 10 A. M., or apply on premises, 320 East 18th.

GRAMERCY PARK, (151 East 19th St.)—Two rooms, bath, shower, kitchenette; maid; $45; lease.

HATFIELD HOUSE,
103 EAST 29TH ST.
2 and 3 rooms, with bath, to lease from Oct. 1; hotel service; centrally located; rents moderate.

MADISON AV., 780, (bet. 66th and 67th Sts.)—Attractive non-housekeeping apartments, two rooms and bath; rents, $750 to $1,300.
Superintendent on premises or
Malcolm E. Smith & Rudolph C. Culver, Inc., Tel. Murray Hill 2685.

MADISON AV, 1,062, (80th.)—Attractive two and three room apartments; improvements.

PARLOR and basement; corner; residential location, overlooking East River $47; steam, improvements. 2 Beekman Pl. (East 50th St.)

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 80 EAST.—Bachelor apartments, studios, single rooms, furnished or unfurnished.

Brooklyn.

230 ST. JAMES PL., NEAR FULTON.
7-room apartment, second floor, $47.50; electricity, parquet floors; immediate possession. Third floor, $46. Fourth floor, $45.

MADISON ST., 575, (Brooklyn.)—Two-story, basement brown stone, 10 rooms, bath, new furnace; newly decorated; $55; open 10-6.

Unfurnished—West Side.

NO. 44 WEST 10TH ST.
Washington Square Section.
New nine-story fireproof apartment house, 4, 5, 6 rooms; $1,200 to $2,200; open fireplaces; separate maids' rooms.

10TH, 17 WEST, Apartment 8.—Rooms, all improvements, private house, newly decorated.

56TH, 206 WEST.—An especially attractive apartment, two rooms and bath, just vacated; full hotel service free. Thoroughfare Apartments.

57TH, 200 WEST, (8, W. Cor. 7th Av.)—New studio and apartment building; housekeeping suites of 3, 4, 6, and 8 rooms and large duplex studios, with bedroom and bath; rents $1,400 to $4,500. including refrigeration.

70TH ST., Park Av., 823, (adjoining corner 70th.)—Duplex apartments, 12 and 13 rooms, 4 and 5 baths. Rents, $4,000, $5,500.

80TH ST., Corner Park Av., 925.—Triplex apartment, 11 rooms, 4 baths, south and east exposure. Rent $4,500.
Apply on premises or
PAYSON McL. MERRILL CO.,
9 East 44th St. Telephone Murray Hill 8300.

58TH ST., 125 WEST.
7 ROOMS & BATH, $1,200.
Fireproof building; all-night service.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

70TH, 112 WEST.—Parlor floor, 2 exceptionally large rooms, with bath; floors carpeted; heat, light included; $75 per month.

77TH ST., 44 WEST.
Eight rooms and three baths, second and eleventh floors; near Central Park and facing Manhattan Square; living room 18x28; all bedrooms face south; high-class fireproof building. Apply to Superintendent.

86TH, 167 WEST.—Seven rooms, bath, electric lights, steam, hot water, $.0.

84TH, 17 W.—7 large, light rooms; bath, gas, electricity; immediate possession; $30-$65.

106TH, 65 WEST, (Central Park.)—Six, seven rooms; modern, private flats; $36 up.

115TH, 605 WEST.—Beautiful apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths; large, sunny rooms; Apartment 82, $1,400 year. Vanderbilt 1450.

117TH STREET, 368 WEST.
6 ROOMS AND BATH, $40-$50.
Corner apartments, facing Morningside Park.

121ST ST., 100 WEST.—To rent, 7-room apartment, elevator, steam heat, electric light, parquet floor; rent $950 per annum. Carstein & Linnekin, 221 Fourth Av. Telephone 2293 Gramercy.

125D, 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Elevator; outside, southern exposure; 6 rooms, bath, $57.50 month.

136TH, 621 WEST.—6 and 7 rooms, adjacent to Riverside Drive; one block from subway and 5th Av. bus; rent $48 up.

141ST, 221 WEST.—Near elevated and subway; 4-6-room elevator apartments; $30 up.

172D ST., (120 Haven Av.)—Fine modern apartments, 3, 4, and 5 rooms, overlooking Hudson.

A BEAUTIFUL apartment in two-family house near Washington Square for rent; living room, 20x30; seven rooms, two baths; new and perfectly appointed; young children not desirable; rent, $2,000. H 77 Times.

BROADWAY, 3,641, (corner 152d.)—7-room apartment, all outside; Riverside view; exceptional service; owner's management; reasonable; also one 6; all improvements.

BROADWAY, 2,731, (Near 103d Subway.)—Six light, pleasant, medium-sized rooms, all-night elevator, thoroughly respectable, no infants, large families, business, or dogs. $55.

CENTRAL PARK WEST
AT 93D STREET,
THE TURIN.
8 ROOMS, 2 BATHS, $1,000.
6 ROOMS, 3 BATHS, $2,000.
LEWIS B. PRESTON, INC., 165 Broadway.
TELEPHONE 7475 CORTLANDT.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 65.—To sublet, great bargain, 7-room apartment facing Central Park; living room, 32 feet long; all rooms outside; rent, $1,800. Telephone 7097 Columbus or inquire Supt.

HIGH-CLASS
elevator apartments, 4-8 rooms, two baths; rent reasonable. 41 Convent Av.

NOW is the time to secure a furnished apartment for Winter season or longer; let us know your requirements. Slawson & Hobbs, Fur. Apt. Department, 162 West 72d St.

PLACID HALL, (Southeast Cor. Riverside Drive and 151st.)—Seven room high-class elevator apartments, $1,000 to $1,200.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 720, (Corner 149th St.)—Ten rooms, 3 baths, elegant apartment, all modern improvements, high-class elevator building, at a sacrifice, $1,300.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 404, (Near 116th St.)—Seven rooms, foyer, two baths. Tel Morningside 0985.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 462.—To sublet, nine rooms and three baths; all outside rooms.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 41.—Large studios and rooms; north light.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 41.—Large studios and rooms; north light.

WEST END AV., 324.—Spacious, charming apartment; open fireplaces; suitable studios, doctor's office, &c.

WEST END AV., 851, (Near

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

707H, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, bath, connecting, $6-$7; suites; gentlemen, business couple.

707H, 60 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms, private bath; all conveniences; reference; subway, "L."

761H, 218 WEST.—Cozy, cheerful room; electricity; bath; phone; private French family.

71ST, 247 WEST.—Attractive rooms, in small family; gentlemen; first-class accommodations.

71ST, 43 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, running water, electricity; phone; desirable location.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Large room, with private bath; other rooms, with and without running water.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms; private bath; electricity.

71ST, 216 WEST.—Attractively furnished large rooms, with or without bath.

72D, 261 WEST.—High-class reservations for Winter; handsomely furnished double rooms; private baths; southern exposure; table optional. H 146 Times.

72D, 278 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large room, private bath; electric light, Southern exposure.

72D, 168 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, bath; steam heat, electricity, telephone; reference.

72D, 272 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; all modern improvements; reference.

72D, 136 WEST.—Nice rooms, with or without bath; electricity; subway, "L." Col. 4135.

73D, 103 WEST.—Large, small, newly decorated rooms; running water; exceptional.

73D, 173 WEST.—Newly decorated large and small rooms.

73D, 160 WEST.—Large front room, two closets; gentlemen only; references.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Large and small rooms, private baths, electricity, telephone, references required.

74TH, 111 WEST.—Beautiful large room, private bath; medium and small rooms; electricity; ideal home for gentlemen.

74TH, 25 WEST.—Superbly furnished single rooms, suites, apartments; private baths; service. Lyonsport.

74TH, 134 WEST.—Comfortable room for gentleman; electricity; private family; high-class references.

74TH, 138 WEST.—Large rooms, adjoining bath, $8-$9; electricity, parquetry; exclusive residence.

75TH, 46 WEST.—Comfortable room; running water, phone; select residence; references, $8-$10.

76TH, 42 WEST. (Near Central Park.)—Unusually attractive, double room; private bathroom; also medium and hall room; references.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Large sunshiny rooms, private bath, parlor-floor; suitable doctor's office; electricity.

76TH, 251 WEST. — Beautifully furnished rooms, single, en suite; private baths; telephone, electricity.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Immaculately clean, private baths, electricity, back parlor, kitchenette privileges; references.

76TH, 100 WEST.—Elegant large front room; electricity; steam; reasonable. Savage.

77TH, 314 WEST.—Front room, second floor, private bath; medium single room; electricity.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Newly furnished private house; individual baths; latest conveniences; references.

77TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive large and medium-sized rooms, single or en suite; references.

77TH, 64 WEST.—Large, beautiful rooms in beautiful apartment, facing Park; single or en suite. Dodge, Phone 3540 Schuyler.

77TH, 212 WEST.—Furnished or unfurnished parlor floor; private bath.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms, connecting shower baths; small rooms; exclusive house.

78TH, 118 WEST.—Two attractive connecting rooms, private bath, kitchenette. Schuyler 8678.

78TH, 122 WEST.—Pleasant rooms, beautifully furnished; single, double; private bath; electricity; references.

78TH, 117 WEST.—Large, fronting south; modernly furnished; convenient; men, couples; $8.

78TH, 175 WEST.—Large, bright room; private family; all conveniences; $5. Hanraham.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Furnished or unfurnished parlor floor; private bath; all conveniences.

80TH, 147 WEST.—Large and medium beautiful, newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; references.

81ST, 120 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large, sunny room, private bath, lavatory; kitchenette, reasonable.

82D, 20 WEST.—In university professor's home large room, private bath; conveniences; references.

82D, 33 WEST.—Beautiful, newly furnished, large, small rooms, adjoining baths, phone; references.

82D ST., (near Riverside.)—Attractive room, adjoining bath; gentlemen; $7. Schuyler 3531; morning.

82D, 134 WEST.—Desirable double and single rooms; private house; reasonable rates; references.

82D, 24 WEST.—Large rooms, suite; private baths; electricity; newly decorated; refined house.

82D, 54 WEST.—Two-room suite, bath, kitchenette, furnished, unfurnished; other rooms.

82D, 53 WEST.—Back parlor; elegantly furnished; small rooms; private house.

84TH, 47 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, comfortable, large, medium rooms, private baths, twin beds.

84TH, 48 WEST.—Single, south room; all conveniences; newly decorated; refined house; reference.

84TH, 145 WEST.—3-room suite; also other rooms; private; $3 up. Sheffall.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished room, adjoining bath; electricity, telephone; "L," subway.

85TH, 134 WEST.—Parlor suite; private bath; southern exposure; small room; electricity, telephone.

85TH, 122 WEST.—Attractive rooms, furnished or unfurnished, single or ensuite, private house.

85TH, 30 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room; running water; also smaller room; electricity.

86TH, 23 WEST.—Handsome large rooms, baths; breakfast for those wishing; superior surroundings.

86TH, (549 West End Av.)—Large, small rooms, $5 upward; $4 to $8.

86TH, 55 WEST.—Exclusive house; beautiful rooms; twin beds; private bath; also single.

87TH, 201 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive outside rooms, single or en suite; elevator apartment.

88TH, 333 WEST. (Brocam Hall.)—Exclusive Harlem residence (dwelling); rooms, suites, private, semi-private baths; $5-$15.

88TH, 307 WEST.—Elegant house; exclusive neighborhood; abundant hot water; breakfast optional; references.

89TH, 320 WEST.—Exclusive house; attractive large, small rooms, with, without bath; electricity.

89D, 258 WEST.—Newly furnished, spacious; every improvement; private baths; Christian family; references.

89D, 263 WEST. — Southern room, private; washroom, bath; all conveniences. Telephone Riverside 8091.

89D, 157 WEST.—Large and small room, near bath; running water; private family.

90TH, 251 WEST. (Corner Broadway.)—Attractively furnished rooms; all modern conveniences. 6, north.

90TH, 145 WEST.—Attractive, well furnished room; private bath, telephone; gentlemen; $6.

90TH, 248, (Corner Broadway.)—Attractive room, lavatory; private family; elevator apartment. Phillips.

112TH, 503 WEST.—Parlor, with bedroom; warm, sunny, bath, telephone; only $-Willford.

113TH, 541 WEST.—Beautiful room, (3 windows); running water; single room, bath. Hart.

114TH, 514 WEST.—Attractive rooms, facing Columbia campus; gentlemen; references. Apt. 82.

115TH, 419 WEST.—Elegant double, single rooms, elevator; moderate; gentlemen. Apt. 20.

121ST ST., 519 WEST.—APARTMENT 6D.

122D, 540 WEST.—APARTMENT 6H. Newly decorated, attractively furnished, sunny outside rooms, single or double; sixth floor; best maid service; all conveniences; popular prices. Mrs. Sheedy.

121ST ST., 519 WEST.—Comfortable, newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; kitchen privileges; opposite Columbia. Mrs. Moore, Apt. 6B.

121ST ST., 519 WEST.—Sunny, attractive outside rooms; southern exposure; opposite Columbia. Apt. 1B.

126TH, 540 WEST, (Broadway.)—Large suite, running water, all conveniences; breakfast. Hode.

146TH, 600 WEST.—Front and river view; $7-$8; convenient location. Turner.

177TH ST.—Beautifully furnished, overlooking Hudson; private lavatory; refined private family. St. Nicholas 9512.

BROADWAY AND 71ST ST. — Beautifully furnished, large connecting rooms; private bath; in private apartment; every convenience. For appointment, 'phone Riverside 2522.

BROADWAY, 2,880. (112th.)—Fine single room; unusually large; well furnished; adjoining bath; reference. Telephone Morningside 3963. Apartment 8.

CALL RIVERSIDE 992.—A homelike, sunny, comfortably furnished suite (single or together) with private baths and large balcony overlooking Riverside Drive. Can be had in regard, strictly private residence occupied by owner; near 103d St. subway; gentlemen; references.

CONVENT AV., 425. (148th.)—Steam-heated single room; private residence; telephone; references.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE Apartment.—A refined Christian family offers splendidly furnished room for one gentleman; references essential. Tel. Audubon 7316 between 9 and 12 A. M.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 244. (97th St., Apartment 4B.)—Large room; modern apartment; southern exposure; facing Drive; all conveniences. Riverside 7522.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (94th.) — Beautiful room, private apartment; Hudson view; gentlemen. River. 5820.

WEST END AV., 826.—Exclusive accommodations for refined gentleman; private residence; breakfast. Riverside 3090.

WEST END AV., 531.—Desirable room, steam, electricity, lavatory; gentlemen preferred, references.

WEST END AV., 350. (near 76th.)—Attractive, large, small rooms; private house; modern conveniences.

WEST END AV., 661.—Exceptional large room; running water, adjoining bath.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Room, private bath; $18; facing park; others, $6, $8.

YOUNG NEWSPAPER WOMAN desires young business or professional woman to share small furnished apartment; state particulars. N 67 Times.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

122D, 540 WEST.—Newly decorated apartment, room; furnished or unfurnished; private family.

WEST END AV., 794.—One, two rooms, private bath; maid service; moderate.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

GENTLEMAN OF QUIET HABITS DESIRES LIGHT, WELL FURNISHED ROOM IN MODERN APARTMENT WHERE NO OTHER ROOMERS. WEST SIDE, BELOW 116TH ST., $25 TO $30 MONTH; STATE FULL PARTICULARS. G 480 TIMES ANNEX.

RESPONSIBLE YOUNG MAN desires room in first-class apartment with strictly private family, neighborhood Washington Square or 76th to 116th St.; references. P 344 Times Downtown.

Gentleman wants large, nicely furnished outside room; must be independent, located between 100th and 116th Sts., west; state all particulars. Box 257 Times, 2 Rector St.

WANTED.—Room and bath or running water; lady; 17th-19th Sts., east. Address Van Gleson, 124 West 103d.

Room in private apartment wanted by young lady studying singing; kitchen privileges or optional board; 80th-100th. W 172 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

38TH, 29 EAST.—Studios, large and small rooms; meals served; quiet surroundings.

61ST ST., 154 EAST.—Rooms with all conveniences; table guests; phone. Clark.

85TH, 9 EAST.—Large rooms, excellent table, moderate price; conveniences; adjoining park.

A GENTLEMAN desiring the comfort and privacy of a home not obtainable in a boarding house and willing to pay for same will be received in exclusive family in attractive modern apartment. Address Permanent, M 127 Times.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 36th.)—Exclusively for refined women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete hotel service; homelike; including high-class meals, $14 weekly, up.

MADISON AV., 191-193.—Desirable rooms with baths; excellent table.

MADISON AV., 71.—Attractive large and small room; all conveniences.

West Side.

5TH AV., 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout, private baths; electricity; switchboard; refined service.

16TH, 7 WEST. (Near 5th Av.)—Large and small rooms, excellent board; all improvements.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

54TH, 54 WEST. — Handsomely furnished single and double rooms; private baths; references.

56TH, 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; table guests; references.

61ST, 39 WEST.—Two connecting rooms, facing Broadway, with private family; elevator apartment; modern improvements; board if desired. Deutsch.

68TH, 54 WEST. — Suit particular people; rooms, with or without baths; Southern cooking; also parlor floor; private entrance; steam, electricity.

72D, 318 WEST. (Riverside.)—Exclusive Pension, suite, large room, overlooking river; private baths; also small room; excellent cuisine.

72D, 267 WEST.—Desirable double, sunny front room; excellent table; Winter arrangements.

72D, 147 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; private bath; also table guests.

72D, 212 WEST.—Private baths; electricity; table board. Columbus 6396.

73D, 302 WEST.—If you wish comfortable Winter home, with first-class board, come and see us; references.

74TH, 251 WEST. ("The Secor.")—Large rooms, private baths; phone, electricity; parlor dining room; table guests.

75TH, 147 WEST.—Handsome second floor; other rooms; board optional; references exchanged.

76TH, 165 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; homelike surroundings; excellent table; references.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; references.

77TH, 112 WEST.—Attractive medium rooms; convenient transportation; private; homelike; meals optional.

77TH, 266 WEST.—Moving to 228 West 72d; electricity, steam heat, elevator.

78TH, 234 WEST.—Unusual house for unusual people; usual prices; one double, one single room; electricity, steam heat.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Rooms, with board, for permanent persons.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths, electricity, telephone; excellent table; married couples or gentlemen; references required.

81ST, 131 WEST.—Out of ordinary rooms, large, small; excellent cuisine; phone.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 54 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms, private baths; excellent home table; references.

82D, 174 WEST, (The Little House.)—Beautiful rooms, newly decorated; delicious home table.

82D, 68 WEST.—Large, small rooms; southern exposure; good home table; reasonable.

83D, 5 WEST. — Unusual accommodations; modern improvements; arrangements for coming season; table guests.

83D, 17 WEST.—Refined Jewish house; excellent table; home surroundings; table guests.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms, en suite, single; superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

85TH, 206 WEST.—Paying guests; refined, homelike surroundings; select locality; references required.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, small rooms, connecting bath; good home cooking; references.

86TH, 139 WEST.—Few attractive rooms, single, en suite; private baths; electricity; excellent table; reference required; Southern family.

86TH, 161 WEST.—Few large, small rooms; finest table and service; references.

89TH, 506 WEST.—Refined Jewish home; can accommodate few people; excellent table. Stajer.

93D, 21 WEST.—Desirable rooms; park, "L," 'phone; permanent guests desired; excellent cuisine.

95TH, 65 WEST, (The Roselle.)—Elegantly furnished large and small rooms; excellent cuisine; table board.

97TH, (745 West End Av.)—Refined private home; select neighborhood; excellent table.

100TH, 235 WEST.—Attractive double rooms, with bath, excellent table, American home.

102D, 249 WEST.—Refined private home opens for select guests; table of bountiful excellence; individual service and attention; only high-class patronage solicited. B. Hamburger, River 6543.

105TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large room, with bath; private residence; service and surroundings unusual; near Riverside.

108TH, 329 WEST, (RIVERSIDE DRIVE.)—Exclusive, restricted neighborhood; beautiful rooms, with or without private bath, exquisite interior furnishing; cuisine and service the best; refined Hebrew surroundings; only permanent guests considered.

120TH, 116 WEST.—Desirable double rooms; permanent guests desired; first class Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2125.

141ST, 527 WEST.—Large room, suitable for two; southern exposure; home cooking.

149TH ST., 544 WEST.—Near subway, the Audubon, thoroughly renovated; light rooms; every comfort; 2, $15 to $20; daily 8 to 12. Audubon 2257.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855. (The Woodbury.)—Two blocks north of 157th subway; furnished and unfurnished; wonderful grounds.

WEST END AV., 344.—Select house; large suite, attractively furnished; double rooms, individual baths; home table; electricity, steam.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Rooms, excellent table; convenient Borough Hall. 1189W Main.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Staten Island.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
20 Minutes' Delightful Sail Manhattan.
50 Lovely Rooms. Excellent Chef and Service.
Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Comforts.
Weekly, $12-$20 per Adult. With Meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

BOARD WANTED.

BUSINESS LADY desires board and room with private, refined family. Washington Square section or Washington Heights. W 169 Times.

Young gentleman wishes accommodations, homelike surroundings, price very moderate; full particulars. P 350 Times Downtown.

BOARD and airy room wanted in west Harlem section by young man; terms requested. P 357 Times Downtown.

YOUNG BUSINESS GIRL desires board with high-class private family. L A 209 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

Rockledge Manor Hotel and Cottage.—Delightful home at moderate prices; convenient to N. Y. City. 124 Bruce Av., Yonkers.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2161.

New Jersey.

ELMWOOD HOTEL,
43-45 South Walnut St.,
East Orange, N. J.
Accommodates 100; fifty bathrooms;
Thirty minutes from Broadway.
Room with private bath and first-class table board for two, $20 to $30.
Room with private bath and first-class table board for one; $13 to $17.
Parlor, bedroom, and private bath with table board for two, $31 to $39.
All rooms handsomely furnished; special reduction to permanent guests.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Av.,
East Orange, N. J.
"30 Minutes from Broadway."
A parlor, bedroom, and private bath in a delightful family hotel, together with excellent meals for two persons, from $30 to $40 per week; situated in beautiful East Orange; 150 trains a day. Take Lackawanna at Hoboken; hotel one block from East Orange station. Write for Booklet.
W. T. READE, Resident Prop.

"Cedar View Inn," North Caldwell, N. J.—Rest cure for refined convalescents and nervous people; home cooking; fresh eggs and milk. Apply H. A. Looney, Manager.

East Orange.—Comfortably furnished rooms; convenient to station; refined environment. 50 South Walnut.

New York State.

Beautiful Modern Country Place—$11-$14; 86 miles. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster County, N. Y.

Country Board Wanted.

A refined married couple desire room and board, at Larchmont or New Rochelle; references exchanged. S. B., 161 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

ALL GUARANTEED CARS.
NO REASONABLE OFFER REFUSED.
VAN DYKE AUTO CO., INC.,
TWO STORES.
1,627 BROADWAY, AT 50TH ST. SUBWAY,
1,700 BROADWAY, CORNER 54TH ST.
L 47 LIBERTY TOURING.
1917 CHANDLER CHUBBY ROADSTER.
1917 OLDSMOBILE CABRIOLET.
1917 MERCER ROADSTER.
1917 CHUBBY ROADSTER.
1917 CADILLAC TOURING.
1917 JEFFERY TOURING.
1917 DODGE ROADSTER.
MANY OTHERS.
VAN DYKE AUTO CO., INC.,
TWO STORES.
1,627 BROADWAY, AT 50TH ST. SUBWAY,
1,700 BROADWAY, CORNER 54TH ST.

A SELECT USED CAR LIST.
ROLLS-ROYCE Nesjor Landaulet (latest imp.)
CADILLAC 1917 Landau, SEDAN.
LANCIA 1916 CONVERTIBLE LIMOUSINE.
WHITE 1916 SPECIAL 4-PASS. COUPE.
FIAT 1916 RIVIERA LANDAULET.
STUTZ 1917 "16-VALVE" SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1917 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
STUTZ 1916 BEARCAT, wire wheels.
OLDSMOBILE 1916 SPECIAL LANDAULET.
MERCER 1916 SPEEDSTER "22-72."
MARMON 1916 CLOVERLEAF.
BURRELLE, 1,704 Broadway, Cor. 54th.

AT THE RIGHT PRICE.
1917 HUDSON SUPER SIX TOURING.
1917 NATIONAL "6" TOURING.
1917 SAXON ROADSTER.
1916 CADILLAC 7-PASS. TOURING.
1916 BUICK BIG SIX TOURING.
1916 NATIONAL "12" TOURING.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
1916 CHEVROLET ROADSTER.
1915 STUTZ ROADSTER.
1915 OVERLAND COUPE, 4-PASS.
1915 WINTON SMALL SIX CABRIOLET.
1915 STUDEBAKER "6" TOURING.
1914 MERCER TOURING.
1914 HAYNES 7-PASS. TOURING.
SPECIAL PURCHASER
AND MANY OTHERS.
Touring cars and runabouts from $225. All cars open to mechanical inspection and demonstration on day, evening, or Sunday, 1 P. M.; all fully equipped and ready for immediate delivery.
BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
Appraisers to the Trade,
1,077 ATLANTIC AV., COR. FRANKLIN, BROOKLYN.

ATTRACTIVE CARS AT RIGHT PRICES.
1917 OVERLAND COUNTRY CLUB.
1916 OVERLAND "Model 75" Touring.
1916 WILLYS KNIGHT "Model 84" Roadster.

ALL OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED.
CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC., BROOKLYN,
BROADWAY AT 50TH ST.

A 1915 FIAT FOREIGN TOURING.
Beautiful 7-passenger, looks like new car, 55 H. P., electric self starter, lights, slip covers, perfect condition, guaranteed; cost, $5,000. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1917 MARMON CHUMMY ROADSTER.
1917 SINGER TOURING.
1917 REO SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE TOURING.
1917 ROSS "38" TOURING, $850.
HUDSON SEDAN.
1917 STEARNS "8" LIMOUSINE; run less than 850 miles.
1916 FRANKLIN LIMOUSINE.
1916 CHALMERS, $625.
1916 KISSEL KAR; Victoria Brougham.
1916 WHITE LIMOUSINE.
1916 HUDSON CABRIOLET.
1916 BUICK LITTLE "6."
SERIES "17" STUDEBAKER, 6-cylinder.
1916 CADILLAC "8."
1916 OLDSMOBILE BABY "4."
1916 DODGE TOURING, $525.
BRAND NEW SAXON ROADSTER, $310.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 57TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays & evenings.—Phone Circle 4057.

BRISCOE for sale; gentleman's entirely new coupe; cost $1,250; 50 per cent. on the dollar if sold today. Ring bell. Automobile on estate all day. Mary Jones, 1,032 Lexington Av.

BUICK 1917 "Little 6" Touring.
Slocum & Harris, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK 1917 touring car; also Buick roadster; bargains. Cock Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

BUICK 1917 touring; run 3,000 miles. Harlem Exchange, 2,061 7th. Morn. 9367.

CADILLAC limousine, 1916, Model 53, 8-cyl., special Amesbury; this car has been repainted and overhauled and renickled, and is in especially fine condition.
DETROIT-CADILLAC MOTOR CAR CO.
536 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Tel. 3240 Mulberry. Used Car Dept.

CADILLAC'S 1917 TOURING ROADSTER, LANDAULETS SEDAN AND VICTORIA.
STUTZ 1917 AND 1916 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
Hudson 1917 Special Racebaout, Walton Body.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1916 touring; excellent condition, $1,500; trade considered. 216 State St., Brooklyn.

CHALMERS, limousine, 1915, 36-B; a beautiful car; lots of extras; tires are all in good condition; overhauled, repainted, guaranteed. A big bargain.

CHALMERS, 1916, 36-C, 7-passenger, like new; very good condition; gives good service for many years to come. Any demonstration. Overhauled, guaranteed. A bargain.
FIAT & PREMIER COMPANY,
1,776 Broadway . . . at 57th Street.

CHANDLER roadster, Pullman chummy, Simplex; limousine bodies; one-man tops; envelopes $1. 20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, 5th floor.

EXCELLENT CARS PRICED LOW.
1917 Overland "Model 83-4B" Touring.
1917 Overland "90" Country Club.
1916 Willys-Knight "84-B" detachable top

OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED.
CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC., BROOKLYN,
1,224 Bedford Av., Corner Hancock St.

FIAT 1915, Model 55, 7-passenger, almost new; cost $5,500; rebuilt in Fiat factory; carries one-year guarantee; a real good buy; complete equipment of tools, same as new car.
FIAT 1915, Model 30, Baby 5-passenger; cost new $4,600; rebuilt at the Fiat factory.
FIAT & PREMIER-COMPANY,
1,776 Broadway, at 57th St.

FRANKLIN 1915 touring, new tires, condition guaranteed; very cheap. Auto Electric Service, 245 West 55th St.

HUDSON 1916 Super-Six town car, wire wheels, shock absorbers, Goodrich cord tires; practically new. Willys-Overland Used Car Dept., Broadway and 50th St.

SITUATIONS WANTED

25 cents per agate line.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

AMERICAN WOMAN, good cook, position working housekeeper; references. Write 302 Amsterdam Av.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER: 15 years' experience; executive ability and initiative; highest credentials; salary, $20. P 304 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER. — Six years' thorough training; one firm; highest references. P 338 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Take entire charge double-entry, controlling accounts, $18. N 85 Times.

BOOKKEEPER; clerk; efficient reliable, familiar with modern systems; references; $16. W 152 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years' experience; competent; $18-$20. W 375 Times Downtown.

BUILDER.—Gowns, blouses, peignoirs; home, out. Glannie, 131 West 56th, Circle 3086.

CLERICAL WORKER.—Good penman; understands filing, office detail. N 82 Times.

GENERAL OFFICE WORK.—5 years present concern; salary $15.; typist; switchboard. 637 Greene Av., Brooklyn.

GRADUATE NURSE.—Woman of refinement wishes position as companion nurse or housekeeper, charge of servants and market; elderly people preferred. W 170 Times.

LAUNDRESS, colored, wants washing, home; open-air drying. Johnson, 147 West 142d St.

NURSE, undergraduate, seeks position as nurse-companion for elderly lady or housekeeper for small family; references. H 191 Times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.
College graduate, stenographer, banking experience, desires change. Box 258 Times, 2 Rector St.

REFINED young lady, high school, social and business secretary graduate, experience, desires position; good salary. W 246 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

SEAMSTRESS, American, would like work by day. M Reilly, 163 East 102d St.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Well educated young woman, American; unusual ability, personality, initiative; can furnish highest credentials. W 157 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Well educated, diplomatic, tactful; available immediately. Secretary, J 57 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, Christian, seven years' export, import, advertising, real estate, brokerage experience, (25,) exceptionally bright, attractive personality; capable assuming responsibilities, $18. P 225 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Refined young lady, good education, desires position with first-class concern; several years' experience; best recommendations; salary $25. H. A., 108 West 95th.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — 8 years' technical experience; high school education; versed up-to-date office methods; quick grasping ideas; no clock watcher; $18. P 222 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — A business-like, energetic young woman desires position as stenographer-secretary; architectural experience; very best of references as to ability, &c.; salary $18-$20. W 181 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian, neat person; ability; college education; good clerical worker; rapid, accurate transcriptions; excellent speller; punctuate, paragraph; letters intelligently; $15. P 298 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; beginner, bright, conscientious, reliable; business school graduate; chance for advancement. Marion Clark, 37 East 58th. Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—10 years' experience; knowledge Spanish; executive ability; well qualified to fill high-class position. N 66 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; experienced executive ability; can speak and translate French; references; salary $18-$20. Box 25, 2,726 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

HUDSON 1917 2-Passenger Speedster, new, never run; carries new car guarantee; cost $4,250; any reasonable offer accepted.

THOMSON Model 37, 5-passenger, late model; self starter; electric lights; many extras; any demonstration; overhauled and repainted; make offer.
FIAT & PREMIER COMPANY,
1,776 Broadway, at 57th Street.

HUPMOBILE 1916 sedan, wire wheels; perfect condition throughout; new tires; price reasonable. 1,764 Broadway, 5th floor.

KISSEL 1917 three passenger runabout. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway.

LANCIA COUPLET,
SEATING THREE.
ELECTRIC STARTING AND LIGHTING.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 5TH AV. PLAZA 4837.

LOCOMOBILE 6-48 seven-passenger 1916 touring; fine condition; can be seen by appointment. Address Box 252 Times, 2 Rector St.

LOZIER 1916, 7-passenger, Summer and Winter top; slip covers, many other extras; complete set tools, tire and pump; overhauled and repainted; guaranteed.
FIAT & PREMIER COMPANY,
1,776 Broadway, at 57th Street.

MARMON 1916, Model 34, 7 passenger touring car; demonstrator. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway, N. Y.

MARMON 1917 touring car; 1917 club roadster; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON 1917, Model 34, 7 passenger touring car. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway, N. Y.

MARMON 1916 seven passenger limousine; like new. Marmon N. Y. Co., 1,880 Broadway, N. Y.

MARMON 1917 four passenger club roadster; like new. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 B'way.

MERCER, 1914, Model M., 5-passenger; all overhauled; many extras; guaranteed; a good buy; trades considered; any demonstration.
FIAT & PREMIER CO.,
1,776 Broadway, At 57th St.

MERCER 1917 raceabout; 1917 touring, 1916 runabout; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MERCER 1916 seven passenger brougham; like new. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway, N. Y.

MITCHELL, late 1917, 7-passenger, almost new; run 4,500 miles; all new Goodrich 36x4 tires; cost new $1,600; complete set tools, jack and pump; many other extras; a real bargain; trades considered.
FIAT & PREMIER CO.,
1,776 Broadway, At 57th St.

NATIONAL six-cylinder 1917 Brougham, slightly used; owner leaving city; price, $2,500. W 171 Times.

NATIONAL 1915 5-PASSENGER TOURING. Gotham Auto Exchange, 1,694 Broadway.

NATIONAL 1916 touring; A1 condition, fully equipped; reasonable. Garage, 154 W. 124th.

OVERLAND 1916 six-cylinder Continental motor, special C. T. Silver four-passenger cleverleaf body, Houk wire wheels, fine paint, machinery in excellent condition; cost $2,500; owner enlisted, will sacrifice for $750. Will demonstrate at private garage, 246 East 19th St., Flatbush. No agents.

OVERLAND 1916 special limousine; in condition. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway, N. Y.

OVERLAND 1917 Country Club; brand new. Harlem Exchange, 2,061 7th Av. Morn. 9367.

OWEN Magnetic 1917 touring; condition new; Stearns latest model eight-cylinder landau; let. Meyers-Stark, 1,790 Broadway, Room 1016.

PACKARD, 1915, 6-cylinder, 5-passenger Packard for sale; completely overhauled and painted. 802 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Crimpbell.

PIERCE-ARROW,
1916-17 MODELS,
WITH OPEN AND CLOSED BODIES.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 5TH AV. PLAZA 4837.

PIERCE-ARROW "38" Limousine; electric system; perfect. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor.

PREMIER, 1917, demonstrator, 4-passenger; electric gear-shift; cost $2,350; run 1,800 miles; almost new car; $1,650.

PREMIER, 1917, 7-passenger demonstrator; electric gear-shift; run 1,500 miles; almost new; $2,350; car has not run enough to call it second-hand; many extras; $1,650.
Cars carry new car guarantee.
FIAT & PREMIER CO.,
1,776 Broadway, at 57th Street.

RENAULT LIMOUSINE 1916,
30 H. P.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 5TH AV. PLAZA 4837.

RUNABOUT.—Classy; new paint and shoes; fully equipped; lights and starter; cash or exchange for touring. Columbus 10245.

SAXON SIX.
New 1917 Saxon touring, never used; leaving city and will sacrifice. Address Box 85, Room 201 1,493 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1916, 3-passenger roadster; many extras; like new; overhauled and guaranteed; big bargain.
FIAT & PREMIER CO.,
1,776 Broadway, At 57th St.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917; run 2,000 miles; perfect condition; bargain; ideal ladies' car. Phone Columbus 8826 for demonstration.

SELL YOUR CAR AT AUCTION; QUICK DECISIONS; SATISFACTORY RESULTS. VAN TASSEL & KEARNEY SALES RING, 130-132 EAST 13TH ST.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1916, 3-passenger roadster; good condition; $450. Telephone Hunters Point 3579.

STEARNS-KNIGHT light 4 limousine town car; Holbrook body, walnut paneling, upholstered in blue broadcloth, overhauled, remodeled, and repainted, repainted royal blue and black; electric lighting and starting; new car equipment; sold with new car guarantee. J. H. Driscoll, 415 West 55th St.

STUDEBAKER 6-cylinder, 1917; 4-passenger coupe, like new; run only 3,000 miles; many extras. A big bargain.

STUDEBAKER, 1916, 6-cylinder, small 7-passenger; electric starter and lights; mirroscope, bumper; extra tire, tube, rim; overhauled and repainted; guaranteed.
FIAT & PREMIER COMPANY,
1,776 Broadway, at 57th Street.

STUTZ 1916 ROADSTER.
Top, side seat, six shoes, perfect mechanically.

REO 1916 TOURING.
With Winter top, excellent shoes, equipment.
FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO.,
1,176 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Decatur 4087.

STUTZ, 1917 SIX-PASSENGER.
Slocum & Harris, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.

STUTZ.—Late 1917, six passenger, like new; price $1,700. Telephone 6690 Tremont.

STUTZ 1916 Bulldog; like new.
Slocum & Harris, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.

"WHITE" Taxi Cars.
Rebuilt 4, 2, 3, 5 Ton Trucks.
Rebuilt Touring Cars and Taxicabs.
Other Well-Known Makes Also.
THE WHITE COMPANY,
Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept. 4 floor. C. A. Smith, Mgr.

WHITE 1915 four passenger touring car. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway, N. Y.

WINTON.
Brand new 7-passenger touring; painted a beautiful deep gray; two extra tires; paint, top, upholstery just like new; in fine mechanical condition; an exceptional opportunity. Mr. Arts, 55a Broad St., Newark, N. J. Tel. Mulberry 3240.

WINTON, 1916, Light Six; repainted, overhauled; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

1916 OLDSMOBILE, $550.
Light five-passenger, complete, like new, guaranteed. Johnes, 305 West 79th.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Motor Trucks.

USED TRUCKS, IMMEDIATE DELIVERY. Packards, autocars, Macks, Sauers, Hewitts. Locomobile Company of America, 16 West 61st St., New York.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARDS. — Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. WILLIAMSON, 204 West 43d St. Phone 8210-8330 Bryant.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, four hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

CADILLAC Limousine; beautiful; hour, trip, monthly preferred; reasonable; owner drives. Phone Circle 2094.

PACKARD; rental service, late models; reasonable rates. 171 East 91st. Lenox 4472.

RENT Regal landaulet

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHERS.

WE DESIRE 4 STENOGRAPHERS WHO HAVE HAD AT LEAST 2 YEARS HIGH SCHOOL TRAINING AND 3 YEARS BUSINESS EXPERIENCE. ONLY COMPETENT GIRLS NEED APPLY. GOOD PAY AND WORKING CONDITIONS.

THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON STREET,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER who has had experience in typewriter bookkeeping and is capable of assuming responsible position as assistant to Treasurer in small, high-class manufacturing business. We are looking for a girl with good education, mathematically inclined, able to master many details, and who will not object to lack of stenographic produce in view of an exceptional opportunity to develop her position into a better position than stenographic work would lead to. Salary to start, $18 to $20, depending on experience. Y 299 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER. — WANTED, FIRST-CLASS STENOGRAPHER; MUST BE FAST AND ACCURATE AND THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH BOTH ENGLISH AND RUSSIAN ALPHABET, SO AS TO TRANSCRIBE ACCURATELY ON ENGLISH AND RUSSIAN TYPEWRITERS; ATTRACTIVE SALARY TO THE PARTY WHO CAN QUALIFY. APPLY IN PERSON OR IN WRITING. REMINGTON ARMS CO., BOSTON AV., BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced in building construction; permanent place, with brilliant prospects; answer with full details, experience, age, salary. Address Box Y 204 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; beginner; high school graduate; $10. J 50 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; no bookkeeping required; permanent position. Newmen-Cavallon Co., 8 West 38th.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper, good, wanted; must have had several years experience; state salary. Address N 79 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; salary, $12-$14. Apply 9:30-10 A. M., Room 1906, 505 5th Av.

STOCK GIRLS.

LORD & TAYLOR REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF GIRLS OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE TO ACT AS STOCK GIRLS.

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT.

CALL BETWEEN 9 AND 11 A. M., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, 7TH FLOOR.

TEACHERS.—An exceptional opportunity for normal school or college trained woman in high-class traveling position; must be 25 to 40 years of age, good personality, and able to demonstrate the fundamental principles of pedagogy; salary and commission; $1,5 0 to $2,500 per year. N. C. McReynolds, 347 5th Av., New York. Vanderbilt 4835. Call afternoons, 2 to 5.

TEACHER, over 25, year's work in educational line, town near New York; salary commensurate with ability. Call Room 7-11, 110 West 34th St.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Experienced, to handle busy board for a large manufacturing concern in Brooklyn; must be neat in appearance; give references and state salary expected. P 263 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS.

LORD & TAYLOR REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL EXPERIENCED TYPISTS.

GOOD SALARY, EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT.

CALL BETWEEN 9 & 11 A. M., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, 7TH FLOOR.

TYPIST AND OFFICE ASSISTANT; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR BRIGHT YOUNG LADY; TO BE CALL BETWEEN 9 AND 11, OR WRITE LUDWIG BAUMANN & CO., BLOCK 8TH AV., 35TH TO 36TH ST.

TYPISTS.—Large publishing house requires the services of typists for their mail order department; those qualifying, a steady position with advancement assured; salary to start $9 per week; apply in person or by letter to Miss E. Hulse, Encyclopaedia Britannica Corporation, 120 West 32d St., N. Y. C.

TYPIST.—Wanted, accurate and rapid typist, to learn dictaphone work; this is not a "blind alley" position; good opportunity for advancement; and valuable experience; stenography not needed; $12 or $10 to start, depending on ability. Write fully, Publisher, Box Y 210 Times Annex.

TYPIST to addressing, &c.; salary to start, $6-$7. Apply 9:30-10 A. M., Room 1606, 505 5th Av.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted; speaking good English; must be generally useful; sew, and take care little girl. Write Rodriguez, Waldorf.

YOUNG GIRL to assist in order room wholesale silver firm. C. A. Vanderbilt, 344 West 38th St.

Employment Agencies.

HIGH-CLASS POSITIONS FOR HIGH-class Women.—Stenographers. We have more positions than we can fill. Spanish stenographers, $25-$30; bill clerk and typist, $15; steno. and bkpr., $15. Register free. Hirst Occupational Exchange, 95 Liberty St.

F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY, 200 Broadway; register free; many superior positions for stenographers, typists, dictaphone, comptometer, and adding machine operators, clerks, bookkeepers.

STENOGRAPHERS, office assistants, typists, bookkeepers; good openings for educated, refined Americans. Clark Agency, 5, Beekman St. Cortlandt 4219.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers; numerous desirable positions; free registration. Van-Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, downtown position, $20; bookkeeper, $15. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.

COLORED help, city, country; references. Hoier's Agency, 422 Lenox Av. F. Harlem 5049.

DOMESTIC HELP, all capacities. Excelsior Agency, 321 Madison Av., Murray Hill 3971.

STENOGRAPHER, $18; twelve, $12-$15; law, $20. Jupp Agency, 87 Nassau.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.

The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in 30 days the average student write 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllab-ic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make ~ ations at once. Call, write, or telephone for trial lesson and concentrate yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

FILE CLERKS.—Our 6 weeks course will teach you more about filing than you could learn by yourself in years; we secure positions for our graduates, paying from $12 up; our day and evening classes are limited, so register now. National Training School for Filing, Shaw Walker Co., 9 Franklin St., city. Telephone Franklin 2261.

$12

this week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES. Instruction in day and evening classes. NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING, Singer Building, N. Y.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING. PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS, seniors and semi-seniors, wanted by a firm of certified public accountants. Tel. Cort. 5397.

ADVERTISING.—A young man with some experience to assist in sales and advertising departments of machinery manufacturer; must be stenographer; opportunity if he can show results; state experience, age, salary. Address Y, H. C., 352 West 13th St.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANIC, with not less than 5 years' shop experience; good pay; steady employment. Detroit-Cadillac Motor Car Co., 27 Atlantic St., Newark, N. J.

HELP WANTED—Male.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES AND HARDware; inside position; experienced. Call Belden Hardware Co., 886 8th Av.

BATTERY MEN.—Men experienced on starting and lighting batteries wanted at once; good salary and permanent position at our main office or branches to the right parties. Starter & Battery Service Co., 240 Central Av., Newark, N. J.

BILL CLERK for heavy hardware line; must have practical experience; state experience, age, and salary. P 341 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent; take complete charge, draw trial balances, &c. Address own handwriting, stating experience, Jonas, 2 West 57th.

BOOKKEEPER, young man, experience in publishing business preferable but not essential; state age, education, experience, and salary expected. X305 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER wanted in high-class brokerage office; young man under 25, of good family and address; state full particulars and salary desired. W 371 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, 19-20; state experience, salary, references. Mercantile, N 72 Times.

BOYS.—The National Cloak & Suit Co., New York's largest mail order house, has openings for 100 boys, 17 to 20 years of age, for various positions, such as order filliers, stock clerks, parcel post packers, etc.

The starting salaries are liberal, the positions are permanent, and the advancement is rapid.

Employment Office open all day.
NATIONAL CLOAK & SUIT CO.,
24th St. and 7th Av.

BOYS, 14 TO 16, WANTED AS MESSENGERS IN THE WALL STREET DISTRICT. APPLY TO DOW, JONES & CO., 44 44 BROAD ST.

BOY in publishing office with knowledge of printing business; fine opportunity for bright, willing worker; state age, experience, and salary. J 52 Times.

BOY, BOY.

Sixteen years or over, by large manufacturing house, in stock; also for errands and make himself useful; excellent opportunity. L. Steinthal & Bro., 906 Broadway.

BOY for errands and general office work in publishing office; must be willing and obliging; excellent opportunity for advancement; state age, experience if any, and salary expected. J 53 Times.

BOY, neat, 17 years old, for job printing and estimating department of large publishing house; chance for advancement. Apply Personnel Department, 216 West 39th St. Mr. E. D. Trumbull.

BOY wanted in the office of an insurance company; must be 15 or 16 years of age, a good penman, reside with parents, and come well recommended. Address P 355 Times Downtown.

BOY, IN OFFICE OF LARGE CORPORATION; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE. J 329 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY to run errands and make himself useful in wholesale house; steady position. Apply after 9 A. M., Van Blankensteyn & Hennings, 471 Broadway.

BOY wanted in printing establishment, 16 years old; good opportunity $6 to start. Fleming & Heavey, 210 W. 59th.

BOY wanted; a bright, active, neat-appearing boy in a downtown law office. P 351 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in export office; good opportunity. Address Peck, P 353 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in office of tea and coffee importers; must be bright and quick. W 370 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted as messenger by a downtown banking house; must come well recommended. W 372 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted by downtown commission house for general office work and errands. Apply Room 75, Cotton Exchange.

BOY, bright of neat appearance, age 18, wanted by a large corporation. R. M., P. O. Box 70, Station D.

BOY in insurance broker's office; good opportunity. C. E. Cooper, 80 Maiden Lane.

BOY.—Office boy in large law office; state reference. J 72 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in publishing house; good salary and prospects. W 174 Times.

BOY.—Office and errand boy wanted. Carter Ink Co., 74 Duane St.

CALL CLERKS, experienced, for notions and general merchandise, steady position, good salary; state age, giving experience and salary. Fancy Goods, J 377 Times Downtown.

CHASERS.—For flat chasing on sterling hollow ware; 50 hours per week; no labor troubles. Whiting Mfg. Company, Bridgeport, Conn.

CHEMIST.

Wanted by cotton print works, dyehouse and bleachery in Massachusetts, chemist to take charge of large, well-equipped laboratory, which has all modern working facilities, including a competent corps of assistants and a complete technical library. Must be young man of agreeable personality, with positive ability, originality and initiative. Previous experience in TINCTORIAL chemistry desirable, but not absolutely essential, provided applicant has thorough chemical knowledge and can learn quickly. Only men of university or equivalent chemical training need apply. Really exceptional opportunity for right man. In answering, state age, habits, training, experience, and salary which would be considered attractive. All applications will be considered strictly confidential. X 378 Times Annex.

CIGAR CLERK, retail, experienced business getter. Mahn, 1,169 Broadway.

CIGAR MAN in club; hours, 6 off, 6 on; salary $60 per month; live at home; state age; must have good referc; steady position for good man. Y. C., 214 Times Downtown.

CLERKS exempt from draft for timekeeping, shipping, and general office work; large manufacturing concern, Jersey City; state age, experience, salary. J 369 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—About 20 years of age in office of corporation. Address, with full particulars, J 374 Times Downtown.

CLERK, experienced in general office work, handling accounts, &c.; state age, experience, salary. P 345 Times Downtown.

CLERK in insurance broker's office; state experience and salary. J 366 Times Downtown.

COLLECTORS.—We have an opening for 3 experienced installment collectors, who are fully acquainted with the streets in Greater New York; salary $2.25 a day, with good opportunity for advancement. Call between 10 and 12 A. M. only, Room 801, 3 West 29th St.

CORRESPONDENT for collection work is required by Greenhut Company; for an experienced man with ability there is a good opportunity; applications to receive consideration, must be in writing, giving full particulars as to experience, age, salary, etc.

CORRESPONDENT'S ASSISTANT for agents' department of a well-known magazine; college man with some knowledge of salesmanship and layout work preferred; literary tastes, exempt from draft; state age, experience; salary, start at $20 per week. Y 206 Times Annex.

COST CLERK wanted, expert, in munition business. Apply Bridgeport Projectile Company, Bridgeport, Conn.

DRAFTSMEN.

Men experienced in the design of small mechanical and electrical apparatus; to men of ability and technical education we offer permanent positions, with excellent opportunities for advancement. Call or write Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR. — NEAT YOUNG MAN, OVER 21; EXPERIENCED ON OTIS HYDRAULIC PASSENGER CAR. CALL BETWEEN 8 & 9, OR WRITE LUDWIG BAUMANN & CO., BLOCK, 8TH AV., 35TH TO 36TH STS.

FOREMAN wanted for construction work at Norfolk Navy Yard; work consisting of building concrete tunnels in open trench, excavation with ground water and laying cast iron pipe. Apply to the Carroll Electric Co., 714 12th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
Require the services of experienced
WATCHMAKERS
Apply For their
Jewelry Workroom.
Apply Superintendent's office, fifth floor.

HOUSE SERVANT.—Colored man as house servant; city references required. 12 East 7th St.

INDIVIDUAL LEDGER KEEPER for downtown office; hours, 9 to 5; state age, experience, and salary expected. P 342 Times Downtown

INTERIOR DECORATIVE SALESMEN WANTED.—ONLY THOSE ACCUSTOMED TO THE HIGHEST TYPE OF CLIENTELE, THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH VALUES, CORRECT STYLES AND WITH EVERY BRANCH OF THE BUSINESS; STATE DEFINITELY EXPERIENCE AND REFERENCES, SALARY. N 397 TIMES ANNEX.

INSURANCE SALESMEN.

Our new proposition is designed to fit present conditions and is an unprecedented success; if you are not making money we can show you how our men are doing it; commission and drawing account; come in and talk it over. Mr. Wolfe, sixth floor, 120 West 32d St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

JANITOR for 20-family apartment house; steam heat, telephone; must do small repairs; rent free and $25 per month. Apply Tuesday, 8:30 A. M., A. R. E. Co., 1,029 East 163d, corner Southern Boulevard.

JANITOR.—Man and wife for 59-family apartment; must do small repairs; rent free and $60 per month. Apply Tuesday, 8:30 A. M., A. R. E. Co., 1,029 East 163d, (corner Southern Boulevard.)

JUNIORS FROM 14 TO 18 YEARS OF AGE AS STORE MESSENGERS, STOCK ASSISTANTS, AND OFFICE WORK; STEADY POSITIONS, WITH EXCELLENT CHANCE OF ADVANCEMENT. AT WANAMAKER'S. APPLY AT JUNIOR OFFICE, BASEMENT, NEW BUILDING.

LEDGER CLERK, experienced; must be quick and accurate; good opportunity; state salary and experience. J. M., Box 20 Times.

MACHINISTS, moulders, an around men, engine lathe, planer, boring mill, steady work; no labor trouble; good wages. Apply Room 6, Barge Office, Battery Park, New York City.

MAN and WIFE wanted, of intelligence and refinement, to take charge of a group of thirty boys in a Jewish institution near New York; $70 per month, with maintenance; advancement if satisfactory. Address, stating age and number in family, School, X 360 Times Annex.

MAN wanted, draft exempt; who understands how to keep records; one with experience in converting preferred; must write a good hand, and have first-class references; one who is a stenographer preferred. Address, stating salary wanted, giving full details. Record, 239 Times Downtown.

MAN AND WIFE.—Man to care for and drive automobile and take care of small grounds; woman to do cooking and general housework; location Ridgewood, N. J. X 398 Times Annex.

MAN, between 50 and 60, for light office work, afternoons and evenings; $10 weekly. J 375 Times Downtown.

MOTION PICTURE PRINTER wanted at once; state experience and salary. Lincoln Parker, 70 West Boylston St., Worcester, Mass. (Laboratory Department.)

OFFICE ASSISTANT. — BRIGHT YOUNG MAN, 17 TO 18; STEADY POSITION WITH SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL BETWEEN 8 & 9, OR WRITE LUDWIG BAUMANN & CO. BLOCK, 8TH AV., 35TH TO 36TH STS.

OFFICE BOY.—GOOD CHANCE FOR BRIGHT AND WILLING BOY OF 16 TO 18. CALL BETWEEN 8 & 9, OR WRITE LUDWIG BAUMANN & CO., BLOCK, 8TH AV., 35TH TO 36TH STS.

OFFICE BOY, 16 YEARS OF AGE, LARGE PUBLISHING HOUSE; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY 251 47TH AV.

OFFICE BOY wanted by downtown commission house; about 16 years old; must come well recommended. Address P 279 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted in law office; must be neat and willing; previous experience not essential. Call Room 2208, 37 Wall St.

OFFICE BOY.—Young man, 17 or older, for work in insurance office; salary $7 per week. Apply Room 1350, 100 William St.

OFFICE BOY wanted by large corporation; good future; salary $9. N 80 Times.

OFFICE BOY and messenger. 120 Broadway, Room 1131, Equitable Building.

OFFICE MANAGER and Credit Man experienced in manufacturing or jobbing wearing apparel line; one not afraid of hard work and willing to advance on merit; must be good correspondent and able to execute orders minutely; write in detail, stating age, experience, references, &c. J 378 Times Downtown.

PACKERS.—Two, experienced, accustomed to packing shelf and light hardware; must be capable of handling large volume of work; good salary; permanent. Address, stating age, experience, salary expected. J 47 Times.

PACKERS.—Experienced fancy goods packers. J. C. Dowd & Co., 95 Madison Av., City.

PAYROLL CLERK.—Young man, with experience in factory payrolls, for night work; state age, education, experience, and salary expected. X394 Times Annex.

PATTERN MAKERS AND MOLDERS wanted; a few first class men by well-equipped iron foundry in South; pleasant Winter work. Write Y 207 Times Annex.

PROGRAM SOLICITORS

for book being issued by prominent Military Organization; big proposition; live wires; experienced men and women only; commission. Call Gramercy 1641.

REPORTER.—Prominent trade journal needs young man as city reporter; to applying give age, experience, and salary. W 367 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN
FOR
DRESS GOODS.

Lord & Taylor require the services of several experienced dress goods salesmen.

Call between 9 and 11 A. M.
Superintendent's Office,
7th Floor.

SALESMEN WANTED.

We require the service of a few high-grade salesmen; rapid advancement when ability is proved; must meet our requirements; commission with drawing account and transportation for out-of-town salesmen. Britannica Corporation, 120 West 32d St.

SALESMAN.

A large corporation is increasing its sales force; must have first-class salesmen; commission and drawing account; state age and qualifications. Confidential. Box H 79 Times.

SALES MANAGER wanted by old-established wholesale liquor firm; party must have the ability to be able to produce a certain amount of sales per month and have experience in advertising and circulating, in general to take charge of the sales department; good position open for the man who can produce results; no applications considered unless full particulars are given; straight salary. Y 203 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman wanted by old and reliable wholesale liquor firm for the New York and Brooklyn territory; good opening for right party; when writing give all details, otherwise applications not considered; drawing account. Y 202 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, neat appearance and selling ability; opportunity to make from $3 to $5 a day, selling our special $10 accident and sickness and automobile accident policies; big commission; get in touch with our proposition immediately. Fred J. Schaefer & Co., Managers, 1,123 Broadway, New York.

SALESMEN, (4,) neat appearance, with selling ability, to call on Brooklyn families; permanent; salary and commission. Call 9 to 11 A. M. only, N. Y. Medical Service Co., 84 Broadway, corner Berry St., Brooklyn. Leave any car crossing Williamsburg Bridge at Bedford Av.

SALESMEN.—Manufacturer of electric specialties wants high-grade city salesmen over 31; must be well established with the electrical trade and furnish good references; state experience and salary wanted. W 55 Times.

SALESMAN to sell full line glass bottles, jars, &c., in metropolitan district; must have experience in this line; give full particulars and salary wanted. Address W 368 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.

Strong line of children's dresses, city and vicinity; only one selling to first-class retail trade need apply; salary. S. C. 280 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, lace, embroidery, and cotton goods, for North, South Carolina; only experienced man with trade need apply; salary or commission. Wohl, South & Co., 152 5th Av.

SALESMAN, retail rugs, with some experience in Oriental, Chinese, and Japanese; good salary to clever, able man. Harris, 1,123 Broadway, northwest corner 25th St.

HELP WANTED—Male

SALESMAN wanted; an expert motor truck salesman who has successfully sold trucks in the metropolitan district; salary or commission. H 190 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK WANTED

FOR CITY DELIVERIES,

MEN'S CLOTHING STORE.

VOGEL & CO., 167 EAST 125TH.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Experience essential; one accustomed to handling men familiar with all routes leading to and from city. Address, stating age, experience, salary expected, J 46 Times.

SHOE SALESMAN.—Must be experienced; steady position; references required. H. W. Baldwin Co., 508 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SILVERWARE SUPERINTENDENT.—Wanted, a practical, experienced man for superintendent of a factory manufacturing white metal and nickel silver-plated hollowware, located in Hamilton, Canada; applicants must be familiar with modern methods of manufacture, with a good general education, technical or mechanical training, capable of organizing and systematizing work for the accomplishment of efficiency and economy of operation; preferably a married man, 35 to 40 years of age; an opportunity for the right man; state your age, experience, and salary desired. "Superintendent," Box 350, Hamilton, Canada.

SILVERSMITHS.—For large hollow ware in sterling silver; 50 hours per week; no labor troubles. Whiting Mfg. Company, Bridgeport, Conn.

SOLICITORS.—For advertising business; on commission basis; must be live men, capable of showing results. Apply Interstate Publicity Corporation, 45 East 22d St.

SOLICITOR on commission basis on high-class trade journal; attractive proposition for right man. 717 Woolworth Bldg., N. Y.

SPOONMAKERS.—For sterling silverware; 50 hours per week; no labor troubles. Whiting Mfg. Company, Bridgeport, Conn.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; must have executive ability; capable of answering correspondence without dictation; assist in general office work, filing, and ambitious to succeed; salary $18 per week to start; in reply please state age, experience, &c. X 359 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.

Experienced man on dictaphone wanted; must be capable of taking rapid shorthand notes and operating typewriter accurately; must be willing to go out of town; salary $35 per week. Call Room 202, 74 Cortlandt St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent to assume secretarial position with responsibility in business in real estate company; one having slight knowledge of building management preferred; state qualifications in writing. J 75 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; rapid and accurate at figures; must be penman; wholesale poultry house; good salary. Apply Tuesday, between 8 and 12, 180 Chambers St.

STOCK BOYS.

Lord & Taylor have several desirable positions for boys over 16 years of age to act as Stock Boys.

Excellent opportunity for advancement.

Call between 9 and 11 A. M.
Superintendent's Office,
7th Floor.

STOCK CLERK.—YOUNG MAN EXPERIENCED IN HOUSE FURNISHINGS DEPARTMENT; CALL BETWEEN 8 & 9, OR WRITE LUDWIG BAUMANN & CO., BLOCK, 8TH AV., 35TH TO 36TH STS.

STOCK SALESMAN. — Experience unnecessary; very liberal terms; commission. John M. Gregory & Co., 10 Wall St., Suite 514.

STOVE REPAIR MAN.—EXPERIENCED; STEADY POSITION. CALL BETWEEN 8 & 9, OR WRITE LUDWIG BAUMANN & CO., BLOCK, 8TH AV., 35TH TO 36TH STS.

STRONG BOY to deliver packages and make himself useful in shipping department; chance for advancement. Apply Tuesday, A. M., eighth floor, 67 Irving Place.

TOOL DESIGNERS.

We require several first-class men on small work, such as punches and dies, jigs and fixtures, &c., in our designing office at 203 Broadway, 9th floor. Western Electric Co., Inc.

WANTED FOR GUARD DUTY.—Men who have had military training preferred, between ages of 21 and 45, who are exempt from draft and can furnish highest references from past employers. Write for application blank to H. H. Alcock, New England Westinghouse Co., Chicopee Falls, Mass.

WINDOW DRESSER and card writer; young man, thoroughly experienced; unusual opportunity for advancement. Address, stating age, to B. Goldsmith, Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

YOUNG MAN, 17 or 18 years of age, in office of wholesale hardware firm to learn the hardware business, for which thorough training is necessary; high school graduate preferred; fixed line of promotion, starting on mailing desk at $7 per week, with advance in pay and position in three months and again in six months. Address W 369 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to assist in buying silks; those who are thoroughly experienced in the silk line and have been with manufacturing concern need apply. Call Wednesday, Scherr Bros., 546 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN wanted, not over 18 years old, with knowledge of stenography and typewriting; good chance for advancement; salary to begin, $8 per week. P 361 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted as assistant shipping clerk in iron warehouse. Address, with reference, Egleston Bros. & Co., 166 South St.

YOUNG MAN, with sufficient knowledge of the printing business to estimate on and execute orders. Apply Mr. Katz, Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

YOUNG MAN.—Advertising office offers an opening for a young man to learn the business; small salary to start. F. R., 144 Times.

YOUNG MEN, age 17 to 18, to make themselves generally useful in the biggest stationery store in New York; unusual opportunity to learn a good business; rapid advancement. Apply after 11 A. M. to B. Goldsmith, Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

YOUNG MAN wanted in large fire insurance office; must be intelligent; salary, $10 week; state age, religion, and education. P 366 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN, three or four, about 18 years, of good family and education, as beginners in banking house. W 177 Times.

YOUTH, ambitious, with newspaper or advertising experience and a desire to work hard for brilliant future, has opportunity to start in fast growing advertising agency; working hours now 4 to 6 P. M. daily and Sunday; $9 weekly. Brown Advertising Agency, Room 408, 99 Nassau St.

Employment Agencies.

HIGH-CLASS POSITIONS FOR HIGH-class Men.—Accountant-auditor, factory exper., $2,000-$2,500; accountants, $2,000; engineers, draftsmen, night watchman; rodman, $10. Register free. Hirst Occupational Exchange, 95 Liberty St.

F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY, 200 Broadway.—Register free. Executive accountants, filing department head, stenographers, junior clerks, engineers, draftsmen.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers; free registration. Miss Lynch's Agency, 303 5th Av., (31st St.)

SECRETARIAL splendid openings, all branches office, $10-$15. Mighill Agency, Flatiron Building.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.
C. P. HASSON. J. J. McLAUGHLIN.

Instruction.

Ability to judge men is a necessary qualification for thousands of high-grade positions in business today. Increase your earning power. Vocational Counseling Course (evenings) provides practical instruction. Open to both men and women. Write for admission card to opening session; also write for Booklet 80. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

MEN WANTED IMMEDIATELY

to be trained as MECHANICAL dentists; big demand; big salaries; remarkably short and thorough course; no book study; simply laboratory training; attend any time of day or evening. Write us today for free Booklet 80. Dentists' Laboratories School, 25 West 45th St. Finest in America. First licensed by Regents.

PRIVATE SECRETARY course.

PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of N. Y.; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required.

$12

this week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes; send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The following army orders were issued today by the War Department:

Medical Reserve Corps.

Arnold, 1st Lt. H. S., to Univ. of Penn. for temp. duty, then to his station.
Gatewood, 1st Lt. L. C., to Ft. Des Moines, as inst.
Dorsett, 1st Lt. R. S., to home.
Bunting, 1st Lt. J. T., to Camp Bowie, in div. of oto-laryngology.
Matz, 1st Lt. F. B., and Ward, 1st Lt. W. B., to Camp Travis.
Edgerton, 1st Lt. A. E., to Camp Doniphan, in div. of oto-laryngology.
Jackson, 1st Lt. Rt to Camp Beauregard, in div. of oto-laryngology.
Knight, 1st Lt. I. W., to Camp Dix.
Lalley, 1st Lt. W. J., to Camp Meade.
Ingo, 1st Lt. F. M., to Camp Greenleaf, for inst.
Loomis, 1st Lt. P. A., to Camp Bowie, to examine troops for tuberculosis and cardiovascular conditions.
Gurthrie, 1st Lt. M. B., to Chicago for inst.
Bonoff, 1st Lt. K. M., to Los Angeles for inst.
Gardner, 1st Lt. L. H., previous orders revoked.
Shimer, 1st Lt. W. S., assigned to Examining Board, Av.Sec., Sig. O.R.C.
Smith, Maj. W. H., to report to Surg. Gen.
Phifer, 1st Lt. E. M., to Camp Grant.
Stirling, 1st Lt. W. C., Jr., to Camp Taylor.
Mason, Capt. L. L., to Ft. Benj. Harrison.
McMullan, 1st Lt. T. S., to Camp Greenleaf for inst.
Chamberlain, Capt. G. E., hon. discharged.
Jones, Capt. E. B., Eller, 1st Lt. V. B., and Herman, 1st Lt. F. H., assigned to 24 Regt. Eng.

Following to Hoboken, N. J., for duty with the surgeon:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Bernstein, J.	Lynch, J. A.
Gillette, J. M.	Mitchell, J. H., Jr.
Heffter, O. H.	Strauss, S.
Lawler, C. A.	Toporoff, J.

Webb, Capt. G. B., to Camp Bowie to examine troops for tuberculosis and cardiovascular conditions.

Following report by telegraph to West. Dept.:

CAPTAINS.

Soper, A. C., Jr.	Thompson, J. D.
Green, A. D. Y.	Van Cleve, A. C.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Benyas, N. M.	Palmer, G. H.
Berry, S. F.	Parr, R. C.
Besson, L. S.	Partlow, K. L.
Birchfield, G. J.	Peterson, E. A.
Brachvogel, M. W.	Rinkin, J. S.
Brooke, L. W.	Ross, D. R.
Brunjes, D. G.	Schoff, C. E.
Byrd, R. D.	Schroeder, F. H.
Carl, A. G.	Scott, Wm. G.
Carter, R. S.	Sims, L. B.
Clancy, R. W.	Smalley, C. A.
Cilzer, C.	Smiley, A. C.
Angulo, J. D.	Smith, C. E.
Fields, R. H.	Smith, C. H.
Franklin, J. H.	Smith, L. C.
Fraser, M. W.	Stone, H.
Gallagher, H.	Standard, S. C.
Gaunt, G. G.	Steinberg J.
Hale, N. G.	Swackhamer, W. B.
Hawkins, G. G.	Swenson, E. J.
Hromadka, A. B.	Swift, F. E.
Jones, J. P.	Temple, J.
Kennedy, M. R.	Tobin, P. A.
Lisenring, L. M.	Turner, K. B.
McKibben, E. C.	Turner, S. A.
McKillop, J. E.	Webb, J. E.
McManus, F. P.	Webster, E. P.
McFleeters, G. C. H.	Wharton, C. G.
Matthis, J. O.	Wilson, L. J.
Monroe, D. D.	Woodruff, E. L.
Montgomery, R. B.	Woodward, E. P.
Newnyer, P. L.	Worley, H. F.
Noble, C. S.	Young, J. A.
Paine, J. C.	Zirker, D. W.

Wemple, Capt. L. R.; Seidenfeld, 1st Lt. L. G.; Tolmann, 1st Lt. G. P., and Williams, 1st Lt. H. D., assigned to West. Dept.

Following to Oglethorpe for instruction:

CAPTAINS.

Barker, J. A.	Moor, F. C.
Kent, H. C.	Murray, F. A. G.
Marable, J. H.	Summers, C. K.
Meyer, L. L.	Swanson, J. R.

Brown, Maj. G. A.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Abernthy, F. L.	Knappenberger, M. T.
Abramowitz, A. B.	Lazenby, E. A.
Arnold, M. W.	Lewis, G. R.
Ashmun, G. A.	Lyon, W.
Auer, C.	Mann, H. B.
Bachrach, D.	McCall, J. W.
Baldwin, A. G.	McCormick, A. F.
Barthmaler, F. F.	McDonald, A. F.
Behen, W. C.	McKenna, J. A.
Blanchester, W. H.	Merlin, E. J.
Robley, A. L.	Meyer, J. J.
Bryan, C.	Mims, F.
Bunch, C. T.	Minor, Dabney.
Canter, W. B.	Munro, J. W.
Cathey, A. D.	Nettleton, D. B.
Cheney, G. P.	Nicholson, L. B.
Cafree, W. M.	Nye, C. F.
Crosby, L. A.	Obrien, F. J.
Cook, B. J.	O'Dea, P. J.
Cook, G. L.	Ogden, M. D.
Dodson, R. B.	O'Leary, J. J.
Deibel, H.	Owens, J. P.
Doust, B. C.	Peacock, C. A.
Dorr, H. R.	Pettus, J. J.
Dunbar, E. A.	Phillips, C. H.
Evans, R. M.	Reidt, U. H.
Flynn, J. H.	Rettter, G. S.
Ginley, F. M.	Rock, J. W.
Geid, T. B.	Robinson, J. D.
Glatzau, L. W.	Rice, A. W.
Goldstein, W. H.	Senter, C. R.
Goldman, H.	Sheridan, M. J.
Graham, R. E.	Sherrill, J. D.
Goodrett, J. W.	Smith, A. J.
Graham, C. T.	Smith, E. B.
Hadley, L. A.	Smith, E. M.
Harrison, W. J.	Stewart, G. E.
Hamilton, R. E.	Stewart, R. E.
Hellman, H. C.	Strauss, R. E.
Healey, B. C.	Tarkington, G. H.
Heyer, F. W.	Thuringer, J. M.
Higgins, G. S.	Tratand, J. H., Jr.
Henry, W. B.	Trowel, W. B.
Hoffman, W. E.	Turlington, L. F.
Hughes, J. P.	Wagner, J. R.
Johnson, H. B.	Walker, A. A.
Johnson, P. E.	Watkins, G. M.
Jones, A. B.	Well, A.
Jones, W. H.	Whitlear, J. H.
Kalbaugh, A. B.	Wilson, B.
Kibby, S. V.	Woods, T. B.

Engineer Reserve Corps.

Roper, 1st Lt. J. H., to Ann. Univ. as student at training camp.

Following to Camp McClellan with 104th Eng.:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Ross, H. B.	Troxell, W. W.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Jones, K. B.	Martin, C. B.

Following report by letter to Director of the United States Geological Survey for duty in connection with milty. mapping.

CAPTAINS.

Fowler, A. T.	Duke, B.
Gerdine, Maj. T. G.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Burkland, A. O.	Blackburn, J. E.
Meade, A. P., Jr.	Semper, H.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Ballmer, N. E.	Holder, C. C.
Crisp, F. W.	Leavitt, J. B.
Birkett, D. S.	Monbe

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Note $5,000, of the Teague Hardware Co., Montgomery, Ala., dated June 13, 1917, due Nov. 15, 1917, payable at the office of E. Naumburg & Co., 14 Wall St., New York City. Payment stopped; finder warned not to negotiate same. E. Naumburg & Co., 14 Wall St., New York City.

LOST.—Note, $5,000, of Leopold Adler, Savannah, Ga., dated July 21, 1917, due Dec. 21, 1917, payable at the Citizens National Bank, New York. Payment stopped; finder warned not to negotiate same. E. Naumburg & Co., 14 Wall St., New York City.

LOST—Diamond circle pin, vicinity Grand Central Station and Hotel Belmont, or on Train 12, Car 726, Section A, 9 o'clock from Adirondacks; very liberal reward on return to Chauncey & Co., 61 Broadway. Rector 852.

LOST—Between 44th St. and 50th Av. and Jamaica and Long Island Railroad Station, large white envelope containing currency bills. Finder kindly correspond with W. V. Joyce, 92 Liberty St. Telephone 102 Rector.

LOST—Between Herald Square and West 86th St., Sunday night, lady's handbag containing purse, railroad tickets and letters. Reward if returned to 29 West 42d St., Room 505.

LOST—On Staten Island, watch fob with A. S. M. E. pin and Sigma Xi, key, engraved Walter Freund. Kindly return to Room 713, Pennsylvania Station. Reward.

LOST, Sept. 2, between navy yard, Brooklyn, and Park Row unaddressed parcel containing spectacles in double addressed box, camera films, and small articles. Address H 192 Times.

LOST—Between 771 West End Av. and Riverside Theatre, 96th St. and Broadway, diamond and onyx ring set in platinum. Liberal reward offered for return.

LOST—A gentleman's pearl scarfpin weighing five grains; has four diamonds beneath; liberal reward; no questions asked. Goldberg & Blumen, 121 Canal St.

LOST—Brown fur scarf, between Blue Point and Islip, Sunday afternoon; liberal reward. Return to Mrs. H. B. Boyce, 219 West 80th St., New York.

LOST—Monday afternoon, diamond horseshoe pin, between 79th and 83d Sts., Broadway and Amsterdam Av. Liberal reward. Henry N. Dunning, 172 West 79th St.

LOST—Silver bag, at Henderson's, Coney Island; initials I. M. D. inside. Finder keep money, return bag. Donahue, 1,942 61st St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Round, black automobile wardrobe bag, on road from Roslyn to Flushing. Finder please advise Mr. Condict, 2 Rector St., New York.

LOST.—Monday afternoon, on 5th Av. bus, small black patent leather traveling bag. Reward. Olive D. Willey. Telephone Flushing 2311M.

LOST—From motor car, between Toms River and Jersey City, moleskin collar with satin tie. Reward if returned to Rotary Club, Hotel Imperial.

LOST.—Friday, between Broad and 56th Sts., pearl circle pin. C. Eldridge, 144 East 56th St. Phone Plaza 6417. Reward.

LOST—Pocketbook containing large amount cash and railroad ticket. Liberal reward. Tyler Nordlinger, 21 East 49th St.

LOST—A gold wrist watch, octagon shape; reward. Riverside 1684.

LOST—Gold wrist watch, 57th St.; reward. Kohn, 20 West 37th St.

REWARD for return of diamond platinum bar pin, 15 diamonds. Theodore A. Kohn & Son, 521 5th Av.

$50 REWARD for information leading to recovery of Scottish terrier, answering to name of Sandy; dark gray, long body and tail, short legs, wire hair; easily identified, has recently been clipped; no questions asked. George Fogarty, Mills & Gibb Corp., 22d St. and 4th Av., New York.

$200 REWARD

for gold platinum meshbag, set with sapphires and diamonds in clasp, last Sept. 15th from automobile, between East Islip and East Hampton.

Tiffany & Co., Fifth Av. and 37th St.

FOR MEN OF BUSINESS.

To obtain sound views on the great commercial problems of the day, The Annalist is consulted by thousands of earnest thinkers. A magazine of wide influence. Every Monday, 10 cents; $4 a year by mail.—Advt.

NO TAMMANY WHEN HYLAN IS NOTIFIED

Murphy Will Keep in Background at Formal Opening of Campaign.

SHERIFF SMITH TO ATTEND

But That Is Because as a Candidate He Must Be Present on Thursday Evening.

The Tammany Mayoralty campaign will be formally opened on Thursday evening, when County Judge John F. Hylan, Charles L. Craig and Sheriff Alfred E. Smith, candidates for Mayor, Controller and President of the Aldermen, respectively, on the Tammany-Democratic Fusion ticket will be notified of their nomination and in response will discuss the issues on which they will make their appeal to the voters.

Under a plan agreed upon by Tammany Hall and its organized allies in the present Mayoralty campaign, Tammany will keep in the background as much as possible from the very start. Samuel Untermyer will make the principal notification speech. Aside from the name of Sheriff Alfred E. Smith, who is frankly a Tammany man and who, being a candidate, must be present as a matter of course, there is not a Tammany name that stands out on the whole list of members of the Notification Committee. The organizations to be represented at the ceremonies are the Business Men's League, the Democratic Fusion Committee of One Hundred and Seventy, the League of Independent Voters and the Citizens' Democracy. Tammany Hall, the important and tangible factor behind the candidacy of Judge Hylan and his colleagues, is not mentioned at all on the formal announcement of the notification sent out last night from the headquarters of the Democratic Fusion Committee.

The notification ceremonies will be held at the headquarters of the Democratic Fusion Committee, 50 East Forty-second Street, beginning at 8:30 in the evening. After the candidates have been notified and the speeches of acceptance made, the committee will discuss campaign plans behind closed doors.

The members of the Notification Committee are William P. Burr, Colonel L. D. Conley, and Edwin O. Wood of New York County; Francis L. Carrao, Andrew T. Sullivan, and John J. Curtin of Kings County; Alfred J. Amend, George N. Reinhardt, and William A. Cokeley of Bronx County; Peter J. Brady, George B. Hanavan, and Edward Rocho of Queens County, and Charles D. Durkee, John Croak, and George W. Stake of Richmond County.

Peter J. Brady, President of the Allied Printing Trades Council and member of the Democratic Fusion Committee, replied yesterday to the statement made by H. E. Miles, praising the Gary system. Opposition to the Gary plan which has been introduced in some of the public schools during the Mitchel administration will be a feature of the Tammany campaign. Mr. Brady said in part:

"Mr. Miles defends the Gary system because it will, as he says, 'establish a national efficiency.' The 'national efficiency' which Mr. Miles wants is efficiency from the standpoint of the large employer and exploiter of labor. Mr. Miles speaks as the agent of big business interests of the country, which include the Rockefeller industries and their allies. He is Chairman of the Committee on Industrial Education of the National Association of Manufacturers, an organization that has declared war on union labor. He was formerly Chairman of the Committee on Vocational Education of the United States Chamber of Commerce.

"The desire of the National Association of Manufacturers for 'national efficiency' in the education of the children of our workers is additional confirmation of the charge made in the platform of the Democratic Fusion Committee, on which Judge John F. Hylan, its candidate for Mayor, stands, that 'The Gary system proposes to make our public schools an annex to the mill and factory.'

"In his statement Mr. Miles pleads for the Gary system on the ground that it will make 'better mechanics.' This attitude of Mr. Miles and the other Mitchel defenders is in strict observance of the Rockefeller educational policy for the plain people as announced by Dr. Frederick T. Gates, of the Rockefeller General Educational Board in a statement in the 'Country School of Tomorrow.' Dr. Gates said, 'We shall not try to make these people, or any of their children into philosophers, or men of learning, or men of science. We are not to raise up from them authors, orators, poets or men of letters. We shall not search for embryo great artists, painters and musicians. Nor will we cherish even the humbler ambition to raise up among them lawyers, doctors, preachers, politicians, statesmen of whom we now have an ample supply.'"

KILLS AMERICAN CORPORAL.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Sept. 17.—Telegraphic advices from Guantanamo today report the death of an American Corporal as the result of a fight with a Spaniard.

Companions of the Corporal tried to take the Spaniard to the naval station, but the local police seized the prisoner and confined him in jail. The name of the Corporal is not given in the dispatches.

Try a 60¢ Box of IN-B-TWEENS (12 Cigars) TO-DAY

For Sale Everywhere.

CORRIGAN ATTACKS SWANN.

Says People Should Oust "Political District Attorney."

Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan, who is running for District Attorney on an independent ticket, said yesterday that his campaign was being based on the proposition that the "political District Attorney" is fast becoming an unpopular figure in public life. He said:

"New York County has been afflicted in this respect for many years. All remember how the voters took matters into their own hands when they gave Judge William Travers Jerome control of this office. There is no good reason why the people should not re-enact that performance today. We have the testimony of Mayor Mitchel that the District Attorney's department of our county government has been sunk in the mire of politics, and to the mind of the fair man, who looks to that quasi-judicial officer for purity of intention, at least, retention of the present incumbent offers no hope for the betterment of conditions.

"The daily camouflage now being sent out of the District Attorney's office reeks with the very things which I have charged against a political District Attorney. Surely it is evident that, however excellent the personality of the prosecuting officer may be, of necessity he must heed his master's voice and pull the chestnuts out of the fire when bidden."

Can Find No Trace of School Girl.

The disappearance of Caroline Grimshaw, the 16-year-old schoolgirl who left her home at 953 East Twenty-second Street, Brooklyn, on the morning of Sept. 6, is still a mystery. The police and her brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Pfeiffer, with whom she lived, have searched for her in vain. While Mr. Pfeiffer cannot account for her absence, he does not believe that she met with foul play.

Authority

Hart Schaffner & Marx designers express the best there is in American styles for American Men.

The new Fall Hart Schaffner & Marx suits and Overcoats are described and beautifully illustrated in the

Hart Schaffner & Marx Fall Style Book

Drop in for this interesting book. If you can't come in, write or telephone and we shall be glad to mail you a copy.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th

246-248 West 125th } Open
3d Ave., cor. 122d } Evenings

MATERNITY

"THE MOTHERS STORE"

Lane Bryant is a name every mother knows. It is famous both for special apparel for expectant mothers and for wonderful baby clothes. Patented adjustments allow necessary expansion without alteration, always insuring even hang. These same pretty clothes are just as satisfactory after figure returns to normal.

Prices no higher than ordinary clothes.

Lane Bryant, 21-23 West 38th St.

DANGER!

It lurks in every pest that enters your home, factory or store—you should do all you possibly can to exterminate these dangerous carriers of disease.

We guarantee the absolute extermination of Bed Bugs, Roaches, Ants, Fleas, Rats, Mice, Beetles, etc. Send for estimates and full information.

ORIENTAL VERMIN EXTERMINATING CO.

198 BROADWAY N.Y. PHONE CORTLANDT 730

ADVERTISE PROMPTLY.

Do not bewail your fate on ascertaining the loss of some valued article. Telephone 1000 Bryant, and next day an advertisement will appear in The New York Times which will facilitate recovery.—Advt.

"Built Like a Skyscraper"

A slender silk thread, in a child's hand, is strong enough to make a heavily-loaded Shaw-Walker drawer "coast" open (from actual photograph).

SHAW-WALKER STEEL LETTER FILES

MAKE this test yourself. See how smooth the drawer action is. How noiseless.

Bang the door shut. It won't rebound. Stays shut without superfluous mechanism.

Shaw-Walkers are "Built Like a Skyscraper." And go the skyscraper one better, because they're electric-welded into one piece of solid steel. No nuts—bolts—rivets—rods—screws.

Compare a Shaw-Walker with the files in your office. See why we say: "If they're not the best files you ever used, *your money back.*"

Phone us now to send you one. Franklin 2261.

WOOD FILES

Shaw-Walker also manufactures a complete line of filing cabinets in wood; as well as supplies for all files.

SHAW-WALKER

60 Franklin St. New York

Chicago—Washington—Detroit—New Orleans
St. Louis—London

Complete Catalog of Wood Files, Steel Files, File Desks, File Safes and Supplies for all files on request.

"Built like a Skyscraper"
SHAW WALKER
STEEL LETTER FILES

Fall Opening

Our New Fall Materials are now on display at both our stores ready for your inspection and selection.

Notwithstanding adverse conditions—an acknowledged shortage of materials and a consequent advance in costs—we have been able to secure and are offering at very reasonable prices a remarkably attractive assortment of imported and domestic materials in nearly every known weave, design and color.

It will really prove worth your while to call and examine these choice offerings before you order your Fall and Winter suits and overcoats.

There are a number of style changes that will be in evidence among well dressed men this Fall and Winter. Our new style charts reflect them all. You will be glad to see them. Samples and style suggestions on request.

Suits and Overcoats
To Measure Only
$25 to $50

All army officers should know about our Officers' Special Uniform Department. An Arnheim uniform is today recognized as standard. Because this business has grown rapidly and we are today supplying more army officers with uniforms than any other Custom-Tailor your army officer friends will consider it a favor if you suggest Arnheim's as the best place to order uniforms.

We are able to offer uniforms either made to measure or ready to wear away at prices that are surprisingly low.

Arnheim
TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
30 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

P. S.—*All men speak well of no man, but the man of whom most men speak well is usually worth while.*

Arnheim Axioms.

My Business is Different!

Every Dictaphone user has made that remark before he became a Dictaphone user.

Interview these Dictaphone users now! They can give you some interesting slants on up-to-date office practice. They will show you how The Dictaphone saves time. No one wastes time at your desk *Waiting* for dictation.

The same number of people will write 50 per cent. more letters a day. And better letters, because The Dictaphone takes your letters or messages just as you dictate them—word for word, comma for comma.

Corrections and changes are made more easily with The Dictaphone than any other way.

Dictaphone users will show you that The Dictaphone cuts down the cost of each letter one-third. If you call on firms with a large force of operators, the reductions on their cost sheets will astound you.

We'll gladly send you the names of some Dictaphone users in your own line of business.

Why not have a Dictaphone demonstration on your work, in your own office right away? That's the best way to convince yourself that no business is "different" to The Dictaphone.

Reach for your 'phone and call The Dictaphone or write to us.

An Increase in Price Goes Into Effect October 1st.

Phone Barclay 3043 *55 Warren St.*

This advertisement was dictated to The Dictaphone

THE DICTAPHONE REGISTERED

Write for "The Man at the Desk"

The word DICTAPHONE is a Trade Mark Registered in the U. S. and Foreign Countries

OLD CROW RYE

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

America's Finest RYE

WHISKEY

HAND MADE SOUR MASH
STRAIGHT PURE RYE

MADE IN KENTUCKY, U. S. A.

H. B. Kirk & Co., New York, N. Y.